[Metric-SI] 3FNE-CO 01-596A July 25, 2006

PURCHASE DESCRIPTION FOR LOUNGE SEATING, WOOD OFFICE, TRANSITIONAL STYLE

1. SCOPE AND CLASSIFICATION

1.1 <u>Scope</u>. This specification covers wood office style lounge seating designed to be used with executive wood office furniture of various styles. All measurements are in SI (metric) units.

1.2 Classification.

1.2.1 <u>Types, styles, classes and finishes</u>. The lounge seating covered by this purchase description shall be of the following types, styles, classes and finishes (see 6.1). Dimensions are overall and in millimeters (mm).

```
Type I Lounge Chair, Figure 1
863 mm W x 863 mm D x 863 mm H
```

```
Type II Two seat sofa, Figure 2
1524 mm W x 863 mm D x 889 mm H
```

```
Type III Three seat sofa, Figure 3
2032 mm W x 863 mm D x 889 mm H
```

Type IV Bench without arms

```
Size 1 - 1375 mm W x 510 mm D x 495 mm H, Figure 4
Size 2 - 1880 mm W x 510 mm D x 495 mm H, Figure 5
```

The above lounge seating is available in the following classes of upholstery as ordered in the contract or order.

Class 1 Leather

Class 2 Vinyl

Class 3 Fabric

Class 4 Customer's Own Material/Leather (COM)

The above lounge seating is available in the following finishes as ordered in the contract or order.

Finish 1 Walnut

Finish 2 Mahogany

Finish 3 Oak

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 <u>Specifications and standards</u>. The following documents of the issues in effect on the date of invitation for bids, or request for proposal, form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein:

Federal Standards:

Standard No. 311 - Leather, Method of Sampling and Testing

(Federal Test Methods are available from the DLA Assist database which can be reached at http://assist.daps.dla.mil/quicksearch/)

Purchase Descriptions:

FNE 80-214B - Upholstered Furniture Test Method.

(Purchase descriptions are available on the internet from www.gsa.gov/furniturespecs or by contacting the GSA/FSS National Furniture Center, Engineering Division, 2200 Crystal Drive, Suite 400, Arlington, VA 22202.)

Handbook:

Wood Handbook: Wood as an Engineering Material

(Available from Forest Products Laboratory, USDA, Madison, WI.)

2.2 Commercial Standards and Publications.

American National Standards Institute Publications:

ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 - Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes

ANSI/HPVA HP-1 - Standard for Hardwood and Decorative Plywood

ANSI/NFPA 260A - Cigarette Ignition Resistance of Components of Upholstered Furniture

(Application for copies should be addressed to ANSI, 11 West 42nd Street, NY 10036.)

American Society for Testing and Materials Standards:

- D 751 Standard Test Methods for Coated Fabrics
- D 905 Standard Method of Test for Strength Properties of Adhesives in Shear by Compression Loading.
- D 1117 Standard Guide for Evaluating Nonwoven Fabrics
- D 1211 Temperature Change Resistance of Clear Nitrocellulose Lacquer Films Applied to Wood.
- D 2097 Standard Test Method for Adhesion of Organic Coatings by Scrape Adhesion
- D 2199 Measurement of Plasticizer Migration From Vinyl Fabrics to Lacquers
- D 2256 Breaking Load (Strength) and Elongation of Yarn by the Single-Strand Method.
- D 3597 Woven Upholstered Fabrics Plain, Tufted or Flocked.
- D 3776 Mass per Unit Area (Weight) of Woven Fabrics.
- D 3884 Abrasion resistance of testile fabrics (Rotary Platform, Double Head Method)

(Application for copies should be addressed to the American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959)

Society of Automotive Engineers

SAE J 855 - Test Method of Stretch and Set of Textiles and Plastics

(SAE Standards are available on the internet at http://www.sae.org)

American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists

AATCC Test Method 8 - Colorfastness to Crocking

(AATCC documents are available from AATCC at AATCC, P. O. Box 12215, One Davis Drive, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, 27709-2215)

Upholstered Furniture Action Council Test Methods

UFAC Flammability Test Methods for Upholstered Furniture Components - 1983

(UFAC test methods are available from UFAC, Box 2436, High Point, NC 27261)

State of California Technical Information Bulletin

Technical Bulletin 117 - Requirements, Test Procedures and Apparatus for Testing the FlameRetardance of Resilient Filling Materials Used in Upholstered Furniture

(State of California Technical Bulletin is available from California Department of Consumer Affairs, Bureau of Home Furnishings, on the internet at http://www.bhfti.ca.gov/techbulletin/117.pdf)

3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 <u>Materials</u>. The following paragraphs describe minimum requirements for materials used in construction and assembly.

3.1.1 Wood.

3.1.1.1 <u>Varieties</u>. Exposed parts shall be cherry or walnut for Walnut and Mahogany finishes and oak for Oak finish. Only one exposed wood species shall be permitted on any one chair. Unexposed parts shall be domestic hardwood. The wood used in the construction of the unexposed components shall meet the following components at 12% moisture content.

Modulus of Rupture – 68,000 kilopascals (kPa) minimum Modulus of Elasticity – 9,500 megapascals (Mpa) minimum.

- 3.1.1.2 <u>Characteristics</u>. The solid wood used for exposed parts shall be bright, well sanded, and free from brashness, discoloration, worm holes, honeycomb, splits, and shake. The wood used for unexposed parts may contain small defects, such as pin knots, sapwood, or mineral streaks provided the strength of the part is not affected.
- 3.1.1.3 <u>Plywood</u>. All plywood shall be minimum 9 ply, minimum of 15 mm thick, and constructed in accordance with the requirements of ANSI/HPVA HP-1 and as specified herein. Minimum Type II bond required. Crossbanding shall be not less than grade 2.
- 3.1.1.4 <u>Wood seasoning</u>. All wood shall be thoroughly air-seasoned and then uniformly kiln-dried without honeycomb or case hardening to a moisture content of 5 to 7 percent. At the time of assembly, moisture content shall not exceed 7 percent. Kiln-dried parts shall be allowed to equalize at least 2 weeks in the plant before milling.
- 3.1.2 <u>Dowels</u>. Dowels shall be of beech, birch, hickory, or maple and have a maximum 8% moisture content at time of assembly. They shall be spirally or longitudinally grooved. Unless otherwise specified, dowels shall have a minimum diameter of 9 mm and the length shall be not less than 4 times the diameter.
- 3.1.3 <u>Adhesive</u>. Adhesive shall have a block shear strength of 19,300 kPa, minimum when tested in accordance with paragraph 4.4.1.
- 3.1.4 <u>Regulatory requirements</u>. The offerer/contractor is encouraged to use recovered materials in accordance with Public Law 94-580, as amended, to the maximum extent practicable.
- 3.2. <u>Upholstery materials and flammability requirements</u>. All upholstery cover materials, welts, interior fabrics, fillings, and paddings shall meet the applicable sections of California Technical Bulletin 117.
- 3.2.1 <u>Upholstery fabric</u>. The upholstery fabric shall have a 100% flat nylon face and a 100% acrylic backing, dyed, not less than 235 g/m² exclusive of back coating. Fabric shall meet the following requirements when tested in accordance with the methods in ASTM D 3597.

Breaking strength: 485 N warp/595 N filling Tear strength: 90 N warp/110 N filling Tensile strength: 1110 N warp and filling Seam slippage: 385 N warp/375 N filling Abrasion: 60,000 cycles (Heavy

Duty)

Colorfastness to

light:

40 hours - Class 4

Pilling: Class 4

The color and pattern shall conform to GSA Standard Sample colors referenced in 3.7.1 (see 6.4.1).

3.2.2 <u>Leather</u>. Leather shall be top grain, dyed full depth. Leather shall meet the following requirements when tested in accordance with the methods in 4.4.7.

Thickness: 57 to 85 g
Breaking force (grab method): 444 N minimum
Elongation: 40% maximum stretch
Stitch tear (double hole): 67 N minimum

Crocking (colorfastness, resistance to rubbing): Dry: 8.5 Munsell or better

Wet: 6.5 Munsell or better

Blocking: Specimens must separate with ease and show

no grain damage

pH: 3.3 to 5.0

Fade resistance (colorfastness): Little or no change in color or finish Abrasion resistance: No signs of the finish wearing through

(except for gloss change)

Flexibility: Fine cracks, no russet showing

The color shall conform to GSA Standard Sample colors referenced in 3.7.2. (see 6.4.2).

3.2.3 <u>Vinyl</u>. Vinyl shall have a terry loop knit polyester base cloth. Vinyl shall meet the following requirements when tested in accordance with the methods in 4.4.8.

Thickness: 1.2 mm minimum
Total weight: Minimum 678 g/m²

Breaking strength, Minimum: 266 N Wales, 266 N Courses Elongation, Maximum: 5% stretch, Wales, 25% stretch

Courses

Tear strength, Minimum: 44.4 N Wales, 44.4 N Courses

Crocking (colorfastness, resistance to Good

rubbing):

The color shall conform to GSA Standard Sample colors referenced in 3.7.3. (See 6.4.3).

- 3.2.4 Filler materials.
- 3.2.4.1 <u>Fiberfill batting</u>, Fiberfill batting shall be garneted (not resinated) and shall meet the following requirements: Minimum 5 g/m^2 (Test 4.4.3), 5.5 16 denier, Flammability requirement: See par. 3.2.
- 3.2.4.2 <u>Wadding</u>. Wadding shall consist of white fibers, 4 to 14 mm thick, 61 to 152 g/m² (Test 4.4.3).
- 3.2.5 <u>Sheet fabric</u>. Any of the following materials are acceptable over interior and exterior frame parts. Flammability requirement: See par. 3.2.

Polyethylene, spunbonded: 39 g/m² minimum (Test 4.4.3). Polypropylene, 61.3 g/m² minimum (Test

spunbonded: 4.4.3).

Polypropylene, woven: 100 g/m² minimum (Test 4.4.3).

3.2.6 <u>Polyurethane foam</u>. Polyurethane foam shall meet the following requirements. The Indentation Force Deflection (IFD) test shall be performed on a sample size of 20" x 20" x 4".

Seat: Slab or molded, high resilience type, polyurethane foam with a minimum 38 kg/m³

polyurethane polymer density. 173 - 200 N IFD (25 percent deflection) required

Back and Slab or molded, conventional or high resilience type polyurethane foam with a minimum 27 arms: kg/m^3 polyurethane polymer density. 120 - 147 N IFD (25 percent deflection) required

All foam shall have a minimum recovery ratio of 70% when tested as specified in 4.4.5 and meet flame retardant requirements in 3.2. Flame retardant additives are permitted. Buff edges/corners when necessary to achieve specified final appearance and provide a smooth fitting cover.

- 3.2.7 <u>Sewing and quilting twine</u>. The minimum breaking strength of twine used shall be 49 N when tested as specified in 4.4.4.
- 3.2.8 Welts. Welts shall have a minimum 4 mm core.
- 3.2.9 <u>Sheet webbing</u>. Sheet webbing shall be used for seat foundation and shall meet the following requirements: Rubber, 22 gauge, 3 core, rayon-spun, polypropylene 100 denier. Semi finished webbing shall be run through a liquid latex bath and heat set. (see 6.4.4).
- 3.2.10 <u>Cambric</u>. Cambric shall be black non-woven material, minimum 64 g/m².
- 3.3 Hardware.
- 3.3.1 Glides. Glides shall be minimum 18 mm diameter, flat, beige plastic single prong glide.
- 3.4 <u>Construction</u>. All frames shall be constructed of solid hardwood. All items shall be glued, screwed and double doweled together and shall meet test requirements in paragraph 4.5. All exposed corners and edges shall be rounded to an approximate 3 mm radius. Corner blocks as wide as practicable shall be carefully fitted, and securely glued and screwed.
- 3.4.1 <u>Design</u>. The lounge pieces shall be classic design. All legs shall have glides. All lounge pieces shall have upholstered seats.
- 3.4.2 Tolerances.

Overall width, depth, height: $\pm 12 \text{ mm}$ Dimensions of any wood part: $\pm 5 \text{ mm}$ Dimensions of upholstered $\pm 12 \text{ mm}$

parts:

Angular measurements: ± 1 degree

- 3.4.3 <u>Comfort</u>. Seats shall be crowned, moderately firm and not bottom out, and have adequate ride. Backs shall be moderately firm and shall provide adequate lumbar support. Comfort will be evaluated at pre-award samples and at first article inspection by GSA employee(s) or their representatives.
- 3.4.4 <u>Upholstery requirements</u>.
- 3.4.4.1 <u>Seat foundation</u>. The seat foundation shall consist of sheet webbing, covered with polyurethane foam. The polyurethane foam shall be covered by dacron. The upholstering material facing shall extend at least 4 inches over the deck.
- 3.4.4.2 <u>Seat cushion</u>. The seat cushion shall consist of a polyurethane foam core covered top and bottom with polyester batting. Cushion shall then be covered with an interior fabric envelope.
- 3.4.4.3 Back. The back shall consist of a FLW sheet covered by polyurethane foam.

- 3.4.4.4 <u>Arms</u>. The arm frame shall be covered with high density foam or sheet fabric. Cardboard is not acceptable. Sheet fabric shall be covered with any combination of polyurethane foam and or batting material. The arms shall be upholstered separately and then attached to frame with at least three stove bolts each minimum 11 mm in size.
- 3.4.4.5 Edge roll. The edge roll shall be constructed of resilient edging.
- 3.4.4.6 Outside back and arms. The outside back and arms shall be covered with resilient product(s) which will support and cushion the upholstery fabric and resist permanent indentation. Cardboard is not acceptable.
- 3.5 Padding, filling and upholstery requirements for all lounge pieces. Minimum padding and filling requirements are described in construction paragraphs. Additional padding and filling may be necessary to ensure the appearance and cushion dimensions comply with figures, with no hollows, voids, flat or hard spots. All frame members and plywood seat edges shall be padded. Covers shall be carefully tailored and so applied that they are neat and tight, free from wrinkles and bulges. Final appearance shall be symmetrical. The type and number of stitches shall be sufficient to provide the required appearance and pass all required test requirements. Seam allowance shall be maintained and seams properly sewn so that no raw edges, runoffs, broken or skipped stitches, twists, pleats or puckers result. Top and bottom threads shall be adjusted to the upholstery materials with proper tension so there will be no looped stitches, puckering of materials, or cracking when cover is stretched to fit the chair. Welts shall lie straight and uniform. Covers shall be attached with tacks or staples. All seat bottoms shall be covered with cambric.
- 3.6 Exposed wood finish. Finish shall match as closely as possible the overall color of GSA Standard Sample FSS-L-01023 Federal Oak, FSS-W-01002 Federal Mahogany, or FSS-W-01001 Federal Walnut as required and be stained to equalize color. A semi-open pore finish with a minimum of two natural or synthetic top coats with adequate "build" is required. Final finish shall pass finish tests (4.4.2). GSA Standard Samples are available from GSA-FSS-3FNEW-CO, Furniture Center, Engineering Division, Washington, DC 20406.
- 3.7 <u>Upholstery material samples</u>.
- 3.7.1 Fabric standard samples colors. Sample colors shall be:

FSS-F-14001 Apple Red FSS-F-14005 Navy
FSS-F-14002 Plum Purple FSS-F-14006 Spruce Green
FSS-F-14003 Cordovan Red FSS-F-14007 Cocoa Brown
FSS-F-14004 Sky Blue FSS-F-14009 Gray Blue.

3.7.2 <u>Leather standard sample colors</u>. Sample colors shall be:

FSS-X-01001 Red FSS-X-01008 Nutmeg Brown

FSS-X-01003 Plum FSS-X-01011 Saddle FSS-X-01004 Cordovan FSS-X-01005 Light Blue FSS-X-01013 Black.

FSS-X-01006 Navy

3.7.3 Vinyl standard sample colors. Sample colors shall be:

FSS-V-11001 Red FSS-V-12007 Nutmeg Brown

FSS-V-11002 Purple FSS-V-11008 Rust FSS-V-11003 Cordovan FSS-V-11009 Gray FSS-V-11004 Sky Blue FSS-V-11010 Black.

FSS-V-11005 Navy

- 3.8 <u>Identification marking</u>. Each item shall be permanently and legibly marked with contrasting ink, on the underside of chair seat, with the specification number, national stock number, contract number, month and year of manufacture and manufacturer's name or trademark.
- 3.9 <u>Workmanship</u>. A high degree of craftsmanship shall be exercised in order to produce lounge seating suitable for use in executive offices. The methods of construction, assembly, filling, padding, upholstering (see

3.5), finishing and the appearance of the seating shall be in strict accordance with the requirements of this specification. Items shall have a neatly tailored, taut, stuffed appearance complying with applicable figures. Loosely fitted upholstery or uneven padding is not acceptable. Casters shall rotate smoothly and be attached to prevent accidental removal. All wood surfaces not covered with upholstery materials, shall be finish sanded smooth and all corners and edges eased, thoroughly cleaned, and finished. The natural grain of the wood shall not be clouded by the finishing materials. Bleaching agents or materials shall not be used. The application of materials, drying time, sanding, cleaning, and rubbing shall be controlled to produce items with smooth, uniform exposed surfaces without blisters, pits, wrinkles, runs, tackiness or more than a trace of orange peel.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

- 4.1 <u>First article inspection and testing</u>. The first article samples shall be inspected and tested as specified herein for all the requirements of this specification. The samples shall be manufactured in the same manner, using the same materials, equipment, processes, and procedures as used in regular production. All parts and materials, including packaging and packing, shall be obtained from the same source of supply as used in regular production. In addition, first article samples shall be compared to and shall match pre-award samples for style/design, workmanship, comfort, and finish (except color). Pre-award sample rejection points (if any) shall be corrected in the first article sample. Manufacturer shall maintain pre-award samples and first article samples as manufacturing standard samples until the last order is shipped, received and accepted by the ordering activity.
- 4.2. <u>Production item inspection and testing</u>. During production, items shall be inspected by the contractor in accordance with 4.3. No item shall be shipped unless it fully conforms with all contract requirements. Production items shall also comply with the manufacturing standard samples (4.1).
- 4.3 Inspection provisions.
- 4.3.1 <u>Responsibility for inspection</u>. Unless otherwise specified, the contractor is responsible for the performance of all inspection requirements and may use any commercial facilities (including the contractor's own facilities) suitable for the performance of the inspection requirements, unless disapproved by the Government. The Government reserves the right to perform any inspections deemed necessary to assure the item conforms to the specified requirements.
- 4.3.2 <u>Visual and dimensional examination</u>. Perform examination on a percent defective basis in accordance with ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 and the following sampling plan.

Inspection Level - II. Acceptable Quality Level (AQL) - 4.0

Inspect items for visual and dimensional requirements of this specification paying close attention to filling and upholstery (3.5) and workmanship (3.8).

4.3.2.1 Overall examination. In addition to visual and dimensional examination, inspect <u>each</u> item at a viewing distance of 2 m for the following defects. Reject the item if one or more of the following defects is found.

Wood finish streaked or not uniform.

Piece visually off level.

Scratch or bruise marks on wood.

Poor fit of upholstery as evidenced by wrinkles, bulges, uneven padding, or other defects.

Welts not straight.

Upholstery and filling not symmetrical.

4.3.3 <u>Packaging, packing, marking examination</u>. Examine items for compliance with requirements stated in this document and the contract. Score areas of noncompliance with requirements as defects.

Inspection Level - S-4. Acceptable Quality Level (AQL) - 4.0.

4.4 <u>Testing</u>. Failure to comply with the following test requirements will be cause for rejection. Testing is required for first article inspection.

4.4.1 Test for adhesives.

Component	Characteristic	Requirement reference	Test Method
Adhesive	Block shear test	3.1.3	ASTM D 905

Rerun test if all three of the following criteria are met: the average shear strength of all samples is below 19,300 kPa; there is a 10 percent or greater difference between high and low specimen values, and at least one test specimen broke at more than 19,300 kPa.

Disregard a test specimen in computing the average if it breaks at less than 19,300 kPa; and it has 50 percent or more wood failure.

- 4.4.2 <u>Finish tests and requirements</u>. The following tests shall be performed on a sample panel finished in the same manner as units are finished in production. Perform all finish tests at first article inspection. All test panels shall be produced from finish materials currently being used in production. All samples tested shall meet the following test requirements.
- 4.4.2.1 <u>Cold check</u>. Age panel one week. Follow ASTM D 1211 test procedure. After exposure of 10 cycles, there shall be no checking or cracking. True film checking is one or more wavy or straight lines which cross the grain and do not appear related to grain structure. When a panel displays veneer checks, check running parallel to the grain, or glue line fracture, the panel shall be disregarded and another panel tested.
- 4.4.2.2 Cold print. Age panel 48 hours. A 50 x 50 mm (approx.) piece of duck material (canvas) 280 g/m², minimum count of 23.6 x 22.8 yarns per cm, shall be placed on the panel. Place a 455 g weight on the material for 24 hours at 24°C. Bottom (contact surface) of the weight shall be flat and have a 28 mm diameter. After the weight is removed, light polishing with a soft cloth and liquid polish must remove any imprint.
- 4.4.2.3 <u>Ultra violet light resistance</u>. One solid wood panel in each finish color, finished in the same way as in production, shall be tested. Allow panels to age for a minimum of ten days at 25° C (\pm 3°C) and 35 to 75% R.H. Perform exposure test at the same ambient conditions. Mask off one half of panel with aluminum foil or cut off a control portion of sample to be used later for comparison with the exposed portion. Place test panel 150 mm from ultraviolet lights (two 48 inch, UV 351 fluorescent lamps) for 72 hours. After exposure, remove and compare exposed and unexposed sections for discoloration, fading, loss of gloss, film embrittlement, cracking or any other failures. There shall be no more than a very slight change between the tested panel and the control panel after testing.
 - UVA-351 fluorescent lamps are available from Q-Panel Co., Cleveland, OH.
- 4.4.2.4 <u>Toughness and adhesion</u>. Perform test for toughness and adhesion on a sample panel finished in the same manner as the furniture using Organic Coating Adhesion Tester, Model No, 1001 in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Mar the panel both parallel and perpendicular to the grain. Film must conform to resulting indentation. Whitening (film separation) or cracking is not acceptable.

Organic Coating Adhesion Tester Model No. 1001 is available from U.S. Testing Company, Inc. Instrument Marking Division, 1415 Park Avenue, Hoboken, NJ 07030.

- 4.4.2.5 <u>Plasticizer migration</u>. Perform test on a sample panel finished in the same way as production pieces according to ASTM D 2199, Standard Method for Measurement of Plasticizer Migration From Vinyl Fabrics to Lacquers.
- 4.4.3 <u>Test method for determining weight of material per square area</u>. Test shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D 3776.
- 4.4.4 <u>Test method for determining breaking strength of twine</u>. Test shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D 2256.

- 4.4.5 <u>Test method for determining recovery ratio of polyurethane foam</u>. ASTM D 3770. Recovery ratio. Use this test method for both conventional and high resilience type foam.
- 4.4.6 <u>Performance Tests for lounge seating</u>. Sofas and chair shall meet the heavy service acceptance level as defined in FNE 80-214. Test report as required in test method shall be submitted at time of first article inspection. If the construction of the sofa and chair are identical with the exception of the cross rail length, number of legs, and number of cushions, the two seat sofa and chair shall be accepted on the basis of the 3 seat sofa unit tested.
- 4.4.7 <u>Leather test methods</u>. Sampling procedures and location from which the sample unit is to be obtained shall be in accordance with Fed. Std. 311. All tests are to be performed on individual sample units, with the exception of pH which is to be run on a composite. All test reports shall contain individual values utilized in expressing the final result. The lot shall be rejected if any one of the following conditions exists:
- a. More than 25% of thickness measurement taken do not fall within the required range;
- b. More than three test failures occur for breaking force, elongation, or stitch tear;
- c. More than one test failure occurs for the remaining requirements applicable to the sample unit;
- d. Any composite fails to meet the specific requirement.

Test	Method	Requirement
Thickness	Fed. Std. 311; 1011.1	See 3.2.2
Breaking force (grab method)	Fed. Std. 311; 2031	See 3.2.2
Elongation	Fed. Std. 311; 2031 at 100 lb load	See 3.2.2
Stitch tear (double hole)	Fed. Std. 311; 2151	See 3.2.2
Crocking (colorfastness, resistance to rubbing) Test all colors.	Fed. Std. 311; 3031.1	See 3.2.2
Blocking	Fed. Std. 311; 3121.1	See 3.2.2
pН	Fed. Std. 311; 6621.1	See 3.2.2
Abrasion resistance	ASTM D 3884 1000 cycles using CS-10 wheels and 1000 gram weights	See 3.2.2
Flexibility	ASTM D 2097 60,000 cycles	See 3.2.2

4.4.8 <u>Vinyl test methods</u>. All tests are to be performed on individual sample units. All test reports shall contain individual values utilized in expressing the final result. The lot shall be rejected if any sample fails to meet the requirements specified in paragraph 3.2.3.

Test	Method
Breaking Strength	ASTM D 751 – Grab Method
Elongation	SAE J 855
Tear Strength	ASTM D 1117 Trapezoid Tear
Crocking	AATCC 8
Abrasion Resistance	ASTM D 3884

5. PACKAGING, PACKING, MARKING

Package, pack and mark shipping containers in accordance with the contract or order.

6. NOTES

- 6.1 <u>Intended use</u>. Transitional lounge seating is designed for use in executive offices, courtrooms, libraries, and conference rooms of Federal agencies. The seating should compliment the decor of executive areas when used with other furniture items within this group.
- 6.2 Ordering data. Purchasers should select the preferred options permitted herein and include the following information in procurement documents:

- (a) Title, number, and date of this purchase description.
- (b) Type and style (see 1.2.1).
- (c) Upholstery material and color required (see 3.2.1, 3.2.2, 3.2.3).
- 6.3 SI English unit equivalents.

```
1 \text{ m}^2 \text{ (square meter)} = 1.19617 \text{ yard}^2
```

 $1 \text{ kg/m}^3 \text{ (kilogram/cubic meter)} = 0.06242 \text{ lb}_m \text{ (mass)/ft}^3$

1 mm (millimeter) = 0.03937 inch (thickness of one dime)

1 m (meter) = 1.0936 yard or 39.37 in

 $1 \text{ N (Newton)} = 0.225 \text{ lb}_f(\text{force})$

 $1 \text{ kg (kilogram)} = 2.2 \text{ lb}_{\text{m}} \text{ (mass)}$

 $1 \text{ g (gram)} = 0.0022 \text{ lb}_{m} \text{ (mass)}$

1 g (gram) = 0.03527 oz (mass avoirdupois)

 $1 \text{ kPa (kilo Pascal)} = 0.14514 \text{ lb (force)/in}^2(\text{PSI})$

 $1 \text{ g/m}^2 \text{ (gram per square meter)} = 0.02949 \text{ oz/yd}^2 \text{ or } 0.04426 \text{ oz/linear yard (54" W basis)}$

To convert SI units to English units, multiply SI measurement by the appropriate English conversion factor listed above. See example below:

```
900 \text{ mm } \times 0.03937 \text{ in./mm} = 35.43 \text{ inches}
```

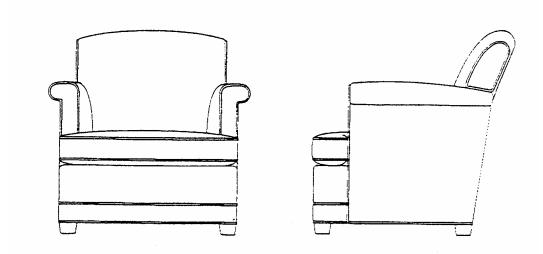
To convert Celsius temperature to Fahrenheit temperature use the above conversion equation. See example below:

$$(20^{\circ}\text{C X } 1.8) + 32 = 68^{\circ}\text{F}$$

- 6.4 Known sources of supply.
- 6.4.1 <u>Upholstery fabric.</u> Wyoming Weavers, Thunder pattern, or equal.
- 6.4.2 <u>Leather.</u> Conneaut Davenport, or equal.
- 6.4.3 Vinyl. Morbern Royal Hampton, or equal.
- 6.4.4 Sheet webbing. Ultra Flex or equal.

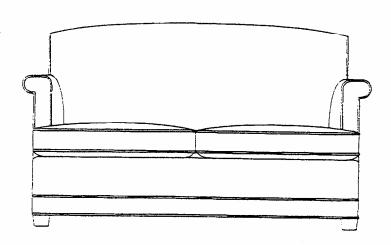
Drawings of each item are incorporated by reference into this purchase description and are available from the contract specialist.

Figure 1 - Type I Lounge Chair



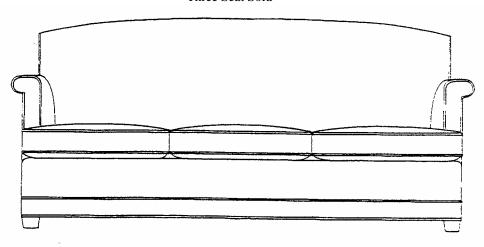
Overall Width	Overall Height	Overall Depth
863 mm	863 mm	863 mm

Figure 2 - Type II Two Seat Sofa



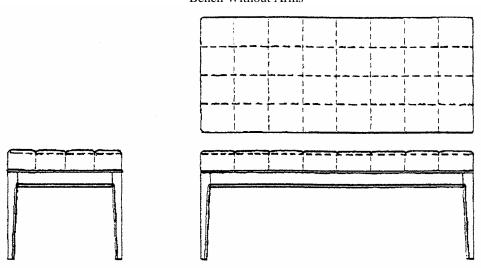
Overall Width	Overall Height	Overall Depth
1524 mm	889 mm	863 mm

Figure 3 - Type III Three Seat Sofa



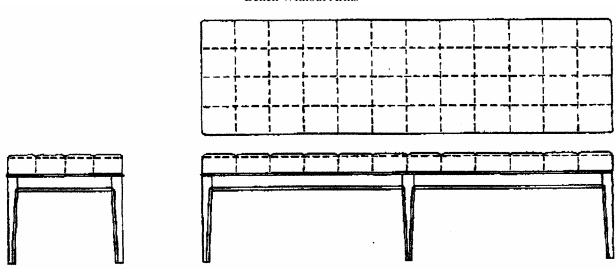
Overall Width	Overall Height	Overall Depth
2032 mm	889 mm	863 mm

Figure 4 - Type IV, Size 1 Bench Without Arms



Overall Width	Overall Height	Overall Depth
1375 mm	485 mm	510 mm

Figure 5 - Type IV, Size 2 Bench Without Arms



Overall Width	Overall Height	Overall Depth
1880 mm	485 mm	510 mm