

## § 251.62

are not parties to a voluntary agreement filed with the Copyright Office in accordance with 17 U.S.C. 119(c)(2).

[59 FR 23981, May 9, 1994, as amended at 59 FR 63042, Dec. 7, 1994; 61 FR 37215, July 17, 1996; 63 FR 65556, Nov. 27, 1998]

### § 251.62 Content of petition.

(a) In the case of a petition for rate adjustment proceedings for cable, ephemeral recordings, certain digital audio transmissions, phonorecords, digital phonorecord deliveries, and coin-operated phonorecord players (jukeboxes), the petition shall detail the petitioner's interest in the royalty rate sufficiently to permit the Librarian of Congress to determine whether the petitioner has a "significant interest" in the matter. The petition must also identify the extent to which the petitioner's interest is shared by other owners or users; owners or users with similar interests may file a petition jointly.

(b) In the case of a petition for rate adjustment proceedings as the result of a Federal Communications Commission rule change, the petition shall also set forth the actions of the Federal Communications Commission on which the petition for a rate adjustment is based.

[59 FR 23981, May 9, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 37216, July 17, 1996; 63 FR 65557, Nov. 27, 1998]

### § 251.63 Consideration of petition; settlements.

(a) To allow time for the parties to settle their differences concerning cable, phonorecord, and jukebox rate adjustments, the Librarian of Congress shall, after the filing of the petition under § 251.62 and before the 45-day period specified in § 251.45(b)(2)(i), designate a 30-day period for negotiation of a settlement. The Librarian shall cause notice of the dates for that period to be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(b) In the case of a settlement among the parties to a proceeding, the Librarian may, upon the request of the parties, submit the agreed upon rate to the public in a notice-and-comment proceeding. The Librarian may adopt the rate embodied in the proposed settlement without convening an arbitra-

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tion panel, provided that no opposing comment is received by the Librarian from a party with an intent to participate in a CARP proceeding.

[59 FR 63042, Dec. 7, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 37216, July 17, 1996; 61 FR 63718, Dec. 2, 1996]

### § 251.64 Disposition of petition; initiation of arbitration proceeding.

After the end of the 45-day precontroversy discovery period, and after the Librarian has ruled on all motions and objections filed under § 251.45, the Librarian will determine the sufficiency of the petition, including, where appropriate, whether one or more of the petitioners' interests are "significant." If the Librarian determines that a petition is significant, he or she will cause to be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER a declaration of a controversy accompanied by a notice of initiation of an arbitration proceeding. The same declaration and notice of initiation shall be made for noncommercial educational broadcasting and the satellite carrier compulsory license in accordance with 17 U.S.C. 118 and 119, respectively. Such notice shall, to the extent feasible, describe the nature, general structure, and schedule of the proceeding.

[59 FR 23981, May 9, 1994, as amended at 59 FR 63042, Dec. 7, 1994; 65 FR 39820, June 28, 2000]

### § 251.65 Deduction of costs of rate adjustment proceedings.

In accordance with 17 U.S.C. 802(h)(1), the Librarian of Congress and the Register of Copyrights may assess the reasonable costs incurred by the Library of Congress and the Copyright Office as a result of the rate adjustment proceedings directly to the parties participating in the proceedings.

[59 FR 63042, Dec. 7, 1994]

## Subpart G—Royalty Fee Distribution Proceedings

### § 251.70 Scope.

This subpart governs only those proceedings dealing with distribution of royalty payments deposited with the Register of Copyrights for cable (17 U.S.C. 111), satellite carrier (17 U.S.C.