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- (b) Service shall be on an attorney or agent for a party. If there is no attorney or agent for the party, service shall be on the party. An administrative patent judge may order additional service or waive service where appropriate.
- (c) Unless otherwise ordered by an administrative patent judge, or except as otherwise provided by this subpart, service of a paper shall be made as follows:
- (1) By handing a copy of the paper or causing a copy of the paper to be handed to the person served.
- (2) By leaving a copy of the paper with someone employed by the person at the person's usual place of business.
- (3) When the person served has no usual place of business, by leaving a copy of the paper at the person's residence with someone of suitable age and discretion then residing therein.
- (4) By mailing a copy of the paper by first class mail; when service is by first class mail the date of mailing is regarded as the date of service.
- (5) By mailing a copy of the paper by Express Mail; when service is by Express Mail the date of deposit with the U.S. Postal Service is regarded as the date of service.
- (6) When it is shown to the satisfaction of an administrative patent judge that none of the above methods of obtaining or serving the copy of the paper was successful, the administrative patent judge may order service by publication of an appropriate notice in the Official Gazette.
- (d) An administrative patent judge may order that a paper be served by hand or Express Mail.
- (e) The due date for serving a paper is the same as the due date for filing the paper in the Patent and Trademark Office. Proof of service must be made before a paper will be considered in an interference. Proof of service may appear on or be affixed to the paper. Proof of service shall include the date and manner of service. In the case of personal service under paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(3) of this section, proof of service shall include the names of any person served and the person who made the service. Proof of service may be made by an acknowledgment of service by or on behalf of the person served or a

statement signed by the party or the party's attorney or agent containing the information required by this section. A statement of an attorney or agent attached to, or appearing in, the paper stating the date and manner of service will be accepted as *prima facie* proof of service.

[49 FR 48455, Dec. 12, 1984; 50 FR 23124, May 31, 1985, as amended at 60 FR 14527, Mar. 17, 1995]

§ 1.647 Translation of document in foreign language.

When a party relies on a document or is required to produce a document in a language other than English, a translation of the document into English and an affidavit attesting to the accuracy of the translation shall be filed with the document.

[60 FR 14528, Mar. 17, 1995]

§1.651 Setting times for discovery and taking testimony, parties entitled to take testimony.

- (a) At an appropriate stage in an interference, an administrative patent judge shall set a time for filing motions (§1.635) for additional discovery under §1.687(c) and testimony periods for taking any necessary testimony.
- (b) Where appropriate, testimony periods will be set to permit a party to:
- (1) Present its case-in-chief and/or case-in-rebuttal and/or
- (2) Cross-examine an opponent's case-in-chief and/or a case-in-rebuttal.
- (c) A party is not entitled to take testimony to present a case-in-chief unless:
- (1) The administrative patent judge orders the taking of testimony under §1.639(c);
- (2) The party alleges in its preliminary statement a date of invention prior to the effective filing date of the senior party;
- (3) A testimony period has been set to permit an opponent to prove a date of invention prior to the effective filing date of the party and the party has filed a preliminary statement alleging a date of invention prior to that date; or
- (4) A motion (§1.635) is filed showing good cause why a testimony period should be set.

(d) Testimony, including any testimony to be taken in a place outside the United States, shall be taken and completed during the testimony periods set under paragraph (a) of this section. A party seeking to extend the period for taking testimony must comply with §§ 1.635 and 1.645(a).

[56 FR 42529, Aug. 28, 1991; 56 FR 46823, Sept. 16, 1991, as amended at 60 FR 14528, Mar. 17, 1995]

§1.652 Judgment for failure to take testimony or file record.

If a junior party fails to timely take testimony authorized under §1.651, or file a record under §1.653(c), an administrative patent judge, with or without a motion (§1.635) by another party, may issue an order to show cause why judgment should not be entered against the junior party. When an order is issued under this section, the Board shall enter judgment in accordance with the order unless, within 15 days after the date of the order, the junior party files a paper which shows good cause why judgment should not be entered in accordance with the order. Any other party may file a response to the paper within 15 days of the date of service of the paper. If the party against whom the order was issued fails to show good cause, the Board shall enter judgment against the party.

[60 FR 14528, Mar. 17, 1995]

§1.653 Record and exhibits.

(a) Testimony shall consist of affidavits under §\$1.672 (b), (c) and (g), 1.682(c), 1.683(b) and 1.688(b), transcripts of depositions under §\$1.671(g) and 1.672(a) when a deposition is authorized by an administrative patent judge, transcripts of depositions under §\$1.672(d), 1.682(d), 1.683(c) and 1.688(c), agreed statements under §1.672(h), transcripts of interrogatories, cross-interrogatories, and recorded answers and copies of written interrogatories and answers and written requests for admissions and answers under §1.688(a).

(b) An affidavit shall be filed as set forth in §1.677. A certified transcript of a deposition, including a deposition cross-examining an affiant, shall be filed as set forth in §§1.676, 1.677 and

1.678. An original agreed statement shall be filed as set forth in §1.672(h).

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- (c) In addition to the items specified in paragraph (b) of this section and within a time set by an administrative patent judge, each party shall file three copies and serve one copy of a record consisting of:
- (1) An index of the names of the witnesses for the party, giving the pages of the record where the direct testimony and cross-examination of each witness begins.
- (2) An index of exhibits briefly describing the nature of each exhibit and giving the page of the record where each exhibit is first identified and offered into evidence.
 - (3) The count or counts.
- (4) Each affidavit by a witness for the party, transcript, including transcripts of cross-examination of any affiant who testified for the party and transcripts of compelled deposition testimony by a witness for the party, agreed statement relied upon by the party, and transcript of interrogatories, cross-interrogatories and recorded answers.
 - (5) [Reserved]
- (6) Any evidence from another interference, proceeding, or action relied upon by the party under §1.683.
- (7) Each request for an admission and the admission and each written interrogatory and the answer upon which a party intends to rely under §1.688.
- (d) The pages of the record shall be consecutively numbered to the extent possible.
- (e) The name of each witness shall appear at the top of each page of each affidavit or transcript.
 - (f) [Reserved]
- (g) The record may be produced by standard typographical printing or by any other process capable of producing a clear black permanent image. All printed matter except on covers must appear in at least 11 point type on opaque, unglazed paper. Footnotes may not be printed in type smaller than 9 point. The page size shall be 21.8 by 27.9 cm. (8½ by 11 inches) (letter size) with printed matter 16.5 by 24.1 cm. (6½ by 9½ inches). The record shall be bound with covers at their left edges in such manner as to lie flat when open to any page and in one or more volumes of