Number of Respondents: 5,562. Estimated Hours per Response: 0.5 hours.

Frequency of Response: Recordkeeping; on occasion reporting requirement; third party disclosure.

Total Annual Burden: 5,056 hours. Total Annual Cost: None.

Privacy Impact Assessment: No impact(s).

Needs and Uses: 47 CFR 73.1207 requires licensees of broadcast stations to obtain written permission from an originating station prior to retransmitting any program or any part thereof. A copy of the written consent must be kept in the station's files and made available to the FCC upon request. This written consent assures the Commission that prior authorization for retransmission of a program was obtained. Section 73.1207 also requires stations that use the National Institutes of Standards and Technology (NIST) time signals to notify the NIST semiannually of use of time signals.

OMB Control Number: 3060–0179. Title: Section 73.1590, Equipment Performance Measurements.

Form Number: N/A.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Business or other forprofit entities; not-for-profit institutions.

Number of Respondents: 13,049 respondents.

Estimated Time per Response: 0.5–18 hours.

Frequency of Response: Recordkeeping requirement.

Total Annual Burden: 12,335 hours. Total Annual Cost: None.

Privacy Impact Assessment: No impact(s).

Needs and Uses: 47 CFR 73.1590 requires licensees of AM, FM, TV and Class A stations, except licensees of Class D non-commercial educational FM stations authorized to operate with 10 watts or less output power, to make equipment performance measurements for each main transmitter. These measurements and a description of the equipment and procedure used in making the measurements must be kept on file at the transmitter for two years and must be made available to the FCC upon request. FCC staff use the data in field investigations to identify sources of interference.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene H. Dortch,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 04–19631 Filed 8–26–04; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 6712–01–P**

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[DA 04-2333]

Telecommunications Relay Services and the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990; Coin Sent-Paid TRS Call From Payphones

AGENCY: Federal Communications

Commission. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: In this document, the Commission responds to an annual report required by the October 25, 2002 Fifth Coin Sent-Paid Report & Order, which adopted measures to ensure the availability of payphone services for telecommunication relay service (TRS) users that are functionally equivalent to traditional payphone services available for non-TRS users.

DATES: Effective July 28, 2004.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cheryl King, (202) 418–2284 (voice), (202) 418–0416 (TTY), or e-mail Cheryl.King@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On October 25, 2002, the Commission released a Fifth Coin Sent-Paid Report & Order published at 68 FR 6352, March 10, 2003, in CC Docket 90-571; FCC 02-269. In the Fifth Coin Sent-Paid Report & Order, the Commission required that the Coin Sent-Paid (CSP) Industry Team submit a report to the Commission twelve months after publication of the Fifth Coin Sent-Paid Report & Order in the Federal Register. The report was to address the implementation and effectiveness of the consumer education program, coordination with TRS user community, and the identification of any problem areas and corrective action taken. This is a summary of the Commission's Public Notice, DA 04-2333 released July 28, 2004.

The full text of this document is available for public inspection and copying during regular business hours at the FCC Reference Information
Center, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW.,
Room CY-A257, Washington, DC 20554.
This document may be purchased from the Commission's duplicating contractor, Best Copy and Printing, Inc. (BCPI), Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW.,
Room CY-B402, Washington, DC 20554.
Customers may contact BCPI, Inc. at their Web site: http://www.bcpiweb.com or call 1-800-378-3160.

To request this document in accessible formats for people with disabilities (Braille, large print, electronic files, audio format), send an e-mail to fcc504@fcc.gov or call the Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau at (202) 418–0530 (voice), (202) 418–0432 (TTY). This Public Notice can also be downloaded in Word and Portable Document Format (PDF) at http://www.fcc.gov/cgb/dro.

Synopsis

Title IV of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which is codified at section 225 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (the Act), mandates that the Federal Communications Commission (Commission) ensure that interstate and intrastate telecommunications relay services (TRS) are available, to the extent possible and in the most efficient manner, to individuals in the United States with hearing and speech disabilities. Title IV aims to further the Act's goal of universal service by providing to individuals with hearing or speech disabilities telephone services that are functionally equivalent to those available to individuals without such disabilities. Since TRS became available on a nationwide basis in 1993, the Commission has taken numerous steps to increase the availability of TRS, and to ensure that TRS users have access to the same services available to all telephone service users. One of these services is access to public payphones.

In the Fifth Coin Sent-Paid Report & Order the Commission noted that it had construed our requirement that TRS providers offer "any type of call" to include coin sent-paid calls, which are calls made by depositing coins in a coin-operated public payphone. At the same time, we noted long-standing concerns about the technical difficulties associated with providing long distance toll coin sent-paid calls through TRS facilities. We therefore addressed whether a solution had been developed for processing long distance toll coin sent-paid TRS calls, as well as whether other means had been developed by which individuals with hearing and speech disabilities could make TRS calls from payphones without using coins but instead using calling cards, prepaid cards, or collect or third-party billing.

In the October 2002 Fifth Coin Sent-Paid Report & Order, the Commission acknowledged that no current technological solution exists to allow TTY users to use public telephones and make long distance toll calls through TRS facilities in the same manner as voice users using public telephones, i.e., by inserting coins to pay for the call. Instead, the Commission largely adopted the pay telephone industry's

Alternative Plan. Under the Alternative Plan, TRS users could make local 711 TRS calls from pay telephones free of charge, and may make long distance toll calls by using calling cards or prepaid telephone debit cards. The Alternative Plan also called for the pay telephone industry to develop programs to educate TRS users about alternate payment methods for making TRS long distance toll calls.

The Commission identified six specific outreach and educational steps that it encouraged the pay telephone

industry to take:

(a) Draft a consumer education letter, in consultation with deaf and hard-of-hearing advocacy groups, for dissemination to TRS users.

(b) Attend local, regional, and national consumer conferences of organizations that represent people who are deaf and hard-of-hearing, and distribute information.

(c) Post TRS instructions on or near pay telephones, to the extent possible.

(d) Make information available for TRS websites.

(e) Provide coin sent-paid TRS information in telephone directories.

(f) Consult with representatives of the deaf and hard-of-hearing communities to improve outreach and education methods for use of payphones for TRS calls.

On March 9, 2004, the CSP Industry Team filed its required report on outreach activities, detailing its response to each of the Commission's recommendations. The CSP Industry Team reports that:

(a) Consumer Information Letter. The CSP Industry Team drafted an informational letter explaining the FCC's decision in the Fifth Coin Sent-Paid Report & Order. The CSP Industry Team received input on this letter from Telecommunications for the Deaf, Inc. (TDI) and Self Help for Hard of Hearing People (SHHH), and gave the informational letter to TDI and SHHH for circulation to their members. TDI and SHHH requested that the CSP Industry Team write an article on the same subject for a user group newsletter, with which request the CSP Industry Team complied. The CSP Industry Team also prepared a wallet-sized card containing information and instructions for users for distribution to the deaf and hard-of-hearing communities.

(b) Information Booths at Conferences. The CSP Industry Team, carriers, and TRS providers provided educational activities in various fora, including deaf/hard-of-hearing organizations, businesses, colleges/ universities/schools, city and state governments, hospitals, independent living/senior facilities, health care facilities, and retirement groups, and at local, regional, and national conferences widely attended by the TRS community. The total number of such events in 2003 was nearly 750, and the CSP Industry Team estimates that it directly reached approximately 440,000 people.

(c) TRS Instructions On or Near TTY Payphones. The CSP Industry Team found that, in many instances, it was possible to have TRS instructions cards laminated and placed at the sites of TTY

payphones.

(d) TRS Web Site. The CSP Industry Team developed website updates for its members' websites, explaining the CSP rules and procedures for accessing TRS

through pay telephones.

(e) TRS Information in Telephone Directories. The CSP Industry Team coordinated with carriers to put TRS information, including CSP information, in telephone directories and telephone

bill messages/inserts.

(f) Consultation with the Disability Community. In addition to meeting with national TRS users groups after the adoption of the Fifth Coin Sent-Paid Report & Order, identification of action items, and the provision of deliverables, the CSP Industry Team and TRS users groups agreed to reconvene to discuss any problems or developments in CSP. The Consumer Advisory Committee of the FCC, a Federal Advisory Committee, which includes members from the CSP Industry Team and members from TRS users groups, meets three times a year to discuss, inter alia, TRS issues. Any problems or developments which arise can be dealt with in this framework, or by reconvening the CSP Industry Team/ TRS user group consultation process. The CSP Industry Team reported only one problem in its education and outreach program. TRS user groups were unhappy that the Commission had decided to let prepaid phone card rates be set by the market, without oversight by the Commission.

On November 25, 2002—before the CSP Industry Team filed its required outreach report—Telecommunications for the Deaf, Inc. (TDI), The Consumer Action Network, The National Association of the Deaf, and Self-Help for Hard of Hearing People (Joint CSP Petitioners) filed a joint petition for reconsideration of the Fifth Coin Sent-Paid Report & Order, raising two central issues. First, they requested that the Commission restore the interim requirement for TRS payphone calls that carriers charge the lower of the coin sent-paid rate, or the rate for calling cards and/or prepaid calling cards. Joint CSP Petitioners asserted that implementation issues should not

preclude the requirement of cost parity. Second, the Joint CSP Petitioners asserted that the Commission should have implemented a national outreach program under the purview of an entity such as the TRS Fund Administrator, rather than leave outreach to the voluntary efforts of the carriers.

In an *Order* released on June 30, 2004, FCC 04-137, the Commission denied the Joint CSP Petitioners' Petition for Reconsideration of the Fifth Coin Sent-Paid Report & Order. First, the Commission declined to impose additional regulation on TRS calls made from payphones, including the notion of "cost parity." Second, the Commission declined to mandate a nationwide uniform outreach campaign. With respect to outreach, the Order addressed more broadly TRS outreach and suggested that the Consumer Advisory Committee (CAC) develop voluntary Best Practice Guidelines for state TRS programs, TRS providers, and common carriers. The Commission committed that it would work with the CAC to ensure that the results of that effort, and other relevant materials, are available on the FCC website (http://www.fcc.gov) so that common carriers, TRS providers, state programs, and advocates will have the opportunity to share their outreach ideas and approaches. The Commission also directed the Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau to take concrete steps through educational and outreach efforts to further enhance public awareness of TRS. In addition to making factsheets and other informational materials available for dissemination through the Commission's website and national consumer call centers, the Commission committed to launch a comprehensive outreach campaign that will include participating in conferences and other events that provide opportunities for Commission staff to further educate not only users of TRS, but also the general public, about TRS. Finally, the Commission committed to provide media outlets likely to reach individuals who use TRS, as well as those of general distribution, with information about the availability of, and further developments in, the provision of TRS.

Because all outstanding coin sent-paid issues have now been resolved, the Commission will not request public comment on the CSP Industry Team's report. The Commission notes, however, that persons having concerns about coin sent-paid or other TRS issues may file informal complaints with the Commission, send letters to the Commission's Disability Rights Office, or file petitions for clarification or for the promulgation of new rules. The CSP

Industry Team's report is available through the Electronic Comment Filing System on the Commission's Web site, http://gullfoss2.fcc.gov/prod/ecfs/comsrch_v2.cgi.

Federal Communications Commission. Jay Keithley,

Deputy Chief, Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau.

[FR Doc. 04–19626 Filed 8–26–04; 8:45 am]

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Federal Open Market Committee; Domestic Policy Directive of June 29– 30, 2004

In accordance with § 271.25 of its rules regarding availability of information (12 CFR part 271), there is set forth below the domestic policy directive issued by the Federal Open Market Committee at its meeting held on June 29–30, 2004.¹

The Federal Open Market Committee seeks monetary and financial conditions that will foster price stability and promote sustainable growth in output. To further its long—run objectives, the Committee in the immediate future seeks conditions in reserve markets consistent with increasing the federal funds rate to an average of around 1-1/4 percent.

By order of the Federal Open Market Committee, August 18, 2004.

Vincent R. Reinhart,

Secretary, Federal Open Market Committee. [FR Doc. 04–19582 Filed 8–26–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–S

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Solicitation for the Nomination of Candidates To Serve as Members of the National Vaccine Advisory Committee

AGENCY: Office of Public Health and Science, Office of the Secretary, HHS. **ACTION:** Notice.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 217a, section 222 of the Public Health Service (PHS) Act, as amended. The Committee is governed by the provisions of Public Law 92–463, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2),

which sets forth standards for the formation and use of advisory committees.

SUMMARY: The National Vaccine Program Office (NVPO), a program office within the Office of Public Health and Science, DHHS, is soliciting nominations of qualified candidates to be considered for appointment as members to the National Vaccine Advisory Committee (NVAC). The activities of this Committee are governed by the stipulations of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA). The current charter for the NVAC expires July 30, 2005.

Consistent with the National Vaccine Plan, the Committee advises and makes recommendations to the Assistant Secretary for Health in his/her capacity as the Director of the NVPO on matters related to the Program's responsibilities. Specifically, the Committee studies and recommends ways to encourage the availability of an adequate supply of safe and effective vaccination products in the United States; recommends research priorities and other measures to enhance the safety and efficacy of vaccines. The Committee also advises the Assistant Secretary for Health in the implementation of Sections 2102, 2103. and 2104 of the PHS Act; and identifies annually the most important areas of government and non-government cooperation that should be considered in implementing Sections 2102, 2103, and 2104 of the PHS Act.

DATES: Nominations for membership on the Committee must be received no later than 5 pm EST on October 31, 2004, at the address below.

All Nominations Should be Mailed or Delivered to: Bruce G. Gellin, M.D., M.P.H., Executive Secretary, National Vaccine Advisory Committee, Office of Public Health and Science, Department of Health and Human Services, 200 Independence Avenue, SW., Room 725–H Humphrey Building; Washington, DC 20201.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CONTACT: Ms. Emma English, Program Analyst, National Vaccine Program Office, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Room 729.1—H Hubert H. Humphrey Building, 200 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20201; (202) 690–5566.

A copy of the Committee charter and list of the current membership can be obtained by contacting Ms. English or by accessing the NVAC Web site at: http://www.hhs.gov/nvpo/nvac.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Committee Function: Qualifications and Information Required: Nominations are being sought for individuals who are

engaged in vaccine research or the manufacture of vaccines, as well as individuals who are physicians, members of parent organizations concerned with immunizations representatives of State or local health agencies or public health organizations, and other public representatives. Individuals selected for appointment to the Committee will serve as voting members. Individuals selected for appointment to the Committee can be invited to serve terms with periods of up to four years.

Nominations should be typewritten. The following information should be included in the package of material submitted for each individual being nominated for consideration: (1) A letter of nomination that clearly states the name and affiliation of the nominee, the basis for the nomination (i.e., specific attributes which qualify the nominee for service in this capacity), and a statement that the nominee is willing to serve as a member of the Committee; (2) the nominator's name, address and daytime telephone number, and the home and/ or work address, telephone number, and email address of the individual being nominated; and (3) a current copy of the nominee's curriculum vitae. Applications cannot be submitted by facsimile. The names of Federal employees should not be nominated for consideration of appointment to this Committee.

The Department makes every effort to ensure that the membership of DHHS Federal advisory committees is fairly balanced in terms of points of view represented and the committee's function. Every effort is made that a broad representation of geographic areas, gender, ethnic and minority groups, and the disabled are given consideration for membership on DHHS Federal advisory committees. Appointment to this Committee shall be made without discrimination on the basis of age, race, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, disability, and cultural, religious, or socioeconomic status.

Dated: August 24, 2004.

Sarah Landry,

Associate Director for Communication and Legislation, National Vaccine Program Office. [FR Doc. 04–19600 Filed 8–26–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4150–28–P

¹Copies of the Minutes of the Federal Open Market Committee meeting on June 29–30, 2004, which includes the domestic policy directive issued at the meeting, are available upon request to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20551. The minutes are published in the Federal Reserve Bulletin and in the Board's annual report.