Commission concluded that such unbundling relief was necessary to remove disincentives for incumbent LECs to deploy fiber to these buildings. We believe that this approach is the least burdensome way to ensure that all Americans, not just those residing in single family homes, will be able to obtain the benefits of broadband services. Alternatives considered, including the use of a single, categorical rule, were not adopted because they do not accomplish the Commission's objectives in this proceeding.

17. Report to Congress: The Commission will send a copy of the Order, including this Supplemental FRFA, in a report to be sent to Congress pursuant to the Congressional Review Act. In addition, the Commission will send a copy of the Order, including this Supplemental FRFA, to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the SBA. A copy of the Order and Supplemental FRFA (or summaries thereof) will also be published in the **Federal Register**.

## Final Paperwork Reduction Act Analysis

18. This document does not contain new or modified information collection requirements subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), Public Law 104–13. In addition, therefore, it does not contain any new or modified "information collection burden for small business concerns with fewer than 25 employees," pursuant to the Small Business Paperwork Relief Act of 2002, Public Law 107–198, *see* 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(4).

### **Ordering Clauses**

19. *It is ordered* that, pursuant to the authority contained in sections 2, 4(i)–4(j), 10(d), 201, 251, 303(r), and 706 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 152, 154(i)–4(j), 160(d), 201, 251, 303(r), 706 this Order on Reconsideration *is adopted*.

20. It is further ordered that, pursuant to the authority contained in sections 2, 4(i)-4(j), 10(d), 201, 251, 303(r), and 706 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 152, 154(i)-4(j), 160(d), 201, 251, 303(r), and 706, the petitions for reconsideration filed by BellSouth and SureWest *are granted in part.* 

21. It is further ordered that the Commission's Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, Reference Information Center, shall send a copy of this Order, including the Supplemental Final Regulatory Flexibility Analysis, to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration.

### List of Subjects in 47 CFR part 51

Interconnection, Unbundling requirements.

Federal Communications Commission. Marlene H. Dortch,

Secretary.

### **Rule Changes**

■ Part 51 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

### PART 51—SPECIAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING BELL OPERATING COMPANIES

■ 1. The authority citation for Part 51 continues to read:

Authority: Sections 1–5, 7, 201–05, 207– 09, 218, 225–27, 251–54, 256, 271, 303(r), 332, 48 Stat. 1070, as amended, 1077; 47 U.S.C. 151–55, 157, 201–05, 207–09, 218, 225–27, 251–54, 256, 271, 303(r), 332, 47 U.S.C. 157 *note*, unless otherwise noted.

■ 2. Section 51.319 is amended by revising paragraph (a)(3) introductory text to read as follows:

## §51.319 Specific unbundling requirements.

(a) \* \* \*

(3) Fiber-to-the-home loops. A fiberto-the-home loop is a local loop consisting entirely of fiber optic cable, whether dark or lit, serving an end user's customer premises or, in the case of predominantly residential multiple dwelling units (MDUs), a fiber optic cable, whether dark or lit, that extends to the multiunit premises' minimum point of entry (MPOE).

[FR Doc. 04–20356 Filed 9–8–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Research and Special Programs Administration

### 49 CFR Parts 192 and 195

[Docket No. RSPA-99-6106; Amdt. Nos. 192-94, 195-81]

#### RIN 2137-AD35

### Pipeline Safety: Periodic Updates to Pipeline Safety Regulations (2001); Corrections

**AGENCY:** Research and Special Programs Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Correcting amendments.

**SUMMARY:** The Research and Special Programs Administration (RSPA) is correcting a final rule published in the **Federal Register** on June 14, 2004 (69 FR 32886). That final rule amended and updated various sections of the pipeline safety regulations and incorporated the most recent editions of the voluntary consensus standards publications referenced in 49 CFR parts 192 and 195. That document made an inadvertent error in the definition of "Transmission line" in §192.3, failed to properly amend Appendix B to part 192, inadvertently reversed a recent amendment to a welder qualification requirement in §195.222, and contained several typographical errors. This document corrects the final rule by revising the relevant sections.

DATES: Effective July 14, 2004.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Gopala K. Vinjamuri by telephone at (202) 366–4503, by fax at (202) 366– 4566, by e-mail at gopala.vinjamuri@rspa.dot.gov, or by mail at U.S. Department of Transportation, RSPA/Office of Pipeline Safety, Room 2103, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590–0001.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On June 14, 2004, RSPA published a final rule in the Federal Register entitled, "Pipeline Safety: Periodic Updates to Pipeline Safety Regulations" (69 FR 32886). That final rule amended and updated various sections of the pipeline safety regulations and incorporated the most recent editions of the voluntary consensus standards publications referenced in 49 CFR parts 192 and 195. After the final rule was published, RSPA received ten written comments from interested parties identifying an apparent inconsistency in the definition of "Transmission line" in the final rule. Upon further review, we have determined that the June 14, 2002, final rule made an inadvertent error in the definition of "Transmission line" in § 192.3, failed to properly amend Appendix B to part 192 due to an improper amendatory instruction, and inadvertently reversed a recent amendment to § 195.222. It also contained several typographical and punctuation errors.

This document corrects the final regulations by revising the relevant sections.

### List of Subjects

### 49 CFR Part 192

Pipeline safety, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

### 49 CFR Part 195

Carbon dioxide, Petroleum, Pipeline safety, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements. ■ Accordingly, 49 CFR parts 192 and 195 are corrected by making the following correcting amendments:

### PART 192—TRANSPORTATION OF NATURAL AND OTHER GAS BY PIPELINE: MINIMUM FEDERAL SAFETY STANDARDS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 192 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5103, 60102, 60104, 60108, 60109, 60110, 60113, and 60118; and 49 CFR 1.53.

■ 2. In § 192.3, revise the definition of "Transmission line" to read as follows:

### § 192.3 Definitions.

Transmission line means a pipeline, other than a gathering line, that transports gas from a gathering line or storage facility to a gas distribution center, storage facility, or large volume customer that is not down-stream from a gas distribution center; a pipeline that operates at a hoop stress of 20 percent or more of SMYS; or a pipeline that transports gas within a storage field. **Note:** A large volume customer may receive similar volumes of gas as a distribution center, and includes factories, power plants, and institutional users of gas.

\* \* \* \* \*

■ 3. In § 192.7, amend paragraph (c)(2) by revising one entry in the table (table item D(5)) to read as follows:

### § 192.7 Incorporation by reference.

\* \*

(c) \* \* \*

(2) \* \* \*

Source and name of referenced material				49 CFR reference			
*	*	*	*		*	*	*
D. * * *							
(5) ASME/ANSI B31. Integrity of Gas Pip		9 B31.8 on Managing I B31.8S-2002).	System	192.911(k);	192.911(l); 19 ; 192.917(a) ; 192.917( ; 192.925(b ; 192.925 (i); 192.925 ; 192.923(c	b) Introductory tex (b)(3); 192.925(b) 9(b)(1); 192.929(b) I)(1)(i); 192.935(a);	Introductory text; 917(b); 192.917(c); ); 192.923(b)(2); kt; 192.925(b)(1); (4); 192.925(b)(1); (2); 192.933(a); 192.935(b)(1)(iv);

\* \* \* \* \*

■ 4. In § 192.123, revise the introductory text in paragraph (a) as follows:

## § 192.123 Design limitations for plastic pipe.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (e) of this section, the design pressure may not exceed a gauge pressure of 100 psig (689 kPa) for plastic pipe used in:

■ 5. In § 192.283, revise paragraphs (a)(1)(ii) and (iii) to read as follows:

### § 192.283 Plastic pipe: Qualifying joining procedures.

- (a) \* \* \*
- (1) \* \* \*

(ii) In the case of thermosetting plastic pipe, paragraph 8.5 (Minimum Hydrostatic Burst Pressure) or paragraph 8.9 (Sustained Static Pressure Test) of ASTM D2517 (ibr, see § 192.7); or (iii) In the case of electrofusion fittings for polyethylene pipe and tubing, paragraph 9.1 (Minimum Hydraulic Burst Pressure Test), paragraph 9.2 (Sustained Pressure Test), paragraph 9.3 (Tensile Strength Test), or paragraph 9.4 (Joint Integrity Tests) of ASTM Designation F1055 (ibr, see § 192.7). \* \* \*

■ 6. In § 192.505, revise paragraphs (d)(1), (2), and (3) as follows:

§ 192.505 Strength test requirements for steel pipeline to operate at a hoop stress of 30 percent or more of SMYS.

\* \* \* \* (d) \* \* \*

(1) The component was tested to at least the pressure required for the pipeline to which it is being added;

(2) The component was manufactured under a quality control system that ensures that each item manufactured is at least equal in strength to a prototype and that the prototype was tested to at least the pressure required for the pipeline to which it is being added; or

(3) The component carries a pressure rating established through applicable ASME/ANSI, MSS specifications, or by unit strength calculations as described in § 192.143.

\* \*

■ 7. In § 192.723, revise paragraph (b)(2) to read as follows:

## § 192.723 Distribution systems: Leakage surveys.

\* \* \* \*

(b) \* \* \*

(2) A leakage survey with leak detector equipment must be conducted outside business districts as frequently as necessary, but at least once every 5 calendar years at intervals not exceeding 63 months. However, for cathodically unprotected distribution lines subject to § 192.465(e) on which electrical surveys for corrosion are impractical, a leakage survey must be conducted at least once every 3 calendar years at intervals not exceeding 39 months.

8. In Appendix B to part 192, revise Sections I, II.A, II.B, II.C, and the first sentence of Section II.D to read as follows:

# Appendix B to Part 192—Qualification of Pipe

#### I. Listed Pipe Specifications

API 5L—Steel pipe, "API Specification for Line Pipe" (ibr, *see* § 192.7)

ASTM A 53/A53M–99b—Steel pipe, "Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamlass" (ibr. see § 1927

Welded and Seamless'' (ibr, see § 192.7). ASTM A 106—Steel pipe, "Standard Specification for Seamless Carbon Steel Pipe for High Temperature Service" (ibr, see § 192.7).

ASTM A 333/A 333M—Steel pipe, "Standard Specification for Seamless and Welded Steel Pipe for Low Temperature Service" (ibr. see § 192.7)

Temperature Service" (ibr, *see* § 192.7). ASTM A 381—Steel pipe, "Standard Specification for Metal-Arc-Welded Steel Pipe for Use with High-Pressure Transmission Systems" (ibr, *see* § 192.7).

ASTM A 671—Steel pipe, "Standard Specification for Electric-Fusion-Welded Pipe for Atmospheric and Lower Temperatures" (ibr, *see* § 192.7).

ASTM A 672—Steel pipe, "Standard Specification for Electric-FusionWelded Steel Pipe for High-Pressure Service at Moderate Temperatures'' (ibr, *see* § 192.7).

ASTM A 691—Steel pipe, "Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Pipe, Electric-Fusion-Welded for High Pressure Service at High Temperatures" (ibr, *see* § 192.7).

ASTMD 2513—Thermoplastic pipe and tubing, "Standard Specification for Thermoplastic Gas Pressure Pipe, Tubing, and Fittings" (ibr, *see* § 192.7).

ASTM D 2517—Thermosetting plastic pipe and tubing, "Standard Specification for Reinforced Epoxy Resin Gas Pressure Pipe and Fittings" (ibr, *see* § 192.7).

# II. Steel Pipe of Unknown or Unlisted Specification.

A. *Bending Properties.* For pipe 2 inches (51 millimeters) or less in diameter, a length of pipe must be cold bent through at least 90 degrees around a cylindrical mandrel that has a diameter 12 times the diameter of the pipe, without developing cracks at any portion and without opening the longitudinal weld.

For pipe more than 2 inches (51 millimeters) in diameter, the pipe must meet the requirements of the flattening tests set forth in ASTM A53 (ibr, *see* § 192.7), except that the number of tests must be at least equal to the minimum required in paragraph II–D of this appendix to determine yield strength.

B. Weldability. A girth weld must be made in the pipe by a welder who is qualified under subpart E of this part. The weld must be made under the most severe conditions under which welding will be allowed in the field and by means of the same procedure that will be used in the field. On pipe more than 4 inches (102 millimeters) in diameter, at least one test weld must be made for each 100 lengths of pipe. On pipe 4 inches (102 millimeters) or less in diameter, at least one test weld must be made for each 400 lengths of pipe. The weld must be tested in accordance with API Standard 1104 (ibr, see § 192.7). If the requirements of API Standard 1104 cannot be met, weldability may be established by making chemical tests for carbon and manganese, and proceeding in accordance with section IX of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code (ibr, see 192.7). The same number of chemical tests must be made as are required for testing a girth weld.

C. *Inspection.* The pipe must be clean enough to permit adequate inspection. It must be visually inspected to ensure that it is reasonably round and straight and there are no defects which might impair the strength or tightness of the pipe. D. *Tensile Properties*. If the tensile properties of the pipe are not known, the minimum yield strength may be taken as 24,000 p.s.i. (165 MPa) or less, or the tensile properties may be established by performing tensile tests as set forth in API Specification 5L (ibr, *see* § 192.7). \* \* \*

### PART 195—TRANSPORTATION OF HAZARDOUS LIQUIDS BY PIPELINE

■ 1. The authority citation for part 195 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 5103, 60102, 60104, 60108, 60109, 60118; and 49 CFR 1.53.

■ 2. Revise § 195.222 to read as follows:

## §195.222 Welders: Qualification of welders.

(a) Each welder must be qualified in accordance with section 6 of API 1104 (ibr, *see* § 195.3) or section IX of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, (ibr, *see* § 195.3) except that a welder qualified under an earlier edition than listed in § 195.3 may weld but may not re-qualify under that earlier edition.

(b) No welder may weld with a welding process unless, within the preceding 6 calendar months, the welder has—

(1) Engaged in welding with that process; and

(2) Had one welded tested and found acceptable under section 9 of API 1104 (ibr, *see* § 195.3).

Issued in Washington, DC on August 27, 2004.

#### Elaine E. Joost,

Acting Deputy Administrator. [FR Doc. 04–20263 Filed 9–8–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-60-P

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

### 50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 040112010-4114-02; I.D. 090204D]

### Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act Provisions; Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Northeast (NE) Multispecies Fishery; Closure of the Closed Area II (CA II) Yellowtail Flounder Special Access Program (SAP)

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce. **ACTION:** Closure of CA II Yellowtail Flounder SAP for fishing year 2004.

**SUMMARY:** NMFS announces that the Administrator, Northeast Region, NMFS (Regional Administrator), is closing the CA II Yellowtail Flounder SAP to all NE multispecies days-at-sea (DAS) vessels, effective September 3, 2004. Vessels that have not yet departed on a trip to fish in the SAP as of September 3, 2004, may not begin a trip into the SAP.

**DATES:** Effective September 3, 2004, through April 30, 2005.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Thomas Warren, Fishery Policy Analyst, (978) 281–9347, fax (978) 281–9135, email *Thomas.Warren@NOAA.gov*.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulations governing the CA II Yellowtail Flounder SAP are found at 50 CFR 648.85(b)(3). The regulations authorize vessels issued a valid limited access NE multispecies DAS permit to participate in the CA II Yellowtail Flounder SAP and to fish in the CA II Yellowtail Flounder Access Area, under specific conditions. Unless otherwise authorized by the Regional Administrator, eligible vessels are restricted to two trips per month into the SAP, and the maximum total number of trips allowed into the SAP by all NE multispecies vessels combined is 320 trips for fishing year 2004. The Regional Administrator is authorized by §648.85(a)(3)(iv)(D) to modify certain regulations pertaining to the U.S./ Canada Management Area in order to prevent over-harvesting or underharvesting of the yellowtail flounder total allowable catch, including the number of total trips allowed into this SAP. The Regional Administrator, based upon Vessel Monitoring System reports and other available information, has determined that 320 trips into the SAP have been taken and that, according to the regulations, no additional NE multispecies DAS vessels may depart port to begin a trip into the CA II Yellowtail Flounder SAP.

### Classification

This action is required by 50 CFR part 648 and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated:September 2, 2004.

### Alan D. Risenhoover,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 04–20423 Filed 9–3–04; 2:49 pm] BILLING CODE 3510-22-S