- (c) Bureau of the Census. (1) 13 U.S.C. 304, Delinquency on Delayed filing of Export Documentation, from \$1,100 to \$10,000.
- (2) 13 U.S.C. 305, Collection of Foreign Trade Statistics—Violations, from \$1,100 to \$10,000.
- (d) Economics and Statistics Administration. 22 U.S.C. 3105(a), International Investment and Trade in Services Act—Failure to Furnish Information, from \$27,500 to \$27,500.
- (e) International Trade Administration. (1) 19 U.S.C. 81s, Foreign Trade Zone—Violation, from \$1.100 to \$1.100.
- (2) 16 U.S.C. 1677(f)(4), U.S.-Canada FTA Protective Order—Violation, from \$110.000 to \$120.000.
- (f) National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. (1) 15 U.S.C. 5623(a)(3), Land Remote Sensing Policy Act of 1992, from \$11,000 to \$11,000.
- (2) 15 U.S.C. 5658(c), Land Remote Sensing Policy Act of 1992, from \$11,000 to \$11,000.
- (3) 16 U.S.C. 773f(a), Northern Pacific Halibut Act of 1982, from \$27,500 to \$27,500.
- (4) 16 U.S.C. 783, Sponge Act (1914), from \$550 to \$550.
- (5) 16 U.S.C. 957, Tuna Conventions Act of 1950 (1962);
- (i) Violation/Subsection a, from \$27,500 to \$27,500.
- (ii) Subsequent Violation/Subsection a, from \$60,000 to \$65,000.
- (iii) Violation/Subsection b, from \$1,100 to \$1,100.
- (iv) Subsequent Violation/Subsection b. from \$5,500 to \$5,500.
- (v) Violation/Subsection c, from \$120,000 to \$130,000.
- (6) 16 U.S.C. 971e(e), Atlantic Tuna Convention Act of 1975 (1995), from \$120,000 to \$130,000.
- (7) 16 U.S.C. 972f(b), Eastern Pacific Tuna Licensing Act of 1984;
- (i) Violation/Subsections (a)(1)–(3), from \$27,500 to \$27,500.
- (ii) Subsequent Violation/Subsections (a)(1)–(3), from \$60,000 to \$60,000.
- (iii) Violation/Subsections (a)(4)–(5), from \$5,500 to \$5,500.
- (iv) Subsequent Violation/Subsections (a)(4)–(5), from \$5,500 to \$5,500.
- (v) Violation/Subsection (a)(6), from \$120,000 to \$130,000.
- (8) 16 U.S.C. 973f(a), South Pacific Tuna Act of 1988, from \$300,000 to \$325,000.
- (9) 16 U.S.C. 1174(b), Fur Seal Act Amendments of 1983, from \$11,000 to \$11,000.
- (10) 16 U.S.C. 1375(a)(1), Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (1981), from \$11,000 to \$11,000.
- (11) 16 U.S.C. 1385(e), Dolphin Protection Consumer Information Act (1990), from \$110,000 to \$120,000.

- (12) 16 U.S.C. 1437(d)(1), National Marine Sanctuaries Act (1992), from \$120,000 to \$130,000.
- (13) 16 U.S.C. 1540(a)(1), Endangered Species Act of 1973;
- (i) Knowing Violations of Section 1538 (1988), from \$27,500 to \$27,500.
- (ii) Other Knowing Violations (1988), from \$13,200 to \$13,200.
- (iii) Otherwise Violations (1978), from \$550 to \$550.
- (14) 16 U.S.C. 1858(a), Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (1990), from \$120,000 to \$130,000.
- (15) 16 U.S.C. 2437(a)(1), Antarctic Marine Living Resources Convention Act of 1984;
- (i) Knowing Violation, from \$11,000 to \$11,000.
 - (ii) Violation, from \$5,500 to \$5,500.
- (16) 16 U.S.C. 2465(a), Antarctic Protection Act of 1990;
- (i) Knowing Violation, from \$11,000 to \$11,000.
- (ii) Violation, from \$5,500 to \$5,500. (17) 16 U.S.C. 3373(a), Lacey Act
- Amendments of 1981;
 (i) Sale and Burchage Violetian, from
- (i) Sale and Purchase Violation, from \$11,000 to \$11,000.
- (ii) Marking Violation, from \$275 to \$275.
- (iii) False Labeling Violation, from \$11,000 to \$11,000.
- (iv) Other than Marking Violation, from \$11,000 to \$11,000.
- (18) 16 U.S.C. 3606(b)(1), Atlantic Salmon Convention Act of 1982 (1990), from \$120,000 to \$130,000.
- (19) 16 U.S.C. 3637(b), Pacific Salmon Treaty Act of 1985 (1990), from \$120,000 to \$130,000.
- (20) 16 U.S.C. 4016(b)(1)(B), Fish and Seafood Promotion Act of 1986, from \$5,500 to \$5,500.
- (21) 16 U.S.C. 5010(a)(1), North Pacific Anadromous Stocks Act of 1992, from \$110,000 to \$120,000.
- (22) 16 U.S.C. 5103(b)(2), Atlantic Coastal Fisheries Cooperative Management Act (1993), from \$120,000 to \$130,000.
- (23) 16 U.S.C. 5154(c)(1), Atlantic Striped Bass Conservation Act (1990), from \$120,000 to \$130,000.
- (24) 16 U.S.C. 5507(a)(1), High Seas Fishing Compliance Act of 1995, from \$110,000 to \$120,000.
- (25) 16 U.S.C. 5606(b), Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Convention Act of 1995, from \$120,000 to \$130,000.
- (26) 22 U.S.C. 1978(e), Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967 (1971);
 - (i) Violation, from \$11,000 to \$11,000.(ii) Subsequent Violation, from
- \$27,500 to \$27,500. (27) 30 U.S.C. 1462(a), Deep Seabed Hard Mineral Resources Act (1980),

from \$27,500 to \$27,500.

- (28) 42 U.S.C. 9152(c)(1), Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion Act of 1980, from \$27,500 to \$27,500.
- 3. Section 6.5 is revised to read as follows:

§ 6.5 Effective date of adjustments.

The adjustments made by § 6.4 of this part, of the penalties there specified, are effective on December 14, 2004, and said penalties, as thus adjusted by the adjustments made by § 6.4 of this part, shall apply only to violations occurring after December 14, 2004, and before the effective date of any future inflation adjustment thereto made subsequent to December 14, 2004 as provided in § 6.6 of this part.

[FR Doc. 04–27314 Filed 12–13–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–33–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 10

Administrative Practices and Procedures

CFR Correction

In Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, parts 1 to 99, revised as of April 1, 2004, on page 123, § 10.50 is corrected by removing paragraph (c)(11).

[FR Doc. 04–55527 Filed 12–13–04; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 520

Oral Dosage Form New Animal Drugs; Furosemide

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug
Administration (FDA) is amending the
animal drug regulations to reflect
approval of an abbreviated new animal
drug application (ANADA) filed by
Phoenix Scientific, Inc. The ANADA
provides for veterinary prescription use
of furosemide syrup in dogs by oral
administration for treatment of edema
associated with cardiac insufficiency
and acute noninflammatory tissue
edema.

DATES: This rule is effective December 14, 2004.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Lonnie W. Luther, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV-104), Food and Drug Administration, 7519 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301-827-8549, email: lonnie.luther@fda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Phoenix Scientific, Inc., 3915 South 48th St. Ter., St. Joseph, MO 64503, filed ANADA 200–382 for veterinary prescription use of Furosemide Syrup 1% in dogs by oral administration for treatment of edema associated with cardiac insufficiency and acute noninflammatory tissue edema. Phoenix Scientific's Furosemide Syrup 1% is approved as a generic copy of Intervet, Inc.'s LASIX (furosemide) Syrup 1%, approved under NADA 102– 380. The ANADA is approved as of November 18, 2004, and the regulations are amended in 21 CFR 520.1010 to reflect the approval. The basis of approval is discussed in the freedom of information summary.

In accordance with the freedom of information provisions of 21 CFR part 20 and 21 CFR 514.11(e)(2)(ii), a summary of safety and effectiveness data and information submitted to support approval of this application may be seen in the Division of Dockets Management (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852, between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

FDA has determined under 21 CFR 25.33(a)(1) that this action is of a type that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

This rule does not meet the definition of "rule" in 5 U.S.C. 804(3)(A) because it is a rule of "particular applicability." Therefore, it is not subject to the congressional review requirements in 5 U.S.C. 801-808.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 520

Animal drugs.

■ Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21 CFR part 520 is amended as follows:

PART 520-ORAL DOSAGE FORM NEW **ANIMAL DRUGS**

■ 1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 520 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 360b.

■ 2. Section 520.1010 is amended by adding paragraph (b)(4) to read as follows:

§ 520.1010 Furosemide.

(b) * * *

(4) No. 059130 for use of syrup in paragraph (a)(4) of this section for conditions of use in paragraph (d)(2)(i) and (d)(2)(ii)(A) of this section.

Dated: December 6, 2004.

Stephen F. Sundlof,

Director, Center for Veterinary Medicine. [FR Doc. 04-27291 Filed 12-13-04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160-01-S

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Highway Administration

23 CFR Part 650

[FHWA Docket No. FHWA-2001-8954] RIN 2125-AE86

National Bridge Inspection Standards

AGENCY: Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The FHWA is revising its regulation on the National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS). This action is necessary to address perceived ambiguities in the NBIS that have been identified since the last update to the regulation in 1988. The changes clarify the NBIS language that is vague or ambiguous; reorganizes the NBIS into a more logical sequence; and makes the regulation easier to read and understand, not only by the inspector in the field, but also by those administering the highway bridge inspection programs at the State or Federal agency level.

DATES: This rule is effective January 13, 2005. The incorporation by reference of the publications listed in this rule is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of January 13, 2005.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Wade F. Casey, P.E., Federal Lands Highway, HFPD-9, (202) 366-9486, or Mr. Robert Black, Office of the Chief Counsel, HCC-30, (202) 366-1359, Federal Highway Administration, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590-0001. Office hours are from 7:45 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. e.t., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Electronic Access

An electronic copy of this document may also be downloaded by using a computer, modem and suitable communications software from the

Government Printing Office's Electronic Bulletin Board Service at (202) 512-1661. Internet users may also reach the Office of the Federal Register's home page at: http://www.archives.gov and the Government Printing Office's Web page at: http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara.

Background

The FHWA bridge inspection program regulations were developed as a result of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1968 (Pub. L. 90-495, 82 Stat. 815) that required the Secretary of Transportation to establish NBIS to ensure the safety of the traveling public.

The 1968 Federal-Aid Highway Act directed the States to maintain an inventory of Federal-aid highway system bridges. The Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1970 (Pub. L. 91–605, 84 Stat. 1713) limited the NBIS to bridges on the Federal-aid highway system. The Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1978 (Pub. L. 95–599, 92 Stat. 2689) extended NBIS requirements to bridges greater than 20 feet on all public roads. The Surface Transportation and Uniform Relocation Assistance Act of 1987 (Pub. L. 100-17, 101 Stat. 132) expanded the scope of bridge inspection programs to include special inspection procedures for fracture critical members and underwater inspection.

The FHWA published an advance notice of proposed rulemaking (ANPRM) on September 26, 2001, (66 FR 49154) to solicit comments on whether to revise its regulation on the NBIS. The majority of commenters to the ANPRM recommended that the FHWA revise the NBIS regulation.

Discussion of Comments Received to the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM)

The FHWA published an NPRM on September 9, 2003, at 68 FR 53063, to solicit public comments on proposed changes to the NBIS. All comments received to the NPRM were carefully considered in the decision to publish a final rule. Commenters included: representatives from 1 Federal agency, 25 States, 44 counties, 9 cities, 1 Indian tribal government, 4 consulting firms, the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Association of Diving Contractors International (ADCI), the Illinois Association of County Engineers (IACE), the National Association of County Engineers (NACE) and 3 private citizens.

Discussion of Rulemaking Text

The following summarizes the comments submitted to the docket by