

—Interagency Planning for the World Year of Physics (2005)

It is imperative that the meeting be held on these dates to accommodate the scheduling priorities of the key participants. Visitors will be requested to sign a visitor's register.

P. Diane Rausch,

*Advisory Committee Management Officer,
National Aeronautics and Space
Administration.*

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**NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND
SPACE ADMINISTRATION**

[Notice 04-121]

**NASA Space Science Advisory
Committee, Astronomical Search for
Origins and Planetary Systems
Subcommittee; Meeting**

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and
Space Administration (NASA).

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: The National Aeronautics and
Space Administration announces a
meeting of the NASA Space Science
Advisory Committee (SScAC),
Astronomical Search for Origins and
Planetary Systems Subcommittee (OS).

DATES: Monday, November 8, 2004, 8:30
a.m. to 6 p.m., and Tuesday, November
9, 2004, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

ADDRESSES: Inn and Conference Center,
University of Maryland, 3501 University
Boulevard East, Adelphi, Maryland
20783.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr.
Eric P. Smith, Science Mission
Directorate, National Aeronautics and
Space Administration, Washington, DC
20546, (202) 358-2439,
eric.p.smith@nasa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The
meeting will be open to the public up
to the seating capacity of the room. The
agenda for the meeting is as follows:

- Universe Division News/Update.
- NASA Roadmapping Progress.
- James Webb Space Telescope
Update.
- Deep Space Network Future Plans.
- Astronomy and Physics Working
Group.
- Terrestrial Planet Finder Update.

It is imperative that the meeting be
held on these dates to accommodate the
scheduling priorities of the key

participants. Visitors will be requested
to sign a visitor's register.

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**PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY
CORPORATION**

**Proposed Submission of Information
Collections for OMB Review; Comment
Request; Multiemployer Plan
Regulations**

AGENCY: Pension Benefit Guaranty
Corporation.

ACTION: Notice of intention to request
extension of OMB approval.

SUMMARY: The Pension Benefit Guaranty
Corporation (PBGC) intends to request
that the Office of Management and
Budget (OMB) extend approval, under
the Paperwork Reduction Act, of
collections of information in the PBGC's
regulations on multiemployer plans
under the Employee Retirement Income
Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). This
notice informs the public of the PBGC's
intent and solicits public comment on
the collections of information.

DATES: Comments must be submitted by
January 3, 2005.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be mailed to
the Office of the General Counsel,
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation,
1200 K Street, NW., Washington, DC
20005-4026, or delivered to Suite 340 at
that address during normal business
hours. Comments also may be submitted
electronically through the PBGC's Web
site at <http://www.pbgc.gov/paperwork>,
or by fax to (202) 326-4112. The PBGC
will make all comments available on its
Web site at <http://www.pbgc.gov>.

Copies of the collections of
information may be obtained without
charge by writing to the PBGC's
Communications and Public Affairs
Department at Suite 240 at the above
address or by visiting that office or
calling (202) 326-4040 during normal
business hours. (TTY and TDD users
may call the Federal relay service toll-
free at 1-800-877-8339 and ask to be
connected to (202) 326-4040.) The
regulations on multiemployer plans can
be accessed on the PBGC's Web site at
<http://www.pbgc.gov>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Deborah C. Murphy, Attorney, Office of
the General Counsel, Pension Benefit
Guaranty Corporation, 1200 K Street,
NW., Washington, DC 20005-4026,

(202) 326-4024. (For TTY/TDD users,
call the Federal relay service toll-free at
1-800-877-8339 and ask to be
connected to (202) 326-4024.)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: An agency
may not conduct or sponsor, and a
person is not required to respond to, a
collection of information unless it
displays a currently valid OMB control
number. OMB has approved and issued
control numbers for the collections of
information, described below, in the
PBGC's regulations relating to
multiemployer plans. The PBGC intends
to request that OMB extend its approval
of these collections of information for
three years.

The PBGC is soliciting public
comments to—

- Evaluate whether the proposed
collections of information are necessary
for the proper performance of the
functions of the agency, including
whether the information will have
practical utility;

- Evaluate the accuracy of the
agency's estimate of the burden of the
proposed collections of information,
including the validity of the
methodologies and assumptions used;

- Enhance the quality, utility, and
clarity of the information to be
collected; and

- Minimize the burden of the
collections of information on those who
are to respond, including through the
use of appropriate automated,
electronic, mechanical, or other
technological collection techniques or
other forms of information technology,
e.g., permitting electronic submission of
responses.

Comments should identify the
specific part number(s) of the
regulation(s) they relate to.

The collections of information for
which the PBGC intends to request
extension of OMB approval are as
follows:

**1. Termination of Multiemployer Plans
(29 CFR Part 4041A) (OMB Control
Number 1212-0020)**

Section 4041A(f)(2) of ERISA
authorizes the PBGC to prescribe
reporting requirements for and other
“rules and standards for the
administration of” terminated
multiemployer plans. Section 4041A(c)
and (f)(1) of ERISA prohibit the payment
by a mass-withdrawal-terminated plan
of lump sums greater than \$1,750 or of
nonvested plan benefits unless
authorized by the PBGC.

The regulation requires the plan
sponsor of a terminated plan to submit
a notice of termination to the PBGC. It
also requires the plan sponsor of a mass-
withdrawal-terminated plan that is

closing out to give notices to participants regarding the election of alternative forms of benefit distribution and to obtain PBGC approval to pay lump sums greater than \$1,750 or to pay nonvested plan benefits.

The PBGC uses the information in a notice of termination to assess the likelihood that PBGC financial assistance will be needed. Plan participants and beneficiaries use the information on alternative forms of benefit to make personal financial decisions. The PBGC uses the information in an application for approval to pay lump sums greater than \$1,750 or to pay nonvested plan benefits to determine whether such payments should be permitted.

The PBGC estimates that plan sponsors each year (1) submit notices of termination for 10 plans, (2) distribute election notices to participants in 5 of those plans, and (3) submit requests to pay benefits or benefit forms not otherwise permitted for 1 of those plans. The estimated annual burden of the collection of information is 19.2 hours and \$12,873.

2. Extension of Special Withdrawal Liability Rules (29 CFR Part 4203) (OMB Control Number 1212-0023)

Sections 4203(f) and 4208(e)(3) of ERISA allow the PBGC to permit a multiemployer plan to adopt special rules for determining whether a withdrawal from the plan has occurred, subject to PBGC approval.

The regulation specifies the information that a plan that adopts special rules must submit to the PBGC about the rules, the plan, and the industry in which the plan operates. The PBGC uses the information to determine whether the rules are appropriate for the industry in which the plan functions and do not pose a significant risk to the insurance system.

The PBGC estimates that at most 1 plan sponsor submits a request each year under this regulation. The estimated annual burden of the collection of information is 1 hour and \$4,400.

3. Variances for Sale of Assets (29 CFR Part 4204) (OMB Control Number 1212-0021)

If an employer's covered operations or contribution obligation under a plan ceases, the employer must generally pay withdrawal liability to the plan. Section 4204 of ERISA provides an exception, under certain conditions, where the cessation results from a sale of assets. Among other things, the buyer must furnish a bond or escrow, and the sale

contract must provide for secondary liability of the seller.

The regulation establishes general variances (rules for avoiding the bond/escrow and sale-contract requirements) and authorizes plans to determine whether the variances apply in particular cases. It also allows buyers and sellers to request individual variances from the PBGC. Plans and the PBGC use the information to determine whether employers qualify for variances.

The PBGC estimates that each year, 11 employers submit, and 11 plans respond to, variance requests under the regulation, and 2 employers submit variance requests to the PBGC. The estimated annual burden of the collection of information is 1 hour and \$4,881.

4. Reduction or Waiver of Complete Withdrawal Liability (29 CFR Part 4207) (OMB Control Number 1212-0044)

Section 4207 of ERISA allows the PBGC to provide for abatement of an employer's complete withdrawal liability, and for plan adoption of alternative abatement rules, where appropriate.

Under the regulation, an employer applies to a plan for an abatement determination, providing information the plan needs to determine whether withdrawal liability should be abated, and the plan notifies the employer of its determination. The employer may, pending plan action, furnish a bond or escrow instead of making withdrawal liability payments, and must notify the plan if it does so. When the plan then makes its determination, it must so notify the bonding or escrow agent.

The regulation also permits plans to adopt their own abatement rules and request PBGC approval. The PBGC uses the information in such a request to determine whether the amendment should be approved.

The PBGC estimates that each year, 100 employers submit, and 100 plans respond to, applications for abatement of complete withdrawal liability, and 1 plan sponsor requests approval of plan abatement rules from the PBGC. The estimated annual burden of the collection of information is 25.5 hours and \$27,500.

5. Reduction or Waiver of Partial Withdrawal Liability (29 CFR Part 4208) (OMB Control Number 1212-0039)

Section 4208 of ERISA provides for abatement, in certain circumstances, of an employer's partial withdrawal liability and authorizes the PBGC to

issue additional partial withdrawal liability abatement rules.

Under the regulation, an employer applies to a plan for an abatement determination, providing information the plan needs to determine whether withdrawal liability should be abated, and the plan notifies the employer of its determination. The employer may, pending plan action, furnish a bond or escrow instead of making withdrawal liability payments, and must notify the plan if it does so. When the plan then makes its determination, it must so notify the bonding or escrow agent.

The regulation also permits plans to adopt their own abatement rules and request PBGC approval. The PBGC uses the information in such a request to determine whether the amendment should be approved.

The PBGC estimates that each year, 1,000 employers submit, and 1,000 plans respond to, applications for abatement of partial withdrawal liability and 1 plan sponsor requests approval of plan abatement rules from the PBGC. The estimated annual burden of the collection of information is 250.5 hours and \$275,000.

6. Allocating Unfunded Vested Benefits to Withdrawing Employers (29 CFR Part 4211) (OMB Control Number 1212-0035)

Section 4211(c)(5)(A) of ERISA requires the PBGC to prescribe how plans can, with PBGC approval, change the way they allocate unfunded vested benefits to withdrawing employers for purposes of calculating withdrawal liability.

The regulation prescribes the information that must be submitted to the PBGC by a plan seeking such approval. The PBGC uses the information to determine how the amendment changes the way the plan allocates unfunded vested benefits and how it will affect the risk of loss to plan participants and the PBGC.

The PBGC estimates that 5 plan sponsors submit approval requests each year under this regulation. The estimated annual burden of the collection of information is 10 hours.

7. Notice, Collection, and Redetermination of Withdrawal Liability (29 CFR Part 4219) (OMB Control Number 1212-0034)

Section 4219(c)(1)(D) of ERISA requires that the PBGC prescribe regulations for the allocation of a plan's total unfunded vested benefits in the event of a "mass withdrawal." ERISA section 4209(c) deals with an employer's liability for *de minimis*

amounts if the employer withdraws in a "substantial withdrawal."

The reporting requirements in the regulation give employers notice of a mass withdrawal or substantial withdrawal and advise them of their rights and liabilities. They also provide notice to the PBGC so that it can monitor the plan, and they help the PBGC assess the possible impact of a withdrawal event on participants and the multiemployer plan insurance program.

The PBGC estimates that there is at most 1 mass withdrawal and 1 substantial withdrawal per year. The plan sponsor of a plan subject to a withdrawal covered by the regulation provides notices of the withdrawal to the PBGC and to employers covered by the plan, liability assessments to the employers, and a certification to the PBGC that assessments have been made. (For a mass withdrawal, there are 2 assessments and 2 certifications that deal with 2 different types of liability. For a substantial withdrawal, there is 1 assessment and 1 certification (combined with the withdrawal notice to the PBGC).) The estimated annual burden of the collection of information is 4 hours and \$7,148.

8. Procedures for PBGC Approval of Plan Amendments (29 CFR Part 4220) (OMB Control Number 1212-0031)

Under section 4220 of ERISA, a plan may within certain limits adopt special plan rules regarding when a withdrawal from the plan occurs and how the withdrawing employer's withdrawal liability is determined. Any such special rule is effective only if, within 90 days after receiving notice and a copy of the rule, the PBGC either approves or fails to disapprove the rule.

The regulation provides rules for requesting the PBGC's approval of an amendment. The PBGC needs the required information to identify the plan, evaluate the risk of loss, if any, posed by the plan amendment, and determine whether to approve or disapprove the amendment.

The PBGC estimates that 3 plan sponsors submit approval requests per year under this regulation. The estimated annual burden of the collection of information is 1.5 hours.

9. Mergers and Transfers Between Multiemployer Plans (29 CFR Part 4231) (OMB Control Number 1212-0022)

Section 4231(a) and (b) of ERISA requires plans that are involved in a merger or transfer to give the PBGC 120 days' notice of the transaction and provides that if the PBGC determines

that specified requirements are satisfied, the transaction will be deemed not to be in violation of ERISA section 406(a) or (b)(2) (dealing with prohibited transactions).

This regulation sets forth the procedures for giving notice of a merger or transfer under section 4231 and for requesting a determination that a transaction complies with section 4231.

The PBGC uses information submitted by plan sponsors under the regulation to determine whether mergers and transfers conform to the requirements of ERISA section 4231 and the regulation.

The PBGC estimates that there are 35 transactions each year for which plan sponsors submit notices and approval requests under this regulation. The estimated annual burden of the collection of information is 8.75 hours and \$7,657.

10. Notice of Insolvency (29 CFR Part 4245) (OMB Control Number 1212-0033)

If the plan sponsor of a plan in reorganization under ERISA section 4241 determines that the plan may become insolvent, ERISA section 4245(e) requires the plan sponsor to give a "notice of insolvency" to the PBGC, contributing employers, and plan participants and their unions in accordance with PBGC rules.

For each insolvency year under ERISA section 4245(b)(4), ERISA section 4245(e) also requires the plan sponsor to give a "notice of insolvency benefit level" to the same parties.

This regulation establishes the procedure for giving these notices. The PBGC uses the information submitted to estimate cash needs for financial assistance to troubled plans. Employers and unions use the information to decide whether additional plan contributions will be made to avoid the insolvency and consequent benefit suspensions. Plan participants and beneficiaries use the information in personal financial decisions.

The PBGC estimates that 1 plan sponsor gives notices each year under this regulation. The estimated annual burden of the collection of information is 1 hour and \$3,746.

11. Duties of Plan Sponsor Following Mass Withdrawal (29 CFR Part 4281) (OMB Control Number 1212-0032)

Section 4281 of ERISA provides rules for plans that have terminated by mass withdrawal. Under section 4281, if nonforfeitable benefits exceed plan assets, the plan sponsor must amend the plan to reduce benefits. If the plan nevertheless becomes insolvent, the plan sponsor must suspend certain

benefits that cannot be paid. If available resources are inadequate to pay guaranteed benefits, the plan sponsor must request financial assistance from the PBGC.

The regulation requires a plan sponsor to give notices of benefit reduction, notices of insolvency and annual updates, and notices of insolvency benefit level to the PBGC and to participants and beneficiaries and, if necessary, to apply to the PBGC for financial assistance.

The PBGC uses the information it receives to make determinations required by ERISA, to identify and estimate the cash needed for financial assistance to terminated plans, and to verify the appropriateness of financial assistance payments. Plan participants and beneficiaries use the information to make personal financial decisions.

The PBGC estimates that plan sponsors each year give benefit reduction notices for 2 plans and give notices of insolvency benefit level and annual updates, and submit requests for financial assistance, for 28 plans. Of those 28 plans, the PBGC estimates that plan sponsors each year give notices of insolvency for 4 plans. The estimated annual burden of the collection of information is 1 hour and \$286,659.

Issued in Washington, DC, this 29th day of October, 2004.

Stuart A. Sirkin,

Director, Corporate Policy and Research Department, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 1-06549]

Issuer Delisting; Notice of Application of American Science and Engineering, Inc. To Withdraw Its Common Stock, \$.66²/₃ Par Value, From Listing and Registration on the American Stock Exchange LLC

October 29, 2004.

On October 1, 2004, American Science and Engineering, Inc., a Massachusetts corporation ("Issuer"), filed an application with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), pursuant to Section 12(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")¹ and Rule 12d2-2(d) thereunder,² to withdraw its common

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78j(d).

² 17 CFR 240.12d2-2(d).