Section 3

Health and Nutrition

This section presents statistics on health expenditures and insurance coverage. including Medicare and Medicaid, medical personnel, hospitals, nursing homes and other care facilities, injuries, diseases, disability status, nutritional intake of the population, and food consumption. Summary statistics showing recent trends on health care and discussions of selected health issues are published annually by the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) in Health, United States. Data on national health expenditures, medical costs, and insurance coverage are compiled by the U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) (formerly Health Care Financing Administration), and appear on the CMS Web site at http://www.cms.hhs.gov /NationalHealthExpendData/> and in the annual Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement to the Health Care Financina Review. Statistics on health insurance are also collected by NCHS and are published in Series 10 of Vital and Health Statistics. U.S. Census Bureau also publishes data on utilization of insurance coverage. Statistics on hospitals are published annually by the Health Forum, L.L.C., an American Hospital Association (AHA) company, in AHA Hospital Statistics. Primary source for data on nutrition is the annual Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. NCHS also conducts periodic surveys of nutrient levels in the population, including estimates of food and nutrient intake, overweight and obesity, hypercholesterolemia, hypertension, and clinical signs of malnutrition.

National health expenditures—CMS compiles estimates of national health expenditures (NHE) to measure spending for health care in the United States. The NHE accounts are structured to show spending by type of expenditure (i.e., hospital care, physician and clinical care, dental care, and other professional care; home health care; retail sales of prescription drugs; other medical nondurables;

vision products and other medical durables; nursing home care and other personal health expenditures; plus other health expenditures such as public health activities, administration, and the net cost of private health insurance: plus medical sector investment, the sum of noncommercial medical research and capital formation in medical sector structures and equipment; and by source of funding (e.g., private health insurance, out-ofpocket payments, and a range of public programs including Medicare, Medicaid, and those operated by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)).

Data used to estimate health expenditures come from existing sources, which are tabulated for other purposes. The type of expenditure estimates rely upon statistics produced by such groups as the AHA, the Census Bureau, and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Source of funding estimates are constructed using administrative and statistical records from the Medicare and Medicaid programs, the U.S. Department of Defense and VA medical programs, the Social Security Administration, Census Bureau's Governmental Finances, state and local governments, other HHS agencies, and other nongovernment sources.

Medicare, Medicaid and SCHIP—Since July 1966, the federal Medicare program has provided two coordinated plans for nearly all people age 65 and over: (1) a hospital insurance plan, which covers hospital and related services and (2) a voluntary supplementary medical insurance plan, financed partially by monthly premiums paid by participants, which partly covers physicians' and related medical services. Such insurance also applies, since July 1973, to disabled beneficiaries of any age after 24 months of entitlement to cash benefits under the social security or railroad retirement programs and to persons with end stage renal disease. On January 1, 2006, Medicare began to provide coverage for prescription drugs as

mandated by the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA). This benefit is available on a voluntary basis to everyone with Medicare, and beneficiaries pay a monthly premium to enroll in one of Medicare's prescription drug plans.

Medicaid is a health insurance program for certain low-income people. These include: certain low-income families with children; aged, blind, or disabled people on supplemental security income; certain low-income pregnant women and children; and people who have very high medical bills. Medicaid is funded and administered through a state/federal partnership. Although there are broad federal requirements for Medicaid, states have a wide degree of flexibility to design their program. Congress created the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) to address the growing problem of children without health insurance. SCHIP was designed as a federal/state partnership, similar to Medicaid, with the goal of expanding health insurance to children whose families earn too much money to be eligible for Medicaid, but not enough money to purchase private insurance.

Health resources—Hospital statistics based on data from AHA's yearly survey are published annually in AHA Hospital Statistics and cover all hospitals accepted for registration by the Association. To be accepted for registration, a hospital must meet certain requirements relating to number of beds, construction, equipment, medical and nursing staff, patient care, clinical records, surgical and obstetrical facilities, diagnostic and treatment facilities, laboratory services, etc. Data obtained from NCHS cover all U.S. hospitals that meet certain criteria for inclusion. The criteria are published in *Vital* and Health Statistics reports, Series 13.

Statistics on the demographic characteristics of persons employed in the health occupations are compiled by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and reported in *Employment and Earnings* (monthly) (see Table 598, Section 12, Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings). Data based on surveys of health personnel and utilization of health facilities providing longterm care, ambulatory care, emergency

room care, and hospital care are presented in NCHS Series 13, Data on Health Resources Utilization and Advance Data from Vital and Health Statistics. Statistics on patient visits to health care providers, as reported in health interviews, appear in NCHS Series 10, National Health Interview Survey Data.

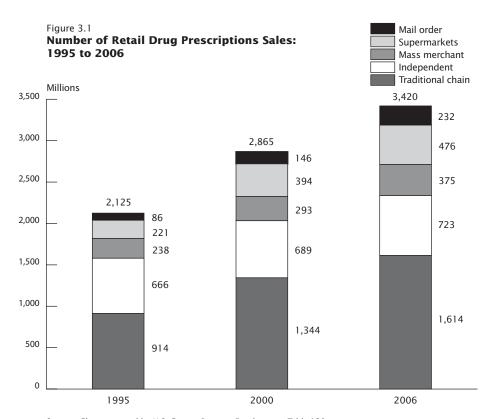
The CMS's Health Care Financing Review and its annual Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement present data for hospitals and nursing homes as well as extended care facilities and home health agencies. These data are based on records of the Medicare program and differ from those of other sources because they are limited to facilities meeting federal eligibility standards for participation in Medicare.

Disability and illness—General health statistics, including morbidity, disability, injuries, preventive care, and findings from physiological testing are collected by NCHS in its National Health Interview Survey and its National Health and Nutrition Examination Surveys and appear in Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10 and 11, respectively. The Department of Labor compiles statistics on occupational injuries (see Section 12, Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings). Annual incidence data on notifiable diseases are compiled by the Public Health Service (PHS) at its Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in Atlanta, Georgia, and are published as a supplement to its Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report. The list of diseases is revised annually and includes those which, by mutual agreement of the states and PHS, are communicable diseases of national importance.

Nutrition—Statistics on annual per capita consumption of food and its nutrient value are estimated by the Department of Agriculture. Data are available online at http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption. NCHS collects physical examination data to assess the population's nutritional status, including growth, overweight/obesity, nutritional deficiencies, and prevalence of nutrition-related conditions, such as hypertension, hypercholesterolemia, and diabetes.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation, and sampling procedures and measures of

reliability applicable to data from NCHS and CMS, see Appendix III.



Source: Chart prepared by U.S. Census Bureau. For data, see Table 130.

Table 122. National Health Expenditures—Summary, 1960 to 2005, and Projections, 2006 to 2016

[In billions of dollars (28 represents \$28,000,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas]

		Privat	e expendi	tures	Public	expendit	ures		Health se	rvices and	Supplies	S
Year	Total expen- ditures ¹	Total ²	Out-of- pocket	Insur- ance	Total	Federal	State and local	Total ³	Hospi- tal care	Physician and clinical services	Pres- crip- tion drugs	Nursing home care
1960	28 29 32 35 39	21 22 24 26 29	13 13 14 15 17	6 6 7 8 9	7 7 8 9 10	3 3 4 4 4	4 4 4 5 5	25 26 29 31 34	9 10 11 12 13	5 6 6 7 8	3 3 3 3	1 1 1 1
1965	42	32	18	10	10	5	6	37	14	8	4	1
	46	32	18	10	14	8	6	41	16	9	4	2
	52	33	18	10	19	12	7	47	18	10	4	2
	59	37	21	12	22	14	8	53	21	11	5	3
	66	41	23	13	25	16	9	59	24	12	5	3
1970	75	47	25	15	28	18	10	67	28	14	5	4
1971	83	51	26	18	32	21	12	74	31	16	6	5
1972	93	57	29	21	36	23	13	83	34	17	6	5
1973	103	63	32	23	40	25	15	93	38	19	7	6
1974	117	69	34	26	48	30	17	106	45	22	7	7
1975	133	77	37	30	56	36	20	121	52	25	8	8
1976	152	89	41	37	63	43	20	139	60	28	9	10
1977	173	102	45	45	71	47	23	159	67	33	9	12
1978	195	114	48	52	80	54	26	179	76	35	10	14
1979	220	129	53	60	91	61	30	203	87	41	11	16
1980	254	148	59	69	106	72	35	234	101	47	12	19
	294	172	66	81	123	83	40	271	118	55	13	21
	331	195	72	94	136	92	44	305	134	61	15	23
	365	216	79	105	150	103	47	336	145	68	17	26
	402	239	87	119	163	113	50	372	155	77	20	29
1985	440	263	96	131	177	123	54	409	165	90	22	32
	472	278	104	136	194	133	61	440	177	100	24	34
	513	301	109	149	212	144	68	478	190	112	27	36
	574	344	119	175	230	155	75	535	207	127	31	40
	639	383	125	205	256	174	82	596	227	142	35	46
1990	714	427	136	234	287	194	93	667	252	158	40	53
1991	782	456	140	255	325	223	102	731	277	175	44	58
1992	849	485	143	275	364	253	111	794	300	190	48	62
1993	913	512	145	296	400	279	121	853	317	201	51	65
1994	962	526	143	308	436	304	132	900	330	210	54	68
1995	1,017	552	146	325	465	327	138	953	341	221	61	74
	1,069	580	152	343	488	348	140	1,003	352	229	69	80
	1,125	614	162	359	511	365	146	1,054	365	241	78	84
	1,191	663	175	385	528	372	156	1,112	376	256	89	90
	1,265	710	184	418	555	390	165	1,180	395	270	105	91
2000	1,353	757	193	455	596	417	179	1,264	417	289	121	95
	1,470	808	200	499	661	464	197	1,376	451	313	139	102
	1,603	881	211	551	722	509	213	1,499	489	338	158	106
	1,733	956	225	604	778	553	225	1,622	525	367	175	110
	1,859	1,021	236	651	838	601	237	1,739	567	394	190	115
2005	1,988	1,085	249	694	903	644	259	1,861	612	421	201	122
	2,122	1,130	251	727	993	725	268	1,988	652	447	214	126
	2,262	1,205	266	776	1,058	772	285	2,119	697	474	230	132
	2,420	1,287	281	830	1,133	829	304	2,267	747	506	248	139
	2,596	1,379	299	891	1,217	892	325	2,432	803	541	268	146
2010, proj	2,776	1,471	317	950	1,305	957	348	2,601	861	577	291	153
2011, proj	2,966	1,566	335	1,012	1,400	1,027	373	2,778	922	613	317	161
2012, proj	3,173	1,667	353	1,078	1,507	1,107	400	2,971	988	650	346	170
2013, proj	3,396	1,776	373	1,150	1,620	1,191	428	3,179	1,058	690	379	179
2014, proj	3,629	1,889	395	1,223	1,740	1,281	459	3,396	1,130	732	414	189
2015, proj	3,875	2,004	417	1,296	1,871	1,379	492	3,626	1,207	775	454	199
2016, proj	4,137	2,123	441	1,371	2,014	1,486	527	3,870	1,288	820	498	211

¹ Includes medical research and medical facilities construction, not shown separately. shown separately.
³ Includes other objects of expenditure, not shown separately. ² Includes other private expenditures,

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Group"; http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/.

Table 123. National Health Expenditures by Type: 1990 to 2005

[In billions of dollars (714.0 represents \$714,000,000,000), except percent. Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Type of expenditure	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total	714.0	1,016.5	1,353.3	1,469.6	1,602.8	1,733.4	1,858.9	1,987.7
Annual percent change 1	11.8	5.6	7.0	8.6	9.1	8.1	7.2	6.9
Percent of gross domestic product	12.3	13.7	_13.8	14.5	15.3	15.8	15.9	16.0
Private expenditures	427.3	551.7	757.1	808.5	880.7	955.8	1,020.9	1,085.0
Health services and supplies	400.9	516.3	706.1	756.3	821.8	893.0	953.6	1,013.5
Out-of-pocket payments	136.1	146.3	192.9	200.0	211.3	224.5	235.8	249.4
Insurance premiums ²	233.7	325.2	455.2	498.7	551.0	603.8	651.5	694.4
Other	31.1 1.0	44.8 1.6	58.0 2.5	57.6 2.8	59.5 3.1	64.7 3.4	66.4 3.5	69.8
Medical research	25.4	33.8	∠.5 48.5	2.8 49.4	55.9	59.3	63.8	3.7 67.7
Medical structures and equipment 3	25.4	33.6	46.5	49.4	55.9	59.5	03.0	67.7
Public expenditures	286.7	464.8	596.1	661.1	722.1	777.7	838.0	902.7
Percent federal of public	67.6	70.4	70.0	70.2	70.5	71.1	71.7	71.3
Health services and supplies	265.8	436.5	558.3	619.9	677.0	728.7	785.3	847.3
Medicare 4	109.5	184.4	224.3	247.7	265.7	283.5	312.8	342.0
Public assistance medical payments 5	78.7	150.3	207.5	233.2	258.4	281.9	303.2	324.9
Temporary disability insurance 6 Workers' compensation (medical) 6	0.1	0.1		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Workers' compensation (medical)	17.4	21.7	24.9	28.1	30.1	31.4	32.1	33.5
Defense Dept. hospital, medical	10.4	12.0	13.7	15.4	18.7	21.8	24.5	26.1
Maternal, child health programs	1.7	2.2	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6
Public health activities	20.0	31.0	43.4	46.8	52.4	52.8	52.5	56.6
Veterans' hospital, medical care	10.8	14.6	18.9	20.9	22.6	26.3	27.7	30.2
Medical vocational rehabilitation	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
State and local hospitals '	13.2	13.8	13.7	14.7	15.4	16.7	17.8	19.2 11.6
Other 8	3.8 11.7	6.0 16.8	8.8 23.1	9.9 26.0	10.4 29.5	11.1 32.4	11.6 34.8	36.3
Medical research	9.2	11.5	14.7	26.0 15.3	29.5 15.6	32.4 16.6	17.9	19.1
ivieuicai structures and equipment	9.2	11.5	14.7	15.3	15.6	10.0	17.9	19.1

Represents zero.
 Change from immediate prior year. For explanation of average annual percent change, see Guide to Tabular Presentation.
 Covers insurance benefits and amount retained by insurance companies for expenses, additions to reserves, and profits (net cost of insurance).
 Represents expenditures for total medical sector acquisitions of structures and equipment including structures that house medical professionals' offices.
 Represents expenditures for benefits and administrative cost from federal hospital and medical insurance trust funds under old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs; see text, this section.
 Payments made directly to suppliers of medical care (primarily Medicaid).
 Includes medical benefits paid under public law by private insurance carriers, state governments, and self-insurers.
 Expenditures not offset by other revenues.
 Covers expenditures for Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Indian Health Service; school health and other programs.

Table 124. National Health Expenditures by Object, 1990 to 2005, and Projections, 2006

[In billions of dollars (714.0 represents \$714,000,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and outlying areas]

Object of expenditure	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006 , proj.
Total	714.0	1,016.5	1,353.3	1,469.6	1,602.8	1,733.4	1,858.9	1,987.7	2,122.5
Spent by— Consumers Out-of-pocket Private insurance. Public Other 1 Other 1	369.8 136.1 233.7 286.7 57.5	471.5 146.3 325.2 464.8 80.2	648.1 192.9 455.2 596.1 109.0	698.7 200.0 498.7 661.1 109.7	762.3 211.3 551.0 722.1 118.4	828.4 224.5 603.8 777.7 127.4	887.2 235.8 651.5 838.0 133.6	943.8 249.4 694.4 902.7 141.2	978.0 250.6 727.4 992.9 151.5
Spent for— Health services and supplies. Personal health care expenses Hospital care. Physician and clinical services Dental services Other professional services? Home health care. Prescription drugs Other nondurable medical products Durable medical equipment 3 Nursing home care. Other personal health care. Public administration and net cost of private health insurance 4 Public health activities	666.7 607.5 251.6 157.5 31.5 18.2 12.6 40.3 22.5 11.2 52.6 9.6	952.8 863.7 340.7 220.5 44.5 28.5 30.5 60.9 25.7 15.3 74.1 23.0 58.1	1,264.4 1,139.9 417.0 288.6 62.0 39.1 30.5 120.8 30.2 19.3 95.3 37.1 81.2 43.4	1,376.2 1,239.0 451.4 313.2 67.5 42.8 32.2 138.6 30.3 19.6 101.5 41.9 90.4 46.8	1,498.8 1,341.2 488.6 337.9 73.3 45.6 34.2 157.9 30.9 20.8 105.7 46.3	1,621.7 1,446.3 525.4 366.7 76.9 49.0 38.0 174.6 32.3 22.4 110.5 50.4	1,738.9 1,551.3 566.9 393.7 81.5 52.6 42.7 189.7 32.8 23.1 115.0 53.3	1,860.9 1,661.4 611.6 421.2 86.6 56.7 47.5 200.7 34.1 24.0 121.9 57.2	1,987.7 1,769.2 651.8 447.0 92.8 60.9 53.4 213.7 36.3 25.2 126.1 62.0
Medical research ⁵	12.7 34.7	18.3 45.4	25.6 63.2	28.8 64.7	32.5 71.5	35.8 75.9	38.3 81.7	40.0 86.8	41.7 93.1

¹ Includes nonpatient revenues, privately funded construction, and industrial inplant. ² Includes services of registered and practical nurses in private duty, podiatrists, optometrists, physical therapists, clinical psychologists, chiropractors, naturopaths, and Christian Science practitioners. ³ Includes expenditures for eyeglasses, hearing aids, orthopedic appliances, artificial limbs, crutches, wheelchairs, etc. ⁴ Includes administrative expenses of federally financed health programs. ⁵ Research and development expenditures of drug companies and other manufacturers and providers of medical equipment and supplies are excluded from research expenditures, but are included in the expenditure class in which the product falls. ⁶ Represents expenditures for total medical sector acquisitions of structures and equipment including structures that house medical professionals' offices.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Group"; See also http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Group"; See also http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/.

Table 125. Health Services and Supplies—Per Capita Consumer Expenditures by Object: 1990 to 2005

[In dollars, except percent. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimates of total U.S. population as of July 1, excluding Armed Forces and federal employees abroad and civilian population of outlying areas. Excludes medical research, medical structures and equipment]

Object of expenditure	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total, national	2,627	3,546	4,475	4,821	5,198	5,568	5,914	6,270
Annual percent change 1	10.6	4.7	6.1	7.7	7.8	7.1	6.2	6.0
Hospital care	991	1,268	1,476	1,581	1,695	1,804	1,928	2,061
Physician and clinical services	621	821	1,021	1,097	1,172	1,259	1,339	1,419
Dental services.	124	166	219	237	254	264	277	292
Other professional services 2	72	106	138	150	158	168	179	191
Home health care	50	114	108	113	119	131	145	160
Prescription drugs	159	227	428	485	548	600	645	676
Other nondurable medical products	88	95	107	106	107	111	111	115
Durable medical equipment 2	44	57	68	69	72	77	79	81
Nursing home care	207	276	337	356	367	379	391	411
Other personal health care	38	85	131	147	161	173	181	193
Public administration and net cost of								
private health insurance	155	216	287	317	365	421	460	482
Public health activities	79	115	153	164	182	181	179	191
Total, private consumer 3	1,457	1,754	2,294	2,448	2,644	2,844	3,017	3,180
Hospital care	430	444	559	600	649	698	749	799
Physician and clinical services	384	492	598	640	687	737	783	828
Dental services	120	158	209	223	239	248	260	274
Other professional services 2	49	68	88	94	97	104	111	117
Home health care	20	39	44	39	35	34	35	37
Prescription drugs	130	178	330	370	411	441	469	492
Other nondurable medical products	86	91	102	101	102	105	105	108
Durable medical equipment 2	36	43	52	51	51	53	55	56
Nursing home care	87	99	129	130	133	134	134	140
Net cost of private health insurance	115	144	184	201	241	289	317	329

¹ Change from immediate prior year. 2 See footnotes for corresponding objects in Table 124. 3 Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance.

Table 126. Public Expenditures for Health Services and Supplies: 2005

[In millions of dollars (847,341 represents \$847,341,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas. Excludes medical research, medical structures, and equipment]

						Othe	r health ser	vices
Type of selected service	Total ¹	Federal	State and local	Medicare ² (OASDHI)	Public assist- ance 3	Veterans	Defense Dept. ⁴	Workers' compen- sation 5
Total 1	847,341	605,104	242,237	342,047	324,870	30,202	26,088	33,486
Hospital care	347,071	279,360	67,711	180,307	109,830	19,354	13,954	6,510
Physician and clinical services	148,518	121,780	26,739	89,260	32,161	2,467	4,925	13,384
Préscription drugs	54,606	32,872	21,733	3,999	41,676	2,807	3,665	2,260
Nursing home care		52,012	23,925	19,175	53,802	2,960	_	-
Public administration and net cost								
of private health insurance	43,883	25,911	17,972	10,631	22,689	137	2,171	7,977
Public health activities	56.558	10.719	45.840			_	_	

¹ Includes other items not shown separately. ² Covers hospital and medical insurance payments and rance program. ³ Covers Medicaid and other medical Represents zero. administrative costs under old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance program. public assistance. Excludes funds paid into Medicare trust fund by states to cover premiums for public assistance recipients and medically indigent persons.

4 Includes care for retirees and military dependents.

5 Medical benefits.

medically indigent persons.
⁴ Includes care for retirees and military dependents.
⁵ Medical benefits.
Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Group." See also http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>.

Table 127. Personal Health Care—Third Party Payments and Private Consumer Expenditures, 1990 to 2005, and Projections. 2006

[In billions of dollars (607.5 represents \$607,500,000,000), except percent. See headnote, Table 128]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006 , proj.
Personal health care expenditures	607.5 471.3	863.7 717.4	946.9	1,239.0 1,039.0		1,446.3 1,221.7	1,551.3 1,315.5		1,769.2 1,518.6
Percent of personal health care Private insurance payments	77.6 204.6	83.1 286.6	83.1 403.2	83.9 441.3	84.2 481.5	84.5 519.7	84.8 558.1	85.0 596.7	85.8 624.9
Public expendituresOther ¹	236.2 30.5	386.7 44.1	486.8 56.9	541.4 56.3	590.2 58.2	638.6 63.4	692.4 65.0	746.9 68.4	820.6 73.1
Private consumer expenditures 2 Percent met by private insurance	340.7 60.1	432.9 66.2	596.1 67.6	641.3 68.8	692.8 69.5	744.2 69.8	793.9 70.3	846.1 70.5	875.5 71.4
Hospital care	109.1	119.2	157.8	171.3	187.1	203.2	220.3	237.1	254.9
Percent met by private insurance Physician and clinical services	89.6 97.5	91.4 132.1	91.4 169.0	91.7 182.6	91.7 198.0	91.6 214.7	91.6 230.1	91.5 245.8	91.4 259.6
Percent met by private insurance	69.0	80.3 47.8	80.9 93.2	81.6 105.5	82.2 118.6	82.6 128.6	82.7 137.8	82.7 146.1	83.0 129.7
Prescription drugs	32.2	51.1	64.1	65.7	65.9	65.4	65.3	65.2	68.9

Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial inplant health services. ² Includes expenditures not shown separately.

Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance benefits. Excludes net cost of insurance.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Group." See also http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Group." See also http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/.

Table 128. Personal Health Care Expenditures by Object and Source of Payment: 2005

[In millions of dollars (1,661,372 represents \$1,661,372,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas. Covers all expenditures for health services and supplies, except net cost of insurance and administration, government public health activities, and administration for government and philanthropic agencies for fund-raising activities]

			Priv	vate payme	nts			
Object of some and them.				Consumer				Third
Object of expenditure	Total	Total	Total	Out-of- pocket payments	Private health insurance	Other ¹	Public	party pay- ments 2
Total	1,661,372	914,472	846,109	249,445	596,665	68,363	746,900	1,411,928
Hospital care Physician and clinical services Dental services. Other professional services ³ Home health care Prescription drugs Other nondurable medical products Durable medical equipment ³ Nursing home care Other personal health care	86,635 56,742 47,451 200,716 34,097 23,975 121,862	264,495 272,652 81,437 37,656 11,997 146,110 31,995 16,600 45,925 5,604	237,134 245,803 81,383 34,759 10,900 146,110 31,995 16,600 41,425	20,102 42,521 38,304 14,534 5,120 50,906 31,995 13,678 32,286	217,032 203,283 43,079 20,225 5,780 95,204 - 2,922 9,139	27,361 26,849 54 2,897 1,097 - - 4,501 5,604	347,071 148,518 5,198 19,086 35,454 54,606 2,102 7,375 75,937 51,553	591,464 378,650 48,331 42,208 42,331 149,810 2,102 10,297 89,577 57,157

Represents zero.
 ¹ Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial inplant.
 ² Covers private health insurance, other private payments (excluding out-of-pocket payments), and government.
 ³ See footnotes for corresponding items on Table 124.

Table 129. Hospital Care, Physician and Clinical Service, Nursing Home Care, and Prescription Drug Expenditures by Source of Payment: 1990 to 2005

[In billions of dollars (251.6 represents \$251,600,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Source of payment	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Hospital care, total Out-of-pocket payments Third-party payments. Private health insurance Other private funds Public Federal State and local	251.6	340.7	417.0	451.4	488.6	525.4	566.9	611.6
	11.3	10.4	13.6	14.2	15.5	17.0	18.6	20.1
	240.2	330.3	403.5	437.2	473.1	508.4	548.3	591.5
	97.8	110.6	143.6	156.7	171.3	186.2	201.7	217.0
	10.4	14.5	21.8	20.8	21.4	24.4	25.4	27.4
	132.0	205.2	238.1	259.7	280.3	297.8	321.2	347.1
	101.7	166.0	192.9	210.9	227.2	241.8	261.2	279.4
	30.3	39.2	45.2	48.9	53.2	56.0	60.0	67.7
Medicare ¹	67.8	106.9	125.5	137.6	146.7	153.8	166.7	180.3
	26.7	56.8	71.1	76.5	84.4	90.3	96.8	105.7
Physician and clinical services, total . Out-of-pocket payments. Third-party payments. Private health insurance Other private funds Public Federal State and local	157.5	220.5	288.6	313.1	337.9	366.7	393.7	421.2
	30.2	26.0	32.2	33.5	35.2	37.4	39.9	42.5
	127.3	194.5	256.4	279.6	302.7	329.3	353.9	378.6
	67.3	106.1	136.8	149.1	162.7	177.2	190.2	203.3
	11.3	17.6	22.2	23.2	24.4	26.1	26.2	26.8
	48.7	70.9	97.4	107.3	115.6	126.0	137.4	148.5
	38.0	56.2	79.0	86.9	93.9	102.9	112.8	121.8
	10.7	14.7	18.4	20.4	21.6	23.0	24.6	26.7
Medicare ¹	29.4	41.4	58.3	63.6	67.7	73.8	81.5	89.3
	7.0	14.8	19.1	21.6	23.8	25.4	27.8	29.9
Nursing home care, total Out-of-pocket payments Third-party payments. Private health insurance Other private funds Public Federal State and local	52.6 19.0 33.6 2.9 3.8 26.9 16.3 10.6	74.1 20.8 53.3 5.8 5.0 42.5 27.4 15.0	95.3 28.6 66.7 7.9 4.5 54.3 36.5 17.8	101.5 28.8 72.7 8.1 4.0 60.6 42.2 18.4	105.7 29.5 76.2 8.6 4.0 63.6 44.6 18.9	110.5 30.5 80.0 8.7 4.2 67.2 46.1 21.1	115.0 30.6 84.4 8.6 4.2 71.5 49.3 22.2	121.9 32.3 89.6 9.1 4.5 75.9 52.0 23.9
Medicare ¹	1.7	6.7	10.3	12.6	14.1	14.7	17.1	19.2
	24.1	34.1	42.0	45.8	47.1	49.7	51.5	53.5
Prescription drugs, total Out-of-pocket payments Third-party payments. Private health insurance Other private funds Public	40.3 22.4 17.9 10.6 - 7.3	60.9 23.3 37.5 24.4 - 13.1	120.8 33.4 87.4 59.7 - 27.6	138.6 36.2 102.4 69.3 - 33.0	157.9 40.0 117.9 78.7 - 39.2	174.6 44.4 130.2 84.1 - 46.1	189.7 47.9 141.8 90.0 - 51.8	200.7 50.9 149.8 95.2 - 54.6
Federal	3.2	6.6	15.8	19.2	23.1	27.7	31.4	32.9
	4.0	6.5	11.8	13.8	16.2	18.4	20.4	21.7
Medicare ¹	0.2	0.7	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.4	3.3	4.0
	5.1	9.7	20.2	23.8	27.8	32.5	36.3	37.3

¹ Medicare expenditures come from federal funds. ² Medicaid expenditures come from federal, state, - Represents zero. and local funds.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary "National Health Statistics Group"; see also http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group"; see also http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>.

Table 130. Retail Prescription Drug Sales: 1995 to 2006

[2,125 represents 2,125,000,000]

Sales outlet	Unit	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Number of prescriptions. Traditional chain Independent Mass merchant. Supermarkets Mail order	Mil Mil Mil	2,125 914 666 238 221 86	2,707 1,246 680 289 357 134	2,865 1,344 689 293 394 146	3,009 1,415 700 314 418 161	3,139 1,474 708 339 444 174	3,215 1,494 726 345 462 189	3,274 1,510 728 353 470 214	3,279 1,527 705 359 465 223	3,420 1,614 723 375 476 232
Retail sales	bil. dol bil. dol bil. dol bil. dol	72.2 28.8 21.1 7.7 7.4 7.4	125.8 53.8 28.9 11.8 13.8 17.4	145.6 61.2 31.4 13.5 17.4 22.1	164.1 67.7 33.9 15.2 19.8 27.6	182.7 75.9 35.4 18.0 23.1 30.2	203.1 85.4 38.3 19.5 25.1 34.9	221.0 90.6 40.5 21.5 27.0 41.3	232.0 94.5 41.9 22.5 27.6 45.5	249.8 102.8 43.5 24.3 28.8 50.4
Average prices ¹ All prescriptions	Dollars	30.01 40.22 14.84	42.42 60.66 18.16	45.79 65.29 19.33	50.06 69.75 21.72	55.37 77.49 24.89	59.52 85.57 27.69	63.59 95.86 28.71	64.86 101.71 29.82	68.26 111.02 32.23
Percentage of number of drug prescriptions by brand/generic mix: Brand drugs		59.8 40.2	57.1 42.9	57.6 42.4	59.0 41.0	57.9 42.1	55.0 45.0	51.9 48.1	48.7 51.3	45.7 54.3

¹ Excludes mail order.

Source: National Association of Chain Drug Stores, Alexandria, VA, NACDS Foundation Chain Pharmacy Industry Profile, 2006 (copyright); http://www.nacds.org.

Table 131. Prescription Drug Use in the Past Month by Sex, Age, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1988-1994 and 1999-2002

[Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population]

	Perc	ent of pop	ulation usin	g at least	one prescri	ption drug	in past mor	nth
			No	t Hispanio	or Latino 2			
Sex and age	All pers	ons 1	Whit	te	Black African Ar		Mexica	an ³
	1988–	1999–	1988–	1999-	1988–	1999-	1988-	1999-
	1994	2002	1994	2002	1994	2002	1994	2002
Both sexes, age adjusted ⁴	39.1	45.3	41.1	48.9	36.9	40.1	31.7	31.7
	32.7	39.9	34.2	43.1	31.1	35.4	27.5	25.8
	45.0	50.4	47.6	54.5	41.4	43.8	36.0	37.8
Both sexes, crude	37.8	45.1	41.4	50.9	31.2	36.0	24.0	23.7
	30.6	38.7	33.5	43.9	25.5	30.8	20.1	18.8
	44.6	51.2	48.9	57.6	36.2	40.6	28.1	28.9
Under 18 years old	20.5	24.2	22.9	27.6	14.8	18.6	16.1	15.9
	31.3	35.9	34.3	41.3	27.8	28.5	21.1	19.2
	54.8	64.1	55.5	66.1	57.5	62.3	48.1	49.3
	73.6	84.7	74.0	85.4	74.5	81.1	67.7	72.0
Male: Under 18 years old	20.4	26.2	22.3	30.6	15.5	19.8	16.3	16.2
	21.5	27.1	23.5	31.2	21.1	21.5	14.9	13.0
	47.2	55.6	48.1	57.4	48.2	54.0	43.8	36.4
	67.2	80.1	67.4	81.0	64.4	78.1	61.3	66.8
Female: Under 18 years old	20.6	22.0	23.6	24.4	14.2	17.3	16.0	15.6
	40.7	44.6	44.7	51.7	33.4	34.2	28.1	26.2
	62.0	72.0	62.6	74.7	64.4	69.0	52.2	62.4
	78.3	88.1	78.8	88.8	81.3	83.1	73.0	76.3

¹ Includes persons of other races and Hispanic origins, not shown separately.
² Starting with data year 1999, race-specific estimates are not comparable with estimates for earlier years, see footnote 3, Table 156.
³ Persons of Mexican origin may be of any race.
⁴ Age adjusted to the 2000 standard population using four age groups: Under 18, 18–44, 45–64, and 65 years and over. See text, Section 2.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics Health, United States, 2005. http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>.

Table 132. Consumer Price Indexes of Medical Care Prices: 1980 to 2006

[1982–1984 = 100. Indexes are annual averages of monthly data based on components of consumer price index for all urban consumers; for explanation, see text, Section 14, and Appendix III]

			Medic	al care ser	vices			al care nodities	Annual	percent ch	ange ³
Year	Medical care, total	Total ¹	Profes:	sional serv Physi- cians	ices Dental	Hospital and related ser- vices	Total ²	Prescrip- tion drugs and medical supplies	Medical care, total	Medical care services	Medical care com- modities
1980	74.9	74.8	77.9	76.5	78.9	69.2	75.4	72.5	11.0	11.3	9.3
1985	113.5	113.2	113.5	113.3	114.2	116.1	115.2	120.1	6.3	6.1	7.2
1990	162.8	162.7	156.1	160.8	155.8	178.0	163.4	181.7	9.0	9.3	8.4
1995	220.5	224.2	201.0	208.8	206.8	257.8	204.5	235.0	4.5	5.1	1.9
1999	250.6	255.1	229.2	236.0	247.2	299.5	230.7	273.4	3.5	3.4	4.0
2000	260.8	266.0	237.7	244.7	258.5	317.3	238.1	285.4	4.1	4.3	3.2
	272.8	278.8	246.5	253.6	269.0	338.3	247.6	300.9	4.6	4.8	4.0
	285.6	292.9	253.9	260.6	281.0	367.8	256.4	316.5	4.7	5.1	3.6
	297.1	306.0	261.2	267.7	292.5	394.8	262.8	326.3	4.0	4.5	2.5
	310.1	321.3	271.5	278.3	306.9	417.9	269.3	337.1	4.4	5.0	2.5
	323.2	336.7	281.7	287.5	324.0	439.9	276.0	349.0	4.2	4.8	2.5
	336.2	350.6	289.3	291.9	340.9	468.1	285.9	363.9	4.0	4.1	3.6

¹ Includes other services not shown separately. $^{\rm 2}$ Includes other commodities not shown separately. ³ Percent change from the immediate prior year.

Table 133. Average Annual Expenditures Per Consumer Unit for Health Care: 1990 to 2005

[In dollars, except percent. See text, Section 13, and headnote, Table 664. Consumer Expenditures Survey (CE) has implemented multiple imputation of income data, starting with the publication of the 2004 tables. Because of income imputation, data for 2004 are not strictly comparable to data from previous years, especially for income tables. For more information go to http://www.bls.gov/cex/csxann04.pdf, page 4. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

	Health car	e, total				Perd	ent distribu	tion
Item	Amount	Percent of total expen- ditures	Health insurance	Medical services	Drugs and medical supplies ¹	Health insurance	Medical services	Drugs and medical supplies ¹
1990	1,480 1,732 2,066 2,350 2,416 2,574 2,664	5.2 5.4 5.4 5.8 5.9 5.9	581 860 983 1,168 1,252 1,332 1,361	562 512 568 590 591 648 677	337 360 515 592 574 594 626	39.3 49.7 47.6 49.7 51.8 51.7 51.1	38.0 29.6 27.5 25.1 24.5 25.2 25.4	22.8 20.8 24.9 25.2 23.8 23.1 23.5
Age of reference person: Under 25 years old 25 to 34 years old 35 to 44 years old 45 to 54 years old 55 to 64 years old 65 to 74 years old 75 years old and over	704	2.5	377	197	130	53.6	28.0	18.5
	1,522	3.4	822	399	300	54.0	26.2	19.7
	2,272	4.1	1,160	665	447	51.1	29.3	19.7
	2,672	4.8	1,283	771	618	48.0	28.9	23.1
	3,410	6.9	1,585	979	847	46.5	28.7	24.8
	4,176	10.8	2,352	733	1,090	56.3	17.6	26.1
	4,210	15.6	2,260	805	1,144	53.7	19.1	27.2
Race of reference person: White and other	2,829	5.9	1,431	726	673	50.6	25.7	23.8
	1,448	4.4	841	321	287	58.1	22.2	19.8
Origin of reference person: Hispanic	1,520	3.8	750	444	327	49.3	29.2	21.5
	2,800	5.9	1,433	705	662	51.2	25.2	23.6
Region of residence: Northeast Midwest South West.	2,581	5.4	1,429	563	589	55.4	21.8	22.8
	2,841	6.3	1,409	755	677	49.6	26.6	23.8
	2,606	6.1	1,353	600	653	51.9	23.0	25.1
	2,647	5.0	1,264	820	564	47.8	31.0	21.3
Size of consumer unit: One person Two or more persons. Two persons. Three persons Four persons Five persons or more.	1,750	6.5	893	424	433	51.0	24.2	24.7
	3,042	5.6	1,554	782	705	51.1	25.7	23.2
	3,359	6.9	1,731	777	851	51.5	23.1	25.3
	2,815	5.1	1,442	727	646	51.2	25.8	22.9
	2,786	4.5	1,453	771	562	52.2	27.7	20.2
	2,718	4.3	1,291	904	523	47.5	33.3	19.2
Income before taxes: Quintiles of income: Lowest 20 percent. Second 20 percent Third 20 percent. Fourth 20 percent Highest 20 percent.	1,448	7.6	780	266	402	53.9	18.4	27.8
	2,329	8.1	1,198	509	622	51.4	21.9	26.7
	2,567	6.6	1,349	613	605	52.6	23.9	23.6
	3,012	5.5	1,552	788	672	51.5	26.2	22.3
	3,962	4.4	1,924	1,208	830	48.6	30.5	20.9

¹ Includes prescription and nonprescription drugs.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Expenditure Survey, annual; http://www.bls.gov/cex/>.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, CPI Detailed Report, monthly, and at http://www.bls.gov/cpi/cpidr.htm. See also Monthly Labor Review at http://www.bls.gov/opub/mlr/welcome.htm>.

Table 134. Medicare Benefits by Type of Provider: 1990 to 2006

[In millions of dollars (65,721 represents \$65,721,000,000). For years ending Sept. 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change. The Medicare program has two components: Hospital Insurance (HI) or Medicare Part A and Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) consisting of Medicare Part B and Part D. See text in this section for details]

Type of provider	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Hospital insurance benefits, total (Part A)	65,721	113,395	125,992	144,140	153,144	163,764	180,973	181,462
Inpatient hospital Skilled nursing facility Home health agency Hospice Managed care	57,012 2,761 3,295 318 2,335	81,095 8,684 15,715 1,854 6,047	86,561 10,269 4,880 2,818 21,463	102,299 14,814 4,782 4,380 17,865	108,576 14,934 4,938 5,429 19,267	114,386 16,665 5,211 6,571 20,932	121,796 18,648 5,867 7,660 27,001	119,120 19,236 5,923 8,515 28,668
Supplementary medical insurance benefits, total (Part B)	41,498	63,490	88,876	108,068	119,455	131,357	148,410	158,021
Physician fee schedule Durable medical equipment Carrier lab ¹ Other carrier ² Hospital ³ Home health Intermediary lab ⁴ Other intermediary ⁵ Managed care	(NA)	31,110 3,576 2,819 4,513 8,448 223 1,437 5,110 6,253	35,958 4,577 2,194 7,154 8,516 4,281 1,748 6,099 18,348	44,217 6,132 2,692 10,304 13,474 4,794 2,151 8,251 16,052	47,486 7,429 2,946 12,432 14,692 5,158 2,408 9,700 17,203	52,224 7,685 3,204 13,799 16,930 5,578 2,670 10,459 18,809	57,256 7,809 3,524 15,231 19,490 6,758 2,907 11,699 23,735	57,980 8,190 3,682 15,268 22,118 7,097 3,182 13,290 27,213
Supplementary medical insurance benefits, total (Part D) ⁶	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	216	1,198	33,710

NA Not available. X Not applicable.

1 Lab services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a physician's office lab or an independent lab.
2 Includes free-standing ambulatory surgical centers' facility costs, ambulance, and supplies.
3 Includes the hospital facility costs for Medicare Part B services which are predominantly in the outpatient department. The physician reimbursement associated with these services is included on the "Physician Fee Schedule" line.
4 Lab fee services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a hospital outpatient department.
5 Includes ESRD (End Stage Renal Disease) free-standing distance for the lab fee schedule performed in a hospital outpatient department. dialysis facility payments and payments to rural health clinics, outpatient rehabilitation facilities, psychiatric hospitals, and federally qualified health centers.

6 Benefits prior to 2006 are for transitional assistance to beneficiaries with low income. In 2006 and later, qualified health centers. ⁶ Benefitis prior to 2006 are for transitional assistance to beneficiaries with low income. In 2006 and later, Part D provides subsidized access to drug insurance coverage on a voluntary basis for all beneficiaries and premium and cost-sharing subsidies for low-income enrollees.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, unpublished data. See also http://www.cms.hhs.gov /ReportsTrustFunds/>.

Table 135. Medicare—Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 2000 to 2005

[In thousands (39,620 represents 39,620,000) Hospital (HI) and/or supplementary medical insurance (SMI) enrollment as of July 1]

State and area	2000	2003	2004	2005	State and area	2000	2003	2004	2005
All areas	39,620	41,087	41,729	42,395					
U.S	38,762	40,173	40,792	41,003	NE	254 240	257 274	259 286	259 294
AL	685	719	733	740	NH	170	180	183	185
AK	42	48	50	51	NJ	1,203	1,220	1,225	1,215
AZ	675	729	755	777	NM	234	250	257	261
AR	439	453	460	464	NY	2,715	2,763	2.775	2.758
CA	3,901	4,078	4,150	4,158	NC	1,133	1,205	1,235	1,255
CO	467	493	506	513	ND	103	103	103	103
CT	515	522	524	520	OH	1,701	1,727	1,739	1,731
DE	112	119	123	125	OK	508	521	529	531
DC	75	74	73	72	OR	489	513	527	532
FL	2,804	2,921	2,982	3,008	PA	2,095	2,110	2,118	2,108
GA	916	974	998	1,016	RI	172	172	173	171
HI	165	175	178	180	SC	568	606	624	637
ID	165	178	184	188	SD	119	122	123	123
IL	1,635	1,661	1,676	1,674	TN	829	872	891	903
IN	852	878	889	893	TX	2,265	2,390	2,451	2,491
IA	477	482	486	484	UT	206	220	227	231
KS	390	394	397	397	VT	89	93	94	95
KY	623	648	660	668	VA	893	946	967	981
LA	602	620	627	630	WA	736	775	799	807
ME	216	227	231	233	WV	338	347	351	351
MD	645	674	685	687	WI	783	804	814	818
MA	961	966	968	961	WY	65	69	70	70
MI	1,403	1,445	1,464	1,468					
MN	654	676	686	691	Outlying				
MS	419	437	446	449	_areas '	537	575	613	622
MO	861	884	896	901	Pending state				
MT	137	142	145	146	designation 2	321	340	324	769

¹ Includes American Samoa, Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, Marshall Islands, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, Virgin ids, and Wake Island. Islands, and Wake Island.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Medicare Enrollment Reports. See also http://www.cms.hhs.gov /MedicareEnrpts/>.

Table 136. Medicare Enrollees: 1980 to 2006

[In millions (28.4 represents 28,400,000). As of July 1. Includes Puerto Rico and island areas and enrollees in foreign countries and unknown place of residence. SMI is Supplemental Medical Insurance. See headnote, Table 134]

Item	1980	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total	28.4	34.3	37.6	39.7	41.2	41.9	42.6	43.2
Aged	25.5	31.0	33.2	34.3	35.0	35.4	35.8	36.3
Disabled	3.0	3.3	4.4	5.4	6.2	6.5	6.8	7.0
Hospital insurance, Part A	28.0	33.7	37.2	39.3	40.7	41.5	42.2	42.9
Aged	25.0	30.5	32.7	33.8	34.6	35.0	35.4	35.9
Disabled	3.0	3.3	4.4	5.4	6.2	6.5	6.8	7.0
SMI, Part B	27.3	32.6	35.6	37.3	38.6	39.1	39.7	40.3
Aged	24.6	29.6	31.7	32.6	33.2	33.5	33.8	34.1
Disabled	2.7	2.9	3.9	4.8	5.4	5.7	5.9	6.1
SMI, Part D	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	1.2	1.8	27.9
Medicare Advantage 1	(X)	1.3	2.7	6.2	4.7	4.7	5.1	6.5

¹ Prior to 2004, Medicare Advantage was referred to as Medicare + Choice. X Not applicable.

Table 137. Medicare Disbursements by Type of Beneficiary: 1990 to 2006

[In millions of dollars (109,709 represents \$109,709,000,000). For years ending September 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change. SMI is Supplemental Medical Insurance. See headnote, Table 134]

Selected type of beneficiary	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total disbursements	109,709 66,687	180,096 114,883	219,276 130,284	256,856 148,031	277,846 153,792	301,488 166,998	336,877 184,142	380,433 184,901
Benefits	65,722	113,394	125,992	144,140	153,144	163,764	180,973	181,462
Aged	58,503	100,107	110,261	125,248	132,415	140,704	155,054	154,362
Disabled	7,218	13,288	15,731	18,892	20,729	23,060	25,919	27,100
SMI, Part B disbursements 1	43,022	65,213	88,992	108,825	124,055	134,274	151,537	161,647
Benefits	41,498	63,490	88,875	108,068	119,455	131,357	148,410	158,021
Aged	36,837	54,830	76,340	91,667	100,505	109,890	123,666	131,268
Disabled	4,661	8,660	12,535	16,414	18,940	21,467	24,744	26,752
Part D Transitional Assistance	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	153	566	366
SMI, Part D disbursements 1	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	216	1,198	33,884
Benefits	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	_	73	33,481
Transitional assistance benefit payments .	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	216	1,125	229

Represents or rounds to zero. X not applicable. 1 Other types not shown separately.

Table 138. Medicare Trust Funds: 1990 to 2006

[In billions of dollars (126.3 represents \$126,300,000,000). SMI is Supplemental Medical Insurance. See headnote, Table 134. Minus sign (-) indicates a decrease]

• , ,									
Type of trust fund	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
TOTAL MEDICARE Total income	126.3	175.3	257.1	273.3	284.8	291.6	317.7	357.5	437.0
	111.0	184.2	221.8	244.8	265.7	280.8	308.9	336.4	408.3
	114.4	143.4	221.5	250.0	269.1	280.0	288.8	309.8	338.5
HOSPITAL INSURANCE (Part A) Net contribution income	72.1	103.3	154.5	160.9	162.7	159.2	167.2	182.6	194.2
	8.5	10.8	11.7	14.0	15.1	15.8	16.0	16.1	16.4
	66.2	116.4	126.8	138.1	148.8	154.3	167.6	180.0	189.0
	98.9	130.3	177.5	208.7	234.8	256.0	269.3	285.8	305.4
SMI (Part B) Net premium income . Transfers from general revenue . Interest received ² . Benefit payments ³ . Assets, end of year .	11.3	19.7	20.6	22.8	25.1	27.4	31.4	37.5	42.9
	33.0	39.0	65.9	72.8	78.3	86.4	100.4	118.1	132.7
	1.6	1.6	3.5	3.1	2.8	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.8
	42.5	65.0	88.9	99.7	111.0	123.8	135.0	149.2	165.9
	15.5	13.1	44.0	41.3	34.3	24.0	19.4	24.0	32.3
SMI (Part D) Net premium income	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	0.4 - 0.4 -	1.1 - 1.1 -	3.5 39.2 - 47.1 0.8

Represents zero. X Not Applicable.
 Includes income from taxation of benefits beginning in 1994. Includes premiums from aged ineligibles enrolled in HI.
 Includes recoveries of amounts reimbursed from the trust fund.
 Beginning 1998, monies transferred to the SMI trust fund for home health agency costs, as provided for by P.L. 105-33, are included in HI benefit payments but excluded from SMI benefit payments.
 These amounts for 2004 and 2005 include amounts transferred for transitional assistance for Part D of Medicare

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund and Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund. See also http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ReportsTrustFunds/>.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, CMS Statistics Medicare Enrollment and unpublished data. See also http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics/enrollment/>.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Trustees Report and Trust Funds, and unpublished data. See also http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ReportsTrustFunds/>.

Table 139. Medicaid—Selected Characteristics of Persons Covered: 2005

[In thousands, except percent (37,738 represents 37,738,000). Represents number of persons as of March of following year who were enrolled at any time in year shown. Excludes unrelated individuals under age 15. Person did not have to receive medical care paid for by Medicaid in order to be counted. See head note, Table 548]

Poverty status	Total ¹	White alone 2	Black alone 3	Asian alone ⁴	His- panic ⁵	Under 18 years old	18-44 years old	45–64 years old	65 years old and over
Persons covered, total ⁶ Below poverty level Above poverty level Percent of population	37,738 15,730 22,008	25,722 9,644 16,078	9,054 4,929 4,125	1,208 370 838	9,274 4,034 5,240	19,357 8,493 10,864	9,825 4,143 5,681	5,162 2,074 3,088	3,394 1,021 2,373
covered	12.9 42.6 8.6	10.9 38.8 7.6	24.6 53.8 14.9	9.6 26.4 7.5	21.6 43.1 15.6	26.4 65.9 18.0	8.9 29.1 5.9	7.0 33.4 4.6	9.6 28.3 7.4

¹ Includes other races not shown separately.
² White alone refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category.
³ Black alone refers to people who reported Black and did not report any other race category.
⁴ Asian alone refers to people who reported Asian and did not report any other race category.
⁵ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.
⁶ The estimates are revised from the originally published data. The estimates are revised from the originally published data.

Table 140. Medicaid—Beneficiaries and Payments: 2000 to 2004

[For year ending September 30 (42,887 represents 42,887,000).

Basis of eligibility	Е	Beneficiaries	s (1,000) ¹			Payments	(mil. dol.)	
and type of service	2000	2002	2003	2004 ²	2000	2002	2003	2004 ²
Total	42,887	49,755	51,971	55,078	168,443	213,491	233,206	257,722
Age 65 and over Blind/Disabled Children Adults Foster Care Children. Unknown BCCA WOMEN [§]	3,730 6,890 19,018 8,671 761 3,817 (NA)	3,886 7,414 22,369 11,238 816 4,027	4,041 7,669 23,992 11,679 839 3,739 12	4,289 7,912 25,639 12,303 845 4,071	44,560 72,772 23,490 17,671 3,309 6,639 (NA)	51,733 91,889 31,247 23,460 4,282 10,848 33	55,271 102,014 35,080 26,689 4,791 9,251 110	59,524 111,473 39,202 30,628 5,006 11,691 197
Capitated care 4 Clinic services Dental services Home health services ICF/MR services ICF/MR services Inpatient hospital services Lab and X-ray services Lab and X-ray services Nursing facility services Other care Outpatient hospital services Other practitioner services PCCM services PCCM services Prescribed drugs Physician services Personal support services Personal support services Personal support services Personal support services	21,292 7,678 5,922 1,007 119 4,913 11,439 100 1,706 9,022 13,170 4,758 5,649 20,325 18,965 4,559 137	25,864 9,499 7,886 1,065 117 5,051 14,067 99 1,766 10,959 14,861 5,571 7,178 24,424 22,103 5,688 164	27,574 10,162 8,510 1,184 114 5,217 105 1,691 11,742 15,511 5,746 7,542 26,075 22,857 6,022	29,589 10,958 9,000 1,135 114 5,408 15,630 116 1,710 12,409 15,781 5,767 8,548 27,528 23,592 6,167	25,026 6,138 1,413 3,133 9,376 24,131 1,292 1,769 34,528 14,755 7,082 664 177 19,898 6,809 11,629	33,634 6,694 2,309 3,925 10,681 29,127 2,157 2,122 39,282 19,877 8,471 842 200 28,408 8,355 15,363	37,405 7,312 2,595 4,404 10,861 31,549 2,365 2,143 40,381 21,809 9,252 208 882 208 33,714 9,210 17,245	42,601 8,336 2,867 4,566 11,141 34,816 2,699 2,326 42,060 24,946 10,196 946 500 39,476 10,199 18,497

 Beneficiaries data do not add due to number of beneficiaries that are reported in more than one ciary data is not available for Tennessee; 2003 data is reported.
 Women-Breast and Cervical Cancer.
 Intermediate care facilities for mentally retarded.
 Inpatient NA Not available.

Beneficiaries data do not add due to number of beneficiaries that are reported in more than one category.

2004 beneficiary data is not available for Tennessee; 2003 data is reported.

Women-Breast and Cervical Cancer Assistance.

HMO payments and prepaid health plans.

Intermediate care facilities for mentally retarded.
Intermediate care facilities for mentally retarded.
Includes beneficiaries of, and payments for, other care not shown separately.
Primary Care Case Management Services. occupational targeted case management services, speech therapies, hospice services, nurse midwife services, nurse practitioner services, private duty nursing services, and religious nonmedical health care institutions.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Medicaid Program Statistics, Medicaid Statistical Information System; http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo/02MSISDATA.asp#TopOfPage.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, P60-231, and Table HI02. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for People in the Poverty Universe: 2005; and Table HI03. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for Poor People in the Poverty Universe: 2005; http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin05.html.

Table 141. Medicaid—Summary by State: 2000 and 2004

[(42,887 represents 42,887,000). For year ending September 30. See headnote, Table 140]

State		Beneficiaries ¹ (1,000)		nts ² lol.)	State	Benefici (1,00		Payments ² (mil. dol.)		
	2000	2004	2000	2004		2000	2004	2000	2004	
U.S	42,887	55,078	168,443	257,722	мо	890	726	3,274	3,312	
AL	619	118	2,393	905	MT	104	113	422	585	
AK	96	808	473	3,857	NE	229	1,513	960	7,388	
AZ	681	708	2,112	2,358	NV	138	78	516	477	
AR	489	1,070	1,543	3,888	NH	97	244	651	1,346	
CA	7,918	10,015	17,105	27,444	NJ	822	119	4,714	822	
CO	381	503	1,809	2,399	NM	376	960	1,249	6,623	
CT	420	501	2,839	3,696	NY	3,420	474	26,148	2,278	
DE	115	158	529	1,269	NC	1,214	237	4,834	806	
DC	139	157	793	800	ND	63	4,712	358	37,273	
FL	2,373	2,952	7,433	12,834	OH	1,305	1,896	7,115	11,375	
GA	1,369	1,929	3,624	6,944	OK	507	654	1,604	2,335	
HI	194	218	600	862	OR	558	559	1,714	2,153	
ID	131	383	594	2,206	PA	1,492	1,835	6,366	10,055	
L	1,519	206	7,807	990	RI	179	208	1,070	1,531	
IN	706	2,032	2,977	10,796	SC	689	857	2,765	4,015	
IA	314	946	1,477	4,343	SD TN 3	102	128	402	580	
KS	263	365	1,227	1,860		1,568	1,730	3,491	6,945	
KY	764	861	2,921	3,924	TX	2,633	3,604	9,277	13,214	
LA	761	1,108	2,632	4,039	<u>UT</u>	225	307	960	1,356	
ME	194	1,074	1,310	7,776	VT	139	732	480	3,574	
MD	626	750	3,003	4,594	VA	627	149	2,479	744	
MA	1,060	294	5,413	2,366	WA	896	1,109	2,435	4,930	
MI	1,352	1,799	4,881	7,697	WV	342	896	1,394	4,314	
MN	558	698	3,280	4,575	WI	577	377	2,968	2,020	
MS	605	1,140	1,808	4,887	WY	46	68	215	363	

¹ Persons who had payments made on their behalf at any time during the fiscal year. ² Payments are for fiscal year and reflect federal and state contribution payments. Data exclude disproportionate share hospital payments. Disproportionate share hospitals receive higher medicaid reimbursement than other hospitals because they treat a disproportionate share of Medicaid retirents ³ 2004 heneficiary data are not available for Tennessee: 2003 data are reported. 2004 beneficiary data are not available for Tennessee: 2003 data are reported.

Table 142. State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP)—Enrollment and Expenditures by State: 2000 and 2006

[(3,357.4 represents 3,357,400). For year ending September 30. This program provides health benefits coverage to children living in families whose incomes exceed the eligibility limits for Medicaid. Although it is generally targeted to families with incomes at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty level, each state may set its own income eligibility limits, within certain guidelines. States have three options: they may expand their Medicaid programs, develop a separate child health program that functions independently of Medicaid, or do a combination of both]

State		Enrollment ¹ (1,000)		ures ² ol.)	State	Enrollm (1,00		Expenditures ² (mil. dol.)		
	2000	2006	2000	2006		2000	2006	2000	2006	
US	3,357.4	6,624.2	1,928.8	7,034.3	мо	72.8	106.6	41.2	106.4	
AL	37.6	84.3	31.9	111.1	MT	8.3	17.3	4.3	21.8	
AK	13.4	22.2	18.1	27.8	NE	11.4	45.0	6.1	29.9	
AZ	59.6	96.7	29.4	95.8	NV	15.9	39.3	9.0	40.2	
AR	1.9	3.4	1.5	60.4	NH	4.3	12.4	1.6	11.6	
CA	484.4	1,391.4	187.3	1,801.1	NJ	89.0	120.9	46.9	190.6	
CO	34.9	70.0	13.9	77.1	NM	8.0	25.2	3.4	23.8	
<u>CT</u>	19.9	23.1	12.8	31.5	NY	769.5	688.4	401.0	505.4	
DE	4.5	10.8	1.5	10.8	NC	103.6	248.0	65.5	271.9	
DC	2.3	6.3	5.8	9.9	ND	2.6	6.3	1.8	14.1	
FL	227.5	303.6	125.7	300.6	OH	118.3	218.5	53.1	236.1	
GA	120.6	343.7	48.7	265.2	OK	57.7	116.0	51.3	105.0	
HI	(Z)	22.0	0.4	19.3	OR	37.1	59.0	12.5	72.5	
ID	12.4	24.7	7.5	23.0	PA	119.7	188.8	70.7	239.8	
L	62.5	316.8	32.7	312.1	RI	11.5	25.5	10.4	42.1	
IN	44.4	133.7	53.7	106.3	SC	60.4	68.9	46.6	62.6	
IA	20.0	49.6	15.5	64.2	SD	5.9	14.6	3.1	14.0	
KS	26.3	48.9	12.8	67.2	TN	14.9	(NA)	41.7	(NA)	
KY	55.6	64.9	60.0	98.3	TX	131.1	585.5	41.4	371.8	
LA	50.0	142.4	25.3	122.4	UT	25.3	52.0	12.8	56.9	
ME	22.7	31.1	11.4	33.1	VT	4.1	6.3	1.4	4.7	
MD	93.1	136.0	92.2	212.4	VA	37.7	137.2	18.6	145.9	
MA	113.0	190.6	44.2	233.5	WA	2.6	15.0	0.6	40.3	
MI	55.4	118.5	36.2	95.5	WV	21.7	39.9	9.7	41.6	
MN	(Z)	5.3	(Z)	39.4	WI	47.1	56.6	21.4	33.4	
MS	12.2	83.4	21.1	124.2	WY	2.5	7.7	1.0	9.4	

Z Less than 50 or \$50,000. ¹ Number of children ever enrolled during the year in SCHIP. ² Expenditures for which states are entitled to federal reimbursement under Title XXI and which reconciles any advance of Title XXI federal funds made on the basis of estimates.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, The State Children's Health Insurance Program, Annual Enrollment Report and the Statement of Expenditures for the SCHIP Program (CMS-21). See also http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalSCHIPPolicy /SCHIPER/list.asp> and http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/mbes/default.asp>.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Medicaid, Program Statistics, Medicaid Statistical Information System." http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo/02MSISData.asp#TopOfPage.

Table 143. Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 1995 to 2006

[For year ending June 30. (33,373 represents 33,373,000)]

State and other	Total enroll-	Manage enrollr		State and other	Total enroll-	Manage enrollr		State and other	Total enroll-	Manage enrollr	
areas	ment 1 (1,000)	Number (1,000)	Percent of total	areas	ment ¹ (1,000)	Number (1,000)	Percent of total	areas	ment ¹ (1,000)	Number (1,000)	Percent of total
1995 2000 2002 2003 2004	33,373 33,690 40,148 42,741 44,356	9,800 18,786 23,118 24,406 26,914	29.4 55.8 57.6 58.4 60.7	HI ID	203 172 1,929 839 330	163 140 140 605 285	80.0 81.4 7.3 72.1 86.5	NY NC ND OH	4,209 1,300 54 1,749 556	2,572 843 30 698 478	61.1 64.9 55.6 39.9 85.9
2004 2005	45,392	28,576	63.0	KS	283	162	57.0	OR	409	369	90.3
2006, total .	45,653	29,830	65.3	KY LA ME	707 969 243	653 690 162	92.4 71.2 66.7	PA	1,817 181 690	1,568 119 139	86.3 65.8 20.2
U.S	44,716 786	28,923 498	64.7 63.3	MD	700 1,038	490 627	70.0 60.4	SD TN	101 1,190	99 1,190	98.3 100.0
AK AZ AR	101 977 635	875 527	89.6 83.0	MI	1,523 584 570	1,293 371 58	84.9 63.7 10.2	TX	2,768 209 133	1,897 181 86	68.6 86.9 64.7
CA CO	6,509 391	3,276 372	50.3 95.1	MO MT	830 83	826 55	99.5 66.9	VA	705 990	446 858	63.2 86.6
CT DE	396 145	299 111	75.6 76.5	NE NV	210 172	170 142	80.9 82.4	WV WI	297 863	137 403	46.3 46.7
DC FL GA	138 2,277 1,322	93 1,491 1,291	67.8 65.5 97.7	NH NJ NM	112 858 401	84 596 261	74.9 69.4 65.2	WY PR VI	63 931 5	907	97.5 –

¹ The unduplicated Medicaid enrollment figures include individuals in state health care reform programs ond traditional Medicaid eligibility standards. ² The unduplicated managed care enrollment figures that expand eligibility beyond traditional Medicaid eligibility standards.

The unduplicated managed care enrollment figures include enrollees receiving comprehensive and limited benefits.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2006 Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment Report; See also

Table 144. Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs): 1990 to 2006

[As of January 1 (33.0 represents 33,000,000). An HMO is a prepaid health plan delivering comprehensive care to members through designated providers, having a fixed periodic payment for health care services, and requiring members to be in a plan for a specified period of time (usually 1 year). A group HMO delivers health services through a physician group that is controlled by the HMO unit or contracts with one or more independent group practices to provide health services. An individual practice association (IPA) HMO contracts directly with physicians in independent practice, and/or contracts with one or more associations of physicians in independent practice, and/or contracts with one or more multispecialty group practices. Data are based on a census of HMOs]

Madalhusa			Nur	mber of plan	IS		Enrollment ¹ (mil.)							
Model type	1990	1995	2000	2004 ²	2005 4	2006 ^{3, 4}	1990	1995	2000	2004 ²	2005 4	2006 ^{3, 4}		
Total	572	550	568	412	420	548	33.0	46.2	80.9	68.8	69.2	73.9		
IPA Group ⁵	360	323	278	176	171	191	13.7	17.4	33.4	24.6	23.5	22.4		
Group ⁵	212	107	102	96	98	122	19.3	12.9	15.2	15.3	16.4	20.7		
Mixed	(NA)	120	188	140	141	134	(NA)	15.9	32.3	28.9	29.0	25.5		

NA Not available.

1990–1995 exclude enrollees participating in open-ended plans; beginning 1999, includes open-ended enrollment.

Starting with 2004 data, Puerto Rico and Guam included in the total.

2006 data include "HMO Medicaid only plans" for the first time.

42005 and 2006 totals include plans that did not provide enough information to be classified as a model type.

2005 and 2006 data include data for "Network, Staff, and Group" type.

Source: HealthLeaders-InterStudy, Nashville, TN, The Competitive Edge, copyright). See also http://www.interstudypublications.com/.

Table 145. Persons Enrolled in Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) by State: 2005 and 2006

[As of January 1 (71,109 represents 71,109,000). Data are based on a census of health maintenance organizations]

State	2006			State	Number 2006	Percer popula		State	Number 2006	Percent of population	
	(1,000)	2005	2006		(1,000)	2005	2006		(1,000)	2005	2006
US	71,109	22.8	23.8	KS KY	405 260	16.6 10.2	14.8 6.2	ND OH	2 2,655	0.4 16.4	0.4 23.2
AL	143	2.8	3.1	LA	432	10.7	9.5	OK	250	7.1	7.0
AK	0.001	10.4	04.0	ME	484	25.9	36.6	OR	904	16.2	24.8
AZ AR	2,031 96	16.4 6.4	34.2 3.5	MD MA	1,632 2.830	28.0 37.4	29.1 44.2	PA	3,347 270	29.8 25.9	26.9 25.0
CA	17.775	49.1	3.5 49.2	MI	2,688	26.3	26.6	RI	314	25.9 7.1	25.0 7.4
CO	1,773	25.6	25.9	N AN I	1,200	25.4	23.4	SD	58	7.1	7.4
CT	1,207	36.1	31.3	MS	23	0.1	0.8	TN	1,539	14.4	25.8
DE	131	10.1	15.5	110	1,082	24.6	18.6	TX	2.766	11.8	12.1
DC	305	42.2	55.4	MT	68	8.1	7.3	UT	646	21.3	26.1
FL	4.367	26.1	24.5	NE	138	5.3	7.9	VT	153	16.1	24.5
GA	1,397	16.4	15.4	NV	597	25.2	24.7	VA	1.477	22.2	19.5
HI	596	37.4	46.8	NH	281	21.9	21.5	WA	1.149	18.1	18.3
iD	42	2.9	2.9	NJ	2,131	25.0	24.4	14/1/	161	8.1	8.9
iL	1.940	15.7	15.2	NM	458	24.3	23.7	WI	1.456	26.8	26.3
IN	1,614	22.5	25.7	NY	5,302	24.0	27.5	WY	10	2.1	2.0
IA	342	10.9	11.5	NC	854	10.5	9.8	••••	10	2.1	2.0

Represents zero

Source: HealthLeaders-InterStudy, Nashville, TN, The Competitive Edge, copyright). See also http://www.interstudypublications.com/>.

http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo/04MdManCrEnrIIRep.asp.

Table 146. Health Insurance Coverage Status by Selected Characteristics: 2004 and 2005

[(291,166 represents 291,166,000). Persons as of following year for coverage in the year shown. Government health insurance includes Medicare, Medicaid, and military plans. Based on Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

			Nur	nber (1,00	0)				Perce	ent	
Characteristic			Covere governme	ed by priva nt health i			Not cov- ered		d by privenment he		Not cov- ered
Characteristic			Priv	ate	Govern	nment	by health	insurance			by
	Total persons	Total 1	Total	Group health ²	Medi- care	Medi- caid	insur- ance	Total ¹	Private	Medi- caid	insur- ance
2004, total ^{3, 4} 2005 ³	291,166 293,834	247,669 249,020	200,924 201,167	176,247 176,924	39,703 40,177	37,955 38,104	43,498 44,815	85.1 84.7	69.0 68.5	13.0 13.0	14.9 15.3
Age: Under 18 years. Under 6 years. 6 to 11 years. 12 to 17 years. 18 to 24 years. 25 to 34 years. 35 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 55 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	73,985 24,400 23,671 25,914 27,965 39,480 43,121 42,797 30,981 35,505	65,935 21,856 21,333 22,745 19,765 29,320 35,220 36,570 27,154 35,056	48,686 14,989 15,763 17,934 16,733 25,751 31,903 33,114 23,543 21,437	45,039 14,088 14,803 16,148 13,526 23,927 29,747 30,651 21,092 12,942	538 210 165 163 186 541 885 1,591 2,708 33,727	19,723 7,690 6,397 5,636 3,289 3,449 3,087 2,837 2,325 3,394	8,050 2,544 2,338 3,169 8,201 10,161 7,901 6,227 3,826 449	89.1 89.6 90.1 87.8 70.7 74.3 81.7 85.5 87.6	65.8 61.4 66.6 69.2 59.8 65.2 74.0 77.4 76.0	26.7 31.5 27.0 21.8 11.8 8.7 7.2 6.6 7.5 9.6	10.9 10.4 9.9 12.2 29.3 25.7 18.3 14.5 12.4
Sex: Male	144,188 149,647	120,022 128,998	98,463 102,704	87,659 89,265	17,492 22,685	17,164 20,940	24,166 20,648	83.2 86.2	68.3 68.6	11.9 14.0	16.8 13.8
Race: White alone ⁵ Black alone ⁵ Asian alone ⁵	235,903 36,965 12,599	201,957 29,959 10,438	167,430 19,950 9,006	146,365 18,263 7,968	34,326 4,108 1,103	25,968 9,154 1,211	33,946 7,006 2,161	85.6 81.0 82.8	71.0 54.0 71.5	11.0 24.8 9.6	14.4 19.0 17.2
Hispanic origin ⁶	43,168	29,214	19,252	17,597	2,771	9,357	13,954	67.7	44.6	21.7	32.3
Household income: Less than \$25,000 \$25,000-\$49,999 \$50,000-\$74,999 \$75,000 or more Persons below poverty	59,598 72,865 59,048 102,323 36,950	45,146 58,214 51,223 94,437 25,625	20,219 44,846 46,029 90,074 8,795	12,992 37,696 42,156 84,080 5,649	16,840 12,378 5,284 5,675 5,129	19,619 10,768 4,352 3,365 15,730	14,452 14,651 7,826 7,886 11,325	75.8 79.9 86.7 92.3 69.4	33.9 61.5 78.0 88.0 23.8	32.9 14.8 7.4 3.3 42.6	24.2 20.1 13.3 7.7 30.6

¹ Includes other government insurance, not shown separately. Persons with coverage counted only once in total, even though may have been covered by more than one type of policy.

² Related to employment of self or other family members. they may have been covered by more than one type of policy.

3 The estimates are revised from the originally published data.

5 Refers to people who reported specified race and did not report any other race category.

6 Persons of Hispanic origin may

be any race. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports; P60-231, and Table HI01 Health Insurance Data, Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics: 2005. Table HI02. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for People in the Poverty Universe: 2005; published August 2006; http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin05.html.

Table 147. Persons With and Without Health Insurance Coverage by State: 2005

[249,020 represents 249,020,000. Based on the Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement, see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

State	Total persons	Total po		ed not covered		State	Total persons	Total pe		Child not co	
State	covered (1,000)	Number (1,000)	Percent of total	Number (1,000)	Percent of total	State	covered (1,000)	Number (1,000)	Percent of total	Number (1,000)	Percent of total
U.S. ¹	249,020	44,815	15.3	8,050	10.9	мо	5,041	668	11.7	104	7.5
AL	3,867	657	14.5	49	4.5	MT	783	145	15.6	30	14.2
AK	545	113	17.2	16	8.4	NE	1,581	185	10.5	23	5.3
AZ	4,864	1,183	19.6	267	16.4	NV	2,030	418	17.1	93	14.3
AR	2,277	482	17.5	72	10.7	NH	1,175	126	9.7	16	5.3
CA	29,182	6,757	18.8	1,309	13.4	NJ	7,460	1,265	14.5	228	10.5
ÇO	3,869	772	16.6	163	13.7	NM	1,545	393	20.3	99	20.0
<u>CT</u>	3,106	381	10.9	64	7.7	NY	16,548	2,474	13.0	347	7.7
DE	742	103	12.2	23	11.9	NC	7,249	1,312	15.3	259	11.7
DC	468	71	13.2	7	6.3	ND	558	69	11.0	13	8.9
FL	14,270	3,616	20.2	731	18.1	OH	10,046	1,288	11.4	207	7.6
GA	7,391	1,654	18.3	260	11.0	OK	2,878	627	17.9	95	11.0
HI	1,169	110	8.6	16	5.3	OR	3,062	566	15.6	91	10.4
<u>i</u> D	1,229	213	14.8	45	11.4	PA	11,085	1,196	9.7	209	7.4
IL	10,878	1,730	13.7	329	10.1 9.8	RI	932	122	11.5	19	7.6
IN	5,308	832 241	13.6 8.3	158 34	5.0	SC	3,459 679	721 90	17.3 11.7	104 15	10.2 8.1
IA	2,668 2.417	278	10.3	43	6.2	SD TN	5.069	798	13.6	127	9.1
KY	3,554	498	12.3	67	6.7	TX	17,426	5,394	23.6	1,224	18.9
LA	3,363	725	17.7	89	8.4	ÜπΩ	2,110	414	16.4	94	12.3
ME	1,185	136	10.3	21	7.7	VT	550	72	11.5	7	5.3
MD	4,823	746	13.4	115	8.3	VA	6.503	951	12.8	156	8.5
MA	5.745	583	9.2	63	4.2	WA	5,422	828	13.3	133	8.7
MI	8,949	1,033	10.3	128	5.0	WV	1,495	304	16.9	26	6.6
MN	4.722	408	7.9	73	5.9	WI	4,938	509	9.3	90	6.9
MS	2,370	483	16.9	85	11.3	WY	436	75	14.6	13	10.8
1											

¹ The estimates are revised from the originally published data. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports; P60-231, and Table HI05. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by State for All People: 2005 https://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin05.html.

Table 148. People Without Health Insurance for the Entire Year by Selected Characteristics: 2004 and 2005

[In thousands, except as noted (291,166 represents 291,166,000). Based on the Current Population Survey; Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC); see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

		2004		2005				
Characteristic		Uninsured	persons		Uninsured	persons		
	Total persons	Number	Percent distribution	Total persons	Number	Percent distribution		
Total 1, 2	291,166	43,498	100.0	293,834	44,815	100.0		
Under 18 years	73,791	7,721	17.8	73,985	8,050	18.0		
	28,008	8,247	19.0	27,965	8,201	18.3		
	39,310	9,766	22.5	39,480	10,161	22.7		
	43,351	7,904	18.2	43,121	7,901	17.6		
	71,497	9,405	21.6	73,778	10,053	22.4		
	35,209	454	1.0	35,505	449	1.0		
Male	142,757	23,556	54.2	144,188	24,166	53.9		
	148,409	19,941	45.8	149,647	20,648	46.1		
White alone ³	234,116	33,022	75.9	235,903	33,946	75.7		
	238,920	33,813	77.7	240,909	34,750	77.5		
	36,548	6,864	15.8	36,965	7,006	15.6		
	38,179	7,103	16.3	38,729	7,239	16.2		
	12,241	1,900	4.4	12,599	2,161	4.8		
	13,307	2,031	4.7	13,758	2,286	5.1		
Hispanic ⁴	41,840	13,313	30.6	43,168	13,954	31.1		
	195,347	20,554	47.3	195,893	20,909	46.7		

² The estimates are revised from the originally published data. ³ Refers to ort any other race category. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. ¹ Includes other races not shown separately. people who reported specified race and did not report any other race category.

Table 149. Percent of Workers Participating in Health Care Benefit Programs and Percent of Participants Required to Contribute: 2006

[Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 10,370 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing about 103 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Table 634]

		Percent of participat			Single co medica		Family coverage medical care		
Characteristic	Medical care	Dental care	Vision care	Outpatient prescrip -tion drug coverage	Employee contri- butions required (percent)	Average monthly contri- bution ¹ (dol.)	Employee contri- butions required (percent)	Average monthly contri- bution ¹ (dol.)	
Total	52 57 60 27	36 41 38 18	22 24 25 13	49 54 57 27	75 80 67 80	76.05 76.69 73.20 80.41	87 91 80 91	296.88 303.36 279.03 311.79	
Full-time ²	64 13	44 10	26 7	60 12	75 79	75.39 86.75	87 88	294.46 339.90	
Union ³	80 49	63 33	48 19	77 46	51 80	57.28 78.34	60 92	196.60 308.88	

¹ The average is presented for all covered workers and excludes workers without the plan provision. Averages are for plans ng a flat monthly cost. ² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition d by each establishment. ³ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. stating a flat monthly cost. used by each establishment.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, P60-231, and Table HI01. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics: 2005. See also http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin05.html.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, March, 2006. See also http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/sp/ebsm0004.pdf.

Table 150. Medical Care Benefits of Workers by Type and Amount of Employee Contribution: 2006

[In percent. See headnote, Table 149]

		Individual	coverage				Family o	coverage	
Type and amount of contribution	All employ-	White- collar occu- pations	Blue- collar occu- pations	Service occu- pations	Type and amount of contribution	All employ-	White- collar occu- pations,	Blue- collar occu- pations,	Service occu- pations
Total with contributory coverage	100	100	100	100	Total with contributory coverage	100	100	100	100
Flat monthly amount Less than \$5.00 \$5.00-\$9.99 \$10.00-\$14.99 \$15.00-\$9.99 \$20.00-\$29.99 \$30.00-\$39.99 \$40.00-\$49.99 \$50.00-\$69.99 \$70.00-\$79.99 \$80.00-\$99.99 \$80.00-\$99.99 \$125.00 or more	1 2 2 5 7 7 9 8 6 7 5	76 (Z) 1 1 1 6 7 7 9 8 6 7 5 8	77 (Z) 1 2 2 5 8 7 10 8 7 6 5 8 9	72 1 1 2 3 4 5 9 6 8 6 7 3 6 11	Less than \$25.00 \$25.00-\$49.99. \$50.00-\$74.99. \$75.00-\$99.99. \$100.00-\$124.99. \$150.00-\$174.99. \$175.00-\$199.99. \$200.00-\$224.99. \$225.00-\$249.99. \$250.00-\$274.99. \$275.00-\$299.99. \$300.00-\$324.99.	77 1 3 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 4 5 4 4 2 23	76 122 24 34 56 54 64 44 34	80 1 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 5 5 4 4 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	73 1 5 1 3 2 2 4 6 8 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 5 5
Composite rate ¹ Varies ² Flexible benefits ³ Percent of earnings Exists, but unknown Other	1 5 1 (Z) 15 2	1 5 1 (Z) 14 1	(Z) 4 1 (Z) 15 2	(Z) 5 1 1 20 1	\$350.00 or more Composite rate 1 Varies 2 Flexible benefits 3 Percent of earnings Exists, but unknown Other	23 1 5 1 (Z) 15 1	24 1 5 1 (Z) 15	22 (Z) 4 1 (Z) 14 2	25 (Z) 4 1 1 19 2

¹ A composite rate is a set contribution covering more than one benefit area; for example, health Z Less than 0.5 percent. care and life insurance. Cost data for individual plans cannot be determined. Based on worker attributes. For example, ³ Amount varies by options selected under a employee contributions may vary based on earnings, length of service, or age. cafeteria plan or employer-sponsored reimbursement account.

Table 151. Annual Receipts/Revenue for Health Care Industries: 2000 to 2005

[In millions of dollars (1,033,029 represents \$1,033,029,000,000). Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (NAICS); see text, Section 15. All firms in NAICS 6211, 6212, 6213, and 6215 are defined as taxable. Estimates for the nonemployer portion are derived from administrative records data provided by other federal agencies. These data are available only at the total revenue level. See Appendix III]

Selected kind of business	2002 NAICS	To	otal, all firm	s ¹	Taxabl	e employer	firms
Selected kind of business	code	2000	2004	2005	2000	2004	2005
Health care and social assistance		1,033,029	1,379,523	1,477,951	500,932	681,110	732,378
Ambulatory health care services 2		419,402	568,247	611,544	376,095	512,426	551,755
Offices of physicians		213,806		311,215	213,806	290,768	311,215
Offices of dentists	6212	60,931	78,871	83,889	60,931	78,871	83,889
Offices of other health practitioners		32,037			32,037	42,917	45,312
Offices of chiropractors	62131	7,570			7,570	9,624	9,877
Offices of optometrists	62132	7,639			7,639	9,318	9,858
Offices of mental health practitioners	62133	3,516	3,854	4,062	3,516	3,854	4,062
Offices of PT/OT/speech therapy &							
audiology ³	62134	8,486	13,396	14,368	8,486	13,396	14,368
Outpatient care centers		(S)	63,557	69,445	(S)	29,176	32,473
Medical & diagnostic laboratories	6215	23,450	32,413	34,940	23,450	32,413	34,940
Home health care services		26,841	38,311	43,227	16,879	25,477	29,475
Other ambulatory health care services		15,565	21,410	23,516	9,421	12,804	14,451
Hospitals 2	622	423,889	569,463	610,517	42,908	65,473	70,650
General medical & surgical hospitals		397,526	533,848	572,816	36,926	54,275	58,715
Psychiatric & substance abuse hospitals	6222	13,422	13,363	13,602	2,189	2,002	2,007
Other specialty hospitals	6223	12,941	22,252	24,099	3,793	9,196	9,928
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	112,706		146,629	66,245	80,827	86,017
Nursing care facilities	6231	67,238	79,961	84,291	49,816	58,738	61,981
facilities	6000	16.718	21.602	22.814	4,726	6.143	6.567
Residential mental retardation facilities		11.570		15,594	3,297	4.298	4.569
Community care facilities for the elderly		22.104		30,986	10.812	14,822	16,254
Continuing care retirement communities	623311	12.948		18.011	3.576	5.212	5.771
Homes for the elderly		9.156		12.975	7.236	9,610	10.483
Other residential care facilities		6.646		8.538	891	1.124	1.215
Social assistance 2		77.032		109.261	15.684	22.384	23,956
Community food and housing, and emergency	024	11,002	100,740	103,201	15,004	22,004	20,000
and other relief services	6242	12,281	16,593	18,796	46	101	113
Individual and family services		37.311	50.177	51.737	3.824	6.295	6.894
Vocational rehabilitation services		9,458	13.025	13.546	1.593	2,250	2.424
Child day care services		17,982	23,950	25,182	10,221	13,738	14,525

S Figure does not meet publication standards. Includes taxable nonemployer tirms, not snown separately. Soffices of physical, occupational, and speech therapists, and audiologists. ² Includes other kinds of business not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, March, 2006. See also http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/sp/ebsm0004.pdf.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Business Reports, Service Annual Survey, 2005. http://www.census.gov/econ/www /servmenu.html>.

Table 152. Receipts for Selected Health Service Industries by Source of Revenue: 2000 and 2005

[In millions of dollars (213,808 represents \$213,808,000,000). Based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), see text, Section 15. Based on a sample of taxable employer firms only and does not include nonemployer revenue. See Appendix III]

Source of revenue	Offices of physicians (NAICS 6211)		Offices of (NAICS		Hosp (NAICS		Nursing and residential care facilities (NAICS 623)		
	2000	2005	2000	2005	2000	2005	2000	2005	
Total. Medicare. Medicaid. Other government ¹ . Workers' compensation Private insurance Patient (out-of-pocket). Other patient care sources, n.e.c ³ . Nonpatient care revenue	2,123 7,833 102,472	311,215 76,916 19,560 4,105 8,107 151,075 30,890 11,714 8,848	59,463 (S) 1,467 (S) (S) 31,321 26,675 (S) (S)	83,559 616 3,504 (S) 114 42,599 36,002 724 (S)	423,889 137,322 51,049 21,918 4,673 153,428 22,525 10,404 22,570	610,517 186,556 72,219 35,725 6,326 230,003 33,048 15,880 30,760	112,678 13,130 45,956 8,041 (S) 6,400 ² 28,178 3,563 7,410	146,334 23,315 56,434 12,404 (S) 6,532 235,591 2,835 9,223	

S Figure does not meet publication standards.

1 Veterans, National Institute of Health, Indian Affairs, etc.

2 Represents payment from patients and their families plus patients' assigned social security benefits.

3 n.e.c. represents not elsewhere classified

Table 153. Employment in the Health Service Industries: 1990 to 2006

[In thousands (9,296 represents 9,296,000). See headnote, Table 614. Based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 code; see text, Section 15]

Industry	2002 NAICS code	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Health care and social assistance Ambulatory health care services Offices of physicians Offices of dentists Offices of other health practitioners Medical and diagnostic laboratories Home health care services	6211 6212 6213	9,296 2,842 1,278 513 276 129 288	11,278 3,768 1,540 592 395 146 622	12,718 4,320 1,840 688 438 162 633	13,556 4,633 1,968 725 486 175 680	13,893 4,786 2,003 744 503 182 733	14,190 4,952 2,048 760 527 190 777	14,536 5,114 2,094 774 549 198 821	14,920 5,283 2,154 784 571 202 867
Hospitals ¹ General medical and surgical hospitals	622 6221 6222 6223	3,513 3,305 113 95	3,734 3,520 101 112	3,954 3,745 86 123	4,160 3,930 90 140	4,245 4,005 92 148	4,285 4,042 92 151	4,345 4,096 93 156	4,427 4,167 98 162
Nursing and residential care facilities ¹ Nursing care facilities		1,856 1,170	2,308 1,413	2,583 1,514	2,743 1,573	2,786 1,580	2,818 1,577	2,855 1,577	2,901 1,584

¹ Includes other industries not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, March issues. See also http://stats.bls.gov/ces/home.htm>.

Table 154. Active Physicians-2005 and Nurses-2004, by State

[As of December. Excludes doctors of osteopathy, physicians with addresses unknown, and inactive status. Includes all physicians not classified according to activity status]

State	Physic	ians	Nurse	es	State	Physic	ians	Nurse	es
State	Total	Rate 1	Total	Rate 1	State	Total	Rate 1	Total	Rate 1
United States	790,128	266	2,421,000	824	Missouri	13,965	241	57,400	997
Alabama	9,786	215	36,500	807	Montana	2,084	223	7,900	852
Alaska	1,515	228	6,800	1,034	Nebraska	4,209	239	18,500	1,059
Arizona	12,503	210	39,100	681	Nevada	4,519	187	14,100	604
Arkansas	5,619	202	20,100	731	New Hampshire	3,440	263	13,600	1,047
California	94,341	261	211,600	590	New Jersey	26,918	309	73,000	841
Colorado	12,101	259	34,700	754	New Mexico	4,622	240	13,600	715
Connecticut		365	32,700	935	New York	74,945	388	174,200	903
Delaware		248	8,600	1,036	North Carolina	21,972	253	76,800	899
District of Columbia .	4,483	770	11,600	2,093	North Dakota	1,523	240	7,500	1,179
Florida		244	132,800	764	Ohio	30,096	262	112,800	985
Georgia	19,997	219	66,500	746	Oklahoma	6,041	170	24,400	692
Hawaii		311	9,300	737	Oregon	9,684	266	30,900	860
Idaho		170	8,800	631	Pennsylvania	36,429	294	127,000	1,025
Illinois	34,826	273	113,800	895	Rhode Island	3,866	360	11,400	1,056
Indiana	13,448	215	54,600	877	South Carolina	9,769	230	30,700	731
lowa	5,503	186	32,700	1,107	South Dakota	1,698	219	9,300	1,207
Kansas	6,070	221	24,900	911	Tennessee	15,683	263	54,300	921
Kentucky	9,608	230	37,600	908	Texas	48,776	213	145,300	647
Louisiana	11,481	255	35,400	785	Utah	5,221	210	15,800	653
Maine	3,520	267	15,100	1,148	Vermont	2,269	365	6,400	1,030
Maryland	23,128	414	47,100	847	Virginia	20,461	270	56,700	758
Massachusetts	29,343	456	75,400	1,177	Washington	16,707	266	48,400	780
Michigan	24,387	241	85,000	841	West Virginia	4,190	231	16,000	883
Minnesota		285	51,900	1,018	Wisconsin	14,093	255	51,700	939
Mississippi	5,168	178	24,000	827	Wyoming	949	187	4,100	810

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Per 100,000 resident population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimates as of July 1.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Business Reports, Service Annual Survey, 2005. http://www.census.gov/econ/www/servmenu.html.

Source: Physicians: American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S., annual (copyright); Nurses: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, unpublished data.

Table 155. Physicians by Sex and Specialty: 1980 to 2005

[In thousands (467.7 represents 467,700). As of Dec. 31, except 1990 as of Jan. 1, and as noted. Includes Puerto Rico and island areas1

	198	0	199	00	200	0	200)5
Activity		Office-		Office-		Office-		Office-
	Total	based	Total	based	Total	based	Total	based
Doctors of medicine, total 1	467.7	272.0	615.4	361.0	813.8	490.4	902.1	563.2
Place of medical education:								
U.S. medical graduates	370.0	226.2	483.7	286.2	616.8	376.5	661.3	426.3
International medical graduates 2	97.7	45.8	131.8	74.8	197.0	113.9	228.7	137.0
Sex: Male	413.4	251.4	511.2	311.7	618.2	382.3	657.1	413.1
Female	54.3	20.6	104.2	49.2	195.5	108.1	244.9	150.1
Allergy/immunology	1.5	1.4	3.4	2.5	4.0	3.1	4.1	3.2
Anesthesiology	16.0	11.3	26.0	17.8	35.7	27.6	40.5	31.9
Cardiovascular diseases	9.8	6.7	15.9	10.7	21.0	16.3	22.3	17.5
Child psychiatry	3.3	2.0	4.3	2.6	6.2	4.3	7.2	5.4
Dermatology	5.7	4.4	7.6	6.0	9.7	8.0	10.6	8.8
Diagnostic radiology	7.0	4.2	15.4	9.8	21.1	14.6	24.2	17.6
Emergency medicine	5.7	3.4	14.2	8.4	23.1	14.5	29.1	20.2
Family practice	27.5	18.4	47.6	37.5	71.6	54.2	81.7	65.7
Gastroenterology	4.0	2.7	7.5	5.2	10.6	8.5	12.0	9.7
General practice	32.5	29.6	22.8	20.5	15.2	13.0	11.0	9.3
General surgery	34.0	22.4	38.4	24.5	36.7	24.5	38.0	26.2
Internal medicine	71.5	40.6	98.3	58.0	134.5	89.7	154.0	107.0
Neurology	5.7	3.3	9.2	5.6	12.3	8.6	14.3	10.4
Neurological surgery	3.3	2.5	4.4	3.1	5.0	3.7	5.4	4.2
Obstetrics and gynecology	26.3	19.5	33.7	25.5	40.2	31.7	42.6	34.7
Ophthalmology	13.0	10.6	16.1	13.1	18.1	15.6	18.9	16.6
Orthopedic surgery	14.0	10.7	19.1	14.2	22.3	17.4	24.1	19.1
Otolaryngology	6.6	5.3	8.1	6.4	9.4	7.6	9.9	8.2
Pathology	13.6	6.1	16.6	7.5	18.8	10.6	20.0	12.2
Pediatrics	29.5	18.2	41.9	27.1	63.9	43.2	74.1	53.1
Physical med./rehab	2.1	1.0	4.1	2.2	6.5	4.3	7.7	5.6
Plastic surgery	3.0	2.4	4.6	3.8	6.2	5.3	7.0	6.0
Psychiatry	27.5	16.0	35.2	20.1	39.5	25.0	41.6	27.6
Pulmonary diseases	3.7	2.0	6.1	3.7	8.7	5.9	10.1	7.3
Radiology	11.7	7.8	8.5	6.1	8.7	6.7	8.8	7.0
Radiation oncology	1.6	1.0	2.8	2.0	3.9	3.0	4.4	3.5
Urological surgery	7.7	6.2	9.4	7.4	10.3	8.5	10.7	9.0
Doctors of Osteopathy 3	18.8	(X)	30.9	(X)	44.9	(X)	56.5	29.5

X Not applicable.

Includes other activities and categories not shown.

International medical graduates received their medical education in schools outside the United States and Canada.

Total number of DOs as of June 1. This number includes all living DOs, including retired DOs, DOs in postdoctoral training and federally employed DOs. Data from American Osteopathic Association Fact Sheet, American Osteopathic Association, Chicago, IL. <a href="http://www.osteopathic.org/index.cfm?PageID=aoaannualrprt-source: Except as noted, American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S. annual (copyright).

Table 156. Percent Distribution of Number of Visits to Health Care Professionals by Selected Characteristics: 2000 and 2005

[Covers ambulatory visits to doctor's offices and emergency departments, and home health care visits during a 12-month period. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. See Appendix III]

Observatoristis	None	е	1–3 vi	sits	4-9 vi	sits	10 or mor	e visits
Characteristic	2000	2005	2000	2005	2000	2005	2000	2005
All persons 1, 2	16.6	15.6	45.4	46.2	24.7	24.6	13.3	13.7
Under 18 years old	12.2	10.2	53.7	56.3	26.4	26.1	7.7	7.4
	23.2	23.1	45.3	46.0	19.2	18.8	12.2	12.1
	15.0	14.1	43.4	43.1	25.7	26.4	15.8	16.4
	9.0	6.0	34.5	34.8	34.4	35.1	22.1	24.1
	5.8	5.3	29.3	26.9	39.3	38.5	25.6	29.2
Male	21.5	20.4	46.0	46.9	22.4	21.9	10.1	10.8
	11.9	10.8	44.8	45.5	27.0	27.3	16.4	16.4
Race alone: White Black or African American. American Indian or Alaska Native. Asian Two or more races. HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE ^{2, 3, 4}	16.0	15.2	45.1	46.0	25.3	24.9	13.7	14.0
	17.3	16.0	46.7	47.5	23.4	23.6	12.6	12.9
	21.2	20.5	42.9	36.6	20.0	29.4	15.8	13.4
	20.2	21.6	49.2	49.5	20.9	20.5	9.7	8.5
	12.1	15.6	41.6	37.9	28.3	26.7	17.9	19.9
Hispanic or Latino Mexican Not Hispanic or Latino. White, non-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic.	26.5	24.0	41.8	42.4	20.0	21.7	11.7	11.9
	30.7	26.7	40.9	41.7	18.0	20.5	10.4	11.1
	15.2	13.9	45.9	46.8	25.3	25.2	13.6	14.0
	14.5	13.1	45.4	46.7	26.0	25.7	14.1	14.6
	17.2	16.0	46.9	47.5	23.4	23.6	12.6	12.9

¹ Includes other categories not shown separately. 2 Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using six age groups: Under 18 years, 18–44 years, 45–54 years, 55–64 years, 65–74 years, and 75 years and over. 3 Estimates by race and Hispanic origin are tabulated using the 1997 standards for federal data on race and ethnicity. Estimates for specific race groups are shown when they meet requirements for statistical reliability and confidentiality. The categories "White only," "Black or African American only," "American Indian and Alaska Native (Al/NA) only," and "Asian only" include persons who reported only one racial group; and the category "2 or more races" includes persons who reported more than one of the five racial groups in the 1997 standards or one of the five racial groups and "Some other race." 4 Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Health, United States, annual. See also <www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>

Table 157. Ambulatory Care Visits to Physicians' Offices and Hospital Outpatient and Emergency Departments: 2005

[1,169.3 represents 1,169,300,000. Based on the annual National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and subject to sampling error; see source for details]

	N	umber of v	visits (mil.)		V	isits per 10	00 persons	
Characteristic	Total	Physi- cian offices	Outpa- tient dept.	Emer- gency dept.	Total	Physi- cian offices	Outpa- tient dept.	Emer- gency dept.
Total	1,169.3	963.6	90.4	115.3	401.6	331.0	31.1	39.6
Age: Under 15 years old 15 to 24 years old 25 to 44 years old 45 to 64 years old 65 to 74 years old 75 years old and over Sex:	206.2 99.7 256.7 328.6 133.3 144.9	160.6 70.6 201.6 283.2 119.1 128.6	21.1 10.4 21.8 23.2 7.5 6.3	24.5 18.7 33.2 22.2 6.8 10.0	339.9 243.0 313.0 454.2 724.8 865.1	264.7 172.1 245.9 1391.5 647.2 767.7	34.8 25.4 26.6 32.1 40.9 37.9	40.4 45.5 40.5 30.7 36.7 59.5
Male	491.6	403.3	35.1	53.2	345.1	283.1	24.7	37.4
Female Race: White Black/African American Asian Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific	984.4 134.9 37.6	560.4 832.0 88.9 33.3	55.3 66.2 20.8 2.2	62.1 86.2 25.2 2.2	455.7 420.4 369.2 298.2	376.8 355.3 243.4 263.6	37.2 28.3 56.8 17.3	41.8 36.8 69.0 17.2
Islander	¹ 4.5 4.3 3.6	¹ 3.5 3.1 2.8	¹ 0.4 0.5 0.4	10.6 0.8 10.4	¹ 881.9 153.7 79.2	¹ 693.4 108.4 62.4	¹ 68.4 17.3 8.4	¹ 120.1 28.0 ¹ 8.4
Primary source of payment: Private insurance Medicare Medicaid Workers' compensation Self pay No charge Other Unknown	598.1 241.4 167.4 12.6 63.1 6.6 21.6 58.5	524.9 212.7 108.6 9.9 39.2 4.4 17.6 46.4	33.7 12.7 30.2 0.8 5.3 11.3 1.8 4.6	39.6 16.0 28.7 1.9 18.6 0.9 2.2 7.5	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X)

X Not applicable.
¹ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision.

Table 158. Visits to Office-Based Physicians and Hospital Outpatient Departments by Diagnosis: 2000 and 2005

[369.0 represents 369,000,000. See headnote, Table 157]

Leading diagnosis ¹	Nun (m		1,0	per 100 ons ²	Leading diagnosis ¹	Nun (m	nber il.)		e per 000 ons ²
	2000	2005	2000	2005		2000	2005	2000	2005
MALE All ages	260.0	120 1	2 760	2 070	FEMALE	E27 0	615.6	2 020	4 1 4 0
Under 15 years old ³			ĺ .		All ages	75.4	82.9	2,556	2,798
Routine infant or child	00.0	90.0	2,765	3,104	Routine infant or child health check	17.5	19.1	593	644
health check	17.9 8.5	23.3 9.8	580 276	750 316	health check	8.1	8.8	276	297
Otitis media and Eustachian	0.5	9.0	2/0	310	Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	6.6	5.4	222	183
tube disorders	7.1 3.1	6.9 3.7	231 101	221 120	Acute pharyngitis	2.3	2.9	78	97
Attention deficit disorder	3.4	3.5	110	112	Unspecified viral and chlamydial infection	1.7	2.4		81
15 to 44 years old ³	98.9	108.0	1 660	1,762		194.8 24.5	196.4 18.1		3,183
Acute respiratory infections 4	3.6	4.4	60	72	Normal pregnancy	6.1	8.9	402 100	144
Spinal disorders	3.0 3.9	4.4 4.4	50 66	72 72	Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, & the puerperium	6.2	6.9	102	112
Arthropathies and related disorders	2.8	3.7	47	61	Acute upper respiratory	0.0		00	0.5
Rheumatism, excluding back	3.3	3.5	55	57	infections ⁴	6.0 6.6	5.2 5.0	98 108	85 81
45 to 64 years old ³	96.5	126.0	3 294	3 588	45 to 64 years old 3	141.0 8.3	180.3 10.7	4,511	
45 to 64 years old ³ Essential hypertension	6.8	10.8	233	307	Essential hypertension Arthropathies and related	8.3	10.7	264	288
Diabetes mellitus Arthropathies and related	5.8	6.9	199	198	disorders	6.6 5.7	10.4 7.2	212 184	280 194
disorders	2.9	4.3	99	122	Gynecological examination	3.1	6.2	100	168
Spinal disorders	3.1 2.7	4.0 3.7	106 93	113 105	Spinal disorders 65 years old and over 3	4.1 126.6	5.7	130 6,736	153
65 years old and over ³		105.5			Essential hypertension	11.8	13.2	628	653
Malignant neoplasms Essential hypertension	7.1 6.6	7.9 7.5	507 478	525 500	Arthropathies and related disorders	6.3	9.3	333	459
Diabetes mellitus	4.8	4.5	344	300	Malignant neoplasms	5.9	8.2	312	408
Heart disease, excluding ischemic	4.1	3.8	296	254	Diabetes mellitus Heart disease, excluding	6.0	7.8	318	387
Ischemic heart disease	4.9	3.7	349	244	ischemic	3.6	4.6	194	229

¹ Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, clinical modification, (ICD-9-CM).
² Based on U.S.
Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1.
³ Includes other first-listed diagnoses, not shown separately.
⁴ Excluding pharyngitis.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Advance Data, Nos. 386, 387, and 389; June 29, 2007; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/namcs.htm.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data. Nos. 387 and 389; June 29, 2007; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/namcs.htm.

Table 159. Visits to Hospital Emergency Departments by Diagnosis: 2005

[53,213 represents 53,213,000. See headnote, Table 157]

Leading diagnosis ¹	Number (1,000)	Rate per 1,000 per- sons 2	Leading diagnosis ¹	Number (1,000)	Rate per 1,000 per- sons 2
MALE			FEMALE		
All ages		374	All ages	62,109 11,149 1,112	418 376 38
Under 15 years old ³	13,349	430	Otitis media and Eustachian		
Acute upper respiratory infections Otitis media and Eustachian	1,326	43	tube disorders		30 18
tube disorders	875	28	Pyrexia of unknown origin		15
Contusions with intact skin surfaces		22	Unspecified viral and	100	
Pyrexia of unknown origin	647	21	chlamydial infection	440	15
Open wound of head	625	20	15 to 44 years old ³	29,244	474
15 to 44 years old ³		370	Abdominal pain	1,781	29
Open wound, excluding head		23	Complications of pregnancy,		
Contusions with intact skin surfaces	1,156	19	childbirth, and the puerperium		22
Chest pain	870	14	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	1,163	19
Spinal disorders	855 789	14	Sprains and strains of neck and back	942	15 14
Sprains and strains of neck and back	10.030	13 285	Chest pain	894 12.152	327
45 to 64 years old ³	709	203	Chest pain	939	25
Open wound, excluding head		16	Abdominal pain	564	15
Abdominal pain		11	Contusion with intact skin surface	469	13
Spinal disorders		10	Spinal disorders		12
Cellulitis and abscess		10			9
65 years old and over 3	7,166	479	Migraine	9,565	474
Heart disease, excluding ischemic	518	35	Chest pain	558	28
Chest pain	350	23	Contusion with intact skin surface	485	24
Pneumonia	266	18	Heart disease, excluding ischemic		23
Contusion with intact skin surface	223	15	Abdominal pain		20
Abdominal pain	205	14	Urinary tract infection, site not specified.	331	16

¹ Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM).
² Based on U.S. sus Bureau estimated civilian noninstitutional population as of July 1.
³ Includes other first-listed diagnoses, not shown Census Bureau estimated civilian noninstitutional population as of July 1. separately.

4 Excluding pharyngitis.

Table 160. Procedures for Inpatients Discharged From Short-Stay Hospitals: 1990 to 2005

[23,051 represents 23,051,000. Procedure categories are based on the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification. See headnote, Table 167]

	Numb	er of proc	edures (1,	000)	Rate	per 1,000	population	1 ¹
Sex and type of procedure	1990	1995	2000	2005	1990	1995	2000	2005
Surgical procedures, total 2	23,051 285 945 795 995 609	22,530 434 785 964 1,068 577	23,244 1,025 855 1,136 1,221 628	26,564 1,271 1,262 1,259 1,209 621	92.4 1.2 3.8 3.2 4.0 2.4	86.2 1.7 3.0 3.7 4.1 2.2	83.6 3.7 3.1 4.1 4.4 2.3	90.0 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.1 2.1
Male, total ²	8,538 200 620 286	8,388 285 660 423	8,689 655 732 371	10,371 874 742 321	70.6 1.7 5.1 2.4	65.9 2.2 5.2 3.3	63.9 4.8 5.4 2.7	71.5 6.0 5.1 2.2
Female, total ² Cesarean section. Repair of current obstetric laceration Hysterectomy	14,513 945 795 591	14,142 785 964 583	14,556 855 1,136 633	16,193 1,262 1,259 575	113.0 7.4 6.2 4.6	105.3 5.8 7.2 4.3	102.4 6.0 8.0 4.5	107.8 8.4 8.4 3.8
Diagnostic and other nonsurgical procedures 5 Angiocardiography and arteriography 6 Respiratory therapy Manual assisted delivery Diagnostic ultrasound Fetal electrocardiogram and fetal monitoring.	17,455 1,735 1,164 750 1,608 1,377	17,278 1,834 1,127 866 1,181 935	16,737 2,005 991 898 886 750	18,387 1,986 1,160 1,022 884 828	70.0 7.0 4.7 3.0 6.4 5.6	66.1 7.0 4.3 3.3 4.5 3.6	60.2 7.2 3.6 3.2 3.2 2.7	62.3 6.7 3.9 3.5 3.0 2.8
Male, total ⁵ Angiocardiography and arteriography ⁶ Respiratory therapy CAT scar	7,378 1,051 586 736	7,261 1,076 572 473	6,965 1,157 507 345	7,620 1,125 606 378	61.0 8.7 4.9 6.1	57.1 8.5 4.5 3.7	51.2 8.5 3.7 2.5	52.6 7.8 4.2 2.6
Female, total ⁵ Manual assisted delivery Fetal EKG and fetal monitoring. Respiratory therapy	10,077 750 1,377 578	10,016 866 935 555	9,772 898 750 484	10,767 1,022 828 554	78.5 5.9 10.8 4.5	74.6 6.5 7.0 4.1	68.8 6.3 5.5 3.4	71.7 6.8 5.5 3.7

¹ Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Population estimates based on the 1990 census were used to calculate rates for 1990 through 2000. Population estimates based on the 2000 census were used to calculate rates for 2001 through 2005.

2 Includes other types of surgical procedures not shown separately.

3 Beginning 1996, includes separately coded "insertion of stent."

4 Excluding skull, nose, and jaw.

5 Includes other nonsurgical procedures not shown separately.

6 Using contrast material.

7 Computerized axial tomography.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Advance Data, No. 386, June 29, 2007. http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/namcs.htm.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, series 13; and unpublished data. http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm.

Table 161. Selected Cosmetic Procedures: 2000 to 2006

[In thousands (5,741.2 represents 5,741,200). As of December 31. Surveys were sent to board certified surgeons and physicians in the following specialities: plastic surgery, dermatology, and otolaryngology. The final data as reported by the American Society for Aesthetic Plastic Surgery (ASAPS) are projected to reflect nationwide statistics. Procedures are ranked by total number in the most current year]

Procedure	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total all procedures Total surgical procedures. Lipoplasty (liposuction) Breast augmentation. Blepharoplasty (eyelid surgery). Abdominoplasty (tummy tuck). Breast reduction.	5,741.2 1,429.0 376.6 203.3 212.1 58.4 90.0	8,470.4 1,609.6 385.4 216.8 246.3 71.1 114.9	6,889.5 1,620.7 372.8 249.6 229.1 83.0 125.6	8,252.0 1,819.5 384.6 280.4 267.6 117.7 147.2	11,855.0 2,120.0 478.3 334.1 290.3 151.0 144.4	11,428.8 2,131.0 455.5 364.6 231.5 169.3 160.5	11,456.8 1,922.8 403.7 383.9 210.0 172.5 145.8
Total nonsurgical procedures	4,311.2 1,096.6 (X) 487.8 610.7 116.9	6,860.8 1,600.3 (X) 854.6 915.3 122.6	5,268.8 1,658.7 (X) 736.5 1,032.4 72.5	6,432.5 2,272.1 116.2 923.2 858.3 127.5	9,735.0 2,837.3 882.5 1,411.9 1,098.3 589.7	9,297.7 3,294.8 1,194.2 1,566.9 1,023.9 475.7	9,534.0 3,181.6 1,593.6 1,475.3 993.1 576.5
Total female procedures Total surgical procedures. Breast augmentation. Lipoplasty (liposuction) Blepharoplasty (eyelid surgery) Abdominoplasty (tummy tuck). Breast reduction.	5,100.8 1,211.9 203.3 317.9 180.0 56.5 90.0	7,447.8 1,363.2 216.8 307.3 204.8 67.7 114.9	6,081.9 1,407.7 249.6 316.5 192.8 79.7 125.6	7,177.9 1,559.4 280.4 323.0 216.8 112.7 147.2	10,681.4 1,887.3 334.1 416.6 249.3 145.3 144.4	10,443.8 1,918.1 364.6 402.9 198.1 164.1 160.5	10,516.7 1,730.5 383.9 350.4 182.4 164.8 145.8
Total nonsurgical procedures Botox injection	3,887.9 971.1 (X) 401.6 536.7 513.8	6,083.1 1,379.9 (X) 715.1 820.5 530.5	4,674.2 1,424.9 (X) 588.5 936.2 291.1	5,618.6 1,963.0 104.7 695.2 774.3 431.3	8,794.1 2,525.4 838.9 1,215.1 999.1 479.2	8,525.7 2,990.7 1,149.2 1,334.7 939.5 548.0	8,786.2 2,881.1 1,519.9 1,308.7 922.0 541.3
Total male procedures Total surgical procedures. Lipoplasty (liposuction) Rhinoplasty (nose reshaping) Blepharoplasty (eyelid surgery) Gynecomastia (male breast reduction) Facelift.	640.2 217.1 58.7 41.5 32.1 15.9 10.3	1,021.8 246.4 78.0 54.4 41.5 16.5 11.8	807.7 213.1 56.3 39.0 36.3 16.6 11.1	1,074.1 260.1 61.6 53.4 50.8 22.0 13.6	1,173.6 232.7 61.6 39.0 41.1 19.6 11.8	984.9 212.9 52.5 45.9 33.4 17.7 13.0	940.0 192.3 53.3 33.1 27.6 23.7 14.1
Total nonsurgical procedures	423.2 125.5 86.2 (X) 74.0 13.0	777.7 220.4 139.5 (X) 94.3 17.5	594.6 233.8 147.9 (X) 96.2 4.2	814.0 309.1 228.0 11.5 84.0 11.0	932.6 311.9 196.8 43.6 99.2 69.4	772.0 304.1 232.2 45.0 84.4 43.1	747.7 300.5 166.6 73.6 71.1 48.5

X Not applicable.

¹ In 2003, the FDA has approved hyaluronan injections for filling soft tissue defects such as facial wrinkles.

² Procedure for reducing fine lines, "crow's feet," age spots, and acne scars.

Table 162. Organ Transplants and Grafts: 1990 to 2006

[As of end of year. Based on reports of procurement programs and transplant centers in the United States, except as noted]

Procedure		N	umber of p	orocedures	Number of	centers	Number of	1-year patient survival		
	2000	2000 2004 200			1990 2006		people waiting, 2006	rates, 2005 (percent)		
Transplant: 1										
Heart	2,095	2,342	2,172	2,015	2,125	2,192	148	135	2,698	87.7
Heart-lung	52	69	47	40	35	31	79	58	117	56.4
Lung	203	869	955	1,172	1,406	1,405	70	66	2,756	82.8
Liver	2,631	3,818	4,816	6,169	6,443	6,650	85	126	16,802	86.3
Kidney	9,358	10,957	13,258	16,004	16,481	17,094	232	248	72,355	98.0
Kidney-pancreas	459	915	910	881	903	924	(NA)	(NA)	2,318	95.5
Pancreas	60	103	420	602	541	463	84	144	1,676	94.2
Intestine	1	21	29	152	178	175	(NA)	45	235	82.4
Multiorgan	71	124	213	441	518	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Cornea grafts 2	40,631	44,652	46,949	46,841	44,329	45,035	³ 107	(NA) ³ 86	(NA)	(NA)
Bone grafts (1,000)	350	450	800	1,500	1,620	(NA)	30	64	`(X)	(NA)
Skin grafts 4\	5,500	5,500	13,000	19,000	20,000	(NA)	25	45	(X)	(NA)

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Kidney-pancreas and heart-lung transplants are each counted as one procedure. All other multiorgan transplants, excluding kidney-pancreas and heart-lung, are included in the multiorgan row. Based on the Organ Procurement and Transplant Network (OPTN) as of July 26, 2007. The data have been supplied by UNOS under contract with HHS. This work was supported in part by Health Resources and Services Administration contract 231-00-0015. The authors alone are responsible for the reporting and interpretation of these data. Data subject to change based on future data submission or correction. ² 1990–1992, number of procedures and eye banks include Canada. From 1993 on, the data is for the U.S. only. ⁴ Procedure data are shown in terms of square feet.

Source: The American Society for Aesthetic Plastic Surgery, Statistics, annual. See also, http://www.surgery.org/press/statistics.php (copyright).

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Office of Special Programs, Division of Transplantation, Rockville, MD; United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS), Richmond, VA; University Renal Research and Education Association, Ann Arbor, MI; American Association of Issue Banks, McLean, VA; and Eye Bank Association of America, Washington, DC; and unpublished data. See also http://www.optn.org/>.

Table 163. Hospitals—Summary Characteristics: 1980 to 2005

[For beds, (1,365 represents 1,365,000). Covers hospitals accepted for registration by the American Hospital Association; see text, this section. Short-term hospitals have an average patient stay of less than 30 days; long-term, an average stay of longer duration. Special hospitals include obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose, and throat; rehabilitation; orthopedic; and chronic and other special hospitals except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism, and chemical dependency hospitals]

Item	1980	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Number: All hospitals With 100 beds or more Nonfederal Community hospitals ² Nongovernmental nonprofit For profit State and local government Long-term general and special Psychiatric Tuberculosis Federal	6,965 3,755 6,606 5,830 3,322 730 1,778 157 534 11 359	6,649 3,620 6,312 5,384 3,191 749 1,444 131 757 4 337	6,291 3,376 5,992 5,194 3,092 752 1,350 112 657 3 299	5,810 3,102 5,565 4,915 3,003 749 1,163 131 496 4 245	5,801 3,084 5,558 4,908 2,998 754 1,156 136 491 4	5,794 3,032 5,554 4,927 3,025 766 1,136 124 477 4	5,764 3,007 5,525 4,895 2,984 790 1,121 126 477 4 239	5,759 2,972 5,520 4,919 2,967 835 1,117 108 466 4 239	5,756 2,942 5,530 4,936 2,958 868 1,110 115 456 3 226
Beds (1,000) ³ : All hospitals Rate per 1,000 population ⁴ Beds per hospital Nonfederal Community hospitals ² Rate per 1,000 population ⁴ Nongovernmental nonprofit For profit State and local government Long-term general and special Psychiatric Tuberculosis Federal	1,365 6.0 196 1,248 988 4.3 692 87 209 39 215 2	1,213 4.9 182 1,113 927 3.7 657 102 169 25 158 (Z) 98	1,081 4.1 172 1,004 873 3.3 610 106 157 19 110 (Z) 78	984 3.5 169 931 824 2.9 583 110 131 18 87 (Z) 53	987 3.5 170 936 826 2.9 585 109 132 19 89 (Z) 53	976 3.4 168 926 821 2.8 582 108 130 18 85 (Z) 50	965 3.3 167 917 813 2.8 575 110 120 18 85 (Z) 47	956 3.3 166 908 808 2.8 567 112 127 15 86 (Z) 58	947 3.2 165 901 802 2.7 561 114 128 15 82 (Z) 46
Average daily census (1,000): ⁵ All hospitals Community hospitals ² Nongovernmental nonprofit For profit State and local government.	1,060 747 542 57 149	844 619 455 54 111	710 548 393 55 100	650 526 382 61 83	658 533 385 63 85	662 540 391 64 84	657 539 389 65 84	658 541 388 68 84	656 540 388 68 85
Expenses (bil. dol.): ⁶ All hospitals Nonfederal ¹ Community hospitals ² Nongovernmental nonprofit For profit State and local government Long-term general and special Psychiatric Tuberculosis Federal	91.9 84.0 76.9 55.8 5.8 15.2 1.2 5.8 0.1 7.9	234.9 219.6 203.7 150.7 18.8 34.2 2.7 12.9 0.1 15.2	320.3 300.0 285.6 209.6 26.7 49.3 2.2 11.7 0.4 20.2	395.4 371.5 356.6 267.1 35.0 54.5 2.8 11.9 (Z) 23.9	426.8 399.3 383.7 287.3 37.3 59.1 3.3 13.2 (Z) 27.5	462.2 432.5 416.6 312.7 40.1 63.8 3.6 12.1 (Z) 29.7	498.1 467.2 450.1 337.7 44.0 68.4 3.6 13.1 (Z) 30.9	533.8 499.0 481.2 359.4 48.9 72.8 3.6 13.8 (Z) 34.8	570.5 533.7 551.7 386.0 51.8 77.9 3.6 13.9 (Z) 36.8
Personnel (1,000): ⁷ All hospitals Nonfederal ¹ Community hospitals ² Nongovernmental nonprofit For profit State and local government Long-term general and special Psychiatric Tuberculosis Federal	3,492 3,213 2,873 2,086 189 598 56 275 3 279	4,063 3,760 3,420 2,533 273 614 55 280 1 303	4,273 3,971 3,714 2,702 343 670 38 215 1 301	4,454 4,157 3,911 2,919 378 614 41 200 1 297	4,535 4,236 3,987 2,971 379 637 44 201 1 299	4,610 4,312 4,069 3,039 380 651 46 193 1 299	4,650 4,350 4,108 3,058 391 658 45 194 1	4,695 4,379 4,147 3,076 405 665 42 185 1 315	4,790 4,479 4,260 3,154 421 681 38 182 1
Outpatient visits (mil.)	263.0 82.0	368.2 92.8	483.2 99.9	592.7 106.9	612.0 109.8	640.5 114.2	648.6 115.1	662.1 116.9	673.7 118.9

² Short-term (average length of stay less than ¹ Includes hospital units of institutions. Z Less than 500 beds or \$50 million. Z Less than 500 beds or 550 million. Includes hospital units of institutions. "Short-rem (average length of stay less than 30 days) general and special (e.g., obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose and throat; rehabilitation etc. except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism, and chemical dependency). Excludes hospital units of institutions. Beginning 1990, number of beds at end of reporting period; prior years, average number in 12-month period. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. 1980, 1990, and 2000 based on enumerated resident population as of April 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 census of population. The average number of people served on an inpatient basis on a single day during the reporting period. Excludes new construction. Includes full-time equivalents of part-time personnel.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, AHA Hospital Statistics 2007 Edition, and prior years (copyright). http://www.healthforum.com/>.

Table 164. Average Cost to Community Hospitals Per Patient: 1980 to 2005

[In dollars, except percent. Covers nonfederal short-term general or special hospitals (excluding psychiatric or tuberculosis hospitals and hospital units of institutions). Total cost per patient based on total hospital expenses (payroll, employee benefits, professional fees, supplies, etc.). Data have been adjusted for outpatient visits]

Type of expense and hospital	1980	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Average cost per day, total. Annual percent change Nongovernmental nonprofit For profit. State and local government	245 12.9 246 257 239	687 7.8 692 752 635	968 4.0 994 947 878	1,103 3.3 1,140 999 1,007	1,149 4.2 1,182 1,057 1,064	1,217 5.9 1,255 1,121 1,114	1,290 6.0 1,329 1,181 1,188	1,379 6.9 1,429 1,264 1,238	1,450 5.1 1,501 1,362 1,291	1,522 5.0 1,585 1,412 1,329
Average cost per stay, total Nongovernmental nonprofit	1,851 1,902 1,676 1,750	4,947 5,001 4,727 4,838	6,216 6,279 5,425 6,445	6,512 6,608 5,350 6,923	6,649 6,717 5,642 7,106	6,980 7,052 5,972 7,400	7,346 7,458 6,161 7,773	7,796 7,905 6,590 8,205	8,166 8,266 7,139 8,473	8,793 8,670 7,351 8,793

¹ Change from immediate prior year.

Table 165. Community Hospitals—States: 2000 and 2005

[In thousands, (823.6 represents 823,600). For definition of community hospitals see footnote 2, Table 163]

State	Numb hospi		Bed (1,00		Pati adm (1,0	itted	Aver daily ce (1,0	nsus 1	Outpa visi (mi	ts	Averag per d (do	day
	2000	2005	2000	2005	2000	2005	2000	2005	2000	2005	2000	2005
United States	4.915	4.936	823.6	802.3	33,089	35.239	525.7	540.3	521.4	584.4	1.149	1.522
Alabama	108	109	16.4	15.5	680	706	9.8	9.9	8.0	7.5	980	1.198
Alaska	18	22	1.4	1.4	47	51	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.7	1,495	2.246
Arizona	61	67	10.9	11.8	539	665	6.8	8.0	5.3	6.8	1,311	1,769
Arkansas	83	85	9.8	9.4	368	380	5.7	5.5	4.4	5.0	908	1.238
California	389	357	72.7	70.2	3,315	3.434	47.8	50.0	44.9	49.0	1.438	1.994
Colorado	69	71	9.4	9.6	397	417	5.4	5.8	6.7	7.4	1.280	1.751
Connecticut	35	36	7.7	7.7	349	405	5.8	6.3	6.7	7.1	1,373	1.714
Delaware	5	6	1.8	2.0	83	104	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.9	1,311	1,715
District of Columbia .	11	11	3.3	3.5	129	141	2.5	2.7	1.3	1.6	1,512	1.910
Florida	202	205	51.2	51.2	2,119	2.371	31.0	33.9	21.8	22.3	1,161	1,497
Georgia	151	149	23.9	25.0	863	961	15.0	17.0	11.2	13.8	978	1,202
Hawaii	21	25	3.1	3.0	100	114	2.3	2.3	2.5	1.9	1,088	1,310
ldaho	42	39	3.5	3.3	123	130	1.8	1.8	2.2	2.7	1,003	1,484
Illinois	196	191	37.3	34.5	1,531	1.583	22.4	22.6	25.1	28.7	1,278	1.637
Indiana	109	113	19.2	17.8	700	717	10.8	10.3	14.1	16.5	1,132	1,569
lowa	115	116	11.8	10.8	360	363	6.8	6.4	9.2	10.1	740	1,036
Kansas	129	131	10.8	10.1	310	330	5.7	5.7	5.3	5.9	837	1,055
Kentucky	105	105	14.8	14.9	582	618	9.1	9.3	8.7	8.8	929	1,194
Louisiana	123	128	17.5	15.5	654	620	9.8	9.5	10.0	9.8	1,075	1,293
Maine	37	37	3.7	3.5	147	151	2.4	2.3	3.2	4.3	1,148	1,528
Maryland	49	50	11.2	11.4	587	680	8.2	8.7	6.0	6.8	1,315	1,831
Massachusetts	80	80	16.6	16.2	740	800	11.7	12.0	16.7	18.9	1,467	1,751
Michigan	146	146	26.1	26.2	1,106	1,198	16.9	17.6	24.9	26.1	1,211	1,460
Minnesota	135	133	16.7	16.0	571	635	11.2	11.0	7.3	9.4	932	1,300
Mississippi	.95	94	13.6	12.8	425	414	8.0	7.3	3.7	4.1	719	1,021
Missouri	119	119	20.1	19.1	773	836	11.7	12.0	14.8	17.2	1,185	1,560
Montana	52	54	4.3	4.3	99	106	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.9	579	814
Nebraska	85	87	8.2	7.6	209	214	4.8	4.8	3.4	3.9	743	1,066
Nevada	22	32	3.8	4.7	199	241	2.7	3.5	2.2	2.6	1,285	1,685
New Hampshire	28	28	2.9	2.8	111	117	1.7	1.8	2.8	3.8	1,201	1,627
New Jersey	80	80	25.3	22.1	1,074	1,110	17.3	16.2 2.2	16.3	16.8	1,299	1,797
New Mexico	35	37	3.5	3.5	174	172	2.0		3.1	4.7	1,388	1,780
New York	215	203	66.4 23.1	63.1	2,416	2,538	52.1	50.1	46.4	51.5	1,118	1,539
North Carolina	113 42	115 40	3.9	23.3	971 89	1,013 87	16.0 2.3	16.7 2.1	12.4 1.7	16.8 1.9	1,061 747	1,320 898
North Dakota Ohio	163	170	33.8	33.3	1,404	1,511	20.6	21.4	26.9	31.3	1,198	1.673
Oklahoma	103	110	11.1	10.8	429	457	6.2	6.4	4.7	5.4	1,031	1,332
Oregon	59	58	6.6	6.5	330	336	3.9	4.1	7.3	8.0	1,461	2,062
Pennsylvania	207	191	42.3	39.6	1.796	1.863	28.8	27.9	31.8	34.9	1.080	1.500
Rhode Island	11	11	2.4	2.4	119	127	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.5	1.313	1,719
South Carolina	63	63	11.5	11.5	495	528	8.0	8.4	7.8	5.8	1,101	1,465
South Dakota	48	52	4.3	4.3	99	102	2.8	2.8	1.7	1.6	476	733
Tennessee	121	130	20.6	20.6	737	829	11.5	13.1	10.3	11.7	1,078	1,234
Texas	403	415	55.9	58.2	2.367	2.509	33.1	36.0	29.4	32.3	1.274	1.636
Utah	42	43	4.3	4.6	194	223	2.4	2.6	4.5	4.8	1,375	1.823
Vermont	14	12	1.7	0.9	52	51	1.1	0.6	1.2	2.3	888	1.166
Virginia	88	87	16.9	17.5	727	780	11.4	12.3	9.5	13.2	1.057	1.394
Washington	84	86	11.1	11.0	505	543	6.6	6.8	9.6	10.0	1,511	2,143
West Virginia	57	57	8.0	7.2	288	292	4.8	4.5	5.2	6.1	844	1,113
Wisconsin	118	124	15.3	14.5	558	612	9.1	9.0	10.9	12.7	1,055	1,458
Wyoming	24	24	1.9	2.1	48	51	1.1	1.2	0.9	1.0	677	805
· ·												

¹ The average number of people served on an inpatient basis on a single day during the reporting period.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, AHA Hospital Statistics 2007 Edition, and prior years (copyright); http://www.healthforum.com/>.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, AHA Hospital Statistics 2007 Edition, and prior years (copyright); http://www.healthforum.com/>.

Table 166. Hospital Use Rates by Type of Hospital: 1980 to 2005

Type of hospital	1980	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005
Community hospitals: Admissions per 1,000 population Admissions per bed. Average length of stay (days) Outpatient visits per admission Outpatient visits per 1,000 population Surgical operations (million Number per admission	159	125	116	117	120	120	119	119
	37	34	35	40	42	43	43	44
	7.6	7.2	6.5	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.6
	5.6	9.7	13.4	15.8	16.1	16.2	16.3	16.5
	890	1,207	1,556	1,852	1,932	1,937	1,946	1,976
	18.8	21.9	23.2	26.1	27.6	27.1	27.4	27.5
	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Nonfederal psychiatric: Admissions per 1,000 population 2 Days in hospital per 1,000 population 2	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.5
	295	190	122	93	92	91	88	89

¹ Short term (average length of stay less than 30 days) general and special (e.g., obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose and throat; rehabilitation etc. except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism and chemical dependency). Excludes hospital units of institutions. ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 census of population. ³ Number of inpatient days divided by number of admissions. ⁴ 18.8 represents 18,800,000.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, AHA Hospital Statistics 2007 Edition, and prior years (copyright); http://www.healthforum.com/>.

Table 167. Hospital Utilization Rates by Sex: 1990 to 2005

[30,788 represents 30,788,000. Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Based on sample data collected from the National Hospital Discharge Survey, a sample survey of hospital records of patients discharged in year shown; subject to sampling variability]

Item and sex	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Patients discharged (1,000)	30,788	30,722	32,132	31,706	32,653	33,727	34,738	34,864	34,667
Patients discharged per 1,000 persons, total 1	122	116	117	114	115	118	120	119	117
	100	94	95	92	93	95	98	97	96
	143	136	138	135	137	139	141	141	138
Days of care per 1,000 persons, total ¹ Female	784	620	581	560	562	572	578	574	562
	694	551	510	491	490	506	507	505	498
	869	686	649	627	631	635	646	641	624
Average stay (days)	6.4	5.4	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.8
	6.9	5.8	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2
	6.1	5.0	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5

¹ Rates are computed using Census Bureau estimates of the civilian population as of July 1. Rates for 1990–99 were based on population estimates adjusted for the net underenumeration in the 1990 census. Rates for 2000 and later were calculated using 2000-based postcensal estimates.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 13; and unpublished data. http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm.

Table 168. Hospital Utilization Measures for HIV Patients: 1990 to 2005

[HIV represents human immunodeficiency virus. See headnote, Table 167]

Measure of utilization	Unit	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005
Number of patients discharged	1,000	146	249	173	207	204	185
	1,000	114	183	115	136	132	113
Female	1,000	32	66	58	71	73	72
Rate of patient discharges 1	Rate	5.8	9.4	6.2	7.2	7.0	6.3
Number of days of care	1,000	2,188	2,326	1,257	1,696	1,477	1,244
Male	1,000	1,777	1,649	895	1,003	876	751
Female	1,000	411	677	362	693	601	493
Rate of days of care 1		86.9	87.6	45.2	58.6	50.5	42.2
Average length of stay	Days	14.9	9.3	7.3	8.2	7.2	6.7
Male	Days	15.5	9.0	7.8	7.4	6.7	6.7
Female	Days	12.9	10.3	6.3	9.7	8.3	6.8

¹ Per 10,000 population. Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Populations for 1990–99 were adjusted for the net underenumeration in the 1990 census. Populations for 2000 and later were 2000-based postcensal estimates.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 13; and unpublished data; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubd/series/ser.htm.

Table 169. Hospital Discharges and Days of Care: 2002 and 2005

[33,727 represents 33,727,000. See headnote, Table 167. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

		Disch	arges		Days of or	ro nor	Average stay		
Age, race, and region	Numb (1,00		Per 1,000 p	ersons 1	Days of ca 1,000 per		(days)		
	2002	2005	2002	2005	2002	2005	2002	2005	
Total ²	33,727	34,667	118	117	572	562	4.9	4.8	
Age:									
Under 1 year old	810	800	201	195	1,134	1,213	5.6	6.2	
1 to 4 years old	713	696	46	43	159	136	3.5	3.2	
5 to 14 years old	1,016	934	25	23	109	104	4.4	4.5	
15 to 24 years old	3,083	3,074	77	74	266	261	3.5	3.5	
25 to 34 years old	3,897	4,001	99	101	328	343	3.3	3.4	
35 to 44 years old	3,757	3,583	84	82	368	351	4.4	4.3	
45 to 64 years old	7,723	8,349	116	115	575	572	5.0	5.0	
65 to 74 years old	4,642	4,900	254	263	1,412	1,399	5.6	5.3	
75 years old and over	8,085	8,328	467	459	2.795	2,594	6.0	5.7	
Race:	-,	-,			,	,			
White	20.806	20,897	90	88	436	422	4.9	4.8	
Black	3,995	4,109	109	109	584	584	5.3	5.4	
Asian/Pacific Islander	538	617	45	47	243	247	5.4	5.3	
American Indian/Eskimo/	000	0			2.0		0	0.0	
Aleut	173	104	63	37	330	169	5.2	4.6	
Region:				0.	000	.00	0.2		
Northeast	6,990	7,192	129	132	727	710	5.6	5.4	
Midwest	7,503	7.948	115	121	512	512	4.4	4.3	
South	12.994	12.907	127	121	618	588	4.9	4.9	
West	6,239	6,621	96	98	430	451	4.5	4.6	
	5,200	5,021	00	00	400	-101	7.0	4.0	

¹ Rates were calculated using U.S. Census Bureau 2000-based postcensal estimates of the civilian population as of July 1. ² Includes other races not shown separately.

Table 170. Hospital Discharges and Days of Care by Sex: 2005

[13,902 represents 13,902,000. Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Diagnostic categories are based on the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification. See headnote, Table 167]

Discharges Discharges Discharges Care Care Care Discharges Discharg						-				
Male		Disch	arges				Discha	arges		
All ages ^{3, 4} 13,902 101.3 530.1 5.2 Under 18 years 1,550 41.2 200.6 4.9 Under 18 years 1,470 41.0 182.6 4.5 Injuries and poisoning 183 4.9 524.0 4.9 Injuries and poisoning 113 3.1 12.0 3.8 Pneumonia 108 2.9 9.0 3.1 Pneumonia 91 2.5 8.4 3.3 Asthma 103 2.7 6.3 2.3 Asthma 61 1.7 3.8 2.2 18-44 years 2660 47.1 228.3 4.8 18-44 years 7,410 133.1 434.2 3.3 Injuries and poisoning 452 8.0 36.7 4.6 Delivery 3,888 69.8 180.3 2.6 Serious mental illness 5 344 6.1 550.3 8.3 Serious mental illness 5 381 56.8 545.6 56.7 Alcohol and drug 7 203 3.6 16.1 4.5 Diseases of heart 166 2.9 11.1 3.8 Alcohol and drug 7 22.4 85.1 3.8 Diseases of heart 795 22.4 85.1 3.8 Diseases of heart 447 12.0 55.9 4.7 Injuries and poisoning 380 10.7 59.2 5.5 Injuries and poisoning 324 8.7 46.0 5.3 Alcohol and drug 7 141 4.0 18.6 4.7 Pneumonia 228 6.1 38.5 Serious mental illness 6 167 4.7 41.2 8.8 Pneumonia 126 14.7 75.9 5.2 Malignant neoplasms 158 18.6 126.7 6.8 Cerebrovascular diseases 109 12.8 58.9 4.6 Pneumonia 199 11.8 65.8 4.8 19.1 19.1 6.2 Uniques and poisoning 199 11.8 65.8 56.0 Steporthilis 19.4 11.9 11.8 6.2 19.1 11.9 11.8 6.2 19.1 11.9 11.8 6.2 19.1 11.9 11.8 65.8 56.0 53.0 19.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 6.2 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19	first-listed	ber	1,000 per-	per 1,000 per-	age stay	first-listed	ber	1,000 per-	per 1,000 per-	age stay
All ages 3, 4 13,902 101.3 530.1 5.2 All ages 3, 4 20,766 132.0 582.9 4.5 Under 18 years 1,550 41.2 200.6 4.9 1,470 41.0 182.6 4.5 Injuries and poisoning 183 4.9 324.0 4.9 1,94.9 1,170 41.0 182.6 4.3 Pneumonia 108 2.9 9.0 3.1 Pneumonia 91 2.5 8.4 3.3 Asthma 103 2.7 6.3 2.3 Asthma 61 1.7 3.8 2.2 18-44 years 2660 47.1 28.8 36.7 4.6 Delivery 3,888 69.8 180.3 2.6 Serious mental illness 6 344 6.1 550.3 8.3 35crious mental illness 6 381 66.8 345.6 66.7 Alcohol and drug 7 203 3.6 16.1 4.5 Alcohol and drug 7 110 2.0 59.9 55.0	Male					Female				
Cérebrovascular diseases . 167 24.2 132.4 5.5 Cerebrovascular diseases . 244 21.7 108.6 5.0	All ages 3, 4 Under 18 years Injuries and poisoning Pneumonia Asthma 18-44 years Injuries and poisoning Serious mental illness 6 Alcohol and drug 7 Diseases of heart 45-64 years Diseases of heart Injuries and poisoning Malignant neoplasms Serious mental illness 6 Alcohol and drug 7 65-74 years Diseases of heart Injuries and poisoning Malignant neoplasms Cerebrovascular diseases Osteoarthritis 75 years old and over Diseases of heart Pneumonia	1,550 183 108 109 2660 452 344 203 166 4,076 4,076 380 211 167 141 2,339 545 165 158 126 109 108 3,276 706	41.2 4.9 2.9 2.7 47.1 8.0 6.1 3.6 2.9 114.9 22.4 10.7 5.9 4.7 4.0 274.3 63.9 19.4 18.6 476.0 102.6 35.8	200.6 524.0 9.0 6.3 228.3 36.7 550.3 16.1 1577.3 85.1 59.2 39.2 41.2 39.2 41.2 1,450.8 119.1 126.7 75.9 48.0 2,745.4 490.8 208.7	$\begin{array}{c} 4.9 \\ 54.9 \\ 3.3 \\ 4.8 \\ 4.6 \\ 3.5 \\ 8.0 \\ 8.7 \\ 3.4 \\ 4.6 \\ 8.2 \\ 4.8 \\ 8.8 \\ 4.5 \\ 8.8 \\ 4.5 \\ 8.8 \\ 4.5 \\ 8.8 \\ 4.5 \\ 8.8 \\ 4.5 \\ 8.8 \\ 4.5 \\ 8.8 $	All ages 3, 4 Under 18 years Injuries and poisoning Pneumonia Asthma 18-44 years Delivery Serious mental illness 6 Injuries and poisoning Alcohol and drug 45-64 years Diseases of heart Injuries and poisoning Malignant neoplasms Serious mental illness 6 Pneumonia 65-74 years Diseases of heart Injuries and poisoning Malignant neoplasms Pneumonia 65-75 years Diseases of heart Injuries and poisoning Osteoarthritis Cerebrovascular diseases 75 years old and over Diseases of heart Injuries and poisoning	1,470 113 91 61 7,410 3,888 3811 282 247 447 324 228 223 126 2,561 435 187 179 119 104 5,052 1,020 517	41.0 3.1 2.5 1.7 133.1 69.8 56.8 51.2.0 114.5 12.0 8.7 6.1 6.0 3.4 253.3 18.5 17.7 12.5 11.8 10.3 448.4 90.5	182.6 12.0 8.44 3.8 434.2 180.3 545.6 22.2 59.9 46.0 38.5 53.0 1,354.9 191.1 114.3 67.4 42.9 45.8 2,501.4 435.8 249.3	4.5 3.8 3.2 3.2 5.6 4.7 5.3 4.7 5.3 6.6 6.3 6.6 6.3 6.4 4.4 6.6 6.4 6.6 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4
	Cerebrovascular diseases .	167	24.2	132.4	5.5	Cerebrovascular diseases .	244	21.7	108.6	5.0

¹ The first-listed diagnosis is the one specified as the principal diagnosis or the first diagnosis listed on the face sheet or discharge summary of the medical record. It is usually the main cause of the hospitalization. The number of first-listed diagnoses is the same as the number of discharges. ² Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ³ Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard population using six age groups: under 18 years, 18–44 years, 45–54 years, 55–64 years, 65–74 years, and 75 years and over. ⁴ Includes discharges with first-listed diagnoses not shown in table. ⁵ Estimates are considered unreliable. ⁵ These estimates are for nonfederal short-stay hospitals only and do not include sillness discharges, from other types of facilities or programs such as the Department of Veterans Affairs or long-term hospitals. Includes adouse, dependence, and withdrawal. These estimates are for nonfederal short-stay hospitals only and do not include alcohol and drug discharges from other types of facilities or or programs such as the Department of Veterans Affairs or day treatment programs.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, National Hospital Discharge

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 13; and unpublished data; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubd/series/ser.htm.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, National Hospital Discharge Survey; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/about/major/hdasd/nhds.htm.

Table 171. Cancer—Estimated New Cases, 2007, and Survival Rates: 1987-1989 to 1996-2003

[1,445 represents 1,445,000. The 5-year relative survival rate, which is derived by adjusting the observed survival rate for expected 1,443 represents 1,443,000. The 5-year relative survival rate, which is derived by adjusting in conserved survival rate for expectage mortality, represents the likelihood that a person will not die from causes directly related to their cancer within 5 years. Survival data shown are based on those patients diagnosed while residents of an area listed below during the time periods shown. Data are based on information collected as part of the National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER) program, a collection of population-based registries in five states (Connecticut, Hawaii, Iowa, New Mexico, Utah) and four metropolitian areas (Atlanta, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland, and Seattle-Puget Sound)]

	Estimated new cases,			5-year relative survival rates (percent)							
Site		2007 (1,000			Whi	ite		Black			
	Total	Male	Female	1987– 1989	1990- 1992	1993– 1995	1996- 2003	1987– 1989	1990- 1992	1993– 1995	1996- 2003
All sites 2	1,445	767	678	57.7	62.4	63.4	67.0	43.6	48.2	52.8	57.0
Lung	213 181	115 2	99 178	13.8 85.3	14.5 86.7	15.1 87.9	15.7 90.3	11.2 71.2	10.8 71.7	13.0 72.8	12.5 77.9
Colon and rectum	154	79	75	61.1	63.1	61.5	65.9	53.3	53.8	52.9	55.7
Colon	112	55	57	61.7	63.9	61.4	65.6	53.2	54.2	52.3	54.7
_ Rectum	41	24	18	59.6	61.2	61.7	66.4	53.5	52.2	54.8	58.4
Prostate	219	219	(X)	85.4	95.3	96.1	99.0	72.2	85.5	91.4	95.3
Bladder	67 39	50	17 39	81.4 85.7	81.9 87.2	82.2 86.5	81.3 86.9	63.3 59.2	64.7 57.0	61.8 62.0	65.0 62.4
Corpus uteri	63	(X) 34	29	52.8	52.9	54.4	64.8	59.2 47.5	42.1	42.0	56.0
Oral cavity and pharynx	34	24	10	56.6	58.7	60.9	62.0	34.4	33.3	38.2	40.6
Leukemia 4	44	25	19	45.5	48.0	49.3	50.8	36.9	37.4	42.0	40.3
Melanoma of skin	60	34	26	88.2	89.6	89.6	91.7	79.9	60.3	66.8	77.0
Pancreas	37	19	18	3.4	4.6	4.2	4.9	5.7	3.7	3.7	4.6
Kidney	51	32	20	58.5	62.1	63.1	65.5	55.8	57.6	58.6	65.5
Stomach	21	13	8	19.1	19.3	20.7	22.2	20.0	24.1	19.8	24.2
Ovary	22 11	(X) (X)	22 11	39.9 73.6	42.5 71.9	42.7 74.6	44.7 74.3	35.3 58.2	37.8 58.6	42.8 64.0	37.5 65.8
Cervíx uteri 5	- 11	(٨)	11	73.0	71.9	74.0	74.3	38.2	58.6	04.0	8.60

¹ Estimates provided by American Cancer Society (<www.cancer.org₃) are based on rates from the g's SEER program. ² Includes other sites not shown separately. ³ Survival rates for female only. X Not applicable. National Cancer Institute's SEER program.

All types combined.

Invasive cancer only.

Table 172. Cancer—Estimated New Cases and Deaths by State: 2007

[In thousands (1,444.9 represents 1,444,900). Excludes basal and squamous cell skin cancers and in situ carcinomas except urinary bladder]

	Ne	ew cases	1		Deaths			N	ew cases	1		Deaths	
State	Total 2	Female breast	Lung & bron- chus	Total ²	Female breast	Lung & bron- chus	State	Total ²	Female breast	Lung & bron- chus	Total ²	Female breast	Lung & bron- chus
U.S	1,444.9	213.4	178.5	559.7	160.4	40.5							
AL AK AZ AR CA	20.6 2.5 26.3 14.1 151.3	3.9 0.3 3.7 2.4 17.9	2.8 0.3 3.2 1.8 19.8	9.7 0.8 10.1 6.2 54.9	3.2 0.2 2.9 2.2 13.2	0.7 0.1 0.7 0.4 4.1	MO MT NE NV NH	29.9 4.9 8.7 11.0 7.1	5.4 0.7 1.2 1.8 1.0	3.7 0.6 1.2 1.2 0.9	12.6 1.9 3.3 4.7 2.6	4.1 0.5 0.9 1.3 0.7	0.9 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.2
CO CT DE DC	19.2 19.8 4.5 2.5 106.6	2.1 2.7 0.8 0.4 17.5	2.7 2.5 0.6 0.3 11.7	6.7 7.0 1.8 1.0 40.4	1.7 1.9 0.6 0.3 12.4	0.5 0.5 0.1 0.1 2.7	NJ NM NY NC ND	49.4 8.0 101.0 38.2 3.3	6.3 0.9 13.4 6.3 0.4	6.1 1.1 12.6 4.9 0.4	17.1 3.3 35.3 16.9 1.2	4.4 0.7 9.5 5.2 0.4	1.4 0.2 2.7 1.2 0.1
GA HI ID IL IN	35.4 6.0 6.1 62.0 30.0	5.8 0.7 0.8 9.6 5.2	4.5 0.8 0.8 7.0 3.6	15.0 2.3 2.4 23.9 12.7	4.5 0.5 0.6 6.7 3.8	1.1 0.1 0.2 1.7 0.9	OH OK OR PA RI	59.2 17.2 18.6 75.1 6.4	9.8 3.2 2.5 10.5 0.9	6.7 2.2 2.5 8.9 0.7	24.6 7.4 7.4 29.1 2.4	7.3 2.4 2.1 7.8 0.6	1.8 0.5 0.5 2.5 0.1
IA KS KY LA ME	16.5 12.8 22.9 22.5 8.3	2.3 1.9 4.5 3.5 1.4	2.0 1.8 2.6 2.8 1.0	6.5 5.3 9.4 9.6 3.2	1.8 1.5 3.5 3.0 1.0	0.4 0.4 0.6 0.7 0.2	SC SD TN	21.4 4.0 28.4 91.0 7.7	3.5 0.5 5.1 13.5 0.6	2.6 0.5 3.7 12.1 0.9	8.9 1.6 12.9 34.2 2.7	2.8 0.4 4.3 9.9 0.5	0.6 0.1 0.9 2.5 0.2
MD MA MI MN MS	26.4 34.9 54.4 25.4 12.5	4.1 5.1 8.2 3.2 2.2	3.6 4.3 5.9 3.2 1.6	10.2 13.2 19.2 9.4 6.0	2.9 3.6 5.8 2.5 2.0	0.8 0.9 1.3 0.6 0.5	VT	3.5 35.1 31.1 10.5 28.1 2.3	0.4 5.4 4.0 2.1 3.9 0.3	0.4 4.6 4.1 1.2 3.3 0.3	1.2 13.7 11.4 4.6 10.9 1.0	0.4 4.3 3.2 1.5 2.9 0.3	0.1 1.1 0.8 0.3 0.8 0.1

¹ Estimates are offered as a rough guide and should be interpreted with caution. ² Includes other types of cancer, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute; http://seer.cancer.gov/csr/1975_2004/>.

Source: American Cancer Society, Inc., Atlanta, Georgia, Cancer Facts and Figures—2007 (copyright); http://www.cancer.org /docroot/STT/stt_0.asp>.

Table 173. Selected Notifiable Diseases—Cases Reported: 1980 to 2005

[190.9 represents 190,900. Figures should be interpreted with caution. Although reporting of some of these diseases is incomplete, the figures are of value in indicating trends of disease incidence. Includes cases imported from outside the United States]

Disease	1980	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
AIDS ¹ . Botulism ³ . Brucellosis (undulant fever) Chickenpox (Varicella) ⁴ (1,000) Coccidoidomycosis.	(²) 89 183 190.9 (²)	41,595 92 85 173,1 (²)	71,547 97 98 120,6 (²)	40,758 138 87 27.4 2,867	41,868 155 136 22.5 3,922	42,745 118 125 22.8 4,968	44,232 129 104 20.9 4,870	44,108 133 114 32.9 6,449	41,120 135 120 32.2 6,542
Cholera Cryptosporidiosis Domestic arboviral diseases West Nile	(²)	6 (²)	23 (NA)	5 3,128	3,785	3,016	2 3,506	5 3,577	5,659
Neuroinvasie	(2) (2)	(2) (2)	(2) (2)	(2) (2)	(2) (2)	2,840 (²)	2,866 (²)	1,142 (²)	1,309 1,691
coli 0157:H7 Giardiasis Haemophilus influenza Hansen disease (Leprosy) Hepattiis: A (infectious) (1,000) B (serum) (1,000) C/Non-A, non-B (1,000) ⁶	(2) (2) (2) 223 29.1 19.0 (2)	(2) (2) (2) 198 31.4 21.1 2.6	2,139 (²) 1,180 144 31.6 10.8 4.6	4,528 (²) 1,398 91 13.4 8.0 3,197	3,287 (²) 1,597 79 10.6 7.8 3,976	3,840 21,206 1,743 96 8.8 8.0 1,835	2,671 19,709 2,013 95 7.7 7.5 1,102	2,544 20,636 2,085 105 5.7 6.2 720	2,621 19,733 2,304 87 4.5 5.1 652
Legionellosis . Lyme disease	(2) (2) (2) 2,062 13.5	1,370 (²) 1,292 27.8	1,241 11,700 1,419 0.3	1,127 17,730 1,560 0.1	1,168 17,029 1,544 0.1	1,321 23,763 1,430	2,232 21,273 1,402 0.1	2,093 19,804 1,458	2,301 23,305 1,494
Meningococcal infections. Mumps (1,000) Pertussis ⁷ (1,000) Plague	2,840 8.6 1.7 18	2,451 5.3 4.6 2	3,243 0.9 5.1 9	2,256 0.3 7.9 6	2,333 0.3 7.6 2	1,814 0.3 9.8 2	1,756 0.2 11.6	1,361 0.3 25.8 3	1,245 0.3 25.6 8
Psittacosis Rabies, animal. Rabies, human	124 6,421 -	113 4,826 1	7,811 5	17 6,934 4	25 7,150 1	7,609 3	6,846 2	6,345 7	16 5,915 2
Rocky Mountain spotted fever Rubella Salmonellosis ⁹ (1,000) Shigellosis ¹⁰ (1,000)	1,163 3,904 33.7 19.0	651 1,125 48.6 27.1	590 128 46.0 32.1	495 176 39.6 22.9	695 23 40.5 20.2	1,104 18 44.3 23.5	1,091 7 43.7 23.6	1,713 10 42.2 14.6	1,936 11 45.3 16.2
Streptococcal disease, invasive, Group A	(²)	(²)	(²)	3,144	3,750	4,720	5,872	4,395	4,715
invasive: Drug-resistant. Age less than 5 years Tetanus Toxic-shock syndrome Trichinosis Tuberculosis 11 (1,000) Typhoid fever Sexually transmitted diseases:	(2) (2) 95 (2) 131 27.7 510	(2) (2) 64 322 129 25.7 552	(2) (2) 41 191 29 22.9 369	4,533 (²) 35 135 16 16.4 377	2,896 498 37 127 22 16.0 368	2,546 513 25 109 14 15.1 321	2,356 845 20 133 6 14.9 356	2,590 1,162 34 95 5 14.5 322	2,996 1,495 27 90 16 14.1 324
Chlamydia (1,000)	1,004 69	(²) 690 134	478 393 69	702 359 32	783 362 32	835 352 34	877 335 34	929 330 33	976 340 33

⁻ Represents zero.

Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome was not a notifiable disease until 1984. Figures are shown for years in which cases were reported to the CDC. Beginning 1995, based on revised classification system and expanded surveillance case definition.

Disease was not notifiable.

Chickenpox was taken off the nationally notifiable list in 1991 but many states continue to report.

The national surveillance case definitions for the arboviral diseases was revised in 2005, and nonneuroinvasive arboviral diseases were added to the list of nationally notifiable infectious diseases.

Includes some persons positive for antibody to hepatitis C virus.

Whooping cough.

German measles. Excludes rubella, congenital syndrome.

Excludes typhoid fever.

Bacillary dysentery.

Newly reported active cases.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2005, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, Vol. 54, No. 53, March 30, 2007. http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/PDF/wk/mm5453.pdf.

Table 174. AIDS, Syphilis, and Tuberculosis Cases Reported by State: 2005

								•	-		
State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis	State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis	State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis
U.S AL	41,120 523 29 645 242 4,117 364 674 177 708 5,055 2,396 110 26 1,938 414	33,278 551 22 792 231 5,340 144 166 35 365 2,888 1,924 1,608 1,924 1,608 2,888	14,097 216 59 281 114 2,904 101 95 56 1,094 505 505 112 23 596 1,46	KS KY LA ME MD MA MI MS MO MT NE NV NH NJ NJ NY N	110 267 976 22 1,596 716 829 223 390 384 20 49 296 37 1,276 1,276	88 129 1,237 6 1,005 398 488 206 371 372 7 18 343 33 813 183 3,851	60 124 257 17 283 265 246 199 103 108 10 35 112 4 485 39 1,289	ND OH	10 7966 284 220 1,524 99 90 621 19 851 3,152 66 7 649 486 76 125	1 502 159 109 712 64 549 4 916 4,287 50 1 1 655 359 18 138	6 260 144 103 325 47 261 16 298 1,535 29 8 355 256 28 78
IA	95	28	55	NC	945	712	329				

Represents zero.
 Includes cases among persons with unknown state of residence.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2005, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, Vol. 54, No. 53, March 30, 2007; http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/PDF/wk/mm5453.pdf.

Table 175. Reported AIDS Cases for Adults and Adolescents by Transmission Category and Sex: 2005

[Provisional. For cases reported in the year shown. Includes Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, and U.S. Pacific Islands. Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) is a specific group of diseases or conditions which are indicative of severe immunosuppression related to infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). Data are subject to retrospective changes and may differ from those data in Table 173]

Transmission actors.		2005		Cumulative through 2005 ¹			
Transmission category	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
Persons 13 years old and over, total Male-to-male sexual contact	41,900 14,819 6,215	30,956 14,819 4,168	10,944 (X) 2,047	946,578 416,232 225,210	764,808 416,232 159,676	181,769 (X) 65,534	
injection drug use. Hemophilia/coagulation disorder High-risk heterosexual contact Sex with injection drug user Sex with bisexual male Sex with person with hemophilia Sex with HIV-infected transfusion recipient. Sex with HIV-infected person.	1,742 79 8,028 1,140 223 16 40	1,742 68 3,110 389 (X) 3 13	(X) 11 4,918 751 223 13 27	62,940 5,482 126,405 36,681 4,876 574 1,296	62,940 5,142 46,533 11,371 (X) 81 529	(X) 340 79,872 25,310 4,876 493 767	
risk factor not specified	6,609 160 10,857	2,705 73 6,976	3,904 87 3,881	9,334 100,975	34,552 5,190 69,095	48,426 4,144 31,879	

¹ Includes persons with a diagnosis of AIDS, reported from the beginning of the epidemic through 2005. Cumulative total includes persons with characteristics unknown.

Table 176. Estimated Numbers of Persons Living With Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) by Year and Selected Characteristics: 2000 to 2005

[These numbers do not represent reported case counts. Rather, these numbers are point estimates, which result from adjustments of reported case counts. The reported case counts are adjusted for reporting delays and for redistribution of cases in persons initially reported without an identified risk factor. The estimates do not include adjustment for incomplete reporting. See the Commentary section in the 2005 report. See headnote, Table 175]

Age and characteristic	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total ^{1, 2}	320,177	363,496	386,310	408,875	433,760
AGE AS OF END OF YEAR					
Less than 13 years old 13 and 14 years old 15 to 24 years old 25 to 34 years old 35 to 44 years old 45 to 54 years old 45 to 64 years old 55 years old despending on the service of the se	2,843 513 4,944 54,473 143,920 85,445 22,089 5,950	2,303 689 5,419 48,408 151,292 107,040 30,249 7,851	1,998 753 6,056 46,822 155,309 119,335 35,935 9,304	1,670 802 6,729 45,530 157,579 132,051 42,213 11,009	1,393 793 7,562 44,497 158,856 145,946 49,809 13,018
RACE/ETHNICITY					
White, not Hispanic. Black, not Hispanic. Hispanic Asian/Pacific Islander American Indian/Alaska Native	119,420 132,090 63,894 2,612 1,099	130,510 152,536 63,871 3,158 1,266	136,501 163,683 68,388 3,532 1,378	142,884 174,363 72,723 3,891 1,481	149,658 185,988 78,054 4,276 1,581
TRANSMISSION CATEGORY MALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT					
Males 13 years old and over, total Male-to-male sexual contact Injection drug use. Male-to-male sexual contact and injection drug use High-risk heterosexual contact Other 3	248,726 142,069 57,778 22,603 22,568 3,708	272,553 159,143 58,089 24,030 27,531 3,760	288,509 169,479 59,909 24,678 30,593 3,849	304,500 180,061 61,582 25,307 33,571 3,979	322,125 191,362 63,864 25,961 36,784 4,154
FEMALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT					
Females 13 years old and over, total	67,601 26,656 39,121 1,824	76,930 28,176 46,743 2,012	83,224 29,230 51,844 2,149	89,313 30,232 56,760 2,321	95,959 31,521 61,938 2,500
CHILD (LESS THAN 13 YEARS OLD AT DIAGNOSIS)					
Total Perinatal Other ⁴	3,848 3,706 142	3,763 3,631 132	3,775 3,648 127	3,766 3,640 126	3,787 3,661 126

¹ Includes persons of unknown or multiple race and of unknown sex. Because column totals were calculated independently of the values for the subpopulations, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. ² Persons who reported multiple racial categories or whose race was unknown are included in the total numbers. ³ Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, racial categories or whose race was unknown are included in the total numbers. ³ Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal, and risk not reported or not identified. ⁴ Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, and risk not reported or not identified.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2005, Volume 17. http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/reports/2005report/default.htm (accessed 20 December 2006).

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2005, Volume 17; http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/reports/2005report/default.htm (revised June 2007).

Table 177. Children Immunized Against Specified Diseases: 1995 to 2005

[In percent. Covers civilian noninstitutionalized population ages 19 months to 35 months. Based on estimates from the National immunization Survey. The health care providers of the children are contacted to verify and/or complete vaccination information. Results are based on race/ethnic status of the child]

					20	05 ¹		
Vaccination	1995 , total	2000 , total	Total	White, non- Hispanic	Black, non- Hispanic	Hispanic ²	American Indian/ Alaska Native ³	Asian ³
Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (DTP) diphtheria-tetanus: 3+ doses 4+ doses Polio: 3+ doses Measles, mumps, rubella vaccine Hib: 3+ doses Hepatitis B: 3+ doses Varicella 5 PCV: 3+ doses 4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MCV 7	76.0	94.0 82.0 90.0 91.0 93.0 90.0 68.0 (X) 78.0	96.1 85.7 91.7 91.5 93.9 92.9 87.9 82.8 83.1	96.1 87.1 91.4 91.4 94.2 93.1 86.1 83.2 84.0	95.2 84.0 91.0 91.9 92.9 92.7 90.6 79.6 81.4	96.3 83.6 92.3 91.1 94.2 92.7 89.2 83.5 81.8	90.7 (NA) (NA) 89.7 87.9 90.1 82.2 (NA) (NA)	96.8 88.8 92.9 91.9 89.3 92.7 91.9 78.7 85.7
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MCV/3+ Hib 4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MCV/3+ Hib/3+ HepB	74.0 55.1	76.0 72.8	82.4 80.8	83.6 82.1	80.5 79.3	81.2 78.8	(NA) (NA)	82.3 80.5

<sup>T Children were born between February 2002 and July 2004.
Children of Hispanic ic.
Haemophilus influenzae type B.
Data collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.
MCV = Measles containing vaccine.

A collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for vaccine.

Only a collection for varicella (chicken pox) ccal conjugate vaccine.

Only a collection for vaccine.

Only a collecti</sup> NA Not available. X Not Applicable. 1 ace. 3 Non-Hispanic. NA Not available. Non-Hispanic. Plaemophilica ethnicity may be any race. Non-Hispanic. Plaemophilica ethnicity may be any race. PCV = Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine.

Table 178. Learning Disability or Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder for Children 3-17 Years of Age by Selected Characteristics: 2005

[In thousands, except percent (61,192 represents 61,192,000). Learning Disability is based on the question, "Has a representative from a school or a health professional ever told you that (child's name) has a learning disability?" Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder is based on the question, "Has a doctor of health professional ever told you that (child's name) had Attention Hyperactivity Disorder or Attention Deficit Disorder?"]

			Ever told	had—	
Selected characteristic		Learning dis	ability	Attention d	
	Total	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total ^{1, 2}	61,192	4,244	6.9	3,998	6.5
SEX ² Male	31,235	2,711	8.7	2,854	9.1
	29,957	1,534	5.1	1,143	3.8
AGE 3 to 4 years old	8,119	125	1.5	⁴ 60	⁴ 0.7
	27,766	1,791	6.5	1,682	6.1
	25,307	2,329	9.2	2,256	8.9
RACE Race alone ^{2, 3} White Black or African American American Indian or Alaska Native. Asian Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Two or more races ^{2, 5}	59,480	4,104	6.9	3,842	6.4
	47,287	3,233	6.8	3,123	6.6
	9,355	774	8.2	634	6.8
	510	⁴ 37	⁴ 7.4	⁴ 40	⁴ 8.2
	2,219	⁴ 48	⁴ 2.1	⁴ 44	⁴ 2.0
	109	(B)	(B)	–	-
	1,712	141	9.0	156	9.1
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE: ^{2, 6} Hispanic or Latino Mexican or Mexican American Not Hispanic or Latino. White, single race Black or African American, single race	11,600	807	7.1	533	4.7
	7,967	505	6.5	327	4.2
	49,592	3,438	6.9	3,465	6.9
	36,546	2,525	6.8	2,680	7.2
	9,038	744	8.2	616	6.9

races not shown separately. Estimates are age-adjusted to the 2000 projected U.S. standard popul years, 5-11 years, and 12-17 years. Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group standard of reliability or precision. Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, National Immunization Program, Data and Statistics, "Immunization Coverage in the U.S."; http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/stats-surv/imz-coverage.htm#nis

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 231, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Children: National Health Interview Survey, 2005; https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_231.pdf.

Table 179. Asthma Incidence Among Children Under 18 Years of Age by Selected Characteristics: 2005

[In thousands, except percent (73,376 represents 73,376,000). Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic		Ever told had	asthma	Had asthma a past 12 mg	
	Total	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total ^{1, 2}	73,376	9,287	12.7	6,531	8.9
SEX ²					
Male	37,511 35,865	5,481 3,806	14.7 10.6	3,745 2,786	10.0 7.8
AGE					
0 to 4 years old	20,303 27,766 25,307	1,741 3,715 3,830	8.6 13.4 15.2	1,371 2,742 2,417	6.8 9.9 9.6
RACE White Black or African American. American Indian or Alaska Native. Asian Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Two or more races 2-5	71,242 56,761 11,152 591 2,621 117 2,133	8,932 6,558 1,949 112 278 ⁴ 34 355	12.6 11.6 17.5 20.1 10.5 433.3 17.3	6,263 4,519 1,467 ⁴ 81 171 (B) 268	8.8 8.0 13.2 ⁴ 14.0 6.5 ⁴ 29.2 13.0
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE ^{2, 6} Hispanic or Latino Mexican or Mexican American Not Hispanic or Latino White, single race Black or African American, single race	14,423 9,953 58,953 43,429 10,741	1,780 1,058 7,507 4,963 1,859	12.6 10.8 12.7 11.4 17.4	1,237 736 5,294 3,432 1,401	8.7 7.5 9.0 7.9 13.1

B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure.

1 Includes other races not shown separately.
2 Estimates are age-adjusted to the 2000 projected U.S. standard population using age groups 3-4 years, 5-11 years, and 12-17 years.
3 Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group.
4 Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group.
4 Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Table 180. Number of Persons with a Disability by Age Group and by State: 2005

[In thousands (39,736 represents 39,736,000). Based on data from American Community Survey (ACS). See text, Section 1 and Appendix III1

State	Total	5 to 15 years	16 to 64 years 2	65 years and over ³	State	Total	5 to 15 years	16 to 64 years ²	65 years and over 3
U.S	39,736	2,887	22,789	14,062	мо	907	59	536	312
AL	826	58	494	274	MT	142	10	81	51
AK	86	7	59	20	NE	221	16	121	84
AZ	749	57	425	267	NV	262	20	148	95
AR	532	40	314	178	NH	167	15	95	56
CA	4,122	284	2,357	1,482	NJ	950	63	501	386
CO	497	36	297	164	NM	297	18	179	100
CT	402	29	218	155	NY	2,433	169	1,343	921
DE	112	10	64	38	NC	1,275	94	757	424
DC	67	5	39	23	ND	81	5	41	35
FL	2,567	161	1,324	1,082	OH	1,668	130	966	572
GA	1,161	81	723	357	OK	604	35	361	208
HI	145	7	77	61	OR	533	35	312	187
ID	201	14	117	69	PA	1,787	130	973	684
IL	1,464	115	797	552	RI	155	14	87	55
IN	879	72	511	297	SC	660	41	402	217
IA	382	25	209	148	SD	98	5	53	40
KS	352	22	197	133	TN	1,012	63	623	326
KY	801	55	505	241	TX	2,885	253	1,681	951
LA	737	61	443	233	UT	273	26	168	79
ME	218	18	130	70	VT	91	7	53	31
MD	647	58	364	226	VA	930	69	532	329
MA	784	61	426	297	WA	889	61	544	283
MI	1,438	118	835	485	WV	390	20	236	133
MN	569	44	321	204	WI	668	51	377	240
MS	548	35	330	183	WY	72	5	43	24

¹ Persons aged 5–15 were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the four conditions; sensory, physical, mental, or self-care disability. ² Persons aged 16–64 were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the six conditions; sensory, physical, mental, self-care disability, go-outside-home, or employment disability. ³ Persons 65 years and over were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the five conditions; sensory, physical, mental, self-care disability, or go-outside-home disability.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 231, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Children: National Health Interview Survey, 2005; https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_231.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "American Factfinder[®], 2005 American Community Survey, Summary Table, Sex by Age by Disability Status for the Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population 5 Years and Over"; http://www.factfinder.census.gov/.

Table 181. Persons With Limitation of Activity Caused by Chronic Conditions: 2000 to 2005

[In percent. Limitation of activity is assessed by asking respondents a series of questions about limitations in their ability to perform activities usual for their agé group becausé of a physical, mental, or emotional problem. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	2000	2003	2004	2005	Characteristic	2000	2003	2004	2005
				11.7	Male ²	11.7	11.9	11.8	11.7
Under 18 years old			7.0 6.0	7.0 5.7	Female ²	11.5	12.2	11.9	11.6
45 to 54 years old	12.4	13.0	12.5	11.9	White, non-Hispanic 2				11.5
55 to 64 years old				19.9	Black, non-Hispanic 2	14.3			
65 to 74 years old			25.5 43.9				10.2 9.7	10.2 10.1	10.5 11.4

² Estimates for all persons are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using ¹ Includes all other races not shown separately. six age groups: Under 18 years old, 18–44 years old, 45–54 years old, 55–64 years old, 65–74 years old, and 75 years old and over.

3 Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Table 182. Persons 65 Years Old and Over With Limitation of Activity Caused by Chronic Conditions: 2000 to 2005

[In percent. Covers noninstitutionalized persons 65 years old and over. To determine activities of daily living (ADL) limitations respondents were asked "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem, does (this person) need the help of other persons with personal care needs, such as eating, bathing, dressing, or getting around, miside this home?" Instrumental activities of daily lying (IADL) were determined by asking respondents "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem, does (this person) need the help of other persons in handling routine needs, such as everyday household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting around for other purposes?" See also headnote, Table 181]

Characteristic	Perc	ent with Al	DL limitation	n	Percent with IADL limitation				
Characteristic	2000	2003	2004	2005	2000	2003	2004	2005	
Total 1, 2	6.3	6.4	6.1	6.2	12.7	12.2	11.5	12.0	
65 to 74 years old	3.3	3.1	2.9	3.2	6.6	6.5	5.5	6.4	
75 years old and over	9.5	9.9	9.5	9.4	19.3	18.4	18.1	18.3	
Male 2	5.1	5.2	4.8	4.6	9.2	8.6	8.4	8.1	
Female ²	7.0	7.2	6.9	7.2	15.1	14.6	13.6	14.8	
Not Hispanic or Latino 2	6.1	6.1	5.8	5.9	12.6	12.1	11.3	11.8	
White	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.4	12.1	11.4	10.7	11.2	
Black or African American	10.1	10.4	8.7	10.1	19.1	19.0	17.1	17.7	
Hispanic or Latino 2, 3	8.6	10.3	10.4	10.7	13.4	13.8	14.8	16.9	
Mexican	9.4	9.8	10.7	12.0	16.3	15.1	15.3	19.6	

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. 2 Estimates are age aujusiou to the short shown separately. 3 Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race. ² Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using two age groups: 65-74 years old and 75 years old and over.

Table 183. Nursing Homes—Selected Characteristics: 2004

[Beds: 1,730 represents 1,730,000. Covers licensed and/or certified nursing homes in the conterminous United States that had three or more beds. Based on the 2004 National Nursing Home Survey, a two-stage survey sample of nursing homes and their residents. Subject to sampling variability.]

Characteristic		Ве	ds	Curr resid		Full-time e employ	
Characteristic	Nursing homes	Number (1,000)	Per nursing home	Number (1,000)	Occupancy rate	Number (1,000)	Rate per 100 beds
Total	16,100	1,730	107.6	1,492	86.3	1,053	60.9
ProprietaryVoluntary nonprofit	9,900 5,000	1,074 504	108.6 101.6	918 440	85.5 87.4	615 326	57.2 64.6
Government and other	1,200	152	123.6	134	87.9	113	74.1
Medicare and medicaid							
certified	14,100 ³ 700	1,600 33	113.5 50.6	1,380 28	86.2 85.0	972 20	60.8 59.7
Medicaid only	1,100	76	69.0	68	89.1	41	53.7
Not certified	³ 200	21	90.4	17	78.3	20	95.7
Fewer than 50 beds	2,200	.76	33.8	.62	82.1	43	56.6
50-99 beds	6,000 6,800	455 903	75.7 132.0	423 789	92.9 87.3	254 563	55.8 62.4
200 beds or more	1,000	296	298.2	219	73.9	193	65.3
Region: Northeast	2.800	382	136.0	331	86.8	263	68.9
Midwest	5,300	527	99.4	448	85.1	286	54.2
South	5,400 2,600	586 236	108.2 92.1	502 211	85.6 89.5	353 151	60.3 64.1
Affiliation:				210			
Chain	8,700 7,400	939 791	107.9 107.2	812 680	86.5 86.0	540 514	57.4 65.0

² Includes only those employees providing Number of residents divided by number of available beds multiplied by 100. direct health-related services to residents. Includes nurses, nurses' aides, orderlies, dental hygienists, physical therapists, speech

reliability or precision.
Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics; National Nursing Home Survey, see also http://www.cdc.gov/nchs /about/major/nnhsd/Facilitytables.htm>.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Health, United States, annual; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Health, United States, annual; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm.

Table 184. Injury and Poisoning Episodes and Conditions by Age and Sex: 2005

[33,202 represents 33,202,000. Covers all medically attended injuries and poisonings occurring during the 5-week period prior to the survey interview. Age adjustment is used to adjust for differences in the age distribution of populations being compared. There may be more than one condition per episode. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

			Во	th sexes					
External cause and nature of injury	Total	Total, age- adjusted 1	Under 12 years old	12 to 21 years old	22 to 44 years old	45 to 64 years old	65 years old and over	Male, total	Female, total
EPISODES									
Number (1,000)	33,202	(X)	4,851	6,155	9,303	7,899	4,994	17,750	15,451
total ²	114.0 40.5	114.1 40.6	100.6 47.5	148.3 32.4	98.9 23.2	109.3 40.5	142.5 87.2	124.6 35.1	103.9 45.7
Struck by or against a person or an object. Transportation 3 Overexertion Cutting, piercing instruments. Poisoning 5 CONDITIONS	14.4 13.2 15.4 7.8 1.8	14.5 13.2 15.2 7.7 1.8	14.4 ⁴ 13.5 ⁴ 2.4 ⁴ 4.7 ⁴ 3.2	34.8 16.0 21.2 ⁴ 4.4 ⁴ 1.2	12.3 14.4 19.0 8.9 ⁴ 1.0	7.7 12.0 19.2 10.2 ⁴ 2.9	⁴ 9.5 ⁴ 8.6 ⁴ 8.7 ⁴ 8.1 ⁴ 0.9	18.6 15.3 16.9 11.7 41.8	10.4 11.2 13.9 4.1 ⁴ 1.9
Annual rate per 1,000 population, total ² . Sprains/strains. Open wounds Fractures Contusions	146.6 42.0 20.0 24.1 24.4	146.7 41.8 20.1 24.1 24.4	111.0 13.7 31.9 20.2 15.7	180.4 63.9 17.5 27.9 29.8	132.5 47.0 15.7 15.7 20.8	142.2 45.2 16.9 22.7 24.1	202.3 35.4 24.5 50.3 39.8	152.6 39.5 26.6 25.2 23.7	140.8 44.5 13.7 23.0 25.0

plicable.

Data were age-adjusted using the 2000 standard population.

Includes the categories "Motor vehicle traffic", "Pedal cycle, other", "Pedestrian, other"; and "Transport, other." ot meet standard of reliability or precision.

Poisoning episodes are assumed to have a single condition resulting X Not applicable. separately. 5 Includes the categories "Motor vehicle tr. 4 Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. from the episode.

Table 185. Injuries Associated With Selected Consumer Products: 2005

[Estimates calculated from a representative sample of hospitals with emergency treatment departments in the United States. Data are estimates of the number of emergency-room-treated cases nationwide associated with various products. Product involvement does not necessarily mean the product caused the accident. Products were selected from the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission's National Electronic Injury Surveillance System (NEISS)]

Product	Number	Product	Number
Home workshop equipment:		Stairs or steps	1,104,071
Saws (hand or power)	95,448	Ceilings and walls	308,518
Hammers	34,105	Other doors 2	307,713
Household packaging and containers:		Home entertainment equipment:	
Household containers and packaging	207,680	Televisions	51,091
Bottles and jars	73,916	Personal use items:	
Housewares:		Footwear	115,944
Knives	429,021	Wheelchairs	103,055
Tableware and flatware			81,205
Drinking glasses	74,018	Yard and garden equipment:	
Home furnishing		Lawn mowers	84,316
Beds	505,826	Sports and recreation equipment:	
Chairs	302,328	Bicycles	494,712
Tables 1	298,949	Skateboards	112,544
Household cabinets, racks, and shelves	245,555	Trampolines	108,029
Home structures, construction:		Playground climbing equipment	80,312
Floors or flooring materials	1,114,816	Swimming pools	79,823

² Excludes glass doors and garage doors. ¹ Excludes baby-changing and television tables or stands.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, Injury Facts, Annual (copyright); http://www.nsc.org/lrs/statstop.htm.

Table 186. Costs of Unintentional Injuries: 2005

[625.5 represents \$625.500.000.000. Covers costs of deaths or disabling injuries together with vehicle accidents and fires]

		Amo	unt (bil. c	lol.)		Percent distribution				
Cost	Total 1	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other	Total 1	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other
Total	625.5	247.7	160.4	142.3	96.3	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Wage and productivity losses 2	318.2	88.0	80.0	90.6	64.0	50.9	35.5	49.9	63.7	66.5
Medical expense	118.8	34.3	31.3	33.5	21.6	19.0	13.8	19.5	23.5	22.4
Administrative expenses 3	117.4	81.9	34.4	7.0	6.9	18.8	33.1	21.4	4.9	7.2
Motor vehicle damage	41.3	41.3	1.7	(NA)	(NA)	6.6	16.7	1.1	(NA)	(NA)
Employer uninsured cost 4	19.1	2.2	10.7	`4.2	`2.4	3.1	0.9	6.7	`3.Ó	`2.5
Fire loss	10.7	(NA)	2.3	7.0	1.4	1.7	(NA)	1.4	4.9	1.5

¹ Excludes duplication between work and motor vehicle (\$21.2 billion in 2005). ² Actual loss of wages NA Not available. Home and other costs may include costs of the health insurance plans.

4 Estimate of the and household production, and the present value of future earnings lost. administering medical treatment claims for some motor-vehicle injuries filed through health insurance plans. uninsured costs incurred by employers, representing the money value of time lost by noninjured workers.

Source National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, Injury Facts, Annual (copyright); http://www.nsc.org/lrs/statstop.htm.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data. See also http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/injury.htm.

Table 187. Persons 18 Years and Over With Selected Diseases and Conditions by Selected Characteristics: 2005

[In thousands (217,774 represents 217,774,000). Based on National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

			Persons w	ith selected	diseases ar	nd condition	s
Selected characteristic	Total persons	Diabe- tes ^{1, 2}	Ulcers ¹	Kidney dis- ease 3, 4	Liver dis- ease 3	Arthritis diag- nosis	Chronic joint symptoms ⁶
Total ^{7, 8}	217,774	16,186	15,104	3,791	2,965	46,941	58,863
Male	104,919 112,855	7,896 8,290	6,913 8,190	1,736 2,055	1,571 1,395	18,260 28,681	25,967 32,896
18 to 44 years old 45 to 64 years old 65 to 74 years old 75 years old and over	72,296 18,446 16,600	2,640 7,595 3,421 2,529	4,787 6,008 2,100 2,209	931 1,305 675 880	738 1,721 321 185	8,624 20,780 8,609 8,927	17,161 25,426 8,313 7,963
Race alone ^{8, 9}	215,349 180,477 24,817 1,469 8,155	15,982 12,886 2,513 116 437	14,916 13,042 1,327 148 349	3,696 2,967 570 ¹⁰ 38 ¹⁰ 104	2,912 2,484 314 ¹⁰ 33 ¹⁰ 81	46,288 40,351 4,718 310 868	58,006 50,803 5,593 420 1,138
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	431 2,425	(B) 204	(B) 188	10 ^(B)	10 ₅₃	¹⁰ (B) 653	53 857
Hispanic or Latino	27,770 17,163	1,898 1,242	1,311 745	563 351	386 213	3,194 1,677	4,729 2,631

[—] Represents zero. B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a health professional that they had an ulcer or diabetes. A person may be represented in more than one column. ² Excludes borderline diabetes. ³ Respondents were asked if they had been told in the last 12 months by a health professional that they had weak or failing kidneys or any kind of liver condition. ⁴ Excludes kidney stones, bladder infections, or incontinence. ⁵ Respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a health professional that they had some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia. ⁶ Respondents with joint symptoms that began more than 3 months ago prior to interview. Excludes back and neck. ⁷ Total includes other races not shown separately. ⁸ Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standards using four age groups; 18–44 years, 45–46 years, 65–74 years, and 75 years and over. ⁹ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ¹⁰ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ¹¹ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ¹² Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Table 188. Persons 18 Years of Age and Over with Selected Circulatory Diseases by Selected Characteristics: 2005

[In thousands (217,774 represents 217,774,000). In separate questions, respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that they had: hypertension (or high blood pressure); coronary heart disease, angina (or angina pectoris); heart attack (or myocardial infarction); any other heart condition or disease not already mentioned; or a stroke. A person may be represented in more than one column. Based on National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

		Selected	d circulatory disea	ses	
Characteristic		Heart dis	ease	Hunor	
	Total persons	All types 1	Coronary ²	Hyper- tension ³	Stroke
Total ^{4, 5} SEX ⁵	217,774	25,583	14,088	48,759	5,166
Male	104,919	12,538	7,903	22,171	2,239
	112,855	13,045	6,185	26,588	2,926
18 to 44 years old	110,431	4,763	1,089	8,067	401
	72,296	9,822	5,316	22,521	1,558
	18,446	4,927	3,480	9,127	1,144
	16,600	6,071	4,203	9,044	2,063
Race alone ^{5, 6}	215,349	25,264	13,929	48,258	5,078
	180,477	22,366	12,325	39,414	4,213
	24,817	2,258	1,311	7,097	706
	1,469	163	742	308	⁷ 37
	8,155	445	231	1,372	118
Islander	431	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
	2,425	318	158	501	788
Hispanic or Latino	27,770	1,596	1,028	3,964	347
	17,163	846	512	2,194	233

B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure.

B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure.

1 Heart disease includes coronary heart disease, angina pectoris, heart attack, or any other heart condition or disease.

2 Coronary heart disease includes coronary heart disease, angina pectoris, or heart attack.

3 Persons had to have been told on two or more different visits that they had hypertension, or high blood pressure, to be classified as hypertensive.

4 Includes other races not shown separately.

5 See footnote 8, Table 187.

6 Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group.

7 Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision.

8 Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group.

9 Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 232, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2005; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr10/sr10232.pdf>

of precision. Telefa to an personal personal management and race or combination of races.

Source U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 232, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2005; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr10/sr10232.pdf.

Table 189. Selected Respiratory Diseases Among Persons 18 Years of Age and Over by Selected Characteristics: 2005

[In thousands (217,774 represents 217,774,000). Respondents were asked in two separate questions if they had ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that they had emphysema or asthma. Respondents who had been told they had asthma were asked if they still had asthma. Respondents were asked in three separate questions if they had been told by a doctor or other health professional in the past 12 months that they had hay fever, sinusitis, or bronchitis. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

			Selec	ted respira	atory condition	ons ¹	
Selected characteristic	Total	Emphy-	Asth	ma			Chronic
	persons	sema	Ever	Still	Hay fever	Sinusitis	bronchitis
Total ^{2, 3}	217,774	3,791	23,334	15,697	18,651	29,517	8,912
SEX ³ Male	104,919 112,855	2,061 1,730	9,148 14,186	5,348 10,349	7,983 10,668	10,170 19,346	2,886 6,026
AGE 18 to 44 years old	110,431 72,296 18,446 16,600	341 1,430 1,070 951	12,322 7,555 2,011 1,445	7,746 5,281 1,600 1,070	8,566 7,750 1,438 897	12,875 11,831 2,683 2,126	3,504 3,544 1,026 838
RACE White Black or African American. American Indian or Alaska Native. Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander.	215,349 180,477 24,817 1,469 8,155	3,725 3,503 180 (B) ⁵ 24	22,964 19,174 2,899 120 626 (B)	15,425 12,895 2,048 585 337	18,481 16,225 1,502 5122 569 (B)	29,115 24,996 3,292 193 509 (B)	8,744 7,511 1,063 ⁵ 56 ⁵ 96
Islander	2,425	(B) ⁵ 66	370	271	170	401	168
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE ^{3, 7} Hispanic or Latino. Mexican or Mexican American Not Hispanic or Latino. White, single race Black or African American, single race	27,770 17,163 190,004 154,325 24,186	132 566 3,659 3,377 180	2,097 1,028 21,237 17,248 2,810	1,386 664 14,311 11,626 1,993	1,846 1,039 16,805 14,460 1,486	2,242 1,138 27,275 22,942 3,220	666 327 8,247 6,889 1,049

B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure.

Total includes other races not shown separately.

See footnote 8, Table 187.

Hefers to persons who sated only a single race group.

Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

Refers to all persons who sated more than one race group.

Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 232, Summary Health istics for U.S. Adult National Health Interview Survey, 2005. http://www.ccf.com/citats/series/cf10/cf10/232.pdf. A person may be represented in more than e 8, Table 187. one column. indicated only a single race group. indicated more than one race group.

Statistics for U.S. Adult: National Health Interview Survey, 2005; https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr10/sr10232.pdf>.

Table 190. Persons 18 Years of Age and Over With Migraines and Pains in the Neck, Lower Back, Face or Jaw, by Selected Characteristics: 2005

[In thousands (217,774 represents 217,774,000). Based on National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population, Appendix III]

			Migraine and	l pain ¹	
Selected characteristic	Total persons	Migraine or severe headache ²	Pain in neck ³	Pain in lower back ³	Pain in face or jaw ³
Total ^{4, 5}	217,774	32,826	32,294	61,965	9,639
Male	104,919	9,857	13,022	27,502	2,818
	112,855	22,970	19,271	34,463	6,821
18 to 44 years old	110,431	20,281	14,076	27,632	4,981
	72,296	10,319	13,018	22,784	3,439
	18,446	1,366	2,906	5,909	687
	16,600	860	2,293	5,640	532
Race alone ^{5, 6} White Black or African American. American Indian or Alaska Native. Asian Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander. Two or more races ^{5, 8}	215,349	32,242	31,699	61,096	9,428
	180,477	27,461	27,745	52,561	8,144
	24,817	3,621	2,954	6,303	964
	1,469	235	170	433	⁷ 88
	8,155	864	757	1,599	227
	431	60	(B)	(B)	(B)
	2,425	585	594	869	211
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE ^{5, 9} Hispanic or Latino	27,770	4,319	3,492	6,983	923
	17,163	2,506	1,853	3,984	566

Mexican or Mexican American.

B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure.

A person may be represented in more than one column.

Respondents were asked, "During the past 3 months, did you have a severe headache or migraine?"

Respondents were instructed to report pain that had lasted a whole day or more and, conversely, not to report fleeting or minor aches or pains.

Respondents were asked, "During the past 3 months, did you have a neck pain; or low back pain; or facial ache or pain in the jaw muscles or the joint in front of the ear?" Respondents were instructed to report pain that had lasted a whole day or more and, conversely, not to report fleeting or minor aches or pains.

Total includes other races not shown separately. day or more and, conversely, not to report fleeting or minor aches or pains.

Total includes other races not shown separately.

See foothote 8, Table 187.

Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group.
Figure does not meet standard or reliability or precision.
Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group.

may be any race or combination of races.

Source U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 232, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2005; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr10/sr10232.pdf.

Table 191. Use of Mammography for Women 40 Years Old and Over by Patient Characteristics: 1990 to 2005

[Percent of women having a mammogram within the past 2 years. Covers civilian noninstitutional population. Based on National Health Interview Survey; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	1990	2000 ¹	2005 ²	Characteristic	1990	2000 ¹	2005 ²
Total ³		70.4		Years of school completed:	00.4		
40 to 49 years old		64.3	63.5		36.4	57.7	52.8
50 years old and over		73.6	68.4			69.7	64.9
50 to 64 years old		78.7	71.8	Some college or more	62.8	76.2	72.7
65 years old and over		67.9	63.8	5			
White, non-Hispanic				Poverty status: 5			
Black, non-Hispanic		67.9	65.2			54.8	48.5
Hispanic origin 4	45.2	61.2	58.8	At or above poverty	54.8	72.1	68.8

Adjusted data—data for 2000 have been reweighted using the 2000 census population controls.
² Data for 2005 are weighted using the 2000 census population controls.
³ Includes other races not shown separately and unknown education level and poverty status.
⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.
⁵ For explanation of poverty level, see text, Section 13.

Table 192. Current Cigarette Smoking: 1990 to 2005

[In percent. Prior to 1992, a current smoker is a person who has smoked at least 100 cigarettes and who now smokes. Beginning 1995, definition includes persons who smoke only "some days." Excludes unknown smoking status. Based on National Health Interview Survey; for details, see Appendix III]

Sex, age, and race	1990 ¹	1995 ¹	2000	2005	Sex, age, and race	1990 ¹	1995 ¹	2000	2005
Total smokers, age- adjusted ²	25.3	24.6	23.1	20.8	Black, total	32.5 21.3 33.8	28.5 ³ 14.6 25.1	26.1 20.8 23.3	26.5 21.6 29.8
Male	28.0 22.9	26.5 22.7	25.2 21.1	23.4 18.3	35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	42.0	36.3 33.9	30.8 32.2 14.2	23.3 32.4 16.8
White male	27.6 32.8	26.2 29.4	25.5 25.7	23.3 25.9	65 years and over Female, total		28.5 22.6 21.8	21.0 25.1	18.1 20.7
White female Black female	23.5 20.8	23.4 23.5	22.0 20.7	19.1 17.1	25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	28.2 24.8	26.4 27.1	22.5 26.2	21.5 21.3
Total smokers	25.5	24.7	23.2	20.9	45 to 64 years 65 years and over	24.8 11.5	24.0 11.5	21.6 9.3	18.8 8.3
Male, total	28.4 26.6 31.6 34.5 29.3 14.6	27.0 27.8 29.5 31.5 27.1 14.9	25.7 28.5 29.0 30.2 26.4 10.2	23.9 28.0 27.7 26.0 25.2 8.9	White, total	23.4 25.4 28.5 25.0 25.4 11.5	23.1 24.9 27.3 27.0 24.3 11.7	21.6 28.7 25.1 26.6 21.4 9.1	18.7 22.6 23.1 22.2 18.9 8.4
White, total	31.6	26.6 28.4 29.9 31.2 26.3 14.1	25.8 30.9 29.9 30.6 25.8 9.8	23.6 29.7 27.7 26.3 24.5 7.9	Black, total	25.5	23.5 38.8 26.7 31.9 27.5 13.3	20.8 14.2 15.5 30.2 25.6 10.2	17.3 14.2 16.9 19.0 21.0 10.0

Data prior to 1997 are not strictly comparable with data for later years due to the 1997 questionnaire redesign. Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using five age groups: 18–24 years, 25–34 years, 35–44 years, 45–64 years, 65 years and over. Data have a relative standard error of 20 to 30 percent.

d over.
^o Data have a relative standard error of 20 to 30 percent.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States*, annual. See also http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm.

Table 193. Current Cigarette Smoking by Sex and State: 2005

[In percent. Current cigarette smoking is defined as persons 18 years and older who reported having smoked 100 or more cigarettes during their lifetime and who currently smoke every day or some days. Based on the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, a telephone survey of health behaviors of the civilian, noninstitutionalized U.S. population, 18 years old and over; for details, see source]

State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female
U.S. 1	20.6	22.1	19.2	KS	17.8	18.9	16.8	ND	20.0	21.5	18.6
				KY	28.7	30.6	26.9	ОН	22.3	21.9	22.8
AL	24.8	29.5	20.5	LA	22.6	24.6	20.6	OK	25.1	26.5	23.8
AK	25.0	27.9	22.0	ME	20.9	22.4	19.5	OR	18.5	20.6	16.5
AZ	20.4	22.0	18.8	MD	19.0	19.7	18.4	PA	23.7	25.0	22.5
AR	23.5	25.2	21.9	MA	18.1	18.1	18.0	RI	19.8	19.4	20.1
CA	15.2	19.2	11.3	MI	22.1	24.1	20.2	SC	22.6	25.3	20.1
CO	19.9	21.6	18.1	MN	20.0	21.0	19.1	SD	19.8	20.4	19.2
CT	16.5	16.9	16.2	MS	23.7	25.9	21.7	TN	26.8	29.3	24.5
DE	20.7	22.5	19.0	MO	23.4	24.9	22.1	TX	20.0	23.3	16.8
DC	20.1	22.9	17.6	MT	19.2	19.3	19.1	UT	11.5	13.7	9.3
FL	21.6	24.8	18.7	NE	21.3	23.4	19.2	VT	19.3	21.6	17.0
GA	22.2	25.0	19.4	NV	23.1	25.2	20.9	VA	20.6	21.5	19.7
HI	17.1	19.3	15.0	NH	20.5	20.4	20.5	WA	17.6	19.1	16.1
ID	17.9	19.7	16.2	NJ	18.1	19.6	16.8	WV	26.6	27.4	26.0
IL	19.9	21.2	18.7	NM	21.5	24.4	18.8	WI	20.8	22.1	19.5
IN	27.3	29.7	25.1	NY	20.5	23.0	18.2	WY	21.3	20.5	22.1
IA	20.4	21.8	19.1	NC	22.7	25.6	19.9				

¹ Represents median value among the states and DC. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentations.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Health, United States, annual. See also http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, Vol. 55, No. 42, accessed 8 June 2007; http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr.

Table 194. Substance Abuse Treatment Facilities and Clients: 1995 to 2006

[As of October 2 (1995); as of October 1 (1997–2000), as of March 29 (2002), and as of March 31 (2003–2006). Based on the Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS)/National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS) survey, a census of all known facilities that provide substance abuse treatment in the United States and associated jurisdictions. Selected missing data for responding facilities were imputed]

Primary focus	Number	Primary focus	Number	Type of care and type of problem	Number of clients
FACILITIES		CLIENTS		2006, total ¹	1,130,881
1995	10,860 13,455 15,239	1995 1997 1998 2000 2002	929,086 1,038,378	Outpatient rehabilitation Outpatient detoxification 24-hour rehabilitation 24-hour detoxification	996,336 12,579 110,259 11,707
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006, total	13,623	2003 2004 2005 2006, total	1,092,546 1,072,251 1,081,049 1,130,881	Drug only	1,122,555 394,294 207,193 521,068
Substance abuse treatment services Mental health services General health care	8,577 1,050 223	General health care	771,962 52,586 16,256		
Both substance abuse and mental health Other	3,715 206		279,757 10,320		915,362 728,261

Excludes clients at facilities that did not provide data on type of substance abuse problem treated.
2 The sum of clients a drug problem and clients with both diagnoses.
3 The sum of clients with an alcohol problem and clients with both ² The sum of clients with a drug problem and clients with both diagnoses. diagnoses.

Table 195. Drug Use by Type of Drug and Age Group: 2002 and 2005

[In percent. Data comes from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). Current users are those who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on a representative sample of the U.S. population age 12 and older, including persons living in households and in some group quarters such as dormitories and homeless shelters. Estimates are based on computer-assisted interviews of about 68,000 respondents. Subject to sampling variability; see source]

Ago and type of drive	Ever	used	Curren	t user	Ago and type of drie	Ever	used	Curren	t user
Age and type of drug	2002	2005	2002	2005	Age and type of drug	2002	2005	2002	2005
12 YEARS OLD AND OVER Any illicit drug 1 Marijuana and hashish Cocaine Crack Heroin Hallucinogens LSD PCP Inhalants Any expendatoropoutio 2	46.0 40.4 14.4 3.6 1.6 10.4 3.2 9.7	46.1 40.1 13.8 3.3 1.5 13.9 9.2 2.7 9.4	8.3 6.2 0.9 0.2 0.1 0.5	8.1 6.0 1.0 0.3 0.1 0.4 - 0.3	18 TO 25 YEARS OLD Any illicit drug ¹ Marijuana and hashish Cocaine Hallucinogens Inhalants Any psychotherapeutic ² Alcohol "Binge" alcohol use ³ Cigarettes Sparkeless taboses	59.8 53.8 15.4 24.2 15.7 27.7 86.7 (NA) 71.2	59.2 52.4 15.1 21.0 13.3 30.3 85.7 (NA) 67.3	20.2 17.3 2.0 1.9 0.5 5.4 60.5 40.9	20.1 16.6 2.6 1.5 0.5 6.3 60.9 41.9 39.0
Any psychotherapeutic ² Pain relievers. Tranquilizers Stimulants. Methamphetamine. Sedatives Alcohol "Binge" alcohol use ³ Cigarettes Smokeless tobacco Cigars. Pine tebacco	19.8 12.6 8.2 9.0 5.3 4.2 83.1 (NA) 69.1 19.9 37.4 17.0	20.0 13.4 8.7 7.8 4.3 3.7 82.9 (NA) 66.6 18.4 36.3 15.8	2.6 1.9 0.8 0.5 0.2 51.0 22.9 26.0 3.3 5.4 0.8	2.6 1.9 0.7 0.4 0.2 0.1 51.8 22.7 24.9 3.2 5.6 0.9	Smokeless tobacco Cigars 26 TO 34 YEARS OLD Any illicit drug 1 Marijuana and hashish Cocaine Hallucinogens Inhalants Any psychotherapeutic 2 35 YEARS OLD AND OVER	23.7 45.6 58.3 52.2 17.6 20.6 14.1 24.4	20.8 43.2 56.7 49.8 15.9 20.8 14.1 24.8	4.8 11.0 10.5 7.7 1.2 0.5 0.1 3.6	5.1 12.0 11.0 8.6 1.3 0.5 0.2 3.5
Pipe tobacco 12 to 17 YEARS OLD Any illicit drug ¹ Marijuana and hashish Cocaine Hallucinogens Inhalants Any psychotherapeutic ²	30.9 20.6 2.7 5.7 10.5 13.7	27.7 17.4 2.3 3.9 10.5 11.9	11.6 8.2 0.6 1.0 1.2 4.0	9.9 6.8 0.6 0.8 1.2 3.3	Any illicit drug Marijuana and hashish Cocaine Hallucinogens Inhalants Any psychotherapeutic 26 YEARS OLD AND OVER	42.7 38.0 15.4 12.6 7.2 18.0	43.9 39.0 15.1 12.4 7.2 18.1	4.6 3.1 0.6 0.1 0.1 1.6	4.5 3.0 0.6 0.1 0.1 1.5
Alcohol "Binge" alcohol use ³ Cigarettes Smokeless tobacco Cigars	43.4 (NA) 33.3 8.0 16.3	40.6 (NA) 26.7 7.1 14.1	17.6 10.7 13.0 2.0 4.5	16.5 9.9 10.8 2.1 4.2	Alcohol "Binge" alcohol use [§] Cigarettes Smokeless tobacco Cigars	88.0 (NA) 73.7 20.9 39.0	88.2 (NA) 71.9 19.5 38.1	53.9 21.4 25.2 3.2 4.6	55.1 21.0 24.3 3.0 4.7

¹ Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), herapeutics used nonmedically. ² Nonmedical use of prescription- Represents or rounds to zero. NA Not available. heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. type psychotherapeutics includes the nonmedical use of pain relievers, tranquilizers, stimulants, or sedatives and does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Singe alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days; all heavy alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all heavy alcohol users are also binge alcohol

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002 and 2005; http://oas.samhsa.gov/nhsda.htm.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS): Annual surveys for 1995-1999 and 2000-2006; http://oas.samhsa.gov/oasftp.cfm#Data.

Table 196. Estimated Use of Selected Drugs by State: 2004-2005

[19,396 represents 19,396,000. Data in this table cover a 2-year period. Data is based on the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). Current users are those persons 12 years old and over who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on national sample of respondents (see also headnote, Table 195). The state estimates were produced by combining the prevalence rate based on the state sample data and the prevalence rate based on a national regression model applied to local-area county and census block group/tract-level estimates from the state (i.e., a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimaten approach). The parameters of the regression model are estimated from the entire national sample. For comparison purposes, the data shown here display estimates for all 50 states and the District of Columbia utilizing the modeled estimates for all 51 areas]

		Estimated of	current users	s (1,000)		Current users as percent of population					
State	Any illicit	Mari- juana	Any illicit drug other than mari- juana 1	Ciga- rettes	Binge alcohol ²	Any illicit drug ¹	Mari- juana	Any illicit drug other than mari- juana	Ciga- rettes	Binge alcohol ²	
U.S	19,396	14,602	8,605	60,209	54,906	8.0	6.0	3.6	24.9	22.7	
AL	275	184	149	1,017	718	7.3	4.9	4.0	27.1	19.1	
	63	52	22	127	112	12.2	10.1	4.2	24.6	21.8	
	345	251	163	1,069	1,134	7.3	5.3	3.5	22.7	24.1	
	173	125	96	636	437	7.6	5.5	4.2	28.0	19.2	
	2,575	1,951	1,017	5,323	5,828	8.9	6.7	3.5	18.3	20.0	
CO	375	284	168	850	914	9.9	7.5	4.5	22.6	24.3	
	262	220	110	671	751	9.0	7.6	3.8	23.1	25.8	
	58	43	27	178	143	8.3	6.2	3.8	25.7	20.6	
	44	34	17	118	127	9.5	7.3	3.7	25.4	27.5	
	1,216	863	578	3,559	3,153	8.3	5.9	3.9	24.3	21.5	
GA	539	404	228	1,772	1,404	7.5	5.6	3.2	24.7	19.6	
	86	63	33	199	221	8.4	6.2	3.2	19.5	21.7	
	80	58	39	268	252	7.0	5.1	3.5	23.4	22.1	
	780	582	325	2,816	2,736	7.5	5.6	3.1	27.0	26.3	
	378	263	200	1,431	1,126	7.4	5.1	3.9	28.0	22.0	
IA	146	105	73	638	691	5.9	4.2	2.9	25.7	27.9	
	161	118	80	618	585	7.2	5.3	3.6	27.6	26.2	
	288	210	137	1,081	753	8.4	6.1	4.0	31.5	21.9	
	299	202	147	1,020	880	8.2	5.5	4.0	27.9	24.1	
	107	97	36	300	237	9.5	8.6	3.2	26.6	21.0	
MD	301	233	139	1,032	913	6.6	5.1	3.0	22.6	20.0	
	503	407	212	1,242	1,405	9.4	7.6	4.0	23.1	26.2	
	730	561	311	2,356	2,059	8.7	6.7	3.7	28.1	24.6	
	349	297	132	1,064	1,168	8.2	7.0	3.1	25.0	27.4	
	157	113	75	626	465	6.7	4.8	3.2	26.6	19.8	
MO	366	265	175	1,429	1,164	7.7	5.5	3.7	29.9	24.4	
	77	64	29	213	224	9.8	8.2	3.7	27.1	28.5	
	93	72	43	352	391	6.5	5.0	3.0	24.5	27.2	
	161	118	76	514	435	8.3	6.1	3.9	26.6	22.5	
	98	84	35	254	262	8.9	7.6	3.2	23.0	23.7	
NJ	517	368	232	1,588	1,533	7.2	5.1	3.2	22.1	21.4	
	139	104	62	370	333	8.9	6.6	3.9	23.6	21.3	
	1,478	1,162	560	3,926	3,681	9.2	7.3	3.5	24.5	23.0	
	511	395	254	1,882	1,446	7.3	5.7	3.6	26.9	20.7	
	33	25	15	139	168	6.2	4.7	2.8	26.1	31.5	
OH OK	743	570	311	2,674	2,172	7.8	6.0	3.3	28.2	22.9	
	233	149	114	835	617	8.1	5.2	4.0	29.0	21.4	
	291	253	114	762	626	9.6	8.4	3.8	25.2	20.7	
	823	636	338	2,802	2,569	7.9	6.1	3.3	26.9	24.7	
	97	81	37	224	253	10.7	8.9	4.1	24.8	28.0	
SC SD TN TX	253 41 394 1,213 142	189 32 288 834 91	120 17 194 642 79	994 166 1,458 4,508 361	699 172 876 4,308 308	7.3 6.5 8.0 6.8 7.6	5.5 5.0 5.9 4.7 4.8	3.5 2.8 3.9 3.6 4.2	28.7 26.2 29.6 25.1 19.1	20.2 27.2 17.8 24.0 16.3	
VT	57	49	21	136	127	10.7	9.0	3.9	25.4	23.6	
	411	297	207	1,506	1,363	6.8	4.9	3.4	24.8	22.4	
	438	364	184	1,244	1,126	8.5	7.0	3.6	24.0	21.7	
	119	90	61	500	289	7.7	5.8	4.0	32.4	18.7	
	346	278	155	1,252	1,450	7.5	6.0	3.3	27.1	31.4	
	32	24	16	109	102	7.6	5.7	3.6	25.5	23.9	

¹ Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit drugs other than marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.
² Binge alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005*; http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/nhsda.htm>.

Table 197. Cumulative Percent Distribution of Population by Height and Sex: 2003-2004

[Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), a sample of the civilian noninstitutional population. For this survey, the respondent participates in an interview and a physical examination. For persons 20 years old and over. Height was measured without shoes. Based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see source]

		Males					Females					
Height	20-29 years	30-39 years	40–49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	20–29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50–59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years
Percent under— 4'10"	_ _ _	_ _ (B)	_ _ _	(B) (B)	=	(B) (B)	(B) (B) 3.7	(B) (B) 3.9	(B) (B) 5.9	(B) (B) 9.0	(B) 3.2 4.8	(B) 5.1 11.4
5'1" 5'2" 5'3" 5'4" 5'5"	- (B) (B) 5.4 10.3	(B) (B) 2.5 5.3 9.2 13.7	(B) (B) (B) 2.2 3.4 8.3	(B) (B) (B) (B) (B) 12.1	(B) (B) (B) 2.8 6.5 11.1	(B) (B) (B) 6.6 13.8 24.3	8.2 14.7 29.8 45.2 57.8 74.2	10.0 16.3 26.7 42.1 60.9 75.6	12.3 21.8 32.1 46.2 60.2 72.0	14.5 20.9 33.3 52.0 63.9 76.7	11.8 20.6 35.4 51.1 66.7 80.8	24.6 38.5 55.9 68.9 86.5 93.3
5'7" 5'8" 5'9" 5'10" 5'11".	15.2 23.0 33.9 45.0 60.9 72.3	20.0 31.1 43.4 59.8 72.3 80.2	15.2 25.1 38.0 51.1 63.9 75.7	18.2 26.7 41.7 53.9 67.6 78.0	20.1 32.2 44.7 55.9 68.6 81.3	33.3 45.4 56.7 68.1 84.7 89.0	84.5 94.3 97.5 98.4 99.4 99.6	86.5 92.4 96.6 98.9 99.4 99.8	84.2 89.7 95.9 98.5 100.0 100.0	87.4 93.3 97.8 99.0 99.5 99.8	89.0 94.5 96.0 97.0 98.9 99.4	96.8 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
6'1"	85.1 92.1 95.7 97.5 98.8 99.5	87.8 93.1 97.3 98.4 99.5 100.0	86.1 96.4 98.4 99.3 99.3 100.0	85.0 93.6 96.8 99.5 99.5	89.1 95.1 98.0 99.2 99.8 100.0	94.5 97.5 98.7 100.0 100.0 100.0	99.6 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	99.8 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0

⁻ Represents zero. B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards of reliability of a derived figure.

Table 198. Cumulative Percent Distribution of Population by Weight and Sex: 2003-2004

[See headnote, Table 197. Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES). Weight was measured without shoes. Pregnant females were excluded from the analyses. Based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see source]

			Mal	es					Fem	ales		
Weight	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	20–29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years
Percent under—												
100 lbs	(B) (B) (B) 5.7 10.6 15.0 26.9 36.7 49.8 61.4	(B) (B) (B) (B) 6.9 12.4 23.7 35.5 46.5 52.4	(B) (B) 2.2 3.8 6.7 13.3 20.0 31.2 43.2	(B) (B) 7.6 14.5 25.3 38.9 46.4	(B) (B) (B) 5.1 9.2 14.2 22.9 31.0 44.1	(B) (B) (B) 9.6 18.1 27.1 37.9 49.0 57.2	2.2 6.2 17.6 30.6 47.5 57.9 66.8 72.8 78.1 82.0	(B) (B) 10.8 22.8 34.1 44.0 55.4 62.8 72.8 79.1	(B) (B) 10.5 15.5 26.7 36.5 48.5 56.3 64.2 71.5	(B) 10.2 18.1 24.8 35.0 47.7 58.8 66.5 72.7	(B) (B) 5.8 12.9 22.4 32.7 46.2 59.7 69.2 76.1	(B) (B) 9.2 18.7 31.2 47.1 59.0 70.9 82.0 86.7
200 lbs	69.2 76.1 79.5 83.9 86.8 90.7 93.4 94.9 96.0 96.6	61.7 69.6 76.8 85.8 91.5 92.7 94.3 94.8 95.9 96.1	54.4 66.7 77.3 82.6 87.7 92.0 95.3 95.8 97.0 97.4	57.7 66.6 74.7 81.7 86.9 92.1 92.9 93.5 96.5 97.1	52.7 62.6 73.3 79.4 85.4 88.6 92.2 94.6 95.5 97.5	67.3 76.6 86.6 89.4 92.0 94.8 95.8 98.0 98.2 99.5	86.7 89.4 90.3 92.1 93.5 94.4 95.3 96.6 98.3 98.9	81.6 86.8 89.0 91.2 92.7 93.9 95.0 96.7 97.7 98.2	78.0 83.9 86.1 89.9 92.2 94.6 95.6 95.9 96.5 97.5	79.8 83.5 86.9 88.8 91.9 93.2 95.9 96.9 97.7 97.7	81.9 86.1 90.6 93.4 94.6 97.1 97.6 99.1 99.2 99.3	89.1 91.8 95.4 96.7 98.5 98.5 99.8 99.8
300 lbs	96.9 98.0 98.7 99.2 99.2	97.6 99.5 99.6 99.6 99.7	98.0 98.8 99.4 99.9 100.0	98.2 99.7 99.7 100.0 100.0	97.5 98.2 99.1 99.4 100.0	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	99.1 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	98.7 98.9 99.8 99.8 100.0	97.7 98.9 99.3 100.0 100.0	98.7 98.7 99.5 99.5 99.5	99.6 99.8 99.8 100.0 100.0	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
400 lbs 420 lbs 440 lbs	99.2 99.2 99.7	99.9 99.9 100.0	100.0 100.0 100.0	100.0 100.0 100.0								

⁻ Represents zero. B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards of reliability of a derived figure.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data. See also http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm.

Table 199. Age-Adjusted Percent Distributions of Body Mass Index (BMI) Among Persons 18 Years Old and Over by Selected Characteristics: 2003–2004

[See headnote, Table 197. Body Mass Index (BMI) is a measure that adjusts body weight for height. It is calculated as weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared. For both men and women, underweight is indicated by a BMI under 18.5; healthy weight is indicated by a BMI greater than or equal to 18.5 and less than 25.0; overweight is greater than or equal to 25.0 and less than 30.0; obesity is indicated by a BMI greater than or equal to 810. BMI is calculated from the measurement of the participant's weight and height during the examination. Based on the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES)]

Selected characteristic	Under-	Healthy	Abo	ve healthy weigh	nt
Selected characteristic	weight	weight	Total	Overweight	Obese
Total ¹ (age-adjusted)	1.8	32.9	65.3	33.7	31.6
	1.8	32.6	65.6	33.8	31.8
18 to 44 years old	(B)	38.0 26.0 25.5 33.3	59.3 73.1 74.0 65.9	29.5 37.2 39.4 42.4	29.8 35.9 34.6 23.5
Sex: Male Female Female Race/ethnicity and sex: Not Hispanic or Latino:	1.5	28.5	69.9	39.2	30.7
	2.0	36.6	61.5	28.7	32.8
White, male. White, female. Black alone or African American, male. Black alone or African American, female. Mexican or Mexican American, male. Mexican or Mexican American, female.	1.5	27.8	70.7	39.6	31.1
	2.2	39.2	58.6	28.4	30.2
	(B)	31.3	67.0	33.7	33.3
	(B)	18.3	80.3	27.3	53.0
	(B)	26.3	73.4	42.0	31.4
	(B)	27.2	72.1	32.6	39.5
Education: ³ Less than a high school diploma	1.4	31.0	67.6	34.5	33.1
	(B)	27.2	71.8	36.6	35.2
	1.3	31.7	66.9	35.0	32.0

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure.

¹ Total includes other reshown separately and persons with unknown race/ethnicity.

² Estimates for age groups are not age adjusted. ¹ Total includes other race/ethnicities not shown separately and persons with unknown race/ethnicity. Education is shown only for persons 25 years old and over.

Table 200. Percentage of Adults Engaging in Leisure-Time, Transportation-Related and Household-Related Physical Activity: 2005

In percent. Covers persons 18 years old and over. Based on responses to questions about physical activity in prior month from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Estimates are age-adjusted to the year 2000 standard population. Based on a survey sample of approximately 350,000 persons in 50 states and the District of Columbia in 2005. Leisure-time physical activity is exercise, sports, recreation, or hobbies that are not associated with activities as part of one's regular job duties, household, or transportation. Transportation physical activity is walking, biking or wheeling (for wheelchair users), or similar activities to and from places such as: work, school, place of worship, and stores. Household physical activity includes, but is not limited to, activities such as sweeping floors, scrubbing, washing windows, and raking the lawn]

Characteristic	Persons who meet recom- mended activity ¹	Persons not meeting recom- mended activity ²	Persons who are physically inactive ³	Characteristic	Persons who meet recom- mended activity ¹	Persons not meeting recom- mended activity ²	Persons who are physically inactive ³
Total	48.3	51.7	25.1	30 to 44 years old	50.3	49.7	24.3
Mala	40.0	FO.4	00.0	45 to 64 years old	45.8	54.2	27.3
Male	49.9	50.1	22.9	65 to 74 years old	41.2	58.8	31.7
Female	47.0	53.0	27.1	75 years old and	31.8	68.2	41.8
White, non-Hispanic	50.9	49.1	21.4	over	31.0	08.2	41.8
Black, non-Hispanic	40.2	59.8	32.8	School years completed:			
Hispanic	42.1	57.9	37.4	Less than 12 years	37.2	62.8	45.4
Other	46.2	53.8	25.5	12 years	45.6	54.4	31.4
Other		00.0	20.0	Some college (13 to	40.0	04.4	01
Males:				15 years)	49.2	50.8	22.5
18 to 29 years old	58.5	41.5	18.8	College (16 or more	.0.2	00.0	
30 to 44 years old	50.1	49.9	21.0	years)	54.2	45.8	13.8
45 to 64 years old	46.6	53.4	24.6	, ,			
65 to 74 years old	47.7	52.3	26.0	Household income:			
75 years old and				Less than \$10,000	36.9	63.1	44.6
over	40.3	59.7	32.0	\$10,000 to \$19,999	38.7	61.3	39.8
				\$20,000 to \$34,999	45.3	54.7	30.6
Females:				\$35,000 to \$49,999	49.1	50.9	22.9
18 to 29 years old	52.1	47.9	23.2	\$50,000 and over	55.0	45.0	15.0

Recommended activity is physical activity at least 5 times a week for 30 minutes/time or vigorous physical activity for 20 at a time at least 3 times/week.
Persons whose reported physical activity does not meet recommended level or report pisure-time, transportation-related, or household-related physical activity.
Persons with no reported physical activity. minutes at a time at least 3 times/week. no leisure-time, transportation-related, or household-related physical activity.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm.

Source: U.S. National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, unpublished data: http://www.cdc.gov /nccdphp/dnpa>.

Table 201. High School Students Engaged in Physical Activity by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2005

[In percent. For students in grades 9 to 12. Based on the Youth Risk Behavior Survey, a school-based survey and subject to sampling error; for details see source]

	Met currently	Met previously	No	Enrolled in p	hysical edu	cation class		
Characteristic	recom- mended levels of physical activity ¹	recom- mended levels of physical activity ²	vigorous or moderate physical activity ³	Total	Attended daily	Exercised 20 minutes or more per class ⁴	Played on a sports team	Watched three or more hours/day of TV
All students	35.8	68.7	9.6	54.2	33.0	84.0	56.0	37.2
Male	43.8	75.8	7.9	60.0	37.1	87.2	61.8	38.0
Grade 9	42.8	78.4	7.2	72.8	46.5	86.3	64.7	42.4
Grade 10	46.8	77.8	7.5	65.4	39.0	88.0	63.4	42.7
Grade 11	43.8	74.2	8.4	51.1	33.5	87.5	61.0	34.1
_ Grade 12	41.9	71.9	8.4	45.9	26.1	87.3	57.3	30.3
Female	27.8	61.5	11.3	48.3	29.0	80.3	50.2	36.3
Grade 9	30.8	68.4	8.2	70.3	43.1	80.3	56.1	42.4
Grade 10	30.0	63.0	10.3	53.0	31.5	81.0	52.3	37.4
Grade 11	25.1	60.7	12.4	32.9	19.4	79.5	48.9	31.7
Grade 12	24.0	51.7	15.2	32.0	18.8	79.7	41.3	32.4
White, non-Hispanic	38.7	70.2	8.1	52.1	31.7	86.3	57.8	29.2
Male	46.9	77.0	6.9	58.1	36.7	89.3	61.5	30.2
Female	30.2	63.3	9.3	46.1	26.6	82.5	53.9	28.1
Black, non-Hispanic	29.5 38.2	62.0	14.4	55.8	34.4 37.5	78.7 83.8	53.7	64.1
Male		71.7	10.2	61.7			64.6	63.5
Female	21.3	53.1 69.4	18.2 10.6	50.5 61.5	31.6 38.3	73.1 81.6	43.6 53.0	64.5 45.8
Hispanic	32.9 39.0	76.0		65.9	38.1		62.0	
Male	26.5	62.6	8.9 12.3	57.1	38.6	85.0 77.5	43.8	45.8 45.8
I CIIIAIC	20.5	02.0	12.3	37.1	30.0	77.5	43.0	43.6

Were physically active doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time for a total of at least 60 minutes/day for at least 5 or more days out of the 7 days preceding the survey.

2 Participated in at least 20 minutes of vigorous physical activity on at least 3 or more days of the 7 days preceding the survey and/or at least 30 minutes of moderate physical activity (physical activity that did not make them swat and breathe hard) on a least 5 or more days of the 7 days preceding the survey.

3 During the seven days preceding the survey.

4 For students enrolled in physical education classes.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance—United States, 2005, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, Vol. 55, No. SS-1, June 9, 2006. See also http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml /ss5505a1.htm>.

Table 202. Households and Persons Having Problems With Access to Food: 2000 to 2005

[106,043 represents 106,043,000. Food secure means that a household had access at all times to enough food for an active healthy life for all household members with no need for recourse to socially unacceptable food sources or extraordinary coping behaviors to meet their basic food needs. Food-insecure households had limited or uncertain ability to acquire acceptable foods in socially acceptable ways. Households with very low food security (a subset of food-insecure households) were those in which food intake of one or more household members was reduced and normal eating patterns disrupted due to inadequate resources food intake of one or more household members was reduced and normal eating patterns disrupted due to inadequate resources for food. The severity of food insecurity in households is measured through a series of questions about experiences and behaviors known to characterize households that are having difficulty meeting basic food needs. These experiences and behaviors generally occur in an ordered sequence as the severity of food insecurity increases. As resources become more constrained, adults in typical households first worry about having enough food, then they stretch household resources and juggle other necessities, then decrease the quality and variety of household members' diets, then decrease the frequency and quantity of children's food intake. All questions refer to the previous 12 months and include a qualifying phrase reminding respondents to report only those occurrences that resulted from inadequate financial resources. Restrictions to food intake due to dieting or busy schedules are excluded. The omission of homeless persons may be a cause of underreporting. Data are from the Food Security Supplement to the Current Population Survey (CPS); for details about the CPS, see text Section 1 and Appendix IIII see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Household food		Nu	mber (1,00	00)		Percent distribution				
security level	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005
Households, total. Food secure Food insecure. With low food security 1	106,043 94,942 11,101 7,786	108,601 96,543 12,058 8,259	112,214 99,631 12,583 8,663	112,967 99,473 13,494 9,045	114,437 101,851 12,586 8,158	100.0 89.5 10.5 7.3	100.0 88.9 11.1 7.6	100.0 88.8 11.2 7.7	100.0 88.1 11.9 8.0	100.0 89.0 11.0 7.1
With very low food security 2 With very low food security among children 3	3,315	3,799	3,920	4,449	4,428	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.7
Adult members	201,922 181,586 20,336	206,493 184,718 21,775	213,441 190,451 22,990	215,564 191,236 24,328	217,897 195,172 22,725	100.0 89.9 10.1	100.0 89.5 10.5	100.0 89.2 10.8	100.0 88.7 11.3	100.0 89.6 10.4
With low food security With very low food security 2 Child members	14,763 5,573 71,763 58.867	15,486 6,289 72,542 59,415	16,358 6,632 72,969 59,704	16,946 7,382 73,039 59,171	15,146 7,579 73,604 61,201	7.3 2.8 100.0 82.0	7.5 3.0 100.0 81.9	7.7 3.1 100.0 81.8	7.9 3.4 100.0 81.0	7.0 3.5 100.0 83.1
In food-secure households	12,896	13,127	13,265 12.845	13,868	12,403	18.0	18.1	18.2	19.0	16.9
With very low food security among children 3	562	567	420	545	606	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.8

¹ Prior to 2006, USDA described these households as food insecure without hunger. ² Food intake of one or more members in these households was reduced and normal eating patterns disrupted at some time during the year because of the household's food insecurity. Prior to 2006, USDA described these households as food insecure with hunger. ³ Food intake of one or more children in these households was reduced and their normal eating patterns were disrupted at some time during the year because of the household of sood insecurry. Prior to 2006, USDA described these households as food insecure with hunger among children. Percent distribution of households with very low food security among children excludes households with no child from the denominator.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, Household Food Security in the United States, 2005, Economic Research Report Number 29; November 2006; http://www.ers.usda.gov/publications/err29/>.

Table 203. Per Capita Consumption of Selected Beverages by Type: 1980 to 2005

[In gallons. See headnote, Table 205. Per capita consumption uses U.S. resident population, July 1, for all beverages except coffee, tea, and fruit juices which use U.S. total population, July 1. Data for 2004 and preceding years have been revised]

Commodity	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005
Nonalcoholic	105.5	125.4	134.3	138.1	150.9	149.4	150.8	152.6	152.6
Milk (plain and flavored)	27.6	26.7	25.7	23.9	22.5	21.9	21.6	21.2	21.0
Whole	17.0	14.3	10.5	8.6	8.1	7.7	7.6	7.3	6.9
Reduced-fat, light, and skim	10.5	12.3	15.2	15.3	14.4	14.2	13.9	13.9	14.0
Tea	7.3	7.1	6.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.9	7.9
Coffee	26.7	27.4	26.8	20.2	26.3	23.6	24.2	24.6	24.2
Bottled water	2.7	5.1	8.8	11.6	16.7	20.1	21.6	23.2	25.4
Carbonated soft drinks	33.6	41.2	47.1	50.6	53.2	52.8	52.5	52.3	51.5
Diet	(NA)	10.4	14.0	13.8	13.8	14.4	15.0	15.8	16.0
Regular	(NA)	30.8	33.1	36.8	39.4	38.4	37.4	36.5	35.5
Fruit juices	` 7.6	7.7	6.6	8.1	9.0	8.1	8.6	8.6	8.2
Fruit drinks, cocktails, and ades	(NA)	10.2	12.3	15.0	14.8	14.6	14.5	14.3	13.9
Canned iced tea	(NA)	(NA)	0.1	0.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Vegetable juices	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	` 0.5	` 0.5	` 0.5	` 0.5	`0.5
Alcoholic	28.3	28.0	27.5	24.7	25.0	25.2	25.1	25.2	25.0
Beer	24.3	23.8	23.9	21.8	21.7	21.8	21.6	21.6	21.3
Wine ¹	2.1	2.4	2.0	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
Distilled spirits	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4

¹ Beginning 1983, includes wine coolers. NA Not available.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-1997; Food Consumption (Per Capita) Data System; http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>

Table 204. Nutrition—Nutrients in Foods Available for Civilian Consumption Per Capita Per Day: 1970 to 2004

[Computed by the Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP). Based on Economic Research Service (ERS) estimates of per capita quantities of food available for consumption from "Food Consumption, Prices, and, Expenditures," on imputed consumption data for foods no longer reported by ERS, and on CNPP estimates of quantities of produce from home gardens. Food supply estimates do not reflect loss of food or nutrients from further marketing or home processing. Enrichment and fortification levels of iron, zinc, thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, folate, vitamin A, vitamin B₆, vitamin B₁₂, and Vitamin C are included]

Nutrient	Unit	1970–79	1980-89	1990–99	2000	2004
Food energy Carbohydrate Fiber Protein Total fat ¹ Saturated. Monounsaturated Polyunsaturated	Kilocalories. Grams	3,200 396 20 98 144 49 58 27	3,400 420 21 101 151 50 61 31	3,600 481 24 109 151 48 64 31	3,900 497 25 113 173 54 77 36	3,900 481 25 113 179 56 79 37
Cholesterol Vitamin A Carotene Vitamin E Vitamin C Thiamin. Riboflavin Niacin. Vitamin B ₆ Folate 4 Vitamin B ₁₂	Miligrams. Micrograms RAE ² Micrograms. Milligrams a-TE ³ Milligrams. Milligrams. Milligrams. Milligrams. Milligrams. Milligrams. Micrograms DFE ⁵ Micrograms.	440 1,260 580 13.9 112 2.3 2.5 25 2.0 343 8.9	420 1,230 620 15.6 119 2.6 2.8 29 2.2 386 8.1	400 1,270 750 16.8 127 3.0 2.9 32 2.4 517 7.9	420 1,250 720 20.0 130 3.0 2.9 33 2.5 925 8.2	430 1,080 680 21.0 119 2.9 2.9 33 2.4 898 8.2
Calcium Phosphorus Magnesium Iron Zinc Copper Potassium Sodium ⁶ Soelenium	Milligrams.	940 1,530 340 16.7 13.4 1.7 3,610 1,270 129.5	940 1,580 360 19.9 14.3 1.8 3,640 1,260 139.1	980 1,690 390 23.1 15.3 2.0 3,850 1,290 162.6	980 1,720 400 23.7 15.4 2.1 3,920 1,280 178.9	970 1,710 400 23.4 15.4 2.1 3,820 1,240 189.7

² Retinol activity equivalents. ³ Alpha-Tocopherol equivalents (DFE). ¹ Includes other types of fat not shown separately. ² Retinol activity equivalent ⁴ Reflects new terminology from Institute of Medicine's Dietary Reference Intakes reports. ⁶ Does not include amount from processed foods; underestimates actual availability.

1909–2004, (released 15 March 2007). Data also published by Economic Research Service in Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, annual. See also http://www.usda.gov/cnpp/.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion, Nutrient Content of the U.S. Food Supply,

Table 205. Per Capita Consumption of Major Food Commodities: 1980 to 2005

[In pounds, retail weight, except as indicated. Consumption represents the residual after exports, nonfood use and ending stocks are subtracted from the sum of beginning stocks, domestic production, and imports. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population]

Commodity	Unit	1980	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005
Red meat, total (boneless, trimmed weight) 1, 2 Beef	Pounds Pounds	126.4 72.1	112.2 63.9	113.6 63.5	113.7 64.5	111.6 61.9	112.0 62.9	110.0 62.4
Veal	Pounds	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4
Lamb and mutton	Pounds	1.0	1.0 46.4	0.9 48.4	0.8 47.8	0.8 48.4	0.8 47.8	0.8
Pork	Pounds	52.1 40.8	56.2	62.1	67.9	71.2	72.7	46.5 73.6
Chicken	Pounds	32.7	42.4	48.2	54.2	57.5	59.2	60.4
Turkey	Pounds	8.1	13.8	13.9	13.7	13.7	13.4	13.1
Fish and shellfish (boneless, trimmed weight) Eggs	Pounds Number	12.4 271	14.9 234	14.8 232	15.2 251	16.3 254	16.5 256	16.1 254
Shell	Number	236	186	172	178	182	180	175
Processed	Number	_ 35	48	60	73	72	. 76	79
Processed	Pounds Gallons	543.1 27.9	568.0 26.2	576.2 24.6	592.2 23.2	588.8 22.5	591.8 22.3	600.5 22.0
Beverage milks	Gallons	27.6	25.7	23.9	22.5	21.6	21.2	21.0
Plain whole milk	Gallons	16.5	10.2	8.3	7.7	7.2	6.9	6.6
Plain reduced-fat milk (2%)	Gallons	6.3	9.1	8.0	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.9
Reduced fat milk (1%) and skim milk Flavored whole milk	Gallons Gallons	3.1 0.6	4.9 0.3	6.1 0.3	6.1 0.4	5.6 0.4	5.5 0.3	5.6 0.3
Flavored milks other than whole	Gallons	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.4
Buttermilk	Gallons	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
Yogurt (excl. frozen)	1/2 pints 1/2 pints	4.6 10.5	7.8 14.3	11.4 15.6	12.0 18.3	15.2 22.2	17.0 23.5	15.9 24.3
Cream 6	1/2 pints	6.3	8.7	9.4	11.6	13.9	14.8	15.1
Sour cream and dips	1/2 pints	3.4	4.7	5.4	6.1	7.5	7.9	8.3
Condensed and evaporated milks		7.0	7.9	6.8	5.8	5.9	5.5	5.8
Whole milk		3.8 3.3	3.1 4.8	2.3 4.5	2.0 3.8	2.6 3.3	2.2 3.2	2.2 3.6
Cheese 7	Pounds	17.5	24.6	26.9	29.8	30.4	31.3	31.4
Cheese ⁷	Pounds	9.6	11.1	11.7	12.7	12.5	12.9	12.7
Cheddar		6.8 4.4	9.0 9.0	9.0 10.3	9.7 12.1	9.2 12.6	10.3 12.9	10.1 13.3
Mozzarella		3.0	6.9	8.0	9.3	9.6	9.9	10.2
Other 8	Pounds	3.3	4.3	5.0	4.8	5.1	5.3	5.4
Swiss		1.3	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2
Cream and Neufchatel		0.9 4.5	1.6 3.4	2.2 2.7	2.3 2.6	2.4 2.7	2.3 2.6	2.3 2.6
Lowfat	Pounds	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
Frozen dairy products	Pounds	26.4	28.5	29.0	28.0	27.1	26.4	24.1
Ice cream		17.5 7.1	15.8 7.7	15.5 7.4	16.7 7.3	16.4 7.5	15.4 7.8	15.4 5.9
Sherbet		1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.9
Frozen yogurt	Pounds	(NA)	2.8	3.4	2.0	1.4	1.8	1.3
Fats and oils:	Davinda	50.0	62.3	64.0	00.0	00.0	07.5	05.5
Total, fat content only	Pounds Pounds	56.9 4.5	4.4	64.2 4.4	82.3 4.5	88.0 4.5	87.5 4.6	85.5 4.6
Margarine (product weight)	Pounds	11.3	10.9	9.1	7.5	5.3	5.3	4.0
Lard (direct use)	Pounds	2.3	0.9	0.4	0.8	1.3	0.7	1.5
Edible beef tallow (direct use)		1.1 18.2	0.6 22.2	2.7 22.2	4.0 31.6	3.8 32.8	4.0 32.6	3.8 29.1
Salad and cooking oils	Pounds	21.2	25.2	26.5	34.8	40.8	40.8	42.7
Other edible fats and oils	Pounds	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Flour and cereal products ⁹		144.9 116.9	181.0 135.9	188.7 140.0	199.2 146.3	193.1 136.7	191.5 134.3	192.3 134.1
Rice, milled		9.5	15.8	17.1	18.9	20.3	20.4	21.0
Corn products	Pounds	12.9	21.4	24.9	28.4	30.3	30.9	31.4
Oat products	Pounds	3.9	6.5	5.5	4.4	4.7	4.7	4.6
Sugar, refined cane and beet	Pounds Pounds	120.2 83.6	132.4 64.4	144.1 64.9	148.8 65.5	141.4 60.9	141.0 61.5	141.6 62.8
Corn sweeteners 11		35.3	66.8	77.9	81.8	79.1	78.1	77.4
High-fructose corn syrup		19.0	49.6	57.6	62.6	60.8	59.2	59.0
Other:	D d.		<i></i>	4.5	F.C	F.C	0.0	0.5
Cocoa beans	Pounds Pounds	3.4 10.3	5.4 10.3	4.5 7.9	5.9 10.3	5.3 9.5	6.0 9.6	6.5 9.5
Peanuts (shelled)	Pounds	5.1	6.1	5.7	5.9	6.4	6.7	6.6
Tree nuts (shelled)	Pounds	1.8	2.5	1.9	2.6	3.5	3.6	2.7
1 =	2						_	

NA Not available.

1 Excludes edible offals,
2 Excludes shipments to Puerto Rico and the other U.S. possessions.
3 Milk-equivalent, milk-fat basis. Includes butter.
4 Fluid milk figures are aggregates of commercial sales and milk produced and consumed on farms.
5 Includes eggnog, not shown separately.
6 Heavy cream, light cream, and half-and-half.
7 Excludes full-skim American, cottage, pot, and baker's cheese.
8 Includes other cheeses not shown separately.
9 Includes rye flour and barley products not shown separately.
10 Dry weight. Includes edible syrups (maple, molasses, etc.) and honey not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, Food Availability (Per Capita) Data System; http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>.

Table 206. Per Capita Utilization of Selected Commercially Produced Fruits and Vegetables: 1980 to 2005

[In pounds, farm weight. Domestic food use of fresh fruits and vegetables reflects the fresh-market share of commodity production plus imports and minus exports]

Commodity	1980	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Fruits and vegetables, total ¹ Fruits, total Fresh fruits Noncitrus Apples Bananas Cantaloupes Grapes Peaches and nectarines Pears Pineapples Plums and prunes Strawberries Watermelons Other ² Fresh citrus Oranges Grapefruit Other ³ Processed fruits Frozen fruits Dried fruits Dried fruits Cannel fruits	608.5 270.6 106.5 19.4 20.8 4.0 7.1 2.6 1.5 2.0 10.7 5.1 26.1 14.3 4.5 164.1 3.3 11.3 24.8	659.3 274.2 117.0 95.6 19.8 24.3 9.2 7.9 5.3 3.3 2.0 1.5 3.2 13.3 5.4 21.4 4.6 6 157.3 4.3 12.2	690.9 284.7 123.5 99.6 18.9 27.1 9.0 7.5 5.3 3.4 1.9 4.1 15.2 6.3 23.8 6.0 6.0 161.2 5.2 12.8	711.2 289.2 128.7 105.2 17.6 28.4 11.1 7.5 5.3 3.4 3.2 4.9 13.8 7 23.5 11.7 5.1 6.7 160.4 4.2 10.5	684.2 272.3 126.0 102.1 15.8 26.6 11.2 7.5 5.2 3.3 3.2 4.2 15.0 9.0 23.9 11.9 4.8 7.2 146.2 7.1 9.9	684.9 273.8 127.0 103.6 16.2 26.8 11.1 8.5 5.2 3.1 3.8 4.6 14.0 9.1 23.4 11.7 4.6 7.0 146.8 4.1 10.5 16.9	702.0 281.8 128.2 104.3 17.1 26.1 10.8 7.7 5.2 3.1 4.4 1.2 5.3 13.5 9.8 23.9 4.1 8.0 153.6 5.5 9.9	693.8 272.1 127.9 105.9 19.0 25.7 10.0 7.9 5.1 3.0 4.1 1.5.5 13.0 10.5 22.7 10.8 4.1 7.8 144.9 9.3 17.0	688.6 273.2 126.0 104.4 17.1 25.1 10.1 11.1 5.8 13.8 10.0 21.6 7.6 147.2 5.4 10.4
Fruit juices 7. Vegetables, total Fresh vegetables Asparagus (all uses) Broccoli Cabbage Carrots Cauliflower Celery (all uses) Corn Cucumbers Head lettuce Mushrooms Onions Snap beans Bell peppers (all uses) Potatoes Sweet potatoes (all uses) Tornatoes Other fresh vegetables 8 Processed vegetables 9 Selected vegetables for freezing 9 Selected vegetables for dehydrating 1 Potatoes for chips	123.9 337.9 151.4 8.0 6.2 1.1 7.4 6.5 3.9 25.6 1.2 11.4 12.8 6.0 186.5 51.5 102.5 10.5 16.5	385.1 170.2 0.6 3.4 8.3 2.2 6.7 27.7 27.7 2.0 15.1 1.1 4.5 11.8 214.9 66.8 110.4 11.6 11.6	125.5 406.2 180.9 0.6 4.3 8.1 11.2 1.6.9 7.8 5.6 22.2 2.0 17.8 1.6.2 49.2 49.2 49.2 16.8 14.7 225.3 78.8 108.0 109.0 10	127.7 422.0 198.7 1.0 5.9 8.9 9.2 1.7 6.3 9.0 6.4 23.5 2.0 7.0 47.1 4.2 19.0 26.1 223.3 79.3 103.2 17.3 15.6	111.3 411.9 195.7 0.9 5.4 8.8 9.4 1.5 6.4 9.2 6.3 23.0 2.6 18.5 2.2 6.9 46.6 4.4 19.2 24.6 27.6 9.7 3 15.8 17.6 9.7	411.1 194.7 1.0 5.3 8.3 8.4 1.4.3 9.0 6.5 22.5 2.1 6.3 9.0 19.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 3.3 8.4 4.4 3.3 2.6 4.7 6.7 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	120.5 420.1 199.1 1.0 5.5 7.5 8.8 1.6 6.3 9.5 6.0 22.2 2.6 19.5 28.7 221.0 78.3 101.5 78.3 101.5 78.3 101.6 6.6	421.7 202.4 1.1 5.9 8.3 1.6.2 9.2 6.5 21.2 2.6 1.9 45.8 4.6 20.1 30.1 219.3 78.2 103.4 15.3 16.5	114.1 415.4 198.6 1.2 5.6 8.1 8.7 1.5 6.1 8.9 6.5 20.3 2.6 21.2 1.8 6.6 43.1 4.5 20.6 31.3 216.8 75.3 105.3 105.3 105.3 105.3 105.6 6.1

¹ Excludes wine grapes.

2 Apricots, avocados, cherries, cranberries, kiwifruit, mangoes, papayas, and honeydew melons.

3 Lemons, limes, tangerines, and tangelos.

4 Apples, apricots, blackberries, blueberries, boysenberries, cherries, loganberries, peaches, plums, prunes, raspberries, and strawberries.

5 Apples, apricots, dates, figs, peaches, pears, prunes, and raisins.

Apples, apricots, cherries, olives, peaches, pears, pineapples, plums, and prunes.

Apple, cranberry, grape, grapefruit, lemon, lime, orange, pineapple, and prunes.

Artichokes, brussels sprouts, eggplant, escarole, endive, garlic, romaine, leaf lettuce, radishes, spinach, and squash. Beginning 2000, includes collard greens, kale, mustard greens, kare, umpkin, and turnip greens.

Asparagus, snap beans, lima beans, broccoli, carrots, cauliflower, sweet corn, green peas, potatoes, spinach, and miscellaneous vegetables.

10 Asparagus, snap beans, beets, cabbage, carrots, chili peppers, sweet corn, cucumbers for pickling, green peas, lima beans, mushrooms, spinach, and tomatoes.

11 Onions and potatoes.

12 Dry peas, lentils, and dry edible beans.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, Food Availability (Per Capita) Data System; http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>.