

Table 637. Industries With the Highest Total Case Incidence Rates for Nonfatal Injuries and Illnesses: 2005

[Rates per 100 full-time employees. Rates refer to any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)-recordable occupational injury or illness, whether or not it resulted in days away from work, job transfer or restriction. Incidence rates were calculated as: Number of injuries and illnesses divided by total hours worked by all employees during the year multiplied by 200,000 as base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)]

Industry	2002 NAICS ¹ code	Rate	Industry	2002 NAICS ¹ code	Rate
Private industry²	(X)	4.6	Animal (except poultry) slaughtering	311611	12.6
Beet sugar manufacturing	311313	18.3	Couriers	4921	12.4
Light truck and utility vehicle mfg.	336112	17.8	Aluminum die-casting foundries	331521	12.1
Iron foundries	331511	17.1	Boat building	336612	12.1
Truck trailer manufacturing	336212	16.8	Hog and pig farming ²	1122	12.0
Prefabricated wood building mfg.	321992	14.3	Cut stone and stone product mfg.	327991	11.8
Travel trailer and camper mfg.	336214	14.1	Steel wire drawing	331222	11.5
Flat glass manufacturing	327211	13.6	Glass container manufacturing	327213	11.3
Framing contractors	23813	13.4	Amusement parks and arcades	7131	11.3
Truss manufacturing	321214	13.3	Secondary smelting and alloying of aluminum	331314	11.2
Aluminum foundries (except die-casting)	331524	13.3	Ship building and repairing	336611	10.9
Iron and steel forging	332111	13.3	Glass and glazing contractors	2381	10.7
Heavy duty truck manufacturing	33612	13.1			
Manufactured home (mobile home) mfg.	321991	12.9			

X Not applicable. ¹ Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (NAICS). See text, this section.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Workplace Injuries and Illnesses in 2005*. See Internet site <<http://www.bls.gov/iif/>>.