§400.13

- (1) Determine whether applications meet prefiling requirements under § 400.27(b);
- (m) Direct processing of applications, including designation of examiners and scheduling of hearings under §§ 400.27 and 400.32:
- (n) Authorize minor modifications to zone projects under § 400.27(f);
- (o) Review changes in sourcing under § 400.28(a)(3);
- (p) Direct monitoring of zone activity under § 400.31(d);
- (q) Direct reviews and make recommendations on requests for manufacturing/processing approvals under § 400.32(b);
- (r) Determine questions of scope under § 400.32(c);
- (s) Accept rate schedules and determine their sufficiency under § 400.42(b)(3);
- (t) Review and decide zone rate complaints cases under § 400.42(b)(5);
- (u) Make recommendations in cases involving questions as to whether zone activity should be prohibited or restricted for public interest reasons, including reviews under §400.43;
- (v) Authorize under certain circumstances the return of "zone-restricted merchandise" for entry into Customs territory under § 400.44;
- (w) Authorize certain duty-paid retail trade under § 400.45;
- (x) Determine the format for the annual reports of zone grantees to the Board and direct preparation of an annual report to Congress from the Board under § 400.46(d); and
- (y) Designate an acting Executive Secretary.

§ 400.13 Board headquarters.

The headquarters of the Board is located within the U.S. Department of Commerce (Herbert C. Hoover Building), Pennsylvania Avenue and 14th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20230, as part of the office of the Foreign-Trade Zones staff.

Subpart C—Establishment and Modification of Zone Projects

§ 400.21 Number and location of zones and subzones.

(a) Number of zone projects—port of entry entitlement. (1) Provided that the

- other requirements of this subpart are met:
- (i) Each port of entry is entitled to at least one zone project;
- (ii) If a port of entry is located in more than one state, each of the states in which the port of entry is located is entitled to a zone project; and
- (iii) If a port of entry is defined to include more than one city separated by a navigable waterway, each of the cities is entitled to a zone project.
- (2) Zone projects in addition to those approved under the entitlement provision of paragraph (a)(1) of this section may be authorized by the Board if it determines that existing project(s) will not adequately serve the public interest (convenience of commerce).
- (b) Location of zones and subzones port of entry adjacency requirements. (1) The Act provides that the Board may approve "zones in or adjacent to ports of entry" (19 U.S.C. 81b).
- (2) The "adjacency" requirement is satisfied if:
- (i) A general-purpose zone is located within 60 statute miles or 90 minutes' driving time from the outer limits of a port of entry;
- (ii) A subzone meets the following requirements relating to Customs supervision:
- (A) Proper Customs oversight can be accomplished with physical and electronic means; and
- (B) All electronically produced records are maintained in a format compatible with the requirements of the U.S. Customs Service for the duration of the record period; and
- (C) The grantee/operator agrees to present merchandise for examination at a Customs site selected by Customs when requested, and further agrees to present all necessary documents directly to the Customs oversight office.

§ 400.22 Eligible applicants.

- (a) In general. Subject to the other provisions of this section, public or private corporations may apply for a grant of authority to establish a zone project. The board will give preference to public corporations.
- (b) *Public and non-profit corporations*. The eligibility of public and non-profit