program and analyses concerning direct investment as required by, or provided for in, the International Investment Survey Act of 1976 (Pub. L. 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101 to 3108), hereinafter "the Act". The overall purpose of the Act is to provide comprehensive and reliable information pertaining to international investment, including direct investment, and to do so with a minimum of burden on respondents and with no unnecessary duplication of effort.

§ 806.2 Recordkeeping requirements.

In accordance with section 5(b)(1) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104) persons subject to the jurisdiction of the United States shall maintain any information (including journals or other books of original entry, minute books, stock transfer records, lists of shareholders, or financial statements) which is essential for carrying out the surveys and studies provided for by the Act.

§ 806.3 Reporting requirements.

- (a) In accordance with section 5 (b)(2) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104) persons subject to the jurisdiction of the United States shall furnish, under oath, any report containing information which is determined to be necessary to carry out the surveys and studies provided for by the Act.
- (b) Such reports may be required from among others, U.S. persons which have direct investment abroad, U.S. persons in which foreign persons have direct investment, U.S. intermediaries, and U.S. persons which assist or intervene in the purchase or sale of direct investment interests, such as real estate brokers and brokerage houses acting as managers of tender offers.

§806.4 Response required.

Reports, as specified below, are required from all persons coming within the reporting requirements, whether or not they are contacted by BEA. In addition, any person BEA contacts, either by sending them report forms or buy written inquiry concerning the person's being subject to the reporting requirements of a survey conducted pursuant to this part must respond in writing. The reponse must be made by filing the properly completed report

form, or by submitting in writing, or within 30 days of being contacted, a valid exemption claim (including the situation where the statistical data requested on the form are not applicable) or by certifying in writing to the fact that the person has no direct investments within the purview of the Act or the regulations contained herein. This requirement is necessary to ensure compliance with reporting requirements and efficient administration of the Act.

§ 806.5 Confidentiality.

Information collected pursuant to §806.3 is confidential (see section 5(c) of the Act, 22 U.S.C. 3104).

- (a) Access to this information shall be available only to officials and employees (including consultants and contractors and their employees) of agencies designated by the President to perform functions under the Act.
- (b) Subject to paragraph (d) of this section, the President may authorize the exchange of information between agencies or officials designated to perform functions under the Act.
- (c) Nothing in this part shall be construed to require any Federal Agency to disclose information otherwise protected by law.
- (d) This information shall be used solely for analytical or statistical purposes or for a proceeding under §806.6.
- (e) No official or employee (including consultants and contractors and their employees) shall publish or make available to any other person any information collected under the Act in such a manner that the person to whom the information relates can be specifically identified.
- (f) Reports and copies of reports prepared pursuant to the Act are confidential and their submission or disclosure shall not be compelled by any person without the prior written permission of the person filing the report and the customer of such person where the information supplied is identifiable as being derived from the records of such customer.

§ 806.6 Penalties.

(a) Whoever fails to furnish any information required by the Act or required by §806.3 or to comply with any

§ 806.7

other rule, regulation, order or instruction promulgated under the Act may be subject to a civil penalty not exceeding \$10,000 in a proceeding brought in an appropriate United States court and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both (see section 6(a) and (b) of the Act, 22 U.S.C. 3105).

- (b) Whoever willfully fails to submit any information required by the Act or required by \$806.3 or willfully violates any other rule, regulation, order or instruction promulgated under the Act, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 and, if an individual, may be imprisioned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violation, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both (see section 6(c) of the Act, 22 U.S.C. 3105).
- (c) Any person who willfully violates \$806.5 relating to confidentiality, shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than \$10,000, in addition to any other penalty imposed by law (see section 5(d) of the Act, 22 U.S.C. 3104).

§806.7 General definitions.

- (a) *United States*, when used in a geographic sense, means the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and all territories and possessions of the United States.
- (b) Foreign, when used in a geographic sense, means that which is situated outside the United States or which belongs to or is characteristic of a country other than the United States:
- (c) Person means any individual, branch, partnership, associated group, association, estate, trust, corporation, or other organization (whether or not organized under the laws of any State), and any government (including a foreign government, the United States Government, a State or local government, and any agency, corporation, financial institution, or other entity or instrumentality thereof, including a government sponsored agency);
- (d) United States person means any person resident in the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of the United States;

- (e) Foreign person means any person resident outside the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of a country other than the United States;
- (f) Business enterprise means any organization, association, branch, or venture which exists for profitmaking purposes or to otherwise secure economic advantage, and any ownership of any real estate:
- (g) Parent means a person of one country who, directly or indirectly, owns or controls 10 per centum or more of the voting stock of an incorporated business enterprise, or an equivalent ownership interest in an unincorporated business enterprise, which is located outside that country:
- (h) Affiliate means a business enterprise located in one country which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by a person of another country to the extent of 10 per centum or more of its voting stock for an incorporated business or an equivalent interest for an unincorporated business, including a branch;
- (i) International investment means (1) the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by contractual commitment or otherwise, by foreign persons of any interest in property in the United States, or of stock, other securities, or short- and long-term debt obligations of a United States person, and (2) the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by contractual commitment or otherwise, by United States persons of any interest in property outside the United States, or of stock, other securities, or short- and long-term debt obligations of a foreign person;
- (j) Direct investment means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one person of 10 per centum or more of the voting securities of an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated business enterprise;
- (k) Portfolio investment means any international investment which is not direct investment;
- (1) Associated group means two or more persons who, by the appearance of their actions, by agreement, or by an understanding, exercise their voting privileges in a concerted manner to influence the management of a business