Benefits Under the Defense Base Act

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U.S. Department of Labor Office of Workers' Compensation (OWCP) Division of Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation (DLHWC)

LHWCA and extensions:

 Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (LHWCA)

33 U.S.C. §901 et seq.;

- Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (OCSLA)
 43 U.S.C. § 1331 et. seq.;
- Non-Appropriated Funds Instrumentality Act (NAFIA)

5 U.S.C. § 8171 et. seq.;

- Defense Base Act (DBA)
 42 U.S.C. § 1651 et. seq.; and
- War Hazards Compensation Act (WHCA)
 42 U.S.C. § 1701 et. seq.

Contact Us:

National Office

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http://www.dol.gov/esa/owcp/dlhwc/lstable.htm

What is Covered? Benefits Under the DBA

Resource:

http://www.dol.gov/esa/owcp/dlhwc/LS-560pam.htm

- Disability Compensation
- Medical Treatment
- Death Benefits
- Vocational Rehabilitation

Medical Benefits

Reference: 33 U.S.C. §907

- Medical treatment by a physician of the employee's choice
- Medical care must be related to the employment injury or illness
- Medical treatment is payable for as long as the injury or illness requires
- Opinion of treating physician is entitled to greater weight over employer/carrier examination

Compensation Types

- What are the types of disability?
 Temporary Total Disability (TTD), Temporary Partial Disability (TPD), Permanent Total Disability (PTD), Permanent Partial Disability (PPD). PPD can be scheduled or unscheduled.
- Temporary Total Disability (TTD)
 2/3 of the Average Weekly Wage (AWW)
 e.g. AWW = \$1500
 TTD = \$1500 x 2/3 = \$1000
- Temporary Partial Disability (TPD)
 Compensation for Loss of Wage Earning Capacity (LWEC)
 ²/₃ of employee's loss of wages
 e.g. Earnings prior to injury = \$1500
 Earnings after injury = \$500 \$1000

TPD = $$1000 \times \frac{2}{3}$ = \$666.67 per week

Compensation Types – cont.

- Permanent Total Disability
 - Compensation rate is ¾ of the AWW
- Permanent Partial Disability
 - $-\frac{2}{3}$ of employee's loss of earning capacity, or
 - Total disability for a defined number of weeks for a percentage of permanent impairment of a scheduled body part under Section 8(c)(1)-(20).

Death Benefits

- Burial Expenses of up to \$3,000.
- 50% of AWW for the surviving spouse, or if no spouse, for one surviving child.
- 16²/₃% of AWW for one or more surviving children, shared equally, in addition to the 50% for spouse and one child.
- Child benefit is paid up to age 18, student benefit through age 23 if in school full-time.

Average Weekly Wage

- Determination of AWW is based upon "average annual earnings" divided by 52 weeks.
- Preferred method is Section 910(a), which uses claimant's actual earnings for year prior to injury if claimant is a 5- or 6-day worker and has worked "substantially" the whole of the year.
- Alternatively, Section 910(b) uses earnings of a similarly situated worker.
- The last alternative is Section 910(c), which is the "catch-all" provision.
- Compensation rate is calculated by multiplying AWW by 66²/₃% (or ²/₃).

Compensation Rate

- Compensation is subject to a Maximum
 Compensation Rate, which is adjusted annually.
- Maximum Rate = \$1,073.64 per week effective 10/1/05
- There is no Minimum Compensation Rate under the DBA

Annual Adjustment

- Permanent total disability and death benefits are subject to annual adjustment (increase) based on U.S. national average weekly earnings as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- Annual adjustments are applied on October 1 of each year.

Lifetime Payments

Permanent disability is payable as long as disability continues. Spousal death benefit is payable for life, unless remarried.

EXAMPLE:

A 40 year old earning \$1500/week can expect to receive permanent total disability benefits over his 35 year life expectancy:

 $\frac{2}{3}$ (\$1,500) x 52 weeks x 35 years = \$1,820,000, not including cost of living adjustments

Widow(er)'s benefits

- If the same employee had been killed, his 30 year old widow and 2 infant children will receive over the life of the claim in excess of \$2,000,000, not including annual adjustments.
- Widow @ \$750 x 52 weeks x 45 years
 = \$1,755,000
- Children @ \$250 x 52 weeks x 21 years= \$273,000

Commutation

- Permanent disability and death benefits payable to aliens and non-US citizens residing outside the US may be commuted.
- Commuted benefit is equal to <u>one half</u> of the present value of future compensation, paid in one lump sum.

Vocational Rehabilitation Benefits

- Vocational Rehabilitation services for permanently disabled employees unable to return to employment without assistance.
- Services can include placement with previous employer in a modified position, placement with a new employer, or retraining.
- Currently rehabilitation services are only available to those permanently disabled employees residing in the United States.
- Cost of vocational rehabilitation is paid for by the U.S. Department of Labor, although claimant may be entitled to Temporary Total Disability during retraining.

QUESTIONS?