NOTE: Many of the statistics in the following pages were subsequently revised. These pages have not been updated to reflect the revisions.

To obtain BLS data that reflect all revisions, see http://www.bls.gov/data/home.htm

For the latest set of "Current Labor Statistics," see http://www.bls.gov/opub/mlr/curlabst.htm

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Notes on Current Labor Statistics

This section of the *Review* presents the principal statistical series collected and calculated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics: series on labor force; employment; unemployment; labor compensation; consumer, producer, and international prices; productivity; international comparisons; and injury and illness statistics. In the notes that follow, the data in each group of tables are briefly described; key definitions are given; notes on the data are set forth; and sources of additional information are cited.

General notes

The following notes apply to several tables in this section:

Seasonal adjustment. Certain monthly and quarterly data are adjusted to eliminate the effect on the data of such factors as climatic conditions, industry production schedules, opening and closing of schools, holiday buying periods, and vacation practices, which might prevent short-term evaluation of the statistical series. Tables containing data that have been adjusted are identified as "seasonally adjusted." (All other data are not seasonally adjusted.) Seasonal effects are estimated on the basis of past experience. When new seasonal factors are computed each year, revisions may affect seasonally adjusted data for several preceding years.

Seasonally adjusted data appear in tables 1–14, 16–17, 43, and 47. Seasonally adjusted labor force data in tables 1 and 4–9 were revised in the February 2002 issue of the *Review*. Seasonally adjusted establishment survey data shown in tables 1, 12–14 and 16–17 were revised in the July 2002 *Review* and reflect the experience through March 2002. A brief explanation of the seasonal adjustment methodology appears in "Notes on the data."

Revisions in the productivity data in table 49 are usually introduced in the September issue. Seasonally adjusted indexes and percent changes from month-to-month and quarter-to-quarter are published for numerous Consumer and Producer Price Index series. However, seasonally adjusted indexes are not published for the U.S. average All-Items CPI. Only seasonally adjusted percent changes are available for this series.

Adjustments for price changes. Some data—such as the "real" earnings shown in table 14—are adjusted to eliminate the effect of changes in price. These adjustments are made by dividing current-dollar values by the Consumer Price Index or the appropriate component of the index, then multiplying by 100. For example, given a current hourly wage rate of \$3 and a current price index number of 150, where 1982 = 100, the

hourly rate expressed in 1982 dollars is \$2 (\$3/150 x 100 = \$2). The \$2 (or any other resulting values) are described as "real," "constant," or "1982" dollars.

Sources of information

Data that supplement the tables in this section are published by the Bureau in a variety of sources. Definitions of each series and notes on the data are contained in later sections of these Notes describing each set of data. For detailed descriptions of each data series, see *BLS Handbook of Methods*, Bulletin 2490. Users also may wish to consult *Major Programs of the Bureau of Labor Statistics*, Report 919. News releases provide the latest statistical information published by the Bureau; the major recurring releases are published according to the schedule appearing on the back cover of this issue.

More information about labor force, employment, and unemployment data and the household and establishment surveys underlying the data are available in the Bureau's monthly publication, *Employment and Earnings*. Historical unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data from the household survey are available on the Internet:

http://www.bls.gov/cps/

Historically comparable unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data from the establishment survey also are available on the Internet:

http://www.bls.gov/ces/

Additional information on labor force data for areas below the national level are provided in the BLS annual report, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

For a comprehensive discussion of the Employment Cost Index, see *Employment Cost Indexes and Levels, 1975–95*, BLS Bulletin 2466. The most recent data from the Employee Benefits Survey appear in the following Bureau of Labor Statistics bulletins: *Employee Benefits in Medium and Large Firms; Employee Benefits in Small Private Establishments;* and *Employee Benefits in State and Local Governments*.

More detailed data on consumer and producer prices are published in the monthly periodicals, *The CPI Detailed Report* and *Producer Price Indexes*. For an overview of the 1998 revision of the CPI, see the December 1996 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*. Additional data on international prices appear in monthly news releases.

Listings of industries for which productivity indexes are available may be found on the Internet:

http://www.bls.gov/lpc/

For additional information on international comparisons data, see *International*

Comparisons of Unemployment, BLS Bulletin 1979.

Detailed data on the occupational injury and illness series are published in *Occupa*tional Injuries and Illnesses in the United States, by Industry, a BLS annual bulletin.

Finally, the *Monthly Labor Review* carries analytical articles on annual and longer term developments in labor force, employment, and unemployment; employee compensation and collective bargaining; prices; productivity; international comparisons; and injury and illness data.

Symbols

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

n.e.s. = not elsewhere specified.

 preliminary. To increase the timeliness of some series, preliminary figures are issued based on representative but incomplete returns.

r = revised. Generally, this revision reflects the availability of later data, but also may reflect other adjustments.

Comparative Indicators

(Tables 1-3)

Comparative indicators tables provide an overview and comparison of major BLS statistical series. Consequently, although many of the included series are available monthly, all measures in these comparative tables are presented quarterly and annually.

Labor market indicators include employment measures from two major surveys and information on rates of change in compensation provided by the Employment Cost Index (ECI) program. The labor force participation rate, the employment-to-population ratio, and unemployment rates for major demographic groups based on the Current Population ("household") Survey are presented, while measures of employment and average weekly hours by major industry sector are given using nonfarm payroll data. The Employment Cost Index (compensation), by major sector and by bargaining status, is chosen from a variety of BLS compensation and wage measures because it provides a comprehensive measure of employer costs for hiring labor, not just outlays for wages, and it is not affected by employment shifts among occupations and industries.

Data on changes in compensation, prices, and productivity are presented in table 2. Measures of rates of change of compensa-

tion and wages from the Employment Cost Index program are provided for all civilian nonfarm workers (excluding Federal and household workers) and for all private nonfarm workers. Measures of changes in consumer prices for all urban consumers; producer prices by stage of processing; overall prices by stage of processing; and overall export and import price indexes are given. Measures of productivity (output per hour of all persons) are provided for major sectors.

Alternative measures of wage and compensation rates of change, which reflect the overall trend in labor costs, are summarized in table 3. Differences in concepts and scope, related to the specific purposes of the series, contribute to the variation in changes among the individual measures.

Notes on the data

Definitions of each series and notes on the data are contained in later sections of these notes describing each set of data.

Employment and Unemployment Data

(Tables 1; 4–24)

Household survey data

Description of the series

EMPLOYMENT DATA in this section are obtained from the Current Population Survey, a program of personal interviews conducted monthly by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sample consists of about 60,000 households selected to represent the U.S. population 16 years of age and older. Households are interviewed on a rotating basis, so that three-fourths of the sample is the same for any 2 consecutive months.

Definitions

Employed persons include (1) all those who worked for pay any time during the week which includes the 12th day of the month or who worked unpaid for 15 hours or more in a family-operated enterprise and (2) those who were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, industrial dispute, or similar reasons. A person working at more than one job is counted only in the job at which he or she worked the greatest number of hours.

Unemployed persons are those who did not work during the survey week, but were available for work except for temporary illness and had looked for jobs within the preceding 4 weeks. Persons who did not look

for work because they were on layoff are also counted among the unemployed. **The unemployment rate** represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

The civilian labor force consists of all employed or unemployed persons in the civilian noninstitutional population. Persons not in the labor force are those not classified as employed or unemployed. This group includes discouraged workers, defined as persons who want and are available for a job and who have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but are not currently looking, because they believe there are no jobs available or there are none for which they would qualify. The civilian noninstitutional population comprises all persons 16 years of age and older who are not inmates of penal or mental institutions, sanitariums, or homes for the aged, infirm, or needy. The civilian labor force participation rate is the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is in the labor force. The employment-population ratio is employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

Notes on the data

From time to time, and especially after a decennial census, adjustments are made in the Current Population Survey figures to correct for estimating errors during the intercensal years. These adjustments affect the comparability of historical data. A description of these adjustments and their effect on the various data series appears in the Explanatory Notes of *Employment and Earnings*.

Labor force data in tables 1 and 4–9 are seasonally adjusted. Since January 1980, national labor force data have been seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the standard X-11 method previously used by BLs. A detailed description of the procedure appears in the X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method, by Estela Bee Dagum (Statistics Canada, Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983).

At the beginning of each calendar year, historical seasonally adjusted data usually are revised, and projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January–June period. The historical seasonally adjusted data usually are revised for only the most recent 5 years. In July, new seasonal adjustment factors, which incorporate the experience through June, are produced for the July–December period, but no revisions are made in the historical data.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on national household survey data, contact the Division of Labor Force Statistics: (202) 691–6378

Establishment survey data

Description of the series

EMPLOYMENT, HOURS, AND EARNINGS DATA in this section are compiled from payroll records reported monthly on a voluntary basis to the Bureau of Labor Statistics and its cooperating State agencies by about 300,000 establishments representing all industries except agriculture. Industries are classified in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In most industries, the sampling probabilities are based on the size of the establishment; most large establishments are therefore in the sample. (An establishment is not necessarily a firm; it may be a branch plant, for example, or warehouse.) Self-employed persons and others not on a regular civilian payroll are outside the scope of the survey because they are excluded from establishment records. This largely accounts for the difference in employment figures between the household and establishment surveys.

Definitions

An **establishment** is an economic unit which produces goods or services (such as a factory or store) at a single location and is engaged in one type of economic activity.

Employed persons are all persons who received pay (including holiday and sick pay) for any part of the payroll period including the 12th day of the month. Persons holding more than one job (about 5 percent of all persons in the labor force) are counted in each establishment which reports them.

Production workers in manufacturing include working supervisors and nonsupervisory workers closely associated with production operations. Those workers mentioned in tables 11–16 include production workers in manufacturing and mining; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in the following industries: transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. These groups account for about four-fifths of the total employment on private nonagricultural payrolls.

Earnings are the payments production or nonsupervisory workers receive during the survey period, including premium pay for overtime or late-shift work but exclud-

ing irregular bonuses and other special payments. **Real earnings** are earnings adjusted to reflect the effects of changes in consumer prices. The deflator for this series is derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

Hours represent the average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers for which pay was received, and are different from standard or scheduled hours. Overtime hours represent the portion of average weekly hours which was in excess of regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid.

The **Diffusion Index** represents the percent of industries in which employment was rising over the indicated period, plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment; 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. In line with Bureau practice, data for the 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans are seasonally adjusted, while those for the 12-month span are unadjusted. Data are centered within the span. Table 17 provides an index on private nonfarm employment based on 356 industries, and a manufacturing index based on 139 industries. These indexes are useful for measuring the dispersion of economic gains or losses and are also economic indicators.

Notes on the data

Establishment survey data are annually adjusted to comprehensive counts of employment (called "benchmarks"). The latest adjustment, which incorporated March 2001 benchmarks, was made with the release of May 2002 data, published in the July issue of the *Review*. Coincident with the benchmark adjustment, historical seasonally adjusted data were revised to reflect updated seasonal factors. Unadjusted data from April 2000 forward and seasonally adjusted data from January 1997 forward were revised with the release of the May 2002 data.

In addition to the routine benchmark revisions and updated seasonal factors introduced with the release of the May 2002 data, the first estimates for the transportation and public utilities; retail trade; and finance, insurance, and real estate industries were published from a new probability-based sample design. These industries are the third group to convert to a probability-based sample under a 4-year phase-in plan of a sample redesign project. The completion of the phase-in for the redesign, in June 2003 for the services industry, will coincide with the conversion of national establishment survey series from industry coding based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification(SIC) system to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For additional information, see the the June 2002 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Revisions in State data (table 11) occurred with the publication of January 2002 data.

Beginning in June 1996, the BLS uses the X-12-ARIMA methodology to seasonally adjust establishment survey data. This procedure, developed by the Bureau of the Census, controls for the effect of varying survey intervals (also known as the 4- versus 5-week effect), thereby providing improved measurement of over-the-month changes and underlying economic trends. Revisions of data, usually for the most recent 5-year period, are made once a year coincident with the benchmark revisions.

In the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns and are published as preliminary in the tables (12–17 in the *Review*). When all returns have been received, the estimates are revised and published as "final" (prior to any benchmark revisions) in the third month of their appearance. Thus, December data are published as preliminary in January and February and as final in March. For the same reasons, quarterly establishment data (table 1) are preliminary for the first 2 months of publication and final in the third month. Thus, fourth-quarter data are published as preliminary in January and February and as final in March.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on establishment survey data, contact the Division of Current Employment Statistics: (202) 691–6555.

Unemployment data by State

Description of the series

Data presented in this section are obtained from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program, which is conducted in cooperation with State employment security agencies.

Monthly estimates of the labor force, employment, and unemployment for States and sub-State areas are a key indicator of local economic conditions, and form the basis for determining the eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal economic assistance programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act. Seasonally adjusted unemployment rates are presented in table 10. Insofar as possible, the concepts and definitions underlying these data are those used in the national estimates obtained from the CPS.

Notes on the data

Data refer to State of residence. Monthly data for all States and the District of Columbia are derived using standardized procedures established by BLS. Once a year, estimates are revised to new population controls, usually with publication of January estimates, and benchmarked to annual average CPS levels.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on data in this series, call (202) 691–6392 (table 10) or (202) 691–6559 (table 11).

Covered employment and wage data (ES-202)

Description of the series

EMPLOYMENT, WAGE, AND ESTABLISHMENT DATA in this section are derived from the quarterly tax reports submitted to State employment security agencies by private and State and local government employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and from Federal, agencies subject to the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. Each quarter, State agencies edit and process the data and send the information to the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Covered Employment and Wages data, also referred as ES-202 data, are the most complete enumeration of employment and wage information by industry at the national, State, metropolitan area, and county levels. They have broad economic significance in evaluating labor market trends and major industry developments.

Definitions

In general, Es-202 monthly employment data represent the number of covered workers who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period that included the 12th day of the month. Covered private industry employment includes most corporate officials, executives, supervisory personnel, professionals, clerical workers, wage earners, piece workers, and part-time workers. It excludes proprietors, the unincorporated self-employed, unpaid family members, and certain farm and domestic workers. Certain types of nonprofit employers, such as religious organizations, are given a choice of coverage or exclusion in a number of States. Workers in these organizations are, therefore, reported to a limited degree.

Persons on paid sick leave, paid holiday, paid vacation, and the like, are included. Persons on the payroll of more than one firm during the period are counted by each UI-subject employer if they meet the employment definition

noted earlier. The employment count excludes workers who earned no wages during the entire applicable pay period because of work stoppages, temporary layoffs, illness, or unpaid vacations.

Federal employment data are based on reports of monthly employment and quarterly wages submitted each quarter to State agencies for all Federal installations with employees covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program, except for certain national security agencies, which are omitted for security reasons. Employment for all Federal agencies for any given month is based on the number of persons who worked during or received pay for the pay period that included the 12th of the month.

An **establishment** is an economic unit, such as a farm, mine, factory, or store, that produces goods or provides services. It is typically at a single physical location and engaged in one, or predominantly one, type of economic activity for which a single industrial classification may be applied. Occasionally, a single physical location encompasses two or more distinct and significant activities. Each activity should be reported as a separate establishment if separate records are kept and the various activities are classified under different four-digit sic codes.

Most employers have only one establishment; thus, the establishment is the predominant reporting unit or statistical entity for reporting employment and wages data. Most employers, including State and local governments who operate more than one establishment in a State, file a Multiple Worksite Report each quarter, in addition to their quarterly ur report. The Multiple Worksite Report is used to collect separate employment and wage data for each of the employer's establishments, which are not detailed on the UI report. Some very small multi-establishment employers do not file a Multiple Worksite Report. When the total employment in an employer's secondary establishments (all establishments other than the largest) is 10 or fewer, the employer generally will file a consolidated report for all establishments. Also, some employers either cannot or will not report at the establishment level and thus aggregate establishments into one consolidated unit, or possibly several units, though not at the establishment level.

For the Federal Government, the reporting unit is the **installation**: a single location at which a department, agency, or other government body has civilian em-

ployees. Federal agencies follow slightly different criteria than do private employers when breaking down their reports by installation. They are permitted to combine as a single statewide unit: 1) all installations with 10 or fewer workers, and 2) all installations that have a combined total in the State of fewer than 50 workers. Also, when there are fewer than 25 workers in all secondary installations in a State, the secondary installations may be combined and reported with the major installation. Last, if a Federal agency has fewer than five employees in a State, the agency headquarters office (regional office, district office) serving each State may consolidate the employment and wages data for that State with the data reported to the State in which the headquarters is located. As a result of these reporting rules, the number of reporting units is always larger than the number of employers (or government agencies) but smaller than the number of actual establishments (or installations).

Data reported for the first quarter are tabulated into **size** categories ranging from worksites of very small size to those with 1,000 employees or more. The size category is determined by the establishment's March employment level. It is important to note that each establishment of a multi-establishment firm is tabulated separately into the appropriate size category. The total employment level of the reporting multi-establishment firm is not used in the size tabulation.

Covered employers in most States report total wages paid during the calendar quarter, regardless of when the services were performed. A few State laws, however, specify that wages be reported for, or based on the period during which services are performed rather than the period during which compensation is paid. Under most State laws or regulations, wages include bonuses, stock options, the cash value of meals and lodging, tips and other gratuities, and, in some States, employer contributions to certain deferred compensation plans such as 401(k) plans.

Covered employer contributions for oldage, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI), health insurance, unemployment insurance, workers' compensation, and private pension and welfare funds are not reported as wages. Employee contributions for the same purposes, however, as well as money withheld for income taxes, union dues, and so forth, are reported even though they are deducted from the worker's gross pay.

Wages of covered Federal workers represent the gross amount of all payrolls for all pay periods ending within the quarter. This includes cash allowances, the cash equivalent of any type of remuneration, severance

pay, withholding taxes, and retirement deductions. Federal employee remuneration generally covers the same types of services as for workers in private industry.

Average annual wages per employee for any given industry are computed by dividing total annual wages by annual average employment. A further division by 52 yields average weekly wages per employee. Annual pay data only approximate annual earnings because an individual may not be employed by the same employer all year or may work for more than one employer at a time.

Average weekly or annual pay is affected by the ratio of full-time to part-time workers as well as the number of individuals in high-paying and low-paying occupations. When average pay levels between States and industries are compared, these factors should be taken into consideration. For example, industries characterized by high proportions of part-time workers will show average wage levels appreciably less than the weekly pay levels of regular full-time employees in these industries. The opposite effect characterizes industries with low proportions of part-time workers, or industries that typically schedule heavy weekend and overtime work. Average wage data also may be influenced by work stoppages, labor turnover rates, retroactive payments, seasonal factors, bonus payments, and so on.

Notes on the data

To insure the highest possible quality of data, State employment security agencies verify with employers and update, if necessary, the industry, location, and ownership classification of all establishments on a 3-year cycle. Changes in establishment classification codes resulting from the verification process are introduced with the data reported for the first quarter of the year. Changes resulting from improved employer reporting also are introduced in the first quarter. For these reasons, some data, especially at more detailed geographic levels, may not be strictly comparable with earlier years.

The 1999 county data used to calculate the 1999–2000 changes were adjusted for changes in industry and county classification to make them comparable to data for 2000. As a result, the adjusted 1999 data differ to some extent from the data available on the Internet at:

http://www.bls.gov/cew/home.htm.

County definitions are assigned according to Federal Information Processing Standards Publications as issued by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. Areas shown as counties include those designated

as independent cities in some jurisdictions and, in Alaska, those areas designated by the Census Bureau where counties have not been created. County data also are presented for the New England States for comparative purposes, even though townships are the more common designation used in New England (and New Jersey).

For additional information on the covered employment and wage data, contact the Division of Administrative Statistics and Labor Turnover at (202) 691–6567.

Compensation and Wage Data

(Tables 1-3; 25-31)

COMPENSATION AND WAGE DATA are gathered by the Bureau from business establishments, State and local governments, labor unions, collective bargaining agreements on file with the Bureau, and secondary sources.

Employment Cost Index

Description of the series

The **Employment Cost Index** (ECI) is a quarterly measure of the rate of change in compensation per hour worked and includes wages, salaries, and employer costs of employee benefits. It uses a fixed market basket of labor—similar in concept to the Consumer Price Index's fixed market basket of goods and services—to measure change over time in employer costs of employing labor.

Statistical series on total compensation costs, on wages and salaries, and on benefit costs are available for private nonfarm workers excluding proprietors, the self-employed, and household workers. The total compensation costs and wages and salaries series are also available for State and local government workers and for the civilian nonfarm economy, which consists of private industry and State and local government workers combined. Federal workers are excluded.

The Employment Cost Index probability sample consists of about 4,400 private nonfarm establishments providing about 23,000 occupational observations and 1,000 State and local government establishments providing 6,000 occupational observations selected to represent total employment in each sector. On average, each reporting unit provides wage and compensation information on five well-specified occupations. Data are collected each quarter for the pay period including the 12th day of March, June, September, and December.

Beginning with June 1986 data, fixed employment weights from the 1980 Census of Population are used each quarter to calculate the civilian and private indexes and the index for State and local governments. (Prior to June 1986, the employment weights are from the 1970 Census of Population.) These fixed weights, also used to derive all of the industry and occupation series indexes, ensure that changes in these indexes reflect only changes in compensation, not employment shifts among industries or occupations with different levels of wages and compensation. For the bargaining status, region, and metropolitan/non-metropolitan area series, however, employment data by industry and occupation are not available from the census. Instead, the 1980 employment weights are reallocated within these series each quarter based on the current sample. Therefore, these indexes are not strictly comparable to those for the aggregate, industry, and occupation series.

Definitions

Total compensation costs include wages, salaries, and the employer's costs for employee benefits.

Wages and salaries consist of earnings before payroll deductions, including production bonuses, incentive earnings, commissions, and cost-of-living adjustments.

Benefits include the cost to employers for paid leave, supplemental pay (including nonproduction bonuses), insurance, retirement and savings plans, and legally required benefits (such as Social Security, workers' compensation, and unemployment insurance).

Excluded from wages and salaries and employee benefits are such items as payment-inkind, free room and board, and tips.

Notes on the data

The Employment Cost Index for changes in wages and salaries in the private nonfarm economy was published beginning in 1975. Changes in total compensation cost—wages and salaries and benefits combined—were published beginning in 1980. The series of changes in wages and salaries and for total compensation in the State and local government sector and in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding Federal employees) were published beginning in 1981. Historical indexes (June 1981=100) are available on the Internet:

http://www.bls.gov/ect/

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Employment Cost Index, contact the Office of Compensation Levels and Trends: (202)

691-6199.

Employee Benefits Survey

Description of the series

Employee benefits data are obtained from the Employee Benefits Survey, an annual survey of the incidence and provisions of selected benefits provided by employers. The survey collects data from a sample of approximately 9,000 private sector and State and local government establishments. The data are presented as a percentage of employees who participate in a certain benefit, or as an average benefit provision (for example, the average number of paid holidays provided to employees per year). Selected data from the survey are presented in table 25 for medium and large private establishments and in table 26 for small private establishments and State and local government.

The survey covers paid leave benefits such as holidays and vacations, and personal, funeral, jury duty, military, family, and sick leave; short-term disability, long-term disability, and life insurance; medical, dental, and vision care plans; defined benefit and defined contribution plans; flexible benefits plans; reimbursement accounts; and unpaid family leave.

Also, data are tabulated on the incidence of several other benefits, such as severance pay, child-care assistance, wellness programs, and employee assistance programs.

Definitions

Employer-provided benefits are benefits that are financed either wholly or partly by the employer. They may be sponsored by a union or other third party, as long as there is some employer financing. However, some benefits that are fully paid for by the employee also are included. For example, long-term care insurance and postretirement life insurance paid entirely by the employee are included because the guarantee of insurability and availability at group premium rates are considered a benefit.

Participants are workers who are covered by a benefit, whether or not they use that benefit. If the benefit plan is financed wholly by employers and requires employees to complete a minimum length of service for eligibility, the workers are considered participants whether or not they have met the requirement. If workers are required to contribute towards the cost of a plan, they are considered participants only if they elect the plan and agree to make the required contributions.

Defined benefit pension plans use pre-

determined formulas to calculate a retirement benefit (if any), and obligate the employer to provide those benefits. Benefits are generally based on salary, years of service, or both.

Defined contribution plans generally specify the level of employer and employee contributions to a plan, but not the formula for determining eventual benefits. Instead, individual accounts are set up for participants, and benefits are based on amounts credited to these accounts.

Tax-deferred savings plans are a type of defined contribution plan that allow participants to contribute a portion of their salary to an employer-sponsored plan and defer income taxes until withdrawal.

Flexible benefit plans allow employees to choose among several benefits, such as life insurance, medical care, and vacation days, and among several levels of coverage within a given benefit.

Notes on the data

Surveys of employees in medium and large establishments conducted over the 1979–86 period included establishments that employed at least 50, 100, or 250 workers, depending on the industry (most service industries were excluded). The survey conducted in 1987 covered only State and local governments with 50 or more employees. The surveys conducted in 1988 and 1989 included medium and large establishments with 100 workers or more in private industries. All surveys conducted over the 1979–89 period excluded establishments in Alaska and Hawaii, as well as part-time employees.

Beginning in 1990, surveys of State and local governments and small private establishments were conducted in evennumbered years, and surveys of medium and large establishments were conducted in oddnumbered years. The small establishment survey includes all private nonfarm establishments with fewer than 100 workers, while the State and local government survey includes all governments, regardless of the number of workers. All three surveys include full- and part-time workers, and workers in all 50 States and the District of Columbia.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Employee Benefits Survey, contact the Office of Compensation Levels and Trends on the Internet: http://www.bls.gov/ebs/

Work stoppages

Description of the series

Data on work stoppages measure the number and duration of major strikes or lockouts (involving 1,000 workers or more) occurring during the month (or year), the number of workers involved, and the amount of work time lost because of stoppage. These data are presented in table 27.

Data are largely from a variety of published sources and cover only establishments directly involved in a stoppage. They do not measure the indirect or secondary effect of stoppages on other establishments whose employees are idle owing to material shortages or lack of service.

Definitions

Number of stoppages: The number of strikes and lockouts involving 1,000 workers or more and lasting a full shift or longer.

Workers involved: The number of workers directly involved in the stoppage.

Number of days idle: The aggregate number of workdays lost by workers involved in the stoppages.

Days of idleness as a percent of estimated working time: Aggregate workdays lost as a percent of the aggregate number of standard workdays in the period multiplied by total employment in the period.

Notes on the data

This series is not comparable with the one terminated in 1981 that covered strikes involving six workers or more.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on work stoppages data, contact the Office of Compensation and Working Conditions: (202) 691–6282, or the Internet:

http:/www.bls.gov/cba/

Price Data

(Tables 2; 32-42)

PRICE DATA are gathered by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from retail and primary markets in the United States. Price indexes are given in relation to a base period—1982 = 100 for many Producer Price Indexes, 1982–84 = 100 for many Consumer Price Indexes (unless otherwise noted), and 1990 = 100 for International Price Indexes.

Consumer Price Indexes

Description of the series

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in the prices paid by urban consumers for a fixed market basket of goods and services. The CPI is calculated monthly for two population groups, one consisting only of urban households

whose primary source of income is derived from the employment of wage earners and clerical workers, and the other consisting of all urban households. The wage earner index (CPI-W) is a continuation of the historic index that was introduced well over a halfcentury ago for use in wage negotiations. As new uses were developed for the CPI in recent years, the need for a broader and more representative index became apparent. The all-urban consumer index (CPI-U), introduced in 1978, is representative of the 1993-95 buying habits of about 87 percent of the noninstitutional population of the United States at that time, compared with 32 percent represented in the CPI-W. In addition to wage earners and clerical workers, the CPI-U covers professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, short-term workers, the unemployed, retirees, and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, fuel, drugs, transportation fares, doctors' and dentists' fees, and other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. The quantity and quality of these items are kept essentially unchanged between major revisions so that only price changes will be measured. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

Data collected from more than 23,000 retail establishments and 5,800 housing units in 87 urban areas across the country are used to develop the "U.S. city average." Separate estimates for 14 major urban centers are presented in table 33. The areas listed are as indicated in footnote 1 to the table. The area indexes measure only the average change in prices for each area since the base period, and do not indicate differences in the level of prices among cities.

Notes on the data

In January 1983, the Bureau changed the way in which homeownership costs are meaured for the CPI-U. A rental equivalence method replaced the asset-price approach to homeownership costs for that series. In January 1985, the same change was made in the CPI-W. The central purpose of the change was to separate shelter costs from the investment component of home-ownership so that the index would reflect only the cost of shelter services provided by owner-occupied homes. An updated CPI-U and CPI-W were introduced with release of the January 1987 and January 1998 data.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on consumer prices, contact the Division of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes: (202) 691–7000.

Producer Price Indexes

Description of the series

Producer Price Indexes (PPI) measure average changes in prices received by domestic producers of commodities in all stages of processing. The sample used for calculating these indexes currently contains about 3,200 commodities and about 80,000 quotations per month, selected to represent the movement of prices of all commodities produced in the manufacturing; agriculture, forestry, and fishing; mining; and gas and electricity and public utilities sectors. The stage-ofprocessing structure of PPI organizes products by class of buyer and degree of fabrication (that is, finished goods, intermediate goods, and crude materials). The traditional commodity structure of PPI organizes products by similarity of end use or material composition. The industry and product structure of PPI organizes data in accordance with the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and the product code extension of the SIC developed by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

To the extent possible, prices used in calculating Producer Price Indexes apply to the first significant commercial transaction in the United States from the production or central marketing point. Price data are generally collected monthly, primarily by mail questionnaire. Most prices are obtained directly from producing companies on a voluntary and confidential basis. Prices generally are reported for the Tuesday of the week containing the 13th day of the month.

Since January 1992, price changes for the various commodities have been averaged together with implicit quantity weights representing their importance in the total net selling value of all commodities as of 1987. The detailed data are aggregated to obtain indexes for stage-of-processing groupings, commodity groupings, durability-of-product groupings, and a number of special composite groups. All Producer Price Index data are subject to revision 4 months after original publication.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on producer prices, contact the Division of Industrial Prices and Price Indexes: (202) 691–7705.

International Price Indexes

Description of the series

The International Price Program produces monthly and quarterly export and import

price indexes for nonmilitary goods and services traded between the United States and the rest of the world. The export price index provides a measure of price change for all products sold by U.S. residents to foreign buyers. ("Residents" is defined as in the national income accounts; it includes corporations, businesses, and individuals, but does not require the organizations to be U.S. owned nor the individuals to have U.S. citizenship.) The import price index provides a measure of price change for goods purchased from other countries by U.S. residents.

The product universe for both the import and export indexes includes raw materials, agricultural products, semifinished manufactures, and finished manufactures, including both capital and consumer goods. Price data for these items are collected primarily by mail questionnaire. In nearly all cases, the data are collected directly from the exporter or importer, although in a few cases, prices are obtained from other sources.

To the extent possible, the data gathered refer to prices at the U.S. border for exports and at either the foreign border or the U.S. border for imports. For nearly all products, the prices refer to transactions completed during the first week of the month. Survey respondents are asked to indicate all discounts, allowances, and rebates applicable to the reported prices, so that the price used in the calculation of the indexes is the actual price for which the product was bought or sold.

In addition to general indexes of prices for U.S. exports and imports, indexes are also published for detailed product categories of exports and imports. These categories are defined according to the five-digit level of detail for the Bureau of Economic Analysis End-use Classification, the three-digit level for the Standard Industrial Classification (STTC), and the four-digit level of detail for the Harmonized System. Aggregate import indexes by coun-try or region of origin are also available.

BLS publishes indexes for selected categories of internationally traded services, calculated on an international basis and on a balance-of-payments basis.

Notes on the data

The export and import price indexes are weighted indexes of the Laspeyres type. The trade weights currently used to compute both indexes relate to 2000.

Because a price index depends on the same items being priced from period to period, it is necessary to recognize when a product's specifications or terms of transaction have been modified. For this reason, the Bureau's questionnaire requests detailed descriptions of the physical and functional characteristics of the products being priced, as well as information on the number of units bought or sold, discounts, credit terms, packaging, class of buyer or seller, and so forth. When there are changes in either the specifications or terms of transaction of a product, the dollar value of each change is deleted from the total price change to obtain the "pure" change. Once this value is determined, a linking procedure is employed which allows for the continued repricing of the item.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on international prices, contact the Division of International Prices: (202) 691–7155.

Productivity Data

(Tables 2; 43–46)

Business sector and major sectors

Description of the series

The productivity measures relate real output to real input. As such, they encompass a family of measures which include single-factor input measures, such as output per hour, output per unit of labor input, or output per unit of capital input, as well as measures of multifactor productivity (output per unit of combined labor and capital inputs). The Bureau indexes show the change in output relative to changes in the various inputs. The measures cover the business, nonfarm business, manufacturing, and nonfinancial corporate sectors.

Corresponding indexes of hourly compensation, unit labor costs, unit nonlabor payments, and prices are also provided.

Definitions

Output per hour of all persons (labor productivity) is the quantity of goods and services produced per hour of labor input. Output per unit of capital services (capital productivity) is the quantity of goods and services produced per unit of capital services input. Multifactor productivity is the quantity of goods and services produced per combined inputs. For private business and private nonfarm business, inputs include labor and capital units. For manufacturing, inputs include labor, capital, energy, non-energy materials, and purchased business ser-vices.

Compensation per hour is total compensation divided by hours at work. Total

compensation equals the wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans, plus an estimate of these payments for the self-employed (except for nonfinancial corporations in which there are no self-employed). **Real compensation per hour** is compensation per hour deflated by the change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers.

Unit labor costs are the labor compensation costs expended in the production of a unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation by output. Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from current-dollar value of output and dividing by output.

Unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments per unit of output.

Hours of all persons are the total hours at work of payroll workers, selfemployed persons, and unpaid family workers.

Labor inputs are hours of all persons adjusted for the effects of changes in the education and experience of the labor force.

Capital services are the flow of services from the capital stock used in production. It is developed from measures of the net stock of physical assets—equipment, structures, land, and inventories—weighted by rental prices for each type of asset.

Combined units of labor and capital inputs are derived by combining changes in labor and capital input with weights which represent each component's share of total cost. Combined units of labor, capital, energy, materials, and purchased business services are similarly derived by combining changes in each input with weights that represent each input's share of total costs. The indexes for each input and for combined units are based on changing weights which are averages of the shares in the current and preceding year (the Tornquist index-number formula).

Notes on the data

Business sector output is an annuallyweighted index constructed by excluding from real gross domestic product (GDP) the following outputs: general government, nonprofit institutions, paid employees of private households, and the rental value of owner-occupied dwellings. Nonfarm business also excludes farming. Private business and private nonfarm business further exclude government enterprises. The measures are supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of Economic Analysis. Annual estimates of manufacturing sectoral output are produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Quarterly manufacturing output indexes from the Federal Reserve Board are adjusted to these annual output measures by the BLS. Compensation data are developed from data of the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Hours data are developed from data of the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The productivity and associated cost measures in tables 43–46 describe the relationship between output in real terms and the labor and capital inputs involved in its production. They show the changes from period to period in the amount of goods and services produced per unit of input.

Although these measures relate output to hours and capital services, they do not measure the contributions of labor, capital, or any other specific factor of production. Rather, they reflect the joint effect of many influences, including changes in technology; shifts in the composition of the labor force; capital investment; level of output; changes in the utilization of capacity, energy, material, and research and development; the organization of production; managerial skill; and characteristics and efforts of the work force.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this productivity series, contact the Division of Productivity Research: (202) 691–5606.

Industry productivity measures

Description of the series

The BLS industry productivity data supplement the measures for the business economy and major sectors with annual measures of labor productivity for selected industries at the three- and four-digit levels of the Standard Industrial Classification system. In addition to labor productivity, the industry data also include annual measures of compensation and unit labor costs for three-digit industries and measures of multifactor productivity for three-digit manufacturing industries and railroad transportation. The industry

measures differ in methodology and data sources from the productivity measures for the major sectors because the industry measures are developed independently of the National Income and Product Accounts framework used for the major sector measures.

Definitions

Output per hour is derived by dividing an index of industry output by an index of labor input. For most industries, output indexes are derived from data on the value of industry output adjusted for price change. For the remaining industries, output indexes are derived from data on the physical quantity of production.

The **labor input** series consist of the hours of all employees (production workers and nonproduction workers), the hours of all persons (paid employees, partners, proprietors, and unpaid family workers), or the number of employees, depending upon the industry.

Unit labor costs represent the labor compensation costs per unit of output produced, and are derived by dividing an index of labor compensation by an index of output. Labor compensation includes payroll as well as supplemental payments, including both legally required expenditures and payments for voluntary programs.

Multifactor productivity is derived by dividing an index of industry output by an index of the combined inputs consumed in producing that output. Combined inputs include capital, labor, and intermediate purchases. The measure of capital input used represents the flow of services from the capital stock used in production. It is developed from measures of the net stock of physical assets—equipment, structures, land, and inventories. The measure of intermediate purchases is a combination of purchased materials, services, fuels, and electricity.

Notes on the data

The industry measures are compiled from data produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Bureau of the Census, with additional data supplied by other government agencies, trade associations, and other sources.

For most industries, the productivity indexes refer to the output per hour of all employees. For some trade and services industries, indexes of output per hour of all persons (including self-employed) are

constructed. For some transportation industries, only indexes of output per employee are prepared.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this series, contact the Division of Industry Productivity Studies: (202) 691–5618.

International Comparisons

(Tables 47–49)

Labor force and unemployment

Description of the series

Tables 47 and 48 present comparative measures of the labor force, employment, and unemployment—approximating U.S. concepts-for the United States, Canada, Australia, Japan, and several European countries. The unemployment statistics (and, to a lesser extent, employment statistics) published by other industrial countries are not. in most cases, comparable to U.S. unemployment statistics. Therefore, the Bureau adjusts the figures for selected countries, where necessary, for all known major definitional differences. Although precise comparability may not be achieved, these adjusted figures provide a better basis for international comparisons than the figures regularly published by each country. For further information on adjustments and comparability issues, see Constance Sorrentino, "International unemployment rates: how comparable are they?" Monthly Labor Review, June 2000, pp. 3-20.

Definitions

For the principal U.S. definitions of the **labor force**, **employment**, and **unemployment**, see the Notes section on Employment and Unemployment Data: Household survey data.

Notes on the data

The adjusted statistics have been adapted to the age at which compulsory schooling ends in each country, rather than to the U.S. standard of 16 years of age and older. Therefore, the adjusted statistics relate to the population aged 16 and older in France, Sweden, and the United Kingdom; 15 and older in Australia, Japan, Germany, Italy from 1993 onward, and the Netherlands; and 14 and older in Italy prior to 1993. An exception to this rule is that the Canadian statistics for 1976 onward are adjusted to cover ages 16 and older,

whereas the age at which compulsory schooling ends remains at 15. The institutional population is included in the denominator of the labor force participation rates and employment-population ratios for Japan and Germany; it is excluded for the United States and the other countries.

In the U.S. labor force survey, persons on layoff who are awaiting recall to their jobs are classified as unemployed. European and Japanese layoff practices are quite different in nature from those in the United States; therefore, strict application of the U.S. definition has not been made on this point. For further information, see *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1981, pp. 8–11.

The figures for one or more recent years for France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, and the United Kingdom are calculated using adjustment factors based on labor force surveys for earlier years and are considered preliminary. The recent-year measures for these countries, therefore, are subject to revision whenever data from more current labor force surveys become available.

There are breaks in the data series for the United States (1990, 1994, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000), Canada (1976) France (1992), Germany (1991), Italy (1991, 1993), the Netherlands (1988), and Sweden (1987).

For the United States, the break in series reflects a major redesign of the labor force survey questionnaire and collection methodology introduced in January 1994. Revised population estimates based on the 1990 census, adjusted for the estimated undercount, also were incorporated. In 1996, previously published data for the 1990-93 period were revised to reflect the 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the undercount. In 1997, revised population controls were introduced into the household survev. Therefore, the data are not strictly conparable with prior years. In 1998, new composite estimation procedures and minor revisions in population controls were introduced into the household survey. Therefore, the data are not strictly comparable with data for 1997 and earlier years. See the Notes section on Employment and Unemployment Data of this *Review*.

BLS recently introduced a new adjusted series for Canada. Beginning with the data for 1976, Canadian data are adjusted to more closely approximate U.S. concepts. Adjustments are made to the unemployed and labor force to exclude: (1) 15-year-olds; (2) passive jobseekers (persons only reading newspaper ads as their method of job search); (3) persons waiting to start a new job who did not seek work in the past 4 weeks; and (4) persons unavailable for work due to personal or family responsibilities. An adjustment is

made to include full-tine students looking for full-time work. The impact of the adjustments was to lower the annual average unemployment rate by 0.1–0.4 percentage point in the 1980s and 0.4–1.0 percentage point in the 1990s.

For France, the 1992 break reflects the substitution of standardized European Union Statistical Office (EUROSTAT) unemployment statistics for the unemployment data estimated according to the International Labor Office (ILO) definition and published in the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) annual yearbook and quarterly update. This change was made because the EUROSTAT data are more up-to-date than the OECD figures. Also, since 1992, the EUROSTAT definitions are closer to the U.S. definitions than they were in prior years. The impact of this revision was to lower the unemployment rate by 0.1 percentage point in 1992 and 1993, by 0.4 percentage point in 1994, and 0.5 percentage point in 1995.

For Germany, the data for 1991 onward refer to unified Germany. Data prior to 1991 relate to the former West Germany. The impact of including the former East Germany was to increase the unemployment rate from 4.3 to 5.6 percent in 1991.

For Italy, the 1991 break reflects a revision in the method of weighting sample data. The impact was to increase the unemployment rate by approximately 0.3 percentage point, from 6.6 to 6.9 percent in 1991.

In October 1992, the survey methodology was revised and the definition of unemployment was changed to include only those who were actively looking for a job within the 30 days preceding the survey and who were available for work. In addition, the lower age limit for the labor force was raised from 14 to 15 years. (Prior to these changes, BLS adjusted Italy's published unemployment rate downward by excluding from the unemployed those persons who had not actively sought work in the past 30 days.) The break in the series also reflects the incorporation of the 1991 population census results. The impact of these changes was to raise Italy's adjusted unemployment rate by approximately 1.2 percentage points, from 8.3 to 9.5 percent in fourth-quarter 1992. These changes did not affect employment significantly, except in 1993. Estimates by the Italian Statistical Office indicate that employment declined by about 3 percent in 1993, rather than the nearly 4 percent indicated by the data shown in table 44. This difference is attributable mainly to the incorporation of the 1991 population benchmarks in the 1993 data. Data for earlier years have not been adjusted to incorporate the 1991 census results.

For the Netherlands, a new survey questionnaire was introduced in 1992 that allowed for a closer application of ILO guidelines. EUROSTAT has revised the Dutch series back to 1988 based on the 1992 changes. The 1988 revised unemployment rate is 7.6 percent; the previous estimate for the same year was 9.3 percent.

There have been two breaks in series in the Swedish labor force survey, in 1987 and 1993. Adjustments have been made for the 1993 break back to 1987. In 1987, a new questionnaire was introduced. Questions regarding current availability were added and the period of active workseeking was reduced from 60 days to 4 weeks. These changes lowered Sweden's 1987 unemployment rate by 0.4 percentage point, from 2.3 to 1.9 percent. In 1993, the measurement period for the labor force survey was changed to represent all 52 weeks of the year rather than one week each month and a new adjustment for population totals was introduced. The impact was to raise the unemployment rate by approximately 0.5 percentage point, from 7.6 to 8.1 percent. Statistics Sweden revised its labor force survey data for 1987– 92 to take into account the break in 1993. The adjustment raised the Swedish unemployment rate by 0.2 percentage point in 1987 and gradually rose to 0.5 percentage point in 1992.

Beginning with 1987, BLs has adjusted the Swedish data to classify students who also sought work as unemployed. The impact of this change was to increase the adjusted unemployment rate by 0.1 percentage point in 1987 and by 1.8 percentage points in 1994, when unemployment was higher. In 1998, the adjusted unemployment rate had risen from 6.5 to 8.4 percent due to the adjustment to include students.

The net effect of the 1987 and 1993 changes and the BLS adjustment for students seeking work lowered Sweden's 1987 unemployment rate from 2.3 to 2.2 percent.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this series, contact the Division of Foreign Labor Statistics: (202) 691–5654.

Manufacturing productivity and labor costs

Description of the series

Table 49 presents comparative indexes of manufacturing labor productivity (output per hour), output, total hours, compensation per hour, and unit labor costs for the United States, Canada, Japan, and nine European

countries. These measures are trend comparisons—that is, series that measure changes over time—rather than level comparisons. There are greater technical problems in comparing the levels of manufacturing output among countries.

BLS constructs the comparative indexes from three basic aggregate measures—output, total labor hours, and total compensation. The hours and compensation measures refer to all employed persons (wage and salary earners plus self-employed persons and unpaid family workers) in the United States, Canada, Japan, France, Germany, Norway, and Sweden, and to all employees (wage and salary earners) in the other countries.

Definitions

Output, in general, refers to value added in manufacturing from the national accounts of each country. However, the output series for Japan prior to 1970 is an index of industrial production, and the national accounts measures for the United Kingdom are essentially identical to their indexes of industrial production.

The 1977–97 output data for the United States are the gross product originating (value added) measures prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the U.S. Department of Commerce. Comparable manufacturing output data currently are not available prior to 1977.

U.S. gross product originating is a chain-type annual-weighted series. (For more information on the U.S. measure, see Robert E. Yuskavage, "Improved Estimates of Gross Product by Industry, 1959–94," Survey of Current Business, August 1996, pp. 133–55.) The Japanese value added series is based upon one set of fixed price weights for the years 1970 through 1997. Output series for the other foreign economies also employ fixed price weights, but the weights are updated periodically (for example, every 5 or 10 years).

To preserve the comparability of the U.S. measures with those for other economies, BLS uses gross product originating in manufacturing for the United States for these comparative measures. The gross product originating series differs from the manufacturing output series that BLS publishes in its news releases on quarterly measures of U.S. productivity and costs (and that underlies the measures that appear in tables 43 and 45 in this section). The quarterly measures are on a "sectoral output" basis, rather than a value-added basis. Sectoral output is gross output less intrasector transactions.

Total labor hours refers to hours worked

in all countries. The measures are developed from statistics of manufacturing employment and average hours. The series used for France (from 1970 forward), Norway, and Sweden are official series published with the national accounts. Where official total hours series are not available, the measures are developed by BLS using employment figures published with the national accounts, or other comprehensive employment series, and estimates of annual hours worked. For Germany, BLS uses estimates of average hours worked developed by a research institute connected to the Ministry of Labor for use with the national accounts employment figures. For the other countries, BLS constructs its own estimates of average hours.

Denmark has not published estimates of average hours for 1994–97; therefore, the BLS measure of labor input for Denmark ends in 1993

Total compensation (labor cost) includes all payments in cash or in-kind made directly to employees plus employer expenditures for legally required insurance programs and contractual and private benefit plans. The measures are from the national accounts of each country, except those for Belgium, which are developed by BLS using statistics on employment, average hours, and hourly compensation. For Canada, France, and Sweden, compensation is increased to account for other significant taxes on payroll or employment. For the United Kingdom, compensation is reduced between 1967 and 1991 to account for employment-related subsidies. Self-employed workers are included in the all-employed-persons measures by assuming that their hourly compensation is equal to the average for wage and salary employees.

Notes on the data

In general, the measures relate to total manufacturing as defined by the International Standard Industrial Classification. However, the measures for France (for all years) and Italy (beginning 1970) refer to mining and manufacturing less energy-related products, and the measures for Denmark include mining and exclude manufacturing handicrafts from 1960 to 1966.

The measures for recent years may be based on current indicators of manufacturing output (such as industrial production indexes), employment, average hours, and hourly compensation until national accounts and other statistics used for the long-term measures become available.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this series, contact the Division of Foreign Labor Statistics: (202) 691–5654.

Occupational Injury and Illness Data

(Tables 50-51)

Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses

Description of the series

The Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses collects data from employers about their workers' job-related nonfatal injuries and illnesses. The information that employers provide is based on records that they maintain under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. Self-employed individuals, farms with fewer than 11 employees, employers regulated by other Federal safety and health laws, and Federal, State, and local government agencies are excluded from the survey.

The survey is a Federal-State cooperative program with an independent sample selected for each participating State. A stratified random sample with a Neyman allocation is selected to represent all private industries in the State. The survey is stratified by Standard Industrial Classification and size of employment.

Definitions

Under the Occupational Safety and Health Act, employers maintain records of nonfatal work-related injuries and illnesses that involve one or more of the following: loss of consciousness, restriction of work or motion, transfer to another job, or medical treatment other than first aid.

Occupational injury is any injury such as a cut, fracture, sprain, or amputation that results from a work-related event or a single, instantaneous exposure in the work environment.

Occupational illness is an abnormal condition or disorder, other than one resulting from an occupational injury, caused by exposure to factors associated with employment. It includes acute and chronic illnesses or disease which may be caused by inhalation, absorption, ingestion, or direct contact.

Lost workday injuries and illnesses are cases that involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Lost workdays include the number of workdays (consecutive or not) on which the employee was either away from work or at work in some restricted capacity, or both, because of an occupational injury or illness. BLS measures of the number and incidence rate of lost workdays were dis-

continued beginning with the 1993 survey. The number of days away from work or days of restricted work activity does not include the day of injury or onset of illness or any days on which the employee would not have worked, such as a Federal holiday, even though able to work.

Incidence rates are computed as the number of injuries and/or illnesses or lost work days per 100 full-time workers.

Notes on the data

The definitions of occupational injuries and illnesses are from *Recordkeeping Guidelines* for Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, September 1986).

Estimates are made for industries and employment size classes for total recordable cases, lost workday cases, days away from work cases, and nonfatal cases without lost workdays. These data also are shown separately for injuries. Illness data are available for seven categories: occupational skin diseases or disorders, dust diseases of the lungs, respiratory conditions due to toxic agents, poisoning (systemic effects of toxic agents), disorders due to physical agents (other than toxic materials), disorders associated with repeated trauma, and all other occupational illnesses.

The survey continues to measure the number of new work-related illness cases which are recognized, diagnosed, and reported during the year. Some conditions, for example, long-term latent illnesses caused by exposure to carcinogens, often are difficult to relate to the workplace and are not adequately recognized and reported. These long-term latent illnesses are believed to be understated in the survey's illness measure. In contrast, the overwhelming majority of the reported new illnesses are those which are easier to directly relate to workplace activity (for example, contact dermatitis and carpal tunnel syndrome).

Most of the estimates are in the form of incidence rates, defined as the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 equivalent full-time workers. For this purpose, 200,000 employee hours represent 100 employee years (2,000 hours per employee). Full detail on the available measures is presented in the annual bulletin, Occupational Injuries and Illnesses: Counts, Rates, and Characteristics.

Comparable data for more than 40 States and territories are available from the BLS Office of Safety, Health and Working Conditions. Many of these States publish data on State and local government employees in addition to private industry data.

Mining and railroad data are furnished to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration and the Federal Railroad Administration. Data from these organizations are included in both the national and State data published annually.

With the 1992 survey, BLS began publishing details on serious, nonfatal incidents resulting in days away from work. Included are some major characteristics of the injured and ill workers, such as occupation, age, gender, race, and length of service, as well as the circumstances of their injuries and illnesses (nature of the disabling condition, part of body affected, event and exposure, and the source directly producing the condition). In general, these data are available nationwide for detailed industries and for individual States at more aggregated industry levels.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on occupational injuries and illnesses, contact the Office of Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions at (202) 691–6180, or access the Internet at:

http://www.bls.gov/iip/

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries compiles a complete roster of fatal job-related injuries, including detailed data about the fatally injured workers and the fatal events. The program collects and cross checks fatality information from multiple sources, including death certificates, State and Federal workers' compensation reports, Occupational Safety and Health Administration and Mine Safety and Health Administration records, medical examiner and autopsy reports, media accounts, State motor vehicle fatality records, and follow-up questionnaires to employers.

In addition to private wage and salary workers, the self-employed, family members, and Federal, State, and local government workers are covered by the program. To be included in the fatality census, the decedent must have been employed (that is working for pay, compensation, or profit) at the time of the event, engaged in a legal work activity, or present at the site of the incident as a requirement of his or her job.

Definition

A fatal work injury is any intentional or unintentional wound or damage to the body resulting in death from acute exposure to energy, such as heat or electricity, or kinetic energy from a crash, or from the absence of such essentials as heat or oxygen caused by a specific event or incident or series of events within a single workday or shift. Fatalities that occur during a person's commute to or from work are excluded from the census, as well as work-related illnesses, which can be difficult to identify due to long latency periods.

Notes on the data

Twenty-eight data elements are collected, coded, and tabulated in the fatality program, including information about the fatally injured worker, the fatal incident, and the machinery or equipment involved. Summary worker demographic data and event characteristics are included in a national news release that is available about 8 months after

the end of the reference year. The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries was initiated in 1992 as a joint Federal-State effort. Most States issue summary information at the time of the national news release.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries contact the BLS Office of Safety, Health, and Working Conditions at (202) 691–6175, or the Internet at: http://www.bls.gov/iip/

LABSTAT available via World Wide Web

LABSTAT, the Bureau of Labor Statistics public database, provides current and historical data for many BLS surveys as well as numerous news releases.

LABSTAT Public Access has introduced a new production Internet service over the World Wide Web. BLS and regional offices programs are described using hypertext pages. Access to LABSTAT data and news releases is provided by a link to the BLS gopher server. The URL is:

http://www.bls.gov/blshome.html

If you have questions or comments regarding the LABSTAT system on the Internet, address e-mail to: labstat.helpdesk@bls.gov

1. Labor market indicators

Selected indicators	2000	2001		20	00			20	01		2002
Selected mulcators	2000	2001	I	П	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I
Employment data											
Employment status of the civilian noninstitutionalized											
population (household survey):											
Labor force participation rate	67.2	66.9	67.3	67.3	67.0	67.1	67.2	66.9	66.8	66.9	66.5
Employment-population ratio	64.5	63.8	64.6	64.6	64.3	64.4	64.4	63.9	63.6	63.1	62.8
Unemployment rate	4.0	4.8	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.5	4.8	5.6	5.6
Men	3.9	4.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.6	4.9	5.7	5.7
16 to 24 years	9.7	11.4	9.7	9.7	9.8	9.6	10.6	11.2	11.5	12.7	12.9
25 years and over	2.8	3.6	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.7	4.4	4.5
Women	4.1	4.7	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.8	5.5	5.5
16 to 24 years	8.9	9.7	9.5	9.0	8.5	8.4	8.7	9.2	10.0	10.6	11.0
25 years and over	3.2	3.7	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.3	3.4	3.7	4.4	4.4
Employment, nonfarm (payroll data), in thousands: ¹											
Total	131,720	131,922	130,995	131,819	131,876	132,185	132,559	132,193	131,943	131,130	130,759
Private sector	111,018	110,989	110,461	110,860	111,219	111,551	111,687	111,332	110,939	110,035	109,594
Goods-producing	25,649	24,949	25,701	25,690	25,681	25,626	25,493	25,136	24,786	24,375	24,049
Manufacturing	18,473	17,695	18,502	18,510	18,494	18,400	18,196	17,872	17,538	17,174	16,883
Service-producing	106,051	106,978	105,293	106,129	106,195	106,559	106,941	107,057	107,157	106,755	106,711
Average hours:											
Private sector	34.5	34.2	34.5	34.4	34.4	34.3	34.3	34.2	34.1	34.1	34.2
Manufacturing	41.6	40.7	41.8	41.8	41.5	41.1	41.0	40.8	40.7	40.5	40.8
Overtime	4.6	3.9	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.0
Employment Cost Index ²											
Percent change in the ECI, compensation:											
All workers (excluding farm, household and Federal workers)	4.1	4.1	1.3	1.0	1.0	.7	1.3	.9	1.2	.8	1.0
Private industry workers	4.4	4.2	1.5	1.2	.9	.7	1.4	1.0	.9	.8	1.1
Goods-producing ³		3.8	1.6	1.2	.9	.6	1.3	.9	.7	.8	1.2
Service-producing ³	4.4	4.3	1.4	1.2	1.0	.7	1.4	1.0	1.0	.8	1.1
State and local government workers	3.0	4.2	.6	.3	1.3	.7	.9	.6	2.1	.6	.6
Workers by bargaining status (private industry):											
Union	4.0	4.2	1.3	1.0	1.2	.5	.7	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.1
Nonunion	4.4	4.1	1.5	1.2	1.0	.7	1.5	1.0	.9	.7	1.1

¹ Quarterly data seasonally adjusted.

² Annual changes are December-to-December changes. Quarterly changes are calculated using the last month of each quarter.

³ Goods-producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing. Service-producing industries include all other private sector industries.

2. Annual and quarterly percent changes in compensation, prices, and productivity

Selected measures	2000	2001		20	00			20	01		2002
Selected measures	2000	2001	ı	II	III	IV	ı	II	Ш	IV	ı
Compensation data ^{1,2}											
Employment Cost Index—compensation (wages,											
salaries, benefits):											
Civilian nonfarm	4.1	4.1	1.3	1.0	1.0	0.7	1.3	0.9	1.2	0.8	1.0
Private nonfarm	4.4	4.2	1.5	1.2	.9	.7	1.4	1.0	.9	.8	1.1
Employment Cost Index—wages and salaries:											
Civilian nonfarm	3.8	3.7	1.1	1.0	1.1	.6	1.1	.9	1.0	.7	.9
Private nonfarm	3.9	3.8	1.2	1.0	1.0	.6	1,2	1.0	.8	.8	.9
Price data ¹											
Consumer Price Index (All Urban Consumers): All Items	1.6	3.4	1.7	.7	.8	.2	1.3	1.0	.2	9	.7
Producer Price Index:											
Finished goods	3.5	-1.8	1.5	1.8	.6	.4	.9	.8	3	-3.2	1.1
Finished consumer goods		-2.4	1.9	1.3	.8	.1	1.2	1.0	3	-4.3	1.5
Capital equipment	1.2	1.0	.1	.1	-7.2	1.1	1	-7.1	1	.1	2.9
Intermediate materials, supplies, and components		2	1.8	1.4	1.0	3	.2	.6	-1.0	-3.6	.9
Crude materials	31.1	-8.8	9.0	-6.0	2.1	9.4	-3.5	-6.6	-12.0	-12.2	8.0
Productivity data ³											
Output per hour of all persons:											
Business sector	3.0	1.1	.3	6.7	.4	2.1	-1.5	2	1.8	7.6	8.3
Nonfarm business sector	2.9	1.1	.2	6.0	.6	1.7	-1.5	1	2.1	7.3	8.6
Nonfinancial corporations ⁴	2.1	1.0	5.3	.3	2.6	7	-2.6	2.3	3.2	10.8	5.1

¹ Annual changes are December-to-December changes. Quarterly changes are calculated using the last month of each quarter. Compensation and price data are not seasonally adjusted, and the price data are not compounded.

cent changes reflect annual rates of change in quarterly indexes.

3. Alternative measures of wage and compensation changes

		Quart	erly ave	erage			Four q	uarters	ending	
Components		20	01		2002		20	01		2002
	ı	II	Ш	IV	ı	I	II	III	IV	ı
Average hourly compensation: ¹										
All persons, business sector	3.1	0.5	0.9	1.4	3.8	4.5	3.9	2.0	1.5	1.6
All persons, nonfarm business sector	2.8	.1	1.0	1.5	3.6	4.2	3.6	1.8	1.4	1.6
Employment Cost Index—compensation:										
Civilian nonfarm ²	1.3	.9	1.2	.8	1.0	4.1	3.9	4.1	4.1	3.9
Private nontarm	1.4	1.0	.9	.8	1.1	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.2	3.9
Union	.7	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.1	3.4	3.5	3.4	4.2	4.7
Nonunion	1.5	1.0	.9	.7	1.1	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.1	3.8
State and local governments	.9	.6	2.1	.6	.6	3.3	3.6	4.4	4.2	3.9
Employment Cost Index—wages and salaries:										
Civilian nonfarm ²	1.1	.9	1.0	.7	.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.5
Private nontarm	1.2	1.0	.8	.8	.9	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.8	3.5
Union	.6	1.1	1.0	1.6	.7	3.6	3.8	3.6	4.4	4.4
Nonunion	1.2	.9	.8	.7	1.0	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.4
State and local governments	.7	.5	1.9	.5	.5	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.6	3.4

¹ Seasonally adjusted. "Quarterly average" is percent change from a quarter ago, at an annual rate.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Excludes Federal and private household workers.

 $^{^{\}scriptsize 3}$ Annual rates of change are computed by comparing annual averages. Quarterly per-

The data are seasonally adjusted.

⁴ Output per hour of all employees.

² Excludes Federal and household workers.

4. Employment status of the population, by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands] Annual average 2001 2002 **Employment status** 2000 2001 May June July Aug. Sept Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May TOTAL Civilian noninstitutional 209 699 211.864 211.525 211.725 211.921 212.135 212 357 212.581 212 767 212.927 213.089 213 306 213 334 213 492 213 658 population Civilian labor force. 140.863 141,815 141,445 141,468 141.651 141.380 142.068 142,280 142,279 141,390 141.390 142.211 142.005 142.570 142,769 Participation rate... 67.2 66.9 66.9 66.8 66.8 66.6 66.9 66.9 66.9 66.8 66 4 66.7 66.6 66.8 66.8 135.004 134.055 Employed... 135,208 135.073 135.235 135.003 135,106 134,408 134.615 134.253 133,468 134.319 133.894 133.976 134.417 Employment-pop-62.9 ulation ratio2. 64.5 63.8 63.9 63.8 63.8 63.4 63.6 63.3 63.1 63.0 62.6 63.0 62.8 62.8 Unemployed.... 5.665 6.742 6.210 6.465 6.545 6.972 7.064 7.665 8.026 8,259 7.922 7.891 8.111 8.594 8,351 4.0 4.8 4.6 4.6 4.9 5.0 5.4 5.6 5.7 6.0 5.8 Unemployment rate. 4.4 5.6 5.8 5.5 68,836 70,050 70,080 70,257 70,270 70,755 70,289 70,301 70,488 71,699 70,995 70,922 70,889 Not in the labor force... 70,613 71,329 Men, 20 years and over Civilian noninstitutional 92,580 93,659 93,541 93,616 93,708 93,810 93,917 94,015 94,077 94,161 94,228 94,262 94,315 94,414 94,479 population 1. Civilian labor force.. 70.930 71.590 71,468 71,429 71.500 71.523 71.805 71,940 71,935 71,988 71,534 71.718 71.723 72.098 72.428 Participation rate..... 76.2 75.9 76.6 76.4 76.3 76.3 76.3 76.5 76.5 76.5 76.5 76.1 76.0 76.4 76.7 Employed... 68,580 68,587 68,698 68,535 68,610 68,388 68,696 68,486 68,204 68,276 67,818 68,157 68,013 68,193 68,647 Employment-pop-74 1 73.2 73 4 732 73 2 72 9 83 1 728 72.5 72.5 72 0 72.3 72 1 72 2 72 7 ulation ratio2 Agriculture.. 2,252 2,102 2,168 2.057 2,035 2,129 2,138 2,132 2,082 2,141 2,207 2,185 2.084 2.213 2,125 Nonagricultural industries. 66.328 66.485 66.530 66.478 66.575 66.259 66.558 66.354 66.122 66.135 65.611 65.973 65.929 65.980 66.522 3.109 3.454 3.781 Unemployed... 2.350 3.003 2.770 2.894 2.890 3.135 3.731 3.712 3.716 3.560 3.710 3.905 5.2 Unemployment rate. 4.2 3.9 4.1 4.0 4.8 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.4 Women, 20 years and over Civilian noninstitutional 101,078 102,060 101.938 102.023 102,067 102.165 102.277 102.371 102.438 102,492 102.550 102.651 102.728 102.847 102 936 population 1 61,565 62,597 Civilian labor force..... 62,148 62,068 61,961 62,103 62,142 62,222 62,269 62,321 62,481 62,056 62,703 62,320 62,724 Participation rate... 60.9 60.9 60.8 60.8 61.0 60.8 60.9 60.7 60.8 60.8 60.8 60.5 61 1 60.7 61.0 Employed.... 59.352 59.596 59.716 59.555 59,640 59,526 59.463 59,302 59,288 59.205 59,102 59,588 59,227 59.333 59,337 Employment-population ratio2. 58.7 58.4 58.6 58.4 58.4 58.3 58 1 57.9 57.9 57.8 57.6 58.0 57.7 57.7 57.6 823 Agriculture.. 818 82 816 772 784 781 842 852 859 824 829 804 732 760 Nonagricultural 58.779 58.783 58.759 58.535 58.900 58.856 58.745 58.460 58.436 58.277 58.423 58.602 58.577 industries. 58.640 58.346 Unemployed.. 2.212 2.551 2.352 2.406 2.463 2.616 2.759 2.967 3.303 3.276 2.954 3.116 3.093 3.391 3.260 3.6 4.1 3.8 3.9 4.0 4.2 4.4 3.8 4.9 5.2 4.8 5.0 5.0 5.4 5.2 Unemployment rate. Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Civilian noninstitutional 16.042 16.146 16.046 16.086 16.145 16.161 16.163 16.195 16.252 16.275 16.310 16.293 16.292 16.231 16.243 population 1 8,071 Civilian labor force...... 8,369 8.077 7,909 8.078 8,048 7,715 8,041 8,023 7,845 7,800 7,790 7,962 7,748 7,744 Participation rate... 52.2 50.0 49.3 50.2 49.8 49.4 48.2 47.8 48.9 47.7 Employed.. 7,276 6,494 6,827 6,761 6,548 6,655 6,434 6,889 6,821 6,913 6,856 6,845 6,574 6,575 6,450 Employment-pop-45.4 ulation ratio². 42.7 42.5 43.0 42.5 40.2 42.3 42.2 41.6 40.4 40.1 40.4 40.8 39.7 39.6 Agriculture. 235 225 209 215 236 216 220 229 220 246 241 233 239 209 213 Nonagricultural 7.041 6.698 6.278 6.625 6.598 6.541 6.342 6.221 industries. 6.664 6.612 6.620 6.328 6.307 6.416 6.240 1,093 1,187 1,088 1,165 1,192 1,221 1,244 1,262 1,271 1,252 1,215 1,308 1,310 Unemployed..... 1,106 1,298 Unemployment rate. 13.1 14.7 13.8 14.4 14.8 15.8 15.4 15.7 16.2 16.1 15.6 16.4 16.8 White Civilian noninstitutional 174,428 175,888 175,653 176,372 176,783 177,087 175,789 175,924 176,069 176,220 176,500 176,607 176,713 176,866 176,972 population Civilian labor force... 117,574 118,144 117.714 117,854 117.986 117,813 118,274 118.506 118,566 118,403 117.759 118,472 118,159 118,661 118.742 67.4 Participation rate.... 67.2 67.0 67.0 66.9 67.1 67.2 67.2 67.0 66.6 67.0 66.8 67.1 67.1 Employed. 113,475 113.220 113.185 113.037 113,237 112.703 113,147 112,878 112.652 112.388 111.876 112.632 112.286 112,426 112.563 Employment-population ratio2. 65.1 64.4 64.4 64.4 64.3 64.0 64.2 64.0 63.8 63.6 63.3 63.7 63.3 63.5 53.6 Unemployed 4.099 4,923 4.541 4.728 4.810 5,073 5,127 5.628 5.914 6.015 5.883 5.840 5.873 6,236 6.179 Unemployment rate. 3.5 4.2 3.9 4.0 4.1 4.3 4.3 4.7 5.0 5.1 5.0 4.9 5.0 5.3 5.2 Black Civilian noninstitutional 25.218 25.559 25.501 25.533 25.565 25.604 25.644 25.686 25.720 25.752 25.785 25.813 25.839 25.868 25.898 population 1. 16.685 16.887 Civilian labor force.... 16.603 16.719 16.644 16.739 16.720 16.827 16.748 16.687 16.833 16.769 16.747 16.758 16.941 Participation rate... 65.3 65.4 65.0 65.2 65.8 65.4 65.6 65.3 65.3 65.6 65.2 64.9 64.9 64.9 65.5 15,334 15,270 15,330 15,337 15,040 15,122 14,969 15,168 Employed..... 15,311 15,210 15,339 15,144 15,119 15,131 15,045 Employment-population ratio2. 60.8 59.7 60.0 60.0 60.0 59.4 59.8 59.0 58.5 58.7 58.6 58.6 57.9 58.2 58.6 1,718 Unemployed..... 1,269 1,450 1,333 1,409 1,348 1,510 1,488 1,604 1,647 1,711 1,650 1,616 1,789 1,896

8.8

9.0

9.9

9.6

10.2

9.8

9.6

10.7

11.2

10.2

See footnotes at end of table

Unemployment rate.

8.7

8.0

8.4

8.1

7.6

4. Continued—Employment status of the population, by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

[realised in thededinde]	ı									1					
Employment status	Annual a	average			20	01							2002		
Employment status	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Hispanic origin															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	22,393	23,122	23,021	23,090	23,157	23,222	23,288	23,351	23,417	23,478	23,542	23,604	23,664	23,732	23,797
Civilian labor force	15,368	15,751	15,656	15,602	15,753	15,788	15,811	15,956	15,932	16,013	15,988	16,011	15,908	16,156	16,085
Participation rate	68.6	68.1	68.0	67.6	68.0	68.0	67.9	68.3	68.0	68.2	67.9	67.8	67.2	68.1	67.6
Employed	14,492	14,714	14,684	14,574	14,776	14,771	14,785	14,824	14,751	14,753	14,700	14,867	14,743	14,877	14,963
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	64.7	63.6	63.8	63.1	63.8	63.6	63.5	63.5	63.0	62.8	62.4	63.0	62.3	62.7	62.9
Unemployed	876	1,037	972	1,028	977	1,017	1,026	1,132	1,181	1,260	1,288	1,143	1,165	1,279	1,122
Unemployment rate	5.7	6.6	6.2	6.6	6.2	6.4	6.5	7.1	7.4	7.9	8.1	7.1	7.3	7.9	7.0

¹ The population figures are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals becausedata for the "other races" groups are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

5. Selected employment indicators, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[In thousands]

Selected categories	Annual a	verage	2001										2002		
Selected categories	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Characteristic															,
Employed, 16 years and over	135,208	135,073	135,235	135,003	145,106	134,408	135,004	134,615	134,253	134,055	133,468	134,319	133,894	133,976	134,417
Men	72,293	72,080	72,131	72,012	72,093	71,705	72,177	71,871	71,570	71,577	71,114	71,457	71,299	71,397	71,894
Women	62,915	62,992	63,104	62,991	63,013	62,703	62,827	62,744	62,683	62,478	62,354	62,862	62,595	62,579	62,524
Married men, spouse present	43,368	43,243	43,633	43,357	43,264	43,143	43,099	42,983	42,861	42,772	42,823	43,275	43,317	43,167	43,548
Married women, spouse present	33,708	33,613	33,692	33,466	33,571	33,685	33,604	33,227	33,330	33,209	33,174	33,703	33,552	33,446	33,371
Women who maintain families	8,387	8,364	8,335	2,513	1,558	8,328	8,274	8,256	8,331	8,458	8,396	8,417	8,320	8,266	8,397
Class of worker															
Agriculture:															
Wage and salary workers Self-employed workers	2,034 1,233	1,884 1,233	1,957 1,208	1,803 1,193	1,798 152	1,852 1,239	1,882 1,278	1,898 1,290	1,865 1,276	1,879 1,313	1,917 1,311	1,930 1,293	1,825 1,264	1,896 1,216	1,911 1,156
Unpaid family workers	38	27	34	32	23	29	24	26	12	27	49	21	29	34	4
Nonagricultural industries: Wage and salary workers	123,128	123,235	123,530	123,069	123,204	122,685	123,186	122,710	122,507	122,196	122,145	122,770	122,545	122,366	123,071
Government		19,127	19,068	18,934	18,999	19,150	19,290	19,223	19,172	19,183	19.047	19,286	19,218	19,347	19.811
Private industries	104,076	104,108	10,442	104,135	104,205	103,535	103,896	103,487	103,335	103,013	103,098	103,485	103,327	103,019	103,260
Private households	890	803	795	760	790	814	804	867	790	736	725	709	677	791	775
Other	103,186	103,305	103,667	103,375	103,415	102,721	103,092	102,620	102,545	102,277	102,373	102,775	102,650	102,228	102,485
Self-employed workers	8,674	8,594	8,540	8,720	8,568	8,503	8,556	8,505	8,507	8,524	8,213	8,257	8,200	8,234	8,305
Unpaid family workers	101	101	111	102	98	111	101	95	77	92	97	86	89	103	105
Persons at work part time ¹															
All industries: Part time for economic															
reasons	3,190	3,672	3,388	3,649	3,571	3,389	4,148	4,329	4,206	4,267	3,973	4,228	3,997	4,151	3,996
Slack work or business															
conditions	1,927	2,355	2,205	2,276	2,174	2,115	2,796	2,983	2,796	2,809	2,549	2,755	2,721	2,690	2,626
Could only find part-time															
work	944	1,007	921	1,008	1,011	952	1,064	1,108	1,121	1,161	1,089	1,120	1,021	1,131	1,064
Part time for noneconomic	40.700	40.707	40.004	40 400	40.040	40.044	40.700	40.044	40.507	40.540	40.004	40.005	40.500	40.700	40.007
reasons	18,722	18,707	18,634	18,482	18,812	19,011	18,798	18,644	18,587	18,540	18,201	18,395	18,530	18,793	18,887
Nonagricultural industries: Part time for economic															
reasons	3,045	3,529	3,231	3,556	3,425	3,246	4,015	4,222	4,017	4,119	3,781	3,998	3,848	4,009	3,818
Slack work or business															
conditions	1,835	2,266	2,101	2,215	2,111	2,025	2,704	2,898	2,679	2,717	2,448	2,615	2,605	2,587	2,515
Could only find part-time	924	989	900	990	993	027	1 045	1.000	1.000	1 100	1.000	1 000	1.004	1 100	1 022
Work	924	989	899	990	993	927	1,045	1,082	1,096	1,138	1,068	1,089	1,001	1,122	1,033
Part time for noneconomic	18.165	18.177	18.097	18.066	18.283	18.485	18.232	18.065	18.007	17.960	17.717	17.886	18.004	18.274	16,350
reasons	10,100	10,177	10,097	10,000	10,283	10,485	10,232	10,005	10,007	17,960	17,717	17,000	10,004	10,274	10,350

Excludes persons with a job but not at work during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial disputes.

² Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

6. Selected unemployment indicators, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Unemployment rates]

Characteristic Characteristic Characteristic Characte		Annual a	verage				2001							2002		
Istal is lyears and over	Selected categories	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Both seves, 16 to 19 years	Characteristic															
Men. 20 years and over	Lotal, 16 years and over	4.0	4.8	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.9	5.0	5.4	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.7	6.0	5.8
Winen, 20 years and over	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	13.1	14.7	13.8	14.4	14.8	15.8	14.9	15.4	15.7	16.2	16.1	15.6	16.4	16.8	16.9
Women, 20 years and over. 3.6	Men, 20 years and over	3.3	4.2	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.4	4.3	4.8	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years			4.1	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.8	4.9	5.2	4.8	5.0	5.0	5.4	5.2
Men, 16 to 19 years	White, total	3.5	4.2	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.7	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.3
Women, 16 to 19 years	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	11.4	12.7	12.0	12.7	13.2	13.8	12.7	23.1	13.5	13.7	14.2	14.0	14.5	14.0	14.8
Men, 20 years and over	Men, 16 to 19 years	12.3	13.8	13.3	14.3	13.8	15.1	13.6	14.7	15.8	14.6	13.7	15.4	16.3	15.4	15.4
Women, 20 years and over. 3.1 3.6 3.4 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.8 4.1 4.2 4.5 4.2 4.4 4.3 4.6 4.6 Black, total	Women, 16 to 19 years	10.4	11.4	10.7	11.0	12.6	12.4	11.7	11.5	11.1	12.8	14.6	12.6	12.7	12.5	14.2
Black, total	Men, 20 years and over	2.8	3.7	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.8	3.8	4.4	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.4	4.5	4.8	4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	Women, 20 years and over	3.1	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.2	4.4	4.3	4.6	4.5
Men, 16 to 19 years	Black, total	7.6	8.7	8.0	8.4	8.1	9.0	8.8	9.6	9.9	10.2	9.8	9.6	10.7	11.2	10.2
Women, 1s to 19 years	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.7	29.0	25.7	28.0	26.6	30.1	28.5	30.2	32.1	33.4	30.7	27.9	31.0	35.4	30.2
Women, 1s to 19 years	Men. 16 to 19 years	26.4	30.5	30.0	30.5	28.1	31.4	30.8	31.2	31.6	32.0	32.1	30.0	36.9	37.3	36.8
Men, 20 years and over	Women, 16 to 19 years	23.0	27.5	21.5	25.7	25.2	28.7	26.1	29.1	32.6	34.8	29.0	25.6	44.7	33.5	22.3
Women, 20 years and over			8.0	7.6	7.8	7.9	8.8	7.8	8.2	8.7	9.1	8.9	8.7	10.1	9.3	8.6
Married men, spouse present				_	_			-		-	-		_	-		9.5
Married women, spouse present	Hispanic origin, total	5.7	6.6	6.2	6.6	6.2	6.4	6.5	7.1	7.4	7.9	8.1	7.1	7.3	7.9	7.0
Women who maintain families	Married men, spouse present	2.0	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.9	3.6
Full-time workers	Married women, spouse present	2.7	3.1	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.4	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.9
Part-time workers	Women who maintain families	5.9	6.6	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.8	7.1	6.8	8.0	8.0	8.9	8.0	7.3	8.6	8.1
Nonagricultural wage and salary workers	Full-time workers	3.9	4.7	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.8	5.0	5.4	5.6	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.8	6.2	5.9
Nonagricultural wage and salary workers	Part-time workers	4.8	5.1	4.8	5.2	5.1	5.4	4.6	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.2	4.8	5.2	5.2	5.6
workers	Industry															
Mining		4.4	E 4	4.0	4.0	4.0	F 4	F 0	F 4	F 7	F 0	6.0		0.5		6.0
Construction			_	_	_	-	_		-	-						
Manufacturing	•															4.3
Durable goods																7.5
Nondurable goods			_		_					-					-	6.6
Transportation and public utilities	· ·					-										6.3
Wholesale and retail trade	ě .	_	_	-	_	-			-		-	-				7.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate 2.3 2.8 2.1 2.4 3.1 2.8 2.9 2.9 3.6 2.8 2.4 3.0 3.0 3.1 3.5 Services	·								-	-	-			-		5.3
Services																6.8
Government workers																3.6
Agricultural wage and salary workers			_		_						-					5.4
Educational attainment¹ Less than a high school diploma				_	_	-							-	-		2.4
Less than a high school diploma	Agricultural wage and salary workers	7.5	9.7	6.1	7.2	7.8	7.5	5.5	7.3	10.4	13.2	15.2	14.0	16.8	8.0	6.6
High school graduates, no college																
Some college, less than a bachelor's degree													_			7.4
degree		3.5	4.2	3.6	3.7	4.1	4.3	4.0	4.3	4.8	4.8	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.5	5.1
*	o ,	27	33	28	3.0	32	3.4	32	3.8	40	40	46	45	45	46	4.5
Louiede draduates 1/1 231 191 231 241 271 251 251 271 281 301 291 271 271 3	College graduates		2.3	1.9	2.3	2.4	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.7

Data refer to persons 25 years and over.

7. Duration of unemployment, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Weeks of	Annual a	verage			20	01							2002		
unemployment	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Less than 5 weeks	2,543	2,833	2,714	2,809	2,647	2,955	2,807	3,084	3,090	3,024	2,978	2,828	3,078	2,793	2,876
5 to 14 weeks	1,803	2,163	2,021	2,098	2,170	2,152	2,366	2,522	2,573	2,724	2,586	2,515	2,411	2,818	2,531
15 weeks and over	1,309	1,746	1,503	1,571	1,630	1,798	1,907	2,042	2,317	2,410	2,546	2,561	2,688	2,854	2,952
15 to 26 weeks	665	949	862	843	948	980	1,084	1,136	1,207	1,295	1,418	1,383	1,355	1,360	1,316
27 weeks and over	644	787	641	728	682	818	823	906	1,110	1,115	1,127	1,178	1,333	1,494	1,636
Mean duration, in weeks	12.6	13.2	12.4	12.9	12.7	13.2	13.3	13.0	14.4	14.5	14.6	15.0	15.4	16.6	17.1
Median duration, in weeks	5.9	6.8	6.4	6.3	6.7	6.6	7.3	7.4	7.6	8.2	8.8	8.1	8.1	8.9	9.8

8. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Reason for	Annual av	/erage				20	01						2002		
unemployment	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Job losers ¹	2,492	3,428	3,132	3,249	3,294	3,438	3,595	4,297	4,501	4,492	4,354	4,326	4,370	4,525	4,598
On temporary layoff	842	1,044	1,055	990	1,020	1,071	1,114	1,288	1,157	1,107	1,124	1,106	1,066	1,095	1,091
Not on temporary layoff	1,650	2,379	2,077	2,259	2,274	2,367	2,481	3,009	3,344	3,385	3,231	3,220	3,204	3,430	3,506
Job leavers	775	832	818	807	791	877	819	880	848	908	879	877	862	1,017	902
Reentrants	1,957	2,029	1,827	1,921	1,948	2,162	2,102	2,113	2,197	2,361	2,191	2,268	2,471	2,450	2,433
New entrants	431	453	467	470	442	488	466	466	497	495	479	485	557	519	499
Percent of unemployed															
Job losers ¹	44.1	50.8	50.2	50.4	50.9	49.4	51.5	55.4	56.0	54.4	55.1	54.4	52.3	53.2	54.5
On temporary layoff	14.9	15.6	16.9	15.4	15.8	15.4	16.0	16.6	14.4	13.4	14.2	13.9	13.1	12.9	12.9
Not on temporary layoff	29.2	35.3	33.3	35.0	35.1	34.0	35.5	38.8	41.6	41.0	40.9	40.5	39.3	40.3	41.6
Job leavers	13.7	12.3	13.1	12.5	12.2	12.6	11.7	11.3	10.5	11.0	11.1	11.0	10.6	12.0	10.7
Reentrants	34.6	30.1	29.3	29.8	30.1	31.0	30.1	27.2	27.3	28.6	27.7	28.5	30.3	28.8	28.9
New entrants	7.6	6.7	7.5	7.3	6.8	7.0	6.7	6.0	6.2	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.8	6.1	5.9
Percent of civilian															
labor force															
Job losers ¹	1.8	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.2
Job leavers		.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.6
Reentrants	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7
New entrants	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.3

¹ Includes persons who completed temporary jobs.

9. Unemployment rates by sex and age, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Civilian workers]

Sex and age	Annual a	verage			20	01							2002		
Sex and age	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Total, 16 years and over	4.0	4.8	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.9	5.0	5.4	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.7	6.0	5.8
16 to 24 years	9.3	10.6	10.0	10.4	10.2	11.3	10.8	11.5	11.7	11.9	11.9	11.6	12.5	12.3	11.6
16 to 19 years	13.1	14.7	13.8	14.4	14.8	15.8	14.9	15.4	15.7	16.2	16.1	15.6	16.4	16.8	16.9
16 to 17 years	15.4	17.1	15.8	16.5	19.0	18.6	16.6	17.4	17.5	18.8	17.0	16.5	16.5	19.4	20.7
18 to 19 years	. 11.5	13.2	12.5	13.0	12.4	14.4	13.9	14.2	14.8	14.8	15.2	14.7	15.1	15.1	14.8
20 to 24 years	7.1	8.3	7.9	8.2	7.7	8.9	8.6	9.3	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.5	10.3	10.0	8.9
25 years and over	3.0	3,7	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.8	3.8	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.9	4.8
25 to 54 years	3.1	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.7	5.0	5.0
55 years and over	2.6	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.5	4.0	3.5	3.8	3.5	4.0	4.2
Men, 16 years and over	3.9	4.8	4.5	4.7	4.7	5.1	5.0	5.5	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.9	6.1	5.9
16 to 24 years	9.7	11.4	11.0	11.6	10.7	12.3	1.5	12.4	13.0	12.8	12.5	12.4	13.7	13.0	12.5
16 to 19 years	. 14.0	15.9	15.4	15.8	15.6	17.4	16.0	17.2	17.7	17.2	16.3	16.8	18.5	18.1	18.6
16 to 17 years	16.8	18.8	17.9	18.5	19.1	21.9	18.7	20.3	20.4	20.0	17.6	19.6	20.8	19.6	23.7
18 to 19 years	12.2	14.1	13.9	14.2	13.4	15.0	14.5	15.1	16.2	15.6	15.1	15.4	16.7	17.2	15.6
20 to 24 years	7.3	8.9	8.7	9.3	8.1	9.5	9.1	9.8	10.5	10.5	10.6	10.2	11.1	10.3	9.4
25 years and over	2.8	3.6	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.7	4.2	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.8	4.8
25 to 54 years	2.9	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.9	3.8	4.3	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.9	4.9
55 years and over	2.7	3.3	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.7	4.1	4.2	3.8	4.1	3.6	4.3	4.5
Women, 16 years and over	4.1	4.7	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.0	5.3	5.4	5.8	5.4	5.5	5.5	6.0	5.8
16 to 24 years	8.9	9.7	8.8	9.2	9.7	10.3	10.1	10.5	10.3	11.0	11.3	10.7	11.2	11.6	10.7
16 to 19 years	12.1	13.4	12.1	13.0	14.0	14.1	13.6	13.6	13.7	15.1	15.8	14.3	14.3	15.4	15.2
16 to 17 years	14.0	15.3	13.8	14.4	18.8	15.4	14.3	14.5	14.5	17.6	16.4	13.6	15.3	19.2	17.4
18 to 19 years	10.8	12.2	11.0	11.8	11.3	13.7	13.3	13.3	13.3	14.0	15.2	13.9	13.4	12.9	14.1
20 to 24 years	7.0	7.5	7.0	7.0	7.3	8.2	8.1	8.7	8.3	8.7	8.7	8.7	9.4	9.6	8.3
25 years and over	3.2	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.3	4.6	4.4	5.0	4.8
25 to 54 years	3.3	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.4	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.6	5.1	5.1
55 years and over	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.8	3.2	3.2	2.8	3.7	3.0	3.5	3.4	3.7	3.7

10. Unemployment rates by State, seasonally adjusted

• .	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.		Apr.	Mar.	Apr.
State	2001	2002 ^p	2002 ^p	State	2001	2002 ^p	2002 ^p
Alabama	5.0	6.0	5.6	Missouri	4.6	5.2	5.2
Alaska	6.3	6.3	6.6	Montana	4.6	4.6	4.6
Arizona	4.2	5.9	5.7	Nebraska	3.1	3.6	3.9
Arkansas	5.0	5.3	5.3	Nevada	4.8	5.8	5.5
California	5.0	6.5	6.5	New Hampshire	3.3	4.1	4.0
Colorado	3.2	5.6	5.3	New Jersey	4.0	5.6	5.6
Connecticut	2.9	3.5	3.8	New Mexico	4.7	6.1	6.0
Delaware	3.5	3.8	4.2	New York	4.5	5.9	6.1
District of Columbia	6.2	6.7	6.4	North Carolina	5.1	6.6	6.9
Florida	4.3	5.4	5.3	North Dakota	3.0	3.1	3.6
Georgia	3.8	4.6	4.6	Ohio	4.1	5.8	5.8
Hawaii	4.5	4.6	4.3	Oklahoma	3.4	4.2	4.4
Idaho	4.9	5.5	5.2	Oregon	5.8	7.9	7.5
Illinois	5.2	6.1	6.4	Pennsylvania	4.6	5.6	5.4
Indiana	3.9	4.9	5.1	Rhode Island	4.7	4.2	4.6
lowa	3.3	3.4	3.6	South Carolina	5.2	6.0	5.8
Kansas	4.2	4.4	4.5	South Dakota	3.2	3.2	3.4
Kentucky	5.2	5.3	5.3	I ennessee	4.3	5.7	5.3
Louisiana	5.8	5.6	5.8	Texas	4.5	5.8	6.2
Maine	3.9	4.1	4.0	Utah	4.1	5.4	5.4
Maryland	3.9	5.3	5.4	Vermont	3.4	3.9	3.9
Massachusetts	3.3	4.3	4.7	Virginia	3.0	4.2	4.6
Michigan	4.9	6.0	6.1	Washington	6.0	6.8	7.2
Minnesota	3.7	4.4	4.3	West Virginia	5.1	5.9	6.0
Mississippi	5.1	6.6	7.1	Wisconsin	4.5	5.7	5.4
				Wyoming	3.9	3.9	4.4

p = preliminary

Dash indicates data not available.

11. Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by State, seasonally adjusted [In thousands]

State	Apr. 2001	Mar. 2002 ^p	Apr. 2002	State	Apr. 2001	Mar. 2002 ^p	Apr. 2002
Alabama	1,919.2	1,899.9	1,899.1	Missouri	2,747.6	2,691.1	2,693.1
Alaska	288.3	291.7	290.6	Montana	392.3	393.2	394.5
Arizona	2,273.8	2,243.4	2,243.4	Nebraska	908.8	911.8	911.0
Arkansas	1,160.0	1,155.7	1,152.8	Nevada	1,056.2	1,066.3	1,068.6
California	14,720.7	14,672.0	14,667.7	New Hampshire	628.1	626.5	627.4
Colorado	2,241.4	2,190.1	2,195.6	New Jersey	4,026.8	4,014.6	4,010.7
Connecticut	1,685.8	1,673.3	1,673.6	New Mexico	756.6	763.0	760.9
Delaware	421.5	416.6	414.6	New York	8,645.6	8,541.3	8,534.5
District of Columbia	649.5	649.2	651.6	North Carolina	3,897.9	3,882.3	3,877.2
Florida	7,200.4	7,178.8	7,191.6	North Dakota	331.0	330.5	329.6
Georgia	3,987.9	3,867.7	3,880.2	Ohio	5,581.5	5,534.9	5,520.9
Hawaii	555.9	549.0	544.8	Oklahoma	1,510.7	1,518.6	1,520.6
Idaho	569.9	568.3	569.8	Oregon	1,605.9	1,575.7	1,576.6
Illinois	6,032.4	5,922.3	5,916.3	Pennsylvania	5,713.8	5,650.8	5,645.1
Indiana	2,947.3	2,910.5	2,902.6	Khode Island	479.7	480.3	483.3
lowa	1,472.1	1,461.3	1,461.4	South Carolina	1,834.4	1,827.1	1,828.6
Kansas	1,352.8	1,362.1	1,358.1	South Dakota	379.2	375.4	378.1
Kentucky	1,815.8	1,823.0	1,823.6	Tennessee	2,715.4	2,717.2	2,707.5
Louisiana	1,928.0	1,923.3	1,930.4	l exas	9,550.5	9,455.7	9,458.7
Maine	608.8	609.0	609.9	Utah	1,083.6	1,072.4	1,069.2
Maryland	2,464.0	2,456.5	2,454.2	Vermont	299.5	296.1	295.6
Massachusetts	3,350.6	3,395.6	3,299.2	Virginia	3,537.0	3,497.4	3,494.8
Michigan	4,602.7	4,562.6	4,554.4	Washington	1,714.2	2,651.6	2,648.3
Minnesota	2,689.8	2,659.9	2,655.7	West Virginia	737.6	736.7	734.2
Mississippi	1,134.4	1,133.1	1,131.4	Wisconsin	2,834.0	2,816.6	2,821.8
				Wyoming	244.4	248.9	247.2

p = preliminary. Dash indicates data not available.

NOTE: Some data in this table may differ from data published elsewhere because of the continual updating of the data base.

12. Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[In thousands]

Personal P	[In thousands]	Annual a	average			20	01							2002		
Perform 11,000 10,000	Industry	2000	2001	May	June		1	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.		Apr.p	May ^p
Company Comp	TOTAL	131,739	131,922	132,229	132,108	132,045	131,966	131,819	131,414	131,087	130,890	130,871	130,706	130,701	130,680	130,702
Memory M	PRIVATE SECTOR	111,079	110,989	111,375	111,204	111,074	110,968	110,776	110,349	109,987	109,768	109,734	109,544	109,505	109,495	109,496
Medical conting			24,944	25,147	25,012		24,776		24,511	24,353					23,905	
Semination Sem	-															
Content cont	•															
Constructions		311	338	340	341	342	343	343	340	340	339	342	339	336	339	334
Convenit Decision Continue	· ·	114	111	111	111	112	111	111	110	110	111	111	111	111	112	112
Communication Communicatii Communication Communication Communication Communication	•															
Dubling Sport Sp																
Special males contractors 4,200 4,300 4,200	Heavy construction, except															
Perfectivition workers 1,456 17,667 17,67 17																
Production workers	·															
Production workers	_			-		-										
Production workers																
Lumber and wood products. 81	_			-		-										
Furnity and fibrules																
Stone, Cay, and glass products 638 656	· ·															
Primary metal industriess																
February February																
Industrial machinery and equipment 2,120 2,019 2,029 2,005 2,003 1,976 1,987 1,985 1,995 1,985 1,866 1,855 1,846 1,845 1,826 Computer and office equipment 361 343 353 347 341 336 335 332 325 332 337 315 315 315 316 308 316 3	,															
Persistance Computer and office Comput		1,537	1,483	1,493	1,482	1,478	1,4/1	1,465	1,455	1,438	1,437	1,427	1,425	1,422	1,425	1,428
Computer and orthore electrical equipment 361 343 353 347 341 336 333 328 325 332 317 315 315 313 330 330 330 330 331 338 332 335 332 337 335 335 331 330 33	,	2.120	2,010	2.049	2.025	2,003	1.976	1.957	1.935	1.909	1,887	1.868	1.855	1.846	1.842	1,826
Electronic and other electrical equipment 1,719		2,120	2,010	2,010	2,020	2,000	1,070	1,007	1,000	1,000	1,007	1,000	1,000	1,010	1,012	1,020
Electricon: components and accessories.		361	343	353	347	341	336	331	328	325	322	317	315	315	313	308
Electronic components and accessorses																
Control column Co		1,719	1,631	1,672	1642`	1,611	1,586	1,565	1,542	1,520	1,499	1,478	1,459	1,445	1,443	1,437
Transportation equipment		682	661	684	667	652	635	628	616	605	595	582	571	566	566	567
Performance 1,013 947 952 948 950 945 937 921 921 920 902 913 915 912 914 916 914 916 914 915 915 914 915																
All content and parts	Motor vehicles and				·			-					·			
Instruments and related products																
Products	-	465	461	464	464	464	463	463	458	452	449	437	427	419	416	416
Miscellaneous manufacturing industriess 394 380 382 382 380 373 376 375 372 373 374 372 370 371 372 370		852	830	845	844	842	837	832	829	825	822	818	816	813	811	807
Production workers	-	002	000	0.0	0	0.2	00.	002	020	020	022	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	00.
Production workers	industries	394	380	382	382	380	373	376	375	372	373	374	372	370	371	372
Food and kindred products.	Nondurable goods						5,010	6,985	6,959	6,921	6,896					
Totacco products	Production workers	5,038	4,808	4,835	4,809	4,800	4,771	4,748	4,731	4,704	4,684	4,672	4,652	4,639	4,630	4,626
Texnic mill products	-															
Apparel and other textile products	-															
Products	-	526	4/0	400	4/0	4/5	409	404	459	451	440	444	441	440	436	434
Paper and allied products		633	566	575	566	566	555	551	546	537	537	536	531	527	523	520
Chemicals and allied products 1,038 1,022 1,022 1,024 1,024 1,024 1,025 1,016 1,016 1,017 1,016 1,01		657	834	636	635	632	630	628	627	626	624	622	621	620	615	612
Petroleum and coal products. Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	0 . 0															
Rubber and miscellaneous platics products	·															
Plastics products		127	120	125	120	120	120	120	127	127	120	120	120	120	125	123
SERVICE-PRODUCING		1,011	958	964	959	959	950	945	939	932	930	928	924	929	927	928
Transportation and public utilities	Leather and leather products	71	60	61	60	59	58	57	56	56	56	56	56	56	55	55
utilities	SERVICE-PRODUCING	106,050	106,978	107,082	107,096	107,138	107,190	107,144	106,903	106,734	106,629	106,741	106,665	106,726	106,775	106,832
Transportation																
Railroad transportation																
Local and interurban passenger transit																
passenger transit	•	200	207	200	204	200	200	202	202	202	200	200	204	200	200	220
Water transportation	passenger transit	476	480	480	477	484	480	477	478	480	481	481	479	478	476	475
Transportation by air	Trucking and warehousing	1,856	1,848	1,856		1,850	1,845							1,819	1,830	1,827
Pipelines, except natural gas 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15																
Transportation services																
Communications and public utilities																
Communications	Communications and public															
Electric, gas, and sanitary services																
Services		1,639	1,716	1,732	1,726	1,721	1,714	1,706	1,696	1,689	1,679	1,660	1,652	1,643	1,628	1,626
Wholesale trade		851	852	853	255	854	852	851	851	851	245	847	844	841	841	830
Retail trade																
Building materials and garden supplies																
supplies		20,307	20,022	20,000	20,001	20,011	20,000	20,008	20,410	20,449	20,010	25,530	20,001	20,002	20,040	20,021
Department stores																
See footnotes at end of table.		2,491	2,559	2,577	2,579	2,574	2,566	2,567	2,552	2,540	2,520	2,520	2,550	2,560	2,575	2,560

12. Continued—Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[In thousands]

Industry	Annual a	average			20	01							2002		
industry	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. p	May ^p
Food stores	3,521	3,541	3,453	3,448	3,439	3,432	3,438	3,442	3,448	3,430	3,421	3,402	3,392	3,392	3,397
Automotive dealers and															
service stations	2,412	2,425	2,421	2,425	2,426	2,438	2,434	2,426	2,434	2,438	2,436	2,430	2,426	2,429	2,434
New and used car dealers	1,114	1,121	1,118	1,120	1,119	1,123	1,123	1,123	1,126	1,131	1,133	1,134	1,131	1,129	1,133
Apparel and accessory stores	1,193	1,189	1,199	1,195	1,191	1,196	1,188	1,177	1,173	1,163	1,187	1,172	1,175	1,170	1,169
Furniture and home furnishings	4.404	4 4 4 4	4.405	4 405	4.404	4.407		4.400	4.450	4.450	4.400	4 4 4 0	4 4 4 0		4 4 4 6
stores	1,134	1,141	1,135	1,135	1,131	1,137	1,141	1,136	1,156	1,156	1,138	1,143	1,143	1,141	1,146
Eating and drinking places	8,114	8,256	8,270	8,277	8,304	8,272	8,234	8,239	8,224	8,190	8,238	8,161	8,154	8,152	8,130
Miscellaneous retail	2.000	247	2 121	2 420	2 120	2 420	2 4 2 4	2 1 1 0	2.006	2.020	2.060	2.002	2 000	2.005	2.006
establishments	3,080	317	3,131	3,130	3,128	3,128	3,121	3,110	3,086	3,038	3,069	3,083	3,088	3,085	3,086
Finance, insurance, and															
real estate	7,560	7,712	7,719	7,719	7,718	7,728	7,739	7,743	7,751	7,748	7,748	7,745	7,740	7,743	7,732
Finance	3,710	3,800	3,807	3,812	3,803	3,809	3,813	3,812	3,821	3,818	3,819	3,812	3,809	3,813	3,813
Depository institutions	2,029	2,053	2,052	2,059	2,056	2,059	2,061	2,061	2,068	2,070	2,070	2,072	2,074	2,075	2,075
Commercial banks	1,430	1,434	1,433	1,437	1,434	1,435	1,437	1,439	1,442	1,444	1,450	1,446	1,447	1,446	1,446
Savings institutions	253	256	255	256	255	256	258	257	260	261	262	263	264	264	264
Nondepository institutions	681	720	713	720	724	728	733	740	747	752	755	754	753	756	756
Security and commodity															
brokers	748	769	785	777	765	763	758	750	745	734	729	726	722	723	723
Holding and other investment															
offices	251	257	257	256	258	259	261	261	261	262	259	260	260	259	261
Insurance	2,346	2,369	2,367	2,369	2,369	2,371	2,375	2,379	2,377	2,372	2,372	2,376	2,375	2,374	2,369
Insurance carriers	1,589	1,595	1,596	1,596	1,597	1,599	1,598	1,600	1,597	1,594	1,594	1,593	1,591	1,989	1,583
Insurance agents, brokers,	757	770	774	770	770	770		770	700	770	770	700	70.4	705	700
and service	757	773	771	773	772	772	777	779	780	778	778	783	784	785	786
Real estate	1,504	1,544	1,545	1,538	1,546	1,548	1,551	1,552	1,553	1,558	1,557	1,557	1,556	1,556	1,550
Services	40,460	40,970	41,018	40,990	40,989	41,061	41,062	40,923	40,834	40,883	10,908	40,901	40,963	41,025	41,093
Agricultural services	832	849	848	850	852	854	857	859	860	865	865	868	872	857	856
Hotels and other lodging places	1,914	1,870	1,889	1,876	1,874	1,866	1,852	1,814	1,810	1,805	1,811	1,811	1,811	1,796	1,789
Personal services	1,251	1,269	1,267	1,271	1,272	1,273	1,274	1,272	1,266	1,284	1,290	1,282	1,289	1,286	1,279
Business services	9,858	9,572	9,646	9,590	9,528	9,537	9,522	9,393	9,277	9,265	9,231	9,207	9,237	9,312	9,330
Services to buildings	994	1,016	1,021	1,020	1,016	1,018	1,020	1,022	1,025	1,025	1,022	1,018	121	1,027	1,023
Personnel supply services	3,887	3,446	3,519	3,457	3,400	3,412	3,383	3,249	3,126	3,107	3,080	3,070	3,107	3,175	3,198
Help supply services	3,487	3,084	3,146	3,092	3,041	3,050	3,029	2,906	2,799	2,782	2,761	2,758	2,795	2,857	2,888
Computer and data															
processing services	2,095	2,225	2,232	2,237	2,237	2,230	2,233	2,232	2,221	2,219	2,213	2,208	2,198	2,190	2,190
Auto repair services	4 0 40	4.057	4 000	4.050	4.005	4.000	4.004	4.050	4.050	4.050	4 000	4 000	4.000	4.004	4 000
and parking	1,248	1,257	1,262	1,259	1,265	1,262	1,261	1,253	1,259	1,259	1,262	1,262	1,260	1,261	1,262
Miscellaneous repair services	366	374	374	373	372	374	375	375	375	376	376	379	377	377	375
Motion pictures	594	583	578	588	585	583	580	575	577	574	581	574	572	574	578
Amusement and recreation	1 700	1 701	1 717	1 704	1 700	1 71 1	1 700	1 700	1 605	1 600	1 600	1 6 4 0	1 605	1 611	1 601
services	1,728	1,721	1,747	1,724	1,722	1,714	1,700	1,702	1,685	1,680	1,699	1,649	1,635	1,611	1,621
Health services	10,197	10,381	10,333	10,365	10,393	10,424	10,452	10,476	10,502	10,530	10,551	10,575	10,602	10,611	10,626
Offices and clinics of medical															
doctors	1,924	2,002	1,995	2,003	2,006	2,012	2,016	3,018	2,025	2,029	2,033	3,041	2,046	2,044	2,050
Nursing and personal care															
facilities	1,795	1,847	1,837	1,845	1,848	1,852	1,858	1,862	1,866	1,871	1,876	1,875	1,879	1,883	1,886
Hospitals	3,990	4,096	4,072	4,087	4,101	4,117	4,129	4,141	4,153	4,164	4,174	4,184	4,193	4,199	4,207
Home health care services	643	636	633	635	634	637	639	639	640	641	643	642	643	643	644
Legal services	1,010	1,037	1,036	1,035	1,038	1,041	1,046	1,047	1,049	1,051	1,053	1,054	1,056	1,059	1,066
Educational services	2,325	2,433	2,450	2,434	2,439	2,449	2,452	2,454	2,458	2,463	2,473	2,485	2,489	2,501	2,518
Social services	2,903	307	3,036	3,054	3,076	3,094	3,097	3,110	3,121	3,135	3,149	3,155	3,162	3,167	3,164
Child day care services	712	716	713	719	723	727	722	721	721	723	723	722	723	925	722
Residential care	806	864	857	863	868	873	878	884	888	891	896	899	902	903	901
Museums and botanical and															
zoological gardens	106	110	110	111	111	111	111	110	109	110	110	109	109	109	108
Membership organizations	2,475	2,468	2,466	2,471	2,464	2,473	2,479	2,474	2,473	2,473	2,471	2,471	2,470	2,477	2,480
Engineering and management				2 505	2 604	3,612	3,610	3,616	3,620	3,621	3,624	3,629	3,631	3,636	3,649
services	3,419	3,593	3,582	3,595	3,604	3,012	0,0.0								
services Engineering and architectural															
services Engineering and architectural services	3,419 1,017	3,593 1,053	3,582 1,054	1,056	1,057	1,058	1,057	1,056	1,051	1,048	1,047	1,044	1,044	1,041	1,042
services Engineering and architectural services Management and public	1,017	1,053	1,054	1,056	1,057	1,058	1,057				·			·	
services Engineering and architectural services								1,056 1,178	1,051 1,182	1,048 1,184	1,047 1,192	1,044 1,193	1,044 1,191	1,041 1,202	1,042 1,209
services Engineering and architectural services Management and public relations	1,017	1,053	1,054	1,056	1,057	1,058	1,057				·			·	
services Engineering and architectural services Management and public	1,017 1,090 20,681	1,053 1,166 20,933	1,054 1,160 20,854	1,056 1,165 20,904	1,057 1,166 20,971	1,058 1,171 20,998	1,057 1,175 21,043	1,178 21,065	1,182 21,100	1,184 21,122	1,192 21,137	1,193	1,191 21,196	1,202 21,185	1,209 21,206
services Engineering and architectural services Management and public relations Government	1,017 1,090	1,053 1,166	1,054 1,160	1,056 1,165	1,057 1,166	1,058 1,171	1,057 1,175	1,178	1,182	1,184	1,192	1,193 21,162	1,191	1,202	1,209
services. Engineering and architectural services. Management and public relations	1,017 1,090 20,681 2,777	1,053 1,166 20,933 2,616	1,054 1,160 20,854 2,612	1,056 1,165 20,904 2,617	1,057 1,166 20,971 2,622	1,058 1,171 20,998 2,624	1,057 1,175 21,043 2,622	1,178 21,065 2,622	1,182 21,100 2,622	1,184 21,122 2,616	1,192 21,137 2,615	1,193 21,162 2,609	1,191 21,196 2,608	1,202 21,185 2,611	1,209 21,206 2,600
services Engineering and architectural services Management and public relations Government Federal Federal, except Postal Service	1,017 1,090 20,681 2,777 1,917	1,053 1,166 20,933 2,616 1,767	1,054 1,160 20,854 2,612 1,755	1,056 1,165 20,904 2,617 1,769	1,057 1,166 20,971 2,622 1,770	1,058 1,171 20,998	1,057 1,175 21,043 2,622 1,774	1,178 21,065 2,622 1,778	1,182 21,100 2,622 1,776	1,184 21,122 2,616 1,776	1,192 21,137 2,615 1,776	1,193 21,162 2,609 1,777	1,191 21,196 2,608 1,782	1,202 21,185 2,611 1,784	1,209 21,206 2,600 1,777
services	1,017 1,090 20,681 2,777 1,917 4,785	1,053 1,166 20,933 2,616 1,767 4,885	1,054 1,160 20,854 2,612 1,755 4,866	1,056 1,165 20,904 2,617 1,769 4,884	1,057 1,166 20,971 2,622 1,770 4,912	1,058 1,171 20,998 2,624 1,771 4,910	1,057 1,175 21,043 2,622 1,774 4,938	1,178 21,065 2,622 1,778 4,925	1,182 21,100 2,622 1,776 4,925	1,184 21,122 2,616 1,776 4,932	1,192 21,137 2,615 1,776 4,935	1,193 21,162 2,609 1,777 4,937	1,191 21,196 2,608 1,782 4,940	1,202 21,185 2,611 1,784 4,942	1,209 21,206 2,600 1,777 4,945
services. Engineering and architectural services. Management and public relations	1,017 1,090 20,681 2,777 1,917 4,785 2,032	1,053 1,166 20,933 2,616 1,767 4,885 2,096	1,054 1,160 20,854 2,612 1,755 4,866 2,081	1,056 1,165 20,904 2,617 1,769 4,884 2,096	1,057 1,166 20,971 2,622 1,770 4,912 2,120	1,058 1,171 20,998 2,624 1,771 4,910 2,116	1,057 1,175 21,043 2,622 1,774 4,938 2,140	1,178 21,065 2,622 1,778 4,925 2,118	1,182 21,100 2,622 1,776 4,925 2,121	1,184 21,122 2,616 1,776 4,932 2,124	1,192 21,137 2,615 1,776 4,935 2,127	1,193 21,162 2,609 1,777 4,937 2,130	1,191 21,196 2,608 1,782 4,940 2,133	1,202 21,185 2,611 1,784 4,942 2,135	1,209 21,206 2,600 1,777 4,945 2,141
services Engineering and architectural services Management and public relations Government Federal Federal Service State Education Other State government	1,017 1,090 20,681 2,777 1,917 4,785 2,032 2,753	1,053 1,166 20,933 2,616 1,767 4,885 2,096 2,789	1,054 1,160 20,854 2,612 1,755 4,866 2,081 2,785	1,056 1,165 20,904 2,617 1,769 4,884 2,096 2,788	1,057 1,166 20,971 2,622 1,770 4,912 2,120 2,792	1,058 1,171 20,998 2,624 1,771 4,910 2,116 2,794	1,057 1,175 21,043 2,622 1,774 4,938 2,140 2,798	1,178 21,065 2,622 1,778 4,925 2,118 2,807	1,182 21,100 2,622 1,776 4,925 2,121 2,804	1,184 21,122 2,616 1,776 4,932 2,124 2,808	1,192 21,137 2,615 1,776 4,935 2,127 2,808	1,193 21,162 2,609 1,777 4,937 2,130 2,807	1,191 21,196 2,608 1,782 4,940 2,133 2,807	1,202 21,185 2,611 1,784 4,942 2,135 2,807	1,209 21,206 2,600 1,777 4,945 2,141 2,804
services. Engineering and architectural services Management and public relations	1,017 1,090 20,681 2,777 1,917 4,785 2,032	1,053 1,166 20,933 2,616 1,767 4,885 2,096	1,054 1,160 20,854 2,612 1,755 4,866 2,081	1,056 1,165 20,904 2,617 1,769 4,884 2,096	1,057 1,166 20,971 2,622 1,770 4,912 2,120	1,058 1,171 20,998 2,624 1,771 4,910 2,116	1,057 1,175 21,043 2,622 1,774 4,938 2,140	1,178 21,065 2,622 1,778 4,925 2,118	1,182 21,100 2,622 1,776 4,925 2,121	1,184 21,122 2,616 1,776 4,932 2,124	1,192 21,137 2,615 1,776 4,935 2,127	1,193 21,162 2,609 1,777 4,937 2,130	1,191 21,196 2,608 1,782 4,940 2,133	1,202 21,185 2,611 1,784 4,942 2,135	1,209 21,206 2,600 1,777 4,945 2,141

¹ Includes other industries not shown separately.

p = preliminary

13. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

Industry	Annual a	verage					20	01					2002		
	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. ^p	May ^p
PRIVATE SECTOR	. 34.5	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.1	34.1	34.0	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2
GOODS-PRODUCING	41.0	40.4	40.5	40.4	40.4	40.3	40.3	40.1	40.2	40.2	40.3	40.4	40.5	40.4	40.3
MINING	43.1	43.5	43.8	43.5	43.4	43.5	43.6	43.0	43.5	43.8	43.0	43.4	43.3	42.4	43.0
MANUFACTURING	41.6	40.7	40.8	40.7	40.8	40.7	40.6	40.5	40.4	40.8	40.6	40.7	41.0	40.9	40.9
Overtime hours	4.6	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.2
Durable goods		41.0	41.1	41.0	41.1	41.0	40.9	40.7	40.6	40.9	41.0	41.1	41.3	41.4	41.3
Overtime hours		3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.1
Lumber and wood products		40.6	40.6	40.5	40.9	40.8	41.2	30.7	40.7	41.0	40.5	40.9	41.1	40.8	40.8
Furniture and fixtures		39.0	38.7	38.5	39.7	39.7	39.1	38.6	38.8	39.2	40.1	40.3	40.6	40.8	40.4
Stone, clay, and glass products		43.6	43.8	43.9	43.8	43.7	43.9	43.6	43.6	43.4	43.8	44.1	43.6	43.8	43.4
Primary metal industries	44.9	43.6	43.5	43.7	43.8	43.6	43.7	43.4	43.0	43.7	43.6	43.8	44.4	44.3	44.1
Blast furnaces and basic steel															
products		44.6	44.5	44.8	44.6	44.6	45.3	44.5	43.9	44.4	44.5	44.8	45.5	45.1	45.6
Fabricated metal products	. 42.6	41.4	41.5	41.3	41.5	41.4	41.2	41.1	41.0	41.3	41.3	41.6	41.7	41.6	41.9
Industrial machinery and equipment.	42.2	40.6	40.8	40.5	40.6	40.3	40.3	40.2	39.9	40.1	40.1	40.1	40.5	40.6	40.7
Electronic and other electrical	41.1	39.4	39.2	39.3	39.1	39.1	39.1	39.0	39.0	39.4	38.7	38.9	39.4	39.5	39.4
equipment I ransportation equipment		39.4 41.9	39.2 42.3	39.3 42.0	39.1 42.1	42.2	39.1 41.5	39.0 41.5	39.0 41.6	39.4 41.9	38.7 42.7	36.9 42.3	39.4 42.4	39.5 42.6	39.4 42.3
Motor vehicles and equipment	_	42.7	43.2	42.0	42.1	43.6	42.4	42.4	42.5	43.2	44.3	43.7	43.9	44.4	44.2
Instruments and related products		42.7	43.2	42.9 40.9	42.9	40.6	42.4	42.4	42.5 40.6	43.2 40.6	44.3	43.7	40.6	40.4	44.2
Miscellaneous manutacturing		37.9	37.9	38.3	38.2	38.1	37.7	37.3	37.4	38.0	38.2	38.4	38.8	38.8	38.8
wiscendificous manufacturing	. 33.0	37.3	37.3	30.3	30.2	30.1	31.1	37.3	37.4	30.0	30.2	30.4	30.0	30.0	30.0
Nondurable goods	40.8	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.2	40.2	40.1	40.1	40.1	40.0	40.2	40.4	40.3	40.4
Overtime hours	. 4.4	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.3
Food and kindred products		41.1	41.1	41.1	40.9	41.1	41.0	41.2	41.0	40.9	41.0	41.0	41.4	41.2	41.2
I extile mill products	41.2	39.9	40.2	40.1	39.7	39.8	39.8	39.4	39.3	40.0	40.2	40.9	41.4	41.5	41.4
Apparel and other textile products	37.8	37.3	37.7	37.4	37.4	37.1	36.9	36.6	36.9	36.9	36.7	36.7	37.4	37.1	37.0
Paper and allied products	42.5	41.6	41.6	41.7	41.8	41.3	41.7	41.4	41.3	41.3	41.1	41.5	41.5	41.6	41.9
Printing and publishing	38.3	38.1	38.1	38.0	38.3	38.0	38.0	37.9	37.8	37.8	37.3	37.4	37.5	37.2	37.5
Chemicals and allied products		42.3	42.4	42.2	42.5	42.2	42.1	42.0	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.9	42.0	41.8	42.3
Rubber and miscellaneous															
plastics products	41.4	40.7	40.6	40.7	40.7	40.6	40.8	40.5	40.7	40.8	40.5	40.9	41.1	41.6	41.2
Leather and leather products		36.3	36.1	36.3	36.0	36.3	36.4	36.2	36.6	36.9	37.0	37.2	37.3	37.5	36.7
SERVICE-PRODUCING	32.8	32.7	32.7	32.7	32.7	32.7	32.7	32.6	32.6	32.7	32.7	32.7	32.8	32.7	32.8
TRANSPORTATION AND															
PUBLIC UTILITIES	38.6	38.2	38.2	38.2	38.1	38.1	37.9	38.0	38.9	38.2	38.1	38.2	38.2	38.3	38.4
WHOLESALE TRADE		38.2	38.3	38.2	38.2	38.3	38.3	38.0	38.2	38.3	38.2	38.3	38.4	38.3	38.3
RETAIL TRADE	28.9	28.9	28.8	28.8	28.8	28.8	28.8	28.8	28.8	28.9	28.9	29.0	29.1	29.0	29.1

^p = preliminary.

14. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry, seasonally adjusted

	Annual	average				20	01						2002		
Industry	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. ^p	May ^p
PRIVATE SECTOR (in current dollars)	\$13.75	\$14.32	\$14.24	\$14.29	\$14.33	\$14.38	\$14.43	\$14.46	\$14.52	\$14.56	\$14.59	\$14.62	\$14.65	\$14.68	\$14.70
Goods-producing	15.40	15.92	15.85	15.89	15.92	15.99	16.02	16.05	16.11	16.18	16.24	16.28	16.29	16.32	16.35
Mining	17.24	17.56	17.49	17.62	17.63	17.62	17.62	17,70	17.68	17.51	17.69	17.66	17.72	17.63	17.87
Construction	17.88	18.34	18.23	18.30	18.29	18.37	18.39	18.40	18.47	18.60	18.65	18.68	18.74	18.83	18.77
Manufacturing	14.38	14.83	14.78	14.81	14.86	14.91	14.95	14.99	15.03	15.08	15.13	15.17	15.19	15.19	15.27
Excluding overtime	13.62	14.15	14.09	14.13	14.19	14.22	14.28	14.31	14.36	14.39	14.42	14.46	14.45	14.43	14.53
Service-producing	13.24	13.85	13.76	13.82	13.86	13.91	13.97	14.00	14.06	14.10	14.11	14.14	14.18	14.21	14.24
Transportation and public utilities	16.22	16.79	16.71	16.77	16.81	16.81	16.87	16.96	17.03	17.09	17.13	17.16	17.26	17.26	17.31
Wholesale trade	15.20	15.86	15.75	15.89	15.87	15.88	15.99	15.97	15.98	16.07	16.10	16.19	16.23	16.11	16.12
Retail trade	9.46	9.77	9.69	9.75	9.77	9.79	9.81	9.84	9.90	9.89	9.90	9.92	9.95	9.97	9.99
Finance, insurance, and real estate	15.07	15.80	15.71	15.78	15.85	15.88	15.93	15.97	16.00	16.00	16.06	16.08	16.14	16.18	16.17
Services	13.91	14.67	14.56	14.61	14.68	14.76	14.83	14.88	14.94	14.98	15.01	15.04	15.08	15.13	15.16
PRIVATE SECTOR (in constant (1982)															
dollars)	7.86	8.00	7.93	7.94	7.99	8.02	8.01	8.06	8.10	8.14	8.14	8.14	8.13	8.10	8.12

p = preliminary. Dash indicates data not available.

15. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry

13. Average flourly earnings		average					01			1 3			2002		
Industry	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. ^p	May ^p
PRIVATE SECTOR	\$13.76	\$14.32	\$14.21	\$14.20	\$14.26	\$14.26	\$14.50	\$14.49	\$14.54	\$14.62	\$14.65	\$14.67	\$14.67	\$14.69	\$14.67
MINING	17.22	17.56	17.42	17.53	17.61	17.47	17.61	17.72	17.61	17.58	17.89	17.76	17.73	17.70	17.74
CONSTRUCTION	17.88	18.34	18.18	18.22	18.33	18.44	18.51	18.57	18.54	18.69	18.56	18.62	18.66	18.70	18.67
MANUFACTURING	14.37	14.83	14.75	14.79	14.84	14.89	15.01	14.97	15.07	15.17	15.15	15.16	15.16	15.20	15.23
Durable goodsLumber and wood products		15.28 12.26	15.19 12.16	15.24 12.19	15.26 12.32	15.38 12.37	15.49 12.44	15.46 12.37	15.55 12.40	15.66 12.42	15.61 12.38	15.63 12.39	15.63 12.35	15.66 12.33	15.68 12.43
Furniture and fixtures		12.24	12.13	12.19	12.27	12.33	12.39	12.42	12.45	12.56	12.61	12.59	12.57	12.54	12.59
Stone, clay, and glass products		15.00	15.01	15.11	15.10	15.16	15.21	15.09	15.13	15.10	15.12	15.17	15.12	15.35	15.43
Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel	16.41	16.92	16.78	16.93	17.07	17.02	17.23	17.08	17.24	17.19	17.15	17.15	17.20	17.25	17.36
products	19.82	20.41	20.26	20.39	20.48	20.62	20.90	20.52	20.66	20.53	20.53	20.63	20.66	20.69	20.81
Fabricated metal products	13.87	14.25	14.22	14.25	14.26	14.34	14.42	14.33	14.42	14.56	14.57	14.51	14.60	14.66	14.64
Industrial machinery and equipment	15.55	15.89	15.76	15.79	15.88	15.93	16.01	16.07	16.16	16.23	16.31	16.33	16.31	16.30	16.35
equipment	13.79	14.51	14.36	14.49	14.56	14.70	14.82	14.78	14.88	14.97	14.86	14.90	14.93	14.87	14.91
I ransportation equipment	18.46	19.06	18.88	18.96	18.85	19.13	19.36	19.41	19.54	19.71	19.57	19.69	19.65	19.68	19.65
Motor vehicles and equipment	18.80	19.40	19.23	19.31	19.09	19.43	19.73	19.83	19.96	20.19	19.99	20.05	20.09	20.22	20.17
Instruments and related products	14.41	14.81	14.67	14.74	14.91	14.93	15.00	14.97	14.98	15.09	15.09	15.10	15.12	15.11	15.11
Miscellaneous manutacturing	11.63	12.16	12.11	12.07	12.12	12.23	12.38	12.24	12.35	12.39	12.46	12.42	12.39	12.36	12.37
Nondurable goods	13.68	14.16	14.06	14.11	14.21	14.16	14.30	14.26	14.36	14.45	14.47	14.47	14.46	14.53	14.55
Food and kindred products	12.51	12.89	12.85	12.89	12.95	12.89	12.97	12.89	13.10	13.17	13.14	13.08	13.10	13.18	13.25
Tobacco products		21.50	22.39	22.59	22.97	20.97	20.71	20.71	21.46	31.37	21.21	21.71	22.47	22.80	23.09
l extile mill products	11.16	11.35	11.30	11.32	11.37	11.39	11.40	11.34	11.40	11.53	11.66	11.64	11.65	11.65	11.73
Apparel and other textile products	9.29	9.43	9.36	9.42	9.38	9.41	9.54	9.44	9.49	9.60	9.72	9.77	9.82	9.93	9.93
Paper and allied products	16.25	16.87	16.72	16.89	16.98	16.87	17.11	17.14	17.19	17.26	17.19	17.17	17.25	17.33	17.51
Printing and publishing	14.40	14.82	14.76	14.75	14.84	14.88	15.01	14.93	14.91	15.04	15.01	15.06	15.12	15.11	15.05
Chemicals and allied products	18.15	18.61	18.52	18.55	18.68	18.54	18.85	18.74	18.83	18.88	18.87	18.95	18.93	19.01	18.96
Petroleum and coal products	21.99	22.08	21.81	21.77	22.01	22.19	22.24	22.23	22.38	22.19	22.10	22.45	22.39	22.39	22.02
Rubber and miscellaneous															
plastics products	12.85	13.39	13.29	13.29	13.37	13.43	13.50	13.53	13.57	13.69	13.71	13.65	13.61	13.68	13.69
Leather and leather products	10.17	10.31	10.24	10.27	10.24	10.33	10.24	10.24	10.20	10.29	10.31	10.35	10.40	10.39	10.43
TRANSPORTATION AND															
PUBLIC UTILITIES	16.21	16.79	16.65	16.69	16L.81	16.78	16.91	16.98	17.05	17.11	17.18	17.18	17.24	17.31	17.24
WHOLESALE TRADE	15.22	15.86	15.71	15.81	15.92	15.80	16.08	15.95	15.96	16.21	16.11	16.21	16.13	16.11	16.08
RETAIL TRADE	9.46	9.77	9.67	9.70	9.70	9.71	9.86	9.87	9.91	9.89	9.96	9.95	9.98	10.00	9.98
FINANCE, INSURANCE,															
AND REAL ESTATE	15.14	15,80	15.72	15.68	15.82	15.77	15.96	15.91	15.97	16.14	16.07	16.13	16.17	16.23	16.26
SERVICES	13.93	14.67	14.52	14.45	14.52	14.52	14.85	14.87	14.99	15.15	15.14	15.17	15.16	15.16	15.12

p = preliminary.

16. Average weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry

Industry	Annual	average			2001								2002		
Industry	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. ^p	May ^p
PRIVATE SECTOR															
Current dollars	\$474.38	\$489.74	\$484.56	\$488.48	\$494.82	\$491.97	\$498.80	\$492.66	\$494.36	\$502.93	\$492.24	\$497.31	\$497.31	\$497.99	\$500,25
Seasonally adjusted	ψ 11 1.00 —	-	487.01	488.72	490.09	490.36	492.06	491.64	495.13	496.50	497.52	500.00	501.03	502.06	502.74
Constant (1982) dollars	272.16	273.45	269.20	271.08	275,82	274.23	276.50	274.31	275.72	281.91	275.46	277.36	275.82	274.53	275.77
MINING	743.04	763.86	768.22	767.81	769.56	761.69	774.84	772.59	.764.27	771.76	754.96	761.90	757.07	750.48.	766.37
CONSTRUCTION	702.68	720.76	730.84	730.62	740.53	741.29	738.55	737.23	724.91	719.57	714.56	716.87	716.54	723.69	728.13
MANUFACTURING															
Current dollars	598.21	603.58	600.33	603.43	599.54	609.00	616.91	607.78	613.35	625.00	612.06	610.95	620.04	620.16	622.91
Constant (1982) dollars	343.21	337.01	333.52	334.87	334.19	338.46	341.97	338.41	342.08	350.34	342.51	340.74	343.89	341.87	343.39
Durable goods	623.92	626.48	624.31	626.36	619.56	633.66	639.74	632.31	636.00	651.46	636.89	637.70	645.52	646.76	649.15
Lumber and wood products	489.13	497.76	497.34	498.57	502.66	509.64	517.50	507.17	507.16	507.98	493.96	495.60	503.88	504.30	510.87
Furniture and fixtures	469.20	477.36	463.37	471.75	483.44	494.43	491.88	481.90	485.55	501.14	504.40	501.08	509.09		504 43/50
Stone, clay, and glass															
products	626.24	654.00	664.94	670.88	668.93	676.14	685.97	666.98	662.69	649.30	645.62	646.24	645.62	667.73	675.83
Primary metal industries	737.26	737.71	729.93	741.53	739.13	740.37	763.29	739.56	748.22	763.24	746.03	746.03	758.52	762.45	767.31
Blast furnaces and basic															
steel products	911.72	910.29	899.54	919.59	919.55	919.65	959.31	906.98	915.24	909.48	907.43	915.97	933.83	937.26	951.02
Fabricated metal products	590.86	589.95	588.71	589.85	581.81	595.11	598.43	591.83	596.99	614.43	600.28	597.81	607.36	606.92	611.95
Industrial machinery and															
equipment	656.21	645.13	643.01	639.50	639.96	638.79	646.80	646.01	648.02	667.49	657.29	658.10	663.82	660.15	665.45
Electronic and other electrical	507.40	574.00	500.04	500.40	550.40	570.04	500.04	500.05	507.70	000.00	570.00	570.00	500.04	504.40	500.00
equipment	567.18	571.69	560.04	569.46	559.10	576.24	583.91	580.85	587.76	603.29	573.60	576.63	588.24	581.42	582.98
Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and	800.73	798.61	806.18	802.01	767.20	816.85	811.18	809.40	818.73	841.62	827.81	825.01	835.13	844.27	842.99
equipment	834.28	828.38	842.27	841.92	782.69	860.75	846.42	844.76	856.28	892.40	871.56	868.17	883.96	907.88	905.63
Instruments and related	034.20	020.50	042.21	041.32	102.03	000.73	040.42	044.70	030.20	032.40	07 1.50	000.17	003.30	307.00	300.00
products	595.96	605.73	600.00	599.92	#######	604.67	618.00	607.78	611.18	623.22	612.65	611.55	616.90	607.42	607.42
Miscellaneous manufacturing	453.57	460.86	458.97	463.49	459.35	468.41	467.96	457.78	461.89	477.02	469.74	473.20	483.21	479.57	479.96
•															
Nondurable goods	558.55	570.65	563.81	568.63	569.82	572.06	582.01	574.68	580.14	588.12	575.91	574.46	581.29	582.65	586.37
Food and kindred products	521.25	529.78	523.00	529.78	529.66	536.22	546.04	538.80	544.96	546.56	533.48	523.20	533.17	533.79	543.25
Tobacco products	877.90	851.40	870.97	923.93	914.21	832.51	836.68	834.61	862.69	880.44	854.76	881.43	912.28	932.52	962.85
Textile mill products	459.79	452.87	454.26	457.33	444.57	456.74	458.28	445.66	450.30	465.87	465.23	471.41	483.48	485.81	486.80
Apparel and other textile	054.54	054.74	255.00	050.00	040.04	04044	050.40	044.50	054.40	050.00	250.00	057.50	200.05	200 40	000.40
products Paper and allied products	351.54 690.63	351.74 701.79	355.68 690.54	356.08 702.62	348.94 708.07	349.11 695.04	350.12 722.04	344.56 714.74	351.13 718.54	358.08 724.92	350.89 709.95	357.58 705.69	368.25 713.43	369.40 717.46	369.40 728.42
raper and allied products	090.03	701.79	090.54	102.02	100.01	093.04	122.04	714.74	710.54	124.32	109.93	703.09	713.43	717.40	720.42
Printing and publishing	551.52	564.64	556.45	557.55	563.92	568.42	577.89	568.83	572.54	576.02	555.37	558.73	568.51	560.58	559.86
Chemicals and allied products	771.38	787.20	783.40	782.81	790.16	780.53	797.36	787.08	793.74	800.51	790.65	790.22	793.17	794.62	800.11
Petroleum and coal products	932.80	945.02	911.66	933.93	953.03	954.17	954.10	926.99	939.96	934.20	932.78	938.41	920.23	900.23	887.41
Rubber and miscellaneous															
plastics products	531.99	544.97	539.57	543.56	534.80	543.92	556.20	549.32	553.66	568.14	555.26	556.92	559.37	564.98	564.03
Leather and leather products	381.75	374.25	370.69	377.94	361.47	379.11	376.83	372.74	376.38	380.73	378.38	380.88	386.88	388.59	382.78
TRANSPORTATION AND															
PUBLIC UTILITIES	626.09	641.38	634.37	640.90	650.55	644.35	645.96	645.24	646.20	660.45	647.69	751.12	655.12	657.78	660.29
TODEIO OTIETTIEO	020.00	041.00	004.01	040.00	000.00	044.00	040.00	040.24	040.20	000.40	047.00	701.12	000.12	007.70	000.20
WHOLESALE TRADE	585.20	605.85	#######	603.94	612.92	605.14	620.69	606.10	611.27	627.33	608.96	615.98	614.55	615.40	615.86
RETAIL TRADE	273.39	282.35	277.53	283.24	288.09	285.47	284.95	282.28	282.44	289.78	279.88	284.57	286.43	287.00	289.42
FINANCE, INSURANCE,	1								1		1		1		
AND REAL ESTATE	547.04	570.38	559.63	567.62	579.01	567.72	585.73	569.58	573.32	592.34	575.31	582.29	580.50	581.03	577.63
050,4050															
P = proliminary	454.86	479.71	471.90	473.96	480.61	477.71	487.08	483.28	487.18	498.44	487.51	493.03	492.70	491.18	489.89

preliminary

NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision. Dash indicates data not available.

17. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

[In percent]

Timespan and year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov	Dec.
				Priva	te nonfa	arm pay	rolls, 3	56 indu	stries			
Over 1-month span:												
1998	62.4	57.5	59.1	60.2	57.5	56.8	54.6	59.1	57.2	53.0	57.9	56.8
1999	55.3	58.6	53.6	58.4	55.5	57.8	57.1	54.8	57.1	57.2	60.4	58.1
2000	55.9	57.5	57.9	51.2	50.1	55.8	57.8	51.4	52.4	52.4	53.2	52.7
2001	49.4	45.7	50.3	42.4	47.3	43.2	44.5	42.5	42.4	40.5	39.3	44.1
2002	47.3	41.4	49.7	49.7	50.6	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Over 3-month span:												
1998	65.3	66.3	65.3	65.9	62.7	58.2	58.9	59.1	59.8	57.9	57.1	58.8
1999	59.2	57.6	59.5	55.2	60.2	57.2	59.4	59.2	59.7	58.9	61.2	60.7
2000	60.4	61.4	59.4	53.2	52.4	55.5	56.6	56.2	51.2	51.0	53.2	51.6
2001	45.5	46.1	40.8	43.4	37.8	43.2	39.3	38.0	35.3	33.7	36.3	38.9
2002	40.1	43.2	43.9	43.9	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Over 6-month span:												
1998	70.4	67.4	65.0	62.5	63.6	60.5	59.2	58.6	57.5	60.2	59.2	58.4
1999	59.8	59.8	58.2	60.3	56.7	59.2	61.8	60.8	62.7	61.8	61.2	62.8
2000	63.5	60.6	62.6	63.7	61.5	55.5	56.1	58.6	52.4	48.7	45.7	46.5
2001	52.0	50.6	48.6	45.3	44.1	38.5	37.1	35.6	34.3	33.1	34.1	35.6
2002	37.8	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Over 12-month span:												
1998	69.7	67.6	67.4	66.0	64.0	62.7	61.9	62.0	60.8	59.4	60.8	58.9
1999	61.2	60.2	58.2	60.8	60.8	61.6	62.2	61.3	63.8	62.2	59.7	60.5
2000	62.5	63.0	61.8	59.5	58.4	56.8	55.7	56.5	47.7	45.2	44.5	42.9
2001	49.6	47.7	45.0	43.1	40.5	39.8	38.4	36.8	34.4	34.3	32.9	_
2002	_	_	_	Man		-	- III 10		-			
				Ivian	uiaciun	ng payi	rolls, 13	9 maus	sines			
Over 1-month span:	57.0	52.6	52.2	52.9	44.9	47.4	38.2	52.9	44.9	38.6	42.3	41.5
1998												
1999	47.4	41.2	42.6	46,0	46.3	43.4	50.0	42.6	46.0	45.6	51.5	49.3
2000 2001	44.9 34.9	52.2 26.8	49.3 38.2	46.0 29.0	49.3 28.3	50.7 30.5	57.4 34.9	36.8 25.7	39.0 31.6	42.3 31.3	47.1 25.0	40.8 30.9
2002	35.3	37.9	40.4	47.1	46.7	30.3	34.9	25.7	31.0	31.3	23.0	30.9
	33.3	31.5	40.4	47.1	40.7						_	_
Over 3-month span:	500		- 4 0	-40	40.0	00.0	44.0	40.0	40.0		00 =	40.4
1998	59.2	57.0	54.8	51.8	48.2	38.2	41.9	43.0	43.0	38.2	32.7	40.4
1999	39.3	39.3	39.7	40.1	41.2	43.8	44.1	46.3	42.3	44.1	47.8	45.2
2000	48.2	48.9	48.9	44.5	46.7	52.2	46.0	38.6	29.0	34.2	39.0	36.0
2001 2002	21.3 24.6	21.3 30.1	18.4 37.9	23.5 39.7	19.9	23.2	17.3	19.1 –	16.2	18.0	18.4 –	18.0
Over 6-month span: 1998	60.7	54.4	49.3	40.1	45.2	39.0	39.0	38.2	34.6	41.2	35.7	33.1
1999	36.4	36.0	37.5	40.1	37.5	43.0	43.0	44.5	48.2	43.0	44.5	47.4
2000	47.6	45.2	37.5 44.5	50.0	41.9	36.0	36.0	35.3	32.4	43.0 26.1	21.3	21.7
2001	20.2	16.9	14.0	16.2	16.5	14.7	14.7	11.8	14.0	13.2	17.6	16.5
2001	20.2	26.1	14.0	10.2	- 10.5	14.7	14.7	11.0	14.0	13.2	17.0	16.5
Over 12-month span:												
1998	54.8	52.2	51.8	46.7	40.4	38.2	38.2	37.5	36.4	34.6	35.7	34.2
1999	38.5	34.6	32.4	36.0	37.9	44.5	40.1	40.4	44.5	44.5	43.4	44.5
2000	49.3	44.1	41.2	36.8	35.3	35.3	33.8	28.7	22.1	19.1	17.6	14.0
				0	0							
2001	13.6	13.6	14.7	15.4	12.1	11.8	11.0	11.0	12.9	13.6	13.6	_

Dash indicates data not available.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with inceasing and decreasing employment.

Data for the 2 most recent months shown in each span are preliminary. See the "Definitions" in this section. See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision.

18. Establishment size and employment covered under UI, private ownership, by major industry division, first quarter 2000

					Size	of establishn	nents			
Industry, establishments, and employment	Total	Fewer than 5 workers ¹	5 to 9 workers	10 to 19 workers	20 to 49 workers	50 to 99 workers	100 to 249 workers	250 to 499 workers	500 to 999 workers	1,000 or more workers
Total, all industries ² Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	7,531,330	4,413,181	1,302,488	850,411	590,662	206,415	119,172	31,311	11,713	5,977
	108,195,174	6,831,146	8,615,974	11,471,927	17,878,154	14,212,796	17,895,603	10,658,780	7,965,372	12,665,422
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	200,289	123,880	37,646	22,736	11,179	2,875	1,473	370	106	24
	1,702,493	179,158	248,989	302,599	326,510	196,681	216,628	126,181	69,476	36,271
Mining Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	27,284	14,102	4,323	3,728	3,202	1,023	591	214	76	25
	524,514	22,082	28,959	51,183	97,241	69,762	89,714	74,836	52,916	37,821
Construction Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	747,563	477,549	126,844	76,253	46,543	13,242	5,748	1,053	272	59
	6,310,456	703,310	831,405	1,024,819	1,389,870	898,785	846,893	347,400	182,357	85,617
Manufacturing Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	405,838	147,029	67,385	61,150	61,487	30,568	24,264	8,646	3,598	1,711
	18,433,795	251,154	453,397	842,691	1,922,360	2,144,676	3,739,308	2,977,743	2,446,323	3,656,143
Transportation and public utilities Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	315,413	174,645	49,173	36,475	30,720	12,952	7,913	2,127	892	516
	6,678,516	272,380	325,334	498,572	945,800	895,012	1,190,459	726,615	618,630	1,205,714
Wholesale trade Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	664,094	400,335	110,091	77,321	52,153	15,187	7,019	1,478	414	96
	6,947,770	621,924	729,753	1,046,983	1,565,359	1,035,060	1,035,170	496,350	274,988	142,183
Retail trade Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,458,626	623,529	329,260	235,941	179,053	57,988	26,380	4,982	1,169	324
	22,807,395	1,154,942	2,204,569	3,190,042	5,437,335	3,943,391	3,880,016	1,659,975	764,056	573,069
Finance, insurance, and real estate Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	671,294	438,402	114,349	62,141	35,549	11,618	6,025	1,799	898	513
	7,379,831	714,292	751,197	826,817	1,065,116	797,168	912,396	621,570	615,246	1,076,029
Services Establishments, first quarterEmployment, March	2,890,313	1,879,338	451,715	271,168	169,867	60,864	39,727	10,640	4,286	2,708
	37,110,557	2,772,133	2,967,673	3,643,823	5,102,854	4,225,937	5,980,102	3,627,319	2,939,641	5,851,075

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,$ Includes establishments that reported no workers in March 2000.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals due to rounding.

² Includes data for nonclassifiable establishments, not shown separately.

19. Annual data: establishments, employment, and wages covered under UI and UCFE by ownership

Year	Average establishments	Average annual employment	Total annual wages (in thousands)	Average annual wages per employee	Average weekly wage
		Total co	overed (UI and UCFE)		
1991	6,382,523	106,884,831	\$2,626,972,030	\$24.578	\$473
1992	6,532,608	107,413,728	2,781,676,477	25,897	498
1993	6,679,934	109,422,571	2,884,472,282	26,361	507
1994	6,826,677	112,611,287	3,033,676,678	26,939	518
1995	7,040,677	115,487,841	3,215,921,236	27,846	536
1996	7,189,168	117,963,132	3,414,514,808	28,946	557
1997	7,369,473	121,044,432	3,674,031,718	30,353	584
1998	7,634,018	124,183,549	3,967,072,423	31,945	614
1999	7,820,860	127,042,282	4,235,579,204	33,340	641
2000	7,879,116	129,877,063	4,587,708,584	35,323	679
		I	UI covered		
1991	6,336,151	103,755,832	\$2,524,937,018	\$24,335	\$468
1992	6,485,473	104,288,324	2,672,081,827	25,622	493
1993	6,632,221	106,351,431	2,771,023,411	26,055	501
1994	6,778,300	109,588,189	2,918,684,128	26,633	512
1995	6,990,594	112,539,795	3,102,353,355	27,567	530
1996	7,137,644	115,081,246	3,298,045,286	28,658	551
1997	7,317,363	118,233,942	3,553,933,885	30,058	578 609
1998	7,586,767 7,771,198	121,400,660	3,845,494,089 4,112,169,533	31,676 33.094	636
2000	7,828,861	124,255,714 127,005,574	4,454,966,824	35,094	675
		Priva	ate industry covered		
1991	6,162,684	89,007,096	\$2,152,021,705	\$24,178	\$465
1992	6,308,719	89,349,803	2,282,598,431	25,547	491
1993 1994	6,454,381	91,202,971	2,365,301,493	25,934 26,496	499 510
1995	6,596,158 6,803,454	94,146,344 96,894,844	2,494,458,555 2,658,927,216	27,441	528
1996	6.946.858	99,268,446	2,837,334,217	28,582	550
1997	7,121,182	102,175,161	3,071,807,287	30,064	578
1998	7,381,518	105,082,368	3,337,621,699	31,762	611
1999	7,560,567	107,619,457	3,577,738,557	33,244	639
2000	7,622,274	110,015,333	3,887,626,769	35,337	680
		State	government covered		
1991	E0 400	4.005.224	£400 C70 407	PO7 400	\$522
1991	58,499 58,801	4,005,321 4,044,914	\$108,672,127 112,405,340	\$27,132 27,789	534
1993	59,185	4,088,075	117,095,062	28,643	551
1994	60,686	4,162,944	122,879,977	29,518	568
1995	60,763	4,201,836	128,143,491	30,497	586
1996	62,146	4,191,726	131,605,800	31,397	604
1997	65,352	4,214,451	137,057,432	32,521	625
1998	67,347	4,240,779	142,512,445	33,605	646
1999	70,538	4,296,673	149,011,194	34,681	667
2000	65,096	4,370,160	158,618,365	36,296	698
		Local	government covered		
1991	114,936	10,742,558	\$264,215,610	\$24,595	\$473
1992	117,923	10,892,697	277,045,557	25,434	489
1993	118,626	11,059,500	288,594,697	26,095	502
1994	121,425	11,278,080	301,315,857	26,717	514
1995	126,342	11,442,238	315,252,346	27,552	530
1996	128,640	11,621,074	329,105,269	28,320	545
1997	130,829	11,844,330	345,069,166	29,134	560
1998	137,902	12,077,513	365,359,945	30,251	582
1999	140,093	12,339,584	385,419,781	31,234	601
2000	141,491	12,620,081	408,721,690	32,387	623
		Federal Gov	vernment covered (UCF	Ε)	
1991	46,372	3,128,999	\$102,035,012	\$32,609	\$627
1992	47,136	3,125,404	109,594,650	35,066	674
1993	47,714	3,071,140	113,448,871	36,940	710
1994	48,377	3,023,098	114,992,550	38,038	731
1995	50,083	2,948,046	113,567,881	38,523	741
1996	51,524	2,881,887	116,469,523	40,414	777
1997	52,110	2,810,489	120,097,833	42,732	822
1998	47,252 49.661	2,782,888	121,578,334	43,688	840
1000	49 hh l	2,786,567	123,409,672	44,287	852
1999	50,256	2,871,489	132,741,760	46,228	889

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals due to rounding.

20. Annual data: establishments, employment, and wages covered under UI and UCFE, by State

	Aver establis		Average a		Total annua (in thous		Average wa	
State	2000	1999- 2000 change	2000	1999- 2000 change	2000	1999- 2000 change	2000	1999- 2000 change
Total United States	7,879,116	58,256	129,877,063	2,834,781	\$4,587,708,584	\$352,129,380	\$679	\$38
Alabama	112,328	454	1,877,963	6,911	54,538,027	1,970,401	558	18
Alaska	18,820	32	275,607	6,674	9,685,341	532,709	676	22
Arizona	115,171	2,589	2,220,712	70,174	72,417,033	6,772,271	627	40
Arkansas	72,240	406	1,130,891	17,750	29,761,939	1,520,062	506	18
California	1,026,568	-33,271	14,867,006	472,932	612,318,313	71,430,084	792	69
Colorado	148,479	6,278	2,186,656	81,404	81,273,035	9,292,033	715	57
Connecticut	107,787	1,696	1,674,728	22,363	76,176,856	5,650,414	875	54
Delaware	24,751	584	406,350	4,210	14,845,185	707,255	703	27
District of Columbia	28,409	1,474	637,292	21,588	33,753,742	2,423,907	1,019	40
Florida	444,731	9,134	7,060,986	216,337	215,780,400	17,731,492	588	32
Georgia	225,040	6,628	3,883,005	88,250	132,853,189	10,161,751	658	36
Hawaii	34,027	1,564	553,185	15,440	16,942,944	921,218	589	16
Idaho	45,399	1,128	563,193	20,785	15,600,825	1,474,196	533	32
Illinois	322,324	2,721	5,940,772	90,253	226,012,936	13,664,320	732	34
Indiana	152,846	-1,089	2,936,634	29,778	91,086,141	3,800,930	596	19
lowa	97,091	2,479	1.443.394	12,412	40,312,331	1.743.623	537	19
Kansas	80,477	1,036	1,313,742	14,945	38,571,763	2,164,568	565	26
Kentucky	107,740	2,403	1,762,949	31,482	50,774,667	2,669,580	554	20
Louisiana	118,216	1,549	1,869,219	21,317	52,131,235	1,838,194	536	13
Maine	44,865	956	590,818	17,005	16,344,365	916,386	532	15
Maryland	146,559	1,117	2,405,510	58,631	87,548,876	6,606,334	700	37
Massachusetts	187,391	344	3,275,135	83,493	145,184,150	16,396,342	852	76
Michigan	260,885	2,244	4,585,211	82,445	169,702,272	8,726,750	712	24
Minnesota	155,711	4,932	2,608,543	57,751	92,377,120	6,959,859	681	37
Mississippi	63,970	229	1,137,304	-1,880	28,665,889	879,567	485	16
Missouri	163,080	2,303	2,677,110	31,687	84,020,093	4,745,993	604	28
Montana	38,349	1,585	379,094	7,855	9,202,211	567,364	467	20
Nebraska	51,838	4	882,918	16,308	24,449,709	1,370,028	533	21
Nevada	48,126	194	1,017,902	41,975	32,853,744	2,392,271	621	21
New Hampshire	45,924	494	606,543	15,318	21,069,920	2,067,493	668	50
New Jersey	270,384	-15,337	3,877,572	85,195	169,355,641	13,725,235	840	51
New Mexico	47,987	693	717,243	16,339	19,722,105	1,311,285	529	24
New York	529,103	4,797	8,471,416	178,874	384,241,451	34,472,229	872	61
North Carolina	222,234	7,270	3,862,782	58,413	120,007,446	7,922,007	597	30
North Dakota	23,297	240	309,223	3,263	7,632,602	365,713	475	18
Ohio	280,988	1,073	5,513,217	62,090	179,218,763	8,080,924	625	21
Oklahoma	89,298	1,368	1,452,166	29,357	39,191,626	2,464,854	519	23
Oregon	109,050	-1,296	1,608,069	32,067	52,703,467	4,049,166	630	36
Pennsylvania	315,284	13,267	5,558,076	98,602	189,058,210	10,557,733	654	25
Rhode Island	33,327	621	467,602	10,766	15,250,760	1,011,495	627	28
South Carolina	109,370	-1,993	1,820,138	27,993	51,289,516	2,664,765	542	20
South Dakota	27,145	437	364,119	8,334	9,030,727	574,920	477	20
Tennessee	125,247	-51	2,667,230	40,186	81,495,110	4,055,765	588	21
Texas	489,795	8,425	9,289,286	272,645	324,579,638	27,952,132	672	39
Utah	66,144	2,282	1,044,143	26,519	30,518,822	2,131,853	562	26
Vermont	23,870	805	296,462	8,473	8,571,976	624,326	556	25
Virginia		3,212	3,427,954	100,832	120,567,926	10,689,950	676	41
Washington	221,150	9,010	2,706,462	62,732	100,381,521	5,904,038	713	26
West Virginia		21	686,622	6,014	18,461,154	752,890	517	17
Wisconsin	145,871	977	2,736,054	44,603	83,980,263	4,294,806	590	21
Wyoming	20,861	238	230,857	5,892	6,195,607	425,897	516	23
Puerto RicoVirgin Islands		202	1,026,175	23,785	19,306,364	709,126	362	5
	3,255	32	42,349	1,411	1,173,955	104,996	533	31

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals due to rounding.

21. Annual data: Employment and average annual pay for all workers covered under UI and UCFE in the 316 largest U.S. counties

		Employment		Average a	nnual pay
County ¹	2000	Percent change, 1999-2000 ²	Ranked by percent change, 1999-2000 ³	2000	Percent change, 1999-2000 ²
United States ⁴	129,877,063	2.2	_	35,323	5.9
Jefferson, AL Madison, AL Mobile, AL Montgomery, AL Tuscaloosa, AL Anchorage, AK Maricopa, AZ Pima, AZ Pulaski, AR Sebastian, AR	384,662 154,356 169,469 131,988 76,499 129,700 1,544,971 328,426 243,157 75,197	.6 1.7 1 .2 .8 2.0 3.6 3.1 .4 1.1	256 186 291 285 244 164 48 77 272 228	34,026 35,837 28,623 28,894 29,064 36,659 35,110 29,194 30,799 27,011	3.9 5.0 2.4 3.2 2.5 2.7 7.8 3.5 3.8 4.8
Washington, AR Alameda, CA Contra Costa, CA Fresno, CA Kern, CA Los Angeles, CA Marin, CA Monterey, CA Orange, CA Placer, CA	80,045 696,242 336,691 322,759 238,250 4,098,154 111,645 164,646 1,394,414	3.3 3.0 3.1 1.9 2.1 1.7 2.1 2.5 3.6 8.9	61 84 78 169 153 187 154 118 49	26,408 45,091 42,318 26,162 28,572 39,651 42,600 29,962 39,247 33,386	3.8 9.8 3.7 4.8 5.7 4.9 8.5 5.1 4.8 5.3
Riverside, CA	469,467 573,942 528,437 1,195,116 609,138 201,070 94,883 378,494 176,901 1,030,633	5.3 2.6 3.0 3.7 3.1 3.6 5.3 3.0 6.1	12 107 85 86 43 79 50 13 87	29,136 37,732 29,901 37,535 57,532 29,237 28,096 67,051 32,566 76,213	4.7 7.2 3.8 8.1 12.0 4.7 6.2 30.4 8.2 24.7
Santa Cruz, CA	101,833 117,217 190,946 160,948 132,986 287,611 84,565 144,806 284,236 179,719	3.3 3.7 3.1 1.7 3.6 3.4 1.5 3.6 3.9 8.2	62 44 80 188 51 57 201 52 38 4	35,819 31,670 35,715 28,201 23,750 37,069 33,438 33,428 46,254 45,564	15.5 8.4 11.3 4.4 4.6 9.1 3.3 4.8 7.8 13.9
Denver, CO	469,137 237,739 210,519 119,155 427,557 501,562 367,343 123,039 281,920 637,292	3.2 3.4 2.6 5.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 .6 7 3.5	69 58 108 16 229 230 231 257 301 54	44,343 33,039 36,195 32,394 61,156 43,656 38,355 36,757 40,491 52,964	11.6 7.7 5.2 7.9 8.5 6.2 5.4 3.8 4.5 4.1
Alachua, FL Brevard, FL Broward, FL Collier, FL Duval, FL Escambia, FL Hillsborough, FL Lee, FL Leon, FL Manatee, FL	117,658 181,314 644,192 103,264 434,219 125,666 588,792 162,304 141,978 (⁵)	2.5 3.3 3.3 6.9 4.1 1.0 2.5 4.4 2.2 (⁵)	119 63 64 6 32 235 120 25 142 (⁵)	26,155 32,101 33,234 29,962 32,777 26,709 31,707 28,148 29,249	3.9 7.2 6.5 6.9 4.6 4.5 4.8 6.4 4.1
Marion, FL Miami-Dade, FL Orange, FL Palm Beach, FL Pinellas, FL Polk, FL Sarasota, FL Seminole, FL Volusia, FL Bibb, GA	83,319 980,394 611,469 481,395 436,390 183,222 (*5) 139,610 141,652 88,790	1.7 2.3 3.2 4.1 4.2 2.6 (⁵) 4.6 1.4 -1.2	189 135 70 33 29 109 (*) 23 207 308	24,953 33,333 31,123 35,233 31,263 27,881 (⁵) 30,835 25,079 29,299	3.3 3.9 4.6 7.3 5.4 3.5 (⁵) 6.9 5.5 3.2
Chatham, GA	122,785 116,368 301,183	1.3 6 1.3	214 296 215	29,650 36,774 38,792	1.9 6.7 5.4

 Continued—Annual data: Employment and average annual pay for all workers covered under UI and UCFE in the 316 largest U.S. counties

		Employment		Average a	nnual pay
County ¹	2000	Percent change, 1999-2000 ²	Ranked by percent change, 1999-2000 ³	2000	Percent change, 1999-2000 ²
Dekalb, GA Fulton, GA Gwinnett, GA Muscogee, GA Richmond, GA Honolulu, HI Ada, ID	310,659 754,368 281,654 98,315 106,260 407,935 177,741	6 2.7 4.1 1 6 2.6 6.5	297 103 34 292 298 110 8	38,614 47,060 39,051 27,744 28,592 31,874 34,460	4.9 8.5 6.0 3.7 3.6 2.8 10.0
Champaign, IL Cook, IL Du Page, IL Kane, IL Lake, IL MCHenry, IL McLean, IL Madison, IL Rock Island, IL	90,429 2,687,795 582,352 193,410 310,689 87,258 84,324 94,550 102,801 80,273	2.8 1.3 1.7 2.9 3.1 1.9 .6 .4 .1	96 216 190 91 81 170 258 273 287 245	29,183 42,898 42,570 32,173 42,620 32,007 34,254 28,974 31,387 33,525	4.2 5.8 3.6 .1 6.7 2.0 4.1 2.9 1.6 4.5
St. Clair, IL	89,963 144,286 142,355 143,760 189,425 122,468 77,452 199,421 605,903 129,558	2.2 4.4 3.5 .5 .3 .6 3.0 6 1.6	143 26 55 265 281 259 88 299 194 266	26,878 34,764 32,313 31,499 32,279 30,339 37,931 31,564 36,473 29,657	2.6 1.7 2.1 2.0 3.0 2.3 7.9 4.0 3.2 3.5
Tippecanoe, IN Vanderburgh, IN Linn, IA Polk, IA Scott, IA Johnson, KS Sedgwick, KS Shawnee, KS Wyandotte, KS Fayette, KY	77,377 109,904 121,968 263,940 87,113 287,797 249,846 100,223 79,746 172,031	1.1 .7 2.1 1.3 4 2.8 .0 2.4 1.8	232 251 155 217 295 97 289 130 177 178	31,083 29,569 34,097 33,666 29,067 37,247 32,696 29,375 34,592 30,713	4.0 3.2 4.9 2.5 3.9 6.7 2.9 3.2 2.9 3.8
Jefferson, KY Caddo, LA Calcasieu, LA East Baton Rouge, LA Jefferson, LA Lafayette, LA Orleans, LA Cumberland, ME Anne Arundel, MD Baltimore, MD	439,103 119,449 83,976 246,434 214,680 114,059 263,551 166,757 194,018 358,117	1.4 .3 .1 2.7 7 2.3 1.9 3.7 5.3	208 282 288 104 302 136 171 45 14	33,334 28,767 28,226 29,257 28,051 29,911 31,694 30,752 35,461 34,119	3.9 3.2 .9 1.6 2.1 5.5 1.3 1.1 7.3 4.7
Frederick, MD Howard, MD Montgomery, MD Prince Georges, MD Baltimore City, MD Barnstable, MA Bristol, MA Essex, MA Hampden, MA Middlesex, MA	77,323 128,678 447,314 303,262 386,411 88,589 221,539 305,382 204,303 846,931	4.9 3.2 5.0 3.3 .8 3.7 1.3 2.5 1.9 3.1	22 71 20 65 246 46 218 121 172 82	30,847 37,897 43,708 37,060 38,579 29,726 30,785 39,154 32,220 52,091	5.9 5.1 5.8 6.9 4.5 .0 4.6 8.8 4.8
Norfolk, MA Plymouth, MA Suffolk, MA Worcester, MA Genesee, MI Ingham, MI Kalamazoo, MI Kent, MI Macomb, MI Oakland, MI	325,018 166,482 608,285 321,131 165,297 174,315 118,342 347,707 337,504 768,629	2.4 1.3 3.3 2.5 -1.4 2.0 1 1.6 .3 1.0	131 219 66 122 313 165 293 195 283 236	43,368 33,931 56,699 37,657 36,324 34,963 32,675 33,996 40,904 44,500	10.4 6.3 11.6 10.8 1.4 5.6 2.3 2.6 3.5
Ottawa, MI Saginaw, MI Washtenaw, MI Wayne, MI Anoka, MN Dakota, MN Understand MN Olmsted, MN	118,711 95,474 195,624 866,282 108,989 153,364 874,693 82,670	1.8 8 .5 1.2 3.8 2.6 2.1 3.9	179 304 267 223 40 111 156 39	31,947 34,672 40,182 42,440 33,928 34,362 43,816 36,104	3.5 2.5 5.3 3.5 4.5 4.7 7.1 3.1

21. Continued—Annual data: Employment and average annual pay for all workers covered under UI and UCFE in the 316 largest U.S. counties

		Employment	Average annual pay			
County ¹	2000	Percent change, 1999-2000 ²	Ranked by percent change, 1999-2000 ³	2000	Percent change, 1999-2000 ²	
Ramsey, MN	332,929	1.6	196	39,069	5.8	
St. Louis, MN	94,926	1.4	209	28,903	4.6	
Stearns, MN	76,292	3.1	83	27,584	4.2	
	89,745	.4	274	25,442	4.8	
	136,949	-1.2	309	30,578	4.6	
	75,785	2.8	98	27,361	3.1	
	84,159	.0	290	32,207	6.4	
	142,508	2.4	132	26,971	3.2	
	393,761	.4	275	36,056	6.2	
	95,799	3.2	72	29,515	3.8	
	646,858	.8	247	38,145	5.6	
	250,878	.4	276	38,612	4.1	
Douglas, NE	330,128 146,433 697,575 189,102 193,796 129,494 140,141 448,513 180,165 199,768	2.1 1.8 5.3 3.2 2.7 4.1 2 .5 .8	157 180 15 73 105 35 294 268 248 307	32,356 28,511 32,131 32,748 39,212 35,823 31,068 46,306 37,597 35,130	4.1 3.9 3.4 4.4 9.1 9.8 3.4 7.0 4.7 3.2	
Essex, NJ Gloucester, NJ Hudson, NJ Mercer, NJ Middlesex, NJ Monmouth, NJ Morris, NJ Ocean, NJ Somerset, NJ Somerset, NJ	363,942	1.6	197	44,653	3.5	
	86,667	.7	252	32,055	2.8	
	238,388	3.4	59	47,427	10.2	
	210,031	3.3	67	44,658	5.2	
	392,427	.6	260	46,487	5.8	
	233,285	2.5	123	39,695	5.4	
	275,499	2.8	99	60,487	19.0	
	129,093	2.5	124	30,447	4.6	
	177,364	.6	261	37,759	2.0	
	173,571	4.1	36	54,781	5.1	
Union, NJ Bernalillo, NM Albany, NY Broome, NY Dutchess, NY Erie, NY Kings, NY Monroe, NY Nassau, NY	237,176 307,705 230,962 212,982 99,613 109,949 459,828 441,916 399,602 598,538	2.2 2.6 1.4 2.2 1.2 1.9 1.0 2.3 .9	144 112 210 145 224 173 237 137 242 198	45,282 30,184 35,795 32,850 29,658 36,065 31,489 30,760 35,423 40,023	4.9 4.1 6.1 2.7 3.6 2.2 3.0 3.7 1.8 4.4	
New York, NY Niagara, NY Oneida, NY Onondaga, NY Orange, NY Queens, NY Richmond, NY Rockland, NY Westchester, NY	2,382,175	3.2	74	72,572	10.3	
	78,186	.2	286	31,112	3.7	
	110,684	1.4	211	27,300	3.4	
	252,476	.7	253	32,499	3.4	
	119,571	1.6	199	29,357	4.6	
	480,676	1.3	220	34,986	4.4	
	88,245	1.9	174	32,149	4.2	
	106,361	1.4	212	37,264	4.3	
	578,401	2.3	138	37,862	6.6	
	405,440	2.3	139	47,066	8.3	
Buncombe, NC Catawba, NC Cumberland, NC Durham, NC Forsyth, NC Gaston, NC Guilford, NC Mecklenburg, NC Wew Hanover, NC Wake, NC	106,036	.5	269	27,652	3.8	
	101,321	2.6	113	28,210	4.0	
	109,858	1.2	225	26,112	3.9	
	167,191	2.9	92	49,359	12.6	
	181,619	1.8	181	34,011	6.3	
	77,176	-3.6	314	28,335	4.0	
	279,889	.6	262	32,216	2.5	
	514,223	3.8	41	40,538	5.4	
	87,019	.4	277	28,560	4.3	
	383,705	3.3	68	35,377	7.4	
Cass, ND Butler, OH Cuyahoga, OH Franklin, OH Hamilton, OH Lake, OH Lorain, OH Lucas, OH Mahoning, OH Montgomery, OH	81,823 126,189 817,572 701,913 566,965 102,320 105,988 238,450 112,531 303,352	2.2 2.6 .9 2.2 .8 1.5 2.3 .6 6	146 114 243 147 249 202 140 263 300 278	27,801 31,502 36,520 34,970 37,598 30,735 32,013 32,255 25,966 34,532	4.1 1.7 4.2 4.6 3.9 2.1 1.9 2.3 3.0 2.6	
Stark, OH	175,535	1.7	191	28,505	2.1	
	266,001	.4	279	32,735	4.2	

 Continued—Annual data: Employment and average annual pay for all workers covered under UI and UCFE in the 316 largest U.S. counties

		Employment	Average annual pay			
County ¹	2000	Percent change, 1999-2000 ²	Ranked by percent change, 1999-2000 ³	2000	Percent change, 1999-2000 ²	
Trumbull, OH Oklahoma, OK Uslahoma, OK Clackamas, OR Lane, OR Marion, OR Multnomah, OR Washington, OR	94,382 414,239 340,671 133,065 139,710 127,558 453,274 224,033	-1.3 2.9 2.5 2.2 1.1 2.0 2.1 4.3	311 93 125 148 233 166 158 27	32,785 29,216 31,157 32,482 27,877 28,116 36,796 44,459	1.0 4.6 3.7 4.0 3.5 2.9 6.2 13.4	
Allegheny, PA Berks, PA Bucks, PA Chester, PA Cumberland, PA Dauphin, PA Delaware, PA Erie, PA Lackawanna, PA Lancaster, PA	711,068 168,068 244,317 216,777 123,998 172,465 212,540 131,700 98,383 218,280	1.2 226 1.8 182 2.5 126 2.5 127 -1.3 312 2.1 159 1.0 238 2.5 128 -7 303 1.8 183		36,727 32,007 34,059 43,762 32,811 33,680 36,828 28,368 27,663 30,809	2.5 3.3 3.4 6.9 3.2 2.2 5.5 1.8 7.5 4.6	
Lehigh, PA	171,175 143,066 481,011 87,846 668,793 134,436 167,757 290,809 182,793 233,062	2.0 2.2 2.3 3.0 1.5 1.0 2.2 1.7 1.3 2.6	167 149 141 89 203 239 150 192 221	35,274 27,855 43,810 30,767 39,700 27,992 30,926 33,410 27,680 31,281	2.5 2.7 6.5 3.1 4.5 1.3 3.3 4.0 4.8	
Horry, SC Lexington, SC Richland, SC Spartanburg, SC Minnehaha, SD Davidson, TN Hamilton, TN Knox, TN Rutherford, TN Shelby, TN	99,124 81,341 207,508 119,791 105,837 434,901 188,161 202,688 76,993 500,255	1.7 2.0 .6 .5 3.2 1.5 1.8 3.4 2.5	193 168 264 270 75 204 184 60 129 240	22,883 27,505 29,627 30,596 28,212 34,863 30,574 30,090 31,132 34,357	5.4 3.5 4.1 3.4 3.7 5.4 4.0 4.1 3.6 2.5	
Bell, TX Bexar, TX Brazoria, TX Cameron, TX Collin, TX Dallas, TX Denton, TX El Paso, TX Fort Bend, TX Galveston, TX	87,850 648,942 75,417 109,115 167,956 1,567,626 119,722 251,557 87,763 86,844	2.1 2.2 2.8 5.4 5.9 4.2 3.7 1.5 2.4	160 151 100 11 10 30 47 205 133 306	25,193 29,923 34,367 21,553 40,509 44,381 29,298 25,069 35,801 29,518	4.1 5.2 3.3 2.6 5.8 7.7 4.0 3.2 5.1 4.0	
Harris, TX Hidalgo, TX Jefferson, TX Lubbock, TX Mc Lennan, TX Montgomery, TX Nueces, TX Potter, TX Smith, TX Tarrant, TX	1,840,442 163,443 120,815 115,422 98,076 76,865 142,309 75,572 83,353 703,025	2.8 7.1 1.1 1.9 1.0 5.0 .8 .7 2.8 3.5	101 5 234 175 241 21 250 254 102 56	41,869 21,671 31,277 26,297 27,034 32,119 28,187 26,552 29,509 35,438	7.7 2.7 .8 6.3 2.1 9.7 4.7 2.8 3.6 5.0	
Travis, TX Williamson, TX Davis, UT Salt Lake, UT Utah, UT Weber, UT Chittenden, VT Arlington, VA Chesterfield, VA Fairfax, VA	538,193 76,588 84,640 531,240 142,369 86,404 95,343 157,906 107,932 537,647	5.1 9.5 3.2 2.6 4.5 .4 5.1 4.1 2.1 6.7	17 2 76 116 24 280 18 37 161	41,332 50,415 27,711 32,192 27,891 26,644 34,288 52,846 31,880 51,576	7.0 -4.5 7.2 5.0 5.0 2.5 4.2 7.1 3.5	
Henrico, VA Loudoun, VA Prince William, VA Alexandria, VA Chesapeake, VA Newport News, VA Norfolk, VA	165,617 87,265 78,209 91,818 81,294 93,607 145,197	2.4 11.9 4.3 5.1 2.1 1.8	134 1 28 19 162 185 284	36,138 54,141 28,986 42,101 26,069 30,261 32,179	5.8 3.6 5.5 6.1 4.2 5.4 4.9	

Continued—Annual data: Employment and average annual pay for all workers covered under UI and UCFE in the 316 largest U.S. counties

		Employment	Average annual pay		
County ¹	2000	Percent change, 1999-2000 ²	Ranked by percent change, 1999-2000 ³	2000	Percent change, 1999-2000 ²
Richmond, VA Roanoke City, VA Virginia Beach, VA	166,923 75,894 165,610	1.4 3.0 3.6	213 90 53	38,635 29,487 25,414	5.1 4.6 4.4
Clark, WA	113,910 1,162,290 241,654 209,557 188,843 84,277	1.5 2.7 4.2 -1.2 2.9 1.6	206 106 31 310 94 200	32,163 47,459 29,854 35,091 29,760 31,745	6.0 3.0 4.2 3.6 7.9 6.9
Yakima, WA Kanawha, WV Brown, WI Dane, WI	94,233 112,920 142,359 274,353	1.9 .7 2.1 2.6	176 255 163 117	23,237 30,156 31,538 32,817	3.7 3.1 2.9 5.5
Milwaukee, WI Outagamie, WI Racine, WI Waukesha, WI Winnebago, WI	528,837 94,364 79,160 222,877 90,256	.5 2.9 9 1.2 2.2	95 305 227 152	34,744 30,769 32,536 35,767 33,622	3.1 4.4 6 5.2 2.7
San Juan, PR	327,187	3.8	42	21,312	3.5

¹ Includes areas not officially designated as counties. See Notes on Current Labor Statistics.

Note: Data pertain to workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. The 315 U.S. counties comprise 70.8 percent of the total covered workers in the United States

22. Annual data: Employment status of the population

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Civilian noninstitutional population	192,805	194,838	196,814	198,584	200,591	203,133	205,220	207,753	209,699	211,864
Civilian labor force	128,105	129,200	131,056	132,304	133,943	136,297	137,673	139,368	140,863	141,815
Labor force participation rate	66.4	66.3	66.6	66.6	66.8	67.1	67.1	67.1	67.2	66.9
Employed	118,492	120,259	123,060	124,900	126,708	129,558	131,463	133,488	135,208	135,073
Employment-population ratio	61.5	61.7	62.5	62.9	63.2	63.8	64.1	64.3	64.5	63.8
Agriculture	3,247	3,115	3,409	3,440	3,443	3,399	3,378	3,281	3,305	3,144
Nonagricultural industries	115,245	117,144	119,651	121,460	123,264	126,159	128,085	130,207	131,903	131,929
Unemployed	9,613	8,940	7,996	7,404	7,236	6,739	6,210	5,880	5,655	6,742
Unemployment rate	7.5	6.9	6.1	5.6	5.4	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.0	4.8
Not in the labor force	64,700	65,638	65,758	66,280	66,647	66,837	67,547	68,385	68,836	70,050

² Percent changes were computed from annual employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications. See Notes on Current Labor Statistics.

³ Rankings for percent change in employment are based on the 314 counties that are comparable over the year.

⁴ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico.

⁵ Data are not available for release.

23. Annual data: Employment levels by industry

[In thousands]

Industry	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total employment	108,601	110,713	114,163	117,191	119,608	122,690	125,865	128,916	131,759	132,213
Private sector	89,956	91,872	95,036	97,885	100,189	103,133	106,042	108,709	111,079	111,341
Goods-producing	23,231	23,352	23,908	24,265	24,493	24,962	25,414	25,507	25,709	25,122
Mining	635	610	601	581	580	596	590	539	543	563
Construction	4,492	4,668	4,986	5,160	5,418	5,691	6,020	6,415	6,698	6,861
Manufacturing	18,104	18,075	18,321	18,524	18,495	18,675	18,805	18,552	18,469	17,698
Service-producing	85,370	87,361	90,256	92,925	95,115	97,727	100,451	103,409	106,050	107,092
Transportation and public utilities	5,718	5,811	5,984	6,132	6,253	6,408	6,611	6,834	7,019	7,070
Wholesale trade	5,997	5,981	6,162	6,378	6,482	6,648	6,800	6,911	7,024	7,014
Retail trade	19,356	19,773	20,507	21,187	21,597	21,966	22,295	22,848	23,307	23,488
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,602	6,757	6,896	6,806	6,911	7,109	7,389	7,555	7,560	7,624
Services	29,052	30,197	31,579	33,117	34,454	36,040	37,533	39,055	40,460	41,024
Government	18,645	18,841	19,128	19,305	19,419	19,557	19,823	20,206	20,681	20,873
Federal	2,969	2,915	2,870	2,822	2,757	2,699	2,686	2,669	2,777	2,616
State	4,408	4,488	4,576	4,635	4,606	4,582	4,612	4,709	4,785	4,880
Local	11,267	11,438	11,682	11,849	12,056	12,276	12,525	12,829	13,119	13,377

NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision.

24. Annual data: Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls, by industry

Industry	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Private sector:										
Average weekly hours	34.4	34.5	34.7	34.5	34.4	34.6	34.6	34.5	34.5	34.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	10.57	10.83	11.12	11.43	11.82	12.28	12.78	13.24	13.75	14.33
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	363.61	373.64	385.86	394.34	406.61	424.89	442.19	456.78	474.38	490.09
Mining:										
Average weekly hours	43.9	44.3	44.8	44.7	45.3	45.4	43.9	43.2	43.1	43.4
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.54	14.60	14.88	15.30	15.62	16.15	16.91	17.05	17.24	17.65
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	638.31	646.78	666.62	683.91	707.59	733.21	742.35	736.56	743.04	766.01
Construction:										
Average weekly hours	38.0	38.5	38.9	38.9	39.0	39.0	38.9	39.1	39.3	39.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.15	14.38	14.73	15.09	15.47	16.04	16.61	17.19	17.88	18.33
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	537.70	553.63	573.00	587.00	603.33	625.56	646.13	672.13	702.68	718.54
Manufacturing:										
Average weekly hours	41.0	41.4	42.0	41.6	41.6	42.0	41.7	41.7	41.6	40.7
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	11.46	11.74	12.07	12.37	12.77	13.17	13.49	13.90	14.38	14.84
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	469.86	486.04	506.94	514.59	531.23	553.14	562.53	579.63	598.21	603.99
Transportation and public utilities:										
Average weekly hours	38.3	39.3	39.7	39.4	39.6	39.7	39.5	38.7	38.6	38.1
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	13.43	13.55	13.78	14.13	14.45	14.92	15.31	15.69	16.22	16.89
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	514.37	532.52	547.07	556.72	572.22	592.32	604.75	607.20	626.09	643.51
Wholesale trade:										
Average weekly hours	38.2	38.2	38.4	38.3	38.3	38.4	38.3	38.3	38.5	38.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	11.39	11.74	12.06	12.43	12.87	13.45	14.07	14.58	15.20	15.80
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	435.10	448.47	463.10	476.07	492.92	516.48	538.88	558.80	585.20	603.56
Retail trade:										
Average weekly hours	28.8	28.8	28.9	28.8	28.8	28.9	29.0	29.0	28.9	28.8
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	7.12	7.29	7.49	7.69	7.99	8.33	8.74	9.09	9.46	9.82
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	205.06	209.95	216.46	221.47	230.11	240.74	253.46	263.61	273.39	282.82
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										
Average weekly hours	35.8	35.8	35.8	35.9	35.9	36.1	36.4	36.2	36.3	36.3
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	10.82	11.35	11.83	12.32	12.80	13.34	14.07	14.62	15.07	15.83
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	387.36	406.33	423.51	442.29	459.52	481.57	512.15	529.24	547.04	574.63
Services:										
Average weekly hours	32.5	32.5	32.5	32.4	32.4	32.6	32.6	32.6	32.7	32.7
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	10.54	10.78	11.04	11.39	11.79	12.28	12.84	13.37	13.91	14.61
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	342.55	350.35	358.80	369.04	382.00	400.33	418.58	435.86	454.86	477.75

25. Employment Cost Index, compensation, 1 by occupation and industry group

[June 1989 = 100]

		20	00			20	01		2002	Percent	
										3	12
Series	Mar.	luna	Cont	Dec.	Mar.	June	Cont	Dec.	Mar.	months	months
	War.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Wai.	June	Sept.	Dec.	IVIAI.	ended Mar.	<u>ended</u> 2002
Civilian workers 2	146.5	148.0	149.5	150.6	152.5	153.8	155.6	156.8	158.4	1.0	3.9
Workers, by occupational group:	140.5	140.0	143.5	130.0	102.0	100.0	133.0	130.0	150.4	1.0	3.3
White-collar workers	148.4	149.9	151.5	152.5	154.4	156.0	157.7	158.9	160.5	1.0	4.0
Professional specialty and technical	146.7	148.3	150.0	151.3	153.2	154.3	156.7	157.5	158.5	.6	3.5
Executive, adminitrative, and managerial	150.5	151.9	153.7	154.6	156.6	158.6	159.6	161.2	163.7	1.6	4.5
Administrative support, including clerical	148.6	150.1	151.8	152.8	155.3	156.8	158.8	160.0	162.0	1.3	4.3
Blue-collar workers	142.7	144.1	145.6	146.5	148.2	149.3	151.1	152.0	153.7	1.1	3.7
Service occupations	146.0	147.1	148.5	150.0	152.0	153.3	155.0	156.9	158.4	1.0	4.2
Workers, by industry division:											
Goods-producing	144.9	146.6	148.0	148.8	150.7	152.2	153.3	154.4	156.3	1.2	3.7
Manufacturing	146.0	147.5	148.7	149.3	151.3	152.6	153.3	154.6	156.6	1.3	3.5
Service-producing	147.1	148.4	150.1	151.1	153.0	155.4	156.4	157.6	159.1	1.0	4.0
Services	148.0	149.3	151.2	152.4	154.3	155.4	158.1	159.0	160.2	.8	3.8
Health services Hospitals	145.9 146.3	147.5 147.7	149.0 149.5	150.7 151.3	152.5 153.2	154.6 155.6	156.7 158.2	158.3 160.0	160.5 162.3	1.4 1.4	5.2 5.9
Educational services	146.5	146.8	149.7	150.6	151.7	152.2	156.1	156.6	157.1	.3	3.6
Public administration ³	145.7	146.1	146.9	148.3	150.6	151.9	153.8	155.2	156.5	.8	3.9
Nonmanufacturing	146.6	148.0	140.9	150.7	152.6	154.0	156.0	157.2	158.7	1.0	4.0
•											
Private industry workers	146.8	148.5	149.9	150.9	153.0	154.5	155.9	157.2	158.9	1.1	3.9
Excluding sales occupations	146.5	148.2	149.8	150.9	153.0	154.4	156.0	160.9	159.0	1.1	3.9
Workers, by occupational group:											
White-collar workers	149.3	151.1	152.6	153.6	155.7	157.4	158.7	160.1	161.9	1.1	4.0
Excluding sales occupations	149.4	151.3	152.9	154.1	156.5	158.1	159.6	160.9	162.8	1.2	4.0
Professional specialty and technical occupations	148.4	150.7	152.2	153.7	156.3	157.5	159.2	160.3	161.5	.7	3.3
Executive, adminitrative, and managerial occupations Sales occupations	151.1 148.9	152.7 150.3	154.4 151.2	155.3 151.4	157.3 152.3	159.4 154.5	160.2 155.0	161.8 156.7	164.4 157.7	1.6 .6	4.5 3.5
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	149.0	150.6	151.2	153.4	156.1	157.7	159.5	160.8	162.8	1.2	4.3
Blue-collar workers	142.6	144.1	145.5	146.4	148.2	149.3	151.0	151.9	153.6	1.1	3.6
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	142.3	144.1	145.8	146.7	148.7	149.7	151.8	152.5	153.7	.8	3.4
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	144.0	145.0	146.0	146.8	148.3	149.1	150.4	151.5	153.6	1.4	3.6
I ransportation and material moving occupations	137.5	138.6	139.9	141.1	142.6	143.9	145.6	146.3	148.7	1.6	4.3
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	146.4	148.1	149.4	150.4	152.2	153.4	154.9	156.5	158.7	1.4	4.3
Service occupations	143.9	145.4	146.6	148.1	150.0	151.3	152.6	154.8	156.4	1.0	4.3
Production and nonsupervisory occupations ⁴	145.3	146.9	148.4	149.5	151.4	152.7	154.3	155.5	157.1	1.0	3.8
Workers, by industry division:											
Goods-producing	144.8	146.6	147.9	148.8	150.7	152.1	153.1	154.4	156.2	1.2	3.6
Excluding sales occupations	144.2	145.9	147.2	148.2	150.1	151.5	152.5	153.7	155.5	1.2	3.6
White-collar occupations	148.1 146.5	150.1 148.4	151.3 149.6	151.9 150.5	154.5 153.0	156.5 155.0	156.8 155.3	158.1 156.5	160.1 158.4	1.3 1.2	3.6 3.5
Excluding sales occupations Blue-collar occupations	140.5	144.4	145.8	146.8	148.2	149.3	150.8	151.9	153.6	1.1	3.6
Construction	140.8	143.2	145.1	146.7	148.2	150.3	151.7	153.0	154.1	.7	4.0
Manutacturing	146.0	147.5	148.7	149.3	151.3	152.6	152.2	154.6	156.6	1.3	3.5
White-collar occupations	148.2	150.2	151.4	151.5	154.2	156.0	156.0	156.9	159.1	1.4	3.2
Excluding sales occupations	146.2	148.2	149.3	149.7	152.2	154.0	153.8	154.5	156.7	1.3	3.0
Blue-collar occupations	144.4	145.6	146.7	147.8	149.1	150.0	151.3	152.7	154.6	1.2	3.7
Durables	146.5	148.3	149.4	150.1	151.8	153.1	154.0		156.9	1.0	3.4
Nondurables	144.9	146.0	147.5	147.7	150.4	151.6	152.0	153.2	156.0	1.8	3.7
Service-producing	147.4	149.1	150.6	151.7	153.8	155.3	156.9	158.2	159.9	1.1	4.0
Excluding sales occupations	147.7	149.4	151.1	152.2	154.6	156.0	157.8	159.0	160.9	1.2	4.1
White-collar occupations	149.3	151.0	152.6	153.7	155.8	157.4	159.0	160.3	162.1	1.1	4.0
Excluding sales occupations	150.3	152.1	153.9	155.1	157.5	159.1	160.9	162.2	164.1	1.2	4.2
Blue-collar occupations	141.8	143.1	144.5	145.3	147.7	148.7	150.9	151.0	153.2	1.2	3.7
Service occupations	143.6	145.1	146.3	147.9	149.6	150.8	152.2	154.2	155.9	1.1	4.2
Transportation and public utilities	143.9	145.7	147.4	148.3	150.5	152.4	153.5	155.5	157.3	1.2	4.5
TransportationPublic utilities	140.4 148.6	141.8 150.9	142.8 153.5	143.9 154.1	145.4 157.3	146.9 159.8	148.2 160.7	151.1 161.5	152.5 163.9	.9 1.5	4.9 4.2
Communications	148.6	150.9	153.5	154.1 154.7	157.3	159.8	160.7 162.8	163.4	163.9	1.5 1.6	4.2
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	148.9	151.0	152.9	153.4	156.0	158.1	158.1	159.1	161.3	1.4	3.4
Wholesale and retail trade	145.6	147.3	148.3	149.4	151.0	152.6	153.7	155.5	156.5	.6	3.6
Excluding sales occupations	146.4	148.1	149.6	150.6	152.6	153.9	155.4	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	150.0	151.8	152.1	154.4	155.1	157.8	158.6	159.5	161.9	1.5	4.4
Excluding sales occupations	149.6	151.1	152.7	154.9	156.9	158.5	160.0	160.6	162.3	1.1	3.4
Retail trade	143.2	144.8	146.2	146.6	148.7	149.7	150.9	153.2	153.5	.2	3.2
General merchandise stores	139.7	141.0	142.2	144.4	147.3	149.4	149.7	150.9	152.4	1.0	3.5
Food stores	140.1	142.5	143.4	144.5	146.1	148.2	149.7	151.7	152.9	.8	4.7

25. Continued—Employment Cost Index, compensation, 1 by occupation and industry group

[June 1989 = 100]

		20	00			20	01		2002	Percent	change
Series	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Mar.	2002
Finance, insurance, and real estate	152.0	153.1	155.2	155.7	157.9	159.5	160.9	161,3	165.2	2.4	4.6
Excluding sales occupations	154.2	155.5	157.4	158.4	161.2	163.1	164.7	165.0	169.8	2.9	5.3
Banking, savings and loan, and other credit agencies.	162.7	164.2	165.8	166.5	170.8	172.7	175.4	174.5	182.1	4.5	6.6
Insurance	149.9	151.3	154.8	155.2	157.6	159.3	159.9	161.3	164.0	1.7	4.1
Services	149.4	151.2	152.9	154.1	156.5	157.8	160.0	161.0	162.6	1.0	3.9
Business services	154.2	156.3	157.5	158.4	160.5	163.0	165.2	166.2	166.3	.1	3.6
Health services	145.8	147.5	149.0	150.6	152.7	154.7	156.8	158.4	160.6	1.4	5.2
Hospitals	145.8	147.5	149.2	151.1	153.5	155.9	158.4	160.3	162.8	1.6	6.1
Educational services	154.0	154.9	158.8	159.9	162.3	162.6	166.4	167.6	168.5	.5	3.8
Colleges and universities	154.6	155.5	158.6	159.2	162.2	162.6	166.2	167.5	168.1	.4	3.6
Nonmanufacturing	146.7	148.4	150.0	151.1	153.1	154.7	156.3	157.6	159.3	1.1	4.0
White-collar workers	149.2	151.0	152.6	153.7	155.8	157.5	159.0	160.5	162.2	1.1	4.1
Excluding sales occupations	150.2	152.0	153.8	155.1	157.5	159.1	160.9	162.3	164.2	1.2	4.3
Blue-collar occupations	140.6	142.3	143.9	144.8	146.9	148.1	150.2	150.6	152.2	1.1	3.6
Service occupations	143.5	145.1	146.3	147.8	149.5	150.7	152.1	154.1	155.9	1.2	4.3
State and local government workers	145.5	145.9	147.8	148.9	150.3	151.2	154.3	155.2	156.1	.6	3.9
Workers, by occupational group:											
White-collar workers	144.9	145.3	147.3	148.3	149.5	150.4	153.7	154.4	155.2	.5	3.8
Professional specialty and technical	144.1	144.5	146.6	147.4	148.4	149.2	152.8	153.2	153.6	.3	3.5
Executive, administrative, and managerial	147.0	147.2	149.2	150.7	152.4	153.7	156.4	157.6	159.5	1.2	4.7
Administrative support, including clerical	145.9	146.5	148.3	149.4	150.7	151.6	154.2	155.6	156.9	.8	4.1
Blue-collar workers	143.7	144.2	145.9	147.2	148.6	149.0	151.5	153.2	154.0	.5	3.6
Workers, by industry division:											
Services	145.2	145.5	148.0	148.9	149.9	150.6	154.4	154.9	155.5	.4	3.7
Services excluding schools ⁵	145.2	145.8	147.6	148.8	150.1	151.9	154.5	156.1	157.9	1.2	5.2
Health services.	147.3	147.9	150.0	151.6	152.1	154.4	157.1	158.5	160.4	1.1	5.5
Hospitals	147.9	148.4	150.7	152.0	152.2	154.7	157.4	159.1	160.7	1.0	5.6
Educational services	145.0	145.2	147.9	148.7	149.6	150.1	154.1	154.5	154.8	.2	3.5
Schools	145.3	145.5	148.2	149.0	149.9	150.5	154.4	154.8	155.1	.2	3.5
Elementary and secondary	144.5	144.7	147.3	148.1	148.5	149.0	152.8	153.1	153.4	.2	3.3
Colleges and universities	147.4	147.6	150.5	151.7	153.7	154.3	153.8	159.6	160.0	.3	4.1
Public administration ³	145.7	146.1	146.9	148.3	150.6	151.9	151.9	155.2	156.5	.8	3.9

¹ Cost (cents per hour worked) measured in the Employment Cost Index consists of

wages, salaries, and employer cost of employee benefits.

² Consists of private industry workers (excluding farm and household workers) and State and local government (excluding Federal Government) workers.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ Consists of legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities.

This series has the same industry and occupational coverage as the Hourly Earnings index, which was discontinued in January 1989.

 $^{^{\}rm 5}\,$ Includes, for example, library, social, and health services.

26. Employment Cost Index, wages and salaries, by occupation and industry group

[June 1989 = 100]

		20	00			20	01		2002		change
Series	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Mar.	2002
Civilian workers ¹	144.0	145.4	147.0	147.9	149.5	150.8	152.3	153.4	154.8	0.9	3.5
Workers, by occupational group:											
White-collar workers	146.2	147.6	149.2	150.2	151.7	153.1	154.5	155.6	157.0	.9	3.5
Professional specialty and technical	144.9	146.4	148.3	149.6	151.1	152	154.2	155.1	155.6	.3	3.0
Executive, adminitrative, and managerial	148.6 145.5	149.9 146.9	151.6 148.5	152.4 149.6	154.0 151.6	155.8 152,7	156.7 154.6	158.1 155.7	160.7 157.3	1.6 1.0	4.4 3.8
Blue-collar workers	139.2	140.9	140.0	142.9	144.7	146.0	147.6	148.5	149.7	.8	3.5
Service occupations	143.0	144.0	145.7	147.1	148.6	149.7	151.2	153.0	154.2	.8	3.8
Workers, by industry division:											
Goods-producing	141.3	143.0	144.3	145.3	147.0	147,6	149.5	150.5	151.8	.9	3.3
Manutacturing	142.9	144.4	145.7	146.5	148.5	150.0	150.7	151.7	153.1	.9	3.1
Service-producing	145.0	146.3	148.0	148.9	150.5	151.7	153.4	154.5	155.9	.9	3.6
Services	146.6	147.9	149.9	151.0	152.6	153.6	156.2	157.1	158.1	.6	3.6
Health services	143.8 142.6	145.3 143.8	146.7 145.6	148.3 147.3	149.8 148.8	151.8 151.2	153.7 15.5	155.5 155.5	157.3 157.2	1.2 1.1	5.0 5.6
Hospitals Educational services	145.3	145.6	148.9	147.5	150.5	151.2	154.6	155.5	157.2	.1	3.2
Public administration ²											
Nonmanutacturing	142.5 144.2	142.9 145.5	144.6 147.2	146.1 148.1	147.6 149.7	148.7 149.7	150.3 152.6	151.6 153.8	152.5 155.0	.6 .8	3.3 3.5
*											
Private industry workers	143.9	145.4	146.8	147.7	149.4	150.9	152.1	153.3	154.7	.9	3.5 3.6
Excluding sales occupations	143.5	145.1	146.5	147.6	149.5	150.8	152.2	153.3	154.9	1.0	3.0
Workers, by occupational group:											
White-collar workers	146.6	148.3	149.7	150.6	152.3	153.8	154.8	156.1	157.7	1.0	3.5
Excluding sales occupations Professional specialty and technical occupations	146.7 145.1	148.5 147.3	149.9 148.6	151.1 150.2	153.0 152.1	154.4 153.2	155.7 154.8	156.9 155.9	158.6 156.7	1.1 .5	3.7 3.0
Executive, adminitrative, and managerial occupations	149.2	150.7	152.3	153.0	154.7	156.5	157.2	158.6	161.3	1.7	4.3
Sales occupations	146.7	147.9	149.0	148.7	149.2	151.5	151.2	152.6	153.6	.7	2.9
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	146.0	147.5	149.1	150.1	152.3	153.6	155.3	156.5	158.2	1.1	3.9
Blue-collar workers	139.1	140.5	141.9	142.8	144.6	145.9	147.5	148.3	149.6	.9	3.5
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	138.9 140.7	140.6 141.6	142.0 142.9	142.8 143.7	144.6 145.6	145.7 146.9	147.7 148.1	148,4 149.0	149.2 150.5	.5	3.2 3.4
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations	134.1	135.2	136.5	137.6	139.5	140.9	140.1	149.0	144.8	1.0 1.4	3.4
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	141.8	143.6	145.0	146.2	148.0	149.8	151.0	152.4	154.2	1.2	4.2
Service occupations	141.0	142.5	143.5	144.9	146.4	147.5	148.7	150.6	152.0	.9	3.8
Production and nonsupervisory occupations ³	142.1	143.7	145.0	146.0	147.7	149.0	150.3	151.5	152.7	.8	3.4
Workers, by industry division:											
Goods-producing Excluding sales occupations	141.3 140.5	143.0 142.1	144.3 143.4	145.2 144.6	147.0 146.3	148.6 147.8	149.5 148.7	150.5 149.7	151.7 150.9	.8 .8	3.2 3.1
White-collar occupations	145.0	146.8	147.9	148.7	150.5	152.3	152.6	153.6	155.0	.9	3.0
Excluding sales occupations	143.2	144.9	146.0	147.2	148.9	150.5	150.8	151.7	152.9	.8	2.7
Blue-collar occupations	139.0	140.5	142.0	143.1	144.7	146.1	147.4	148.4	149.6	.8	3.4
Construction	136.0	138.0	139.4	140.7	142.1	143.9	145.1	146.3	147.0	.5	3.4
Manutacturing.	142.9	144.4	145.7	146.5 149.2	148.5	150.0	150.7	151.7	153.1	.9	3.1
White-collar occupations Excluding sales occupations	145.8 143.7	147.7 145.6	148.7 146.6	149.2	151.1 149.9	152.7 150.5	152.8 150.5	153.3 151.0	154.9 152.3	1.0 .9	2.5 2.1
Blue-collar occupations	140.8	142.0	143.4	144.6	146.4	147.8	149.1	150.3	151.7	.9	3.6
Durables	143.0	144.7	146.1	147.3	149.0	150.5	151.5	151.7	153.9	.9	3.3
Nondurables	142.7	143.9	145.0	145.4	147.5	149.0	149.3	153.9	151.9	1.1	3.0
Service-producing	145.0	146.5	147.9	148.9	150.5	151.9	153.2	151.9	156.1	1.0	3.7
Excluding sales occupations	145.3	146.9	148.3	149.4	151.3	152.6	154.2	156.1	157.2	1.1	3.9
White-collar occupations	146.9	148.5	150.0	150.9	152.5	154.0	155.2	157.2	158.2	1.1	3.7
Excluding sales occupations	147.8	149.6	151.2	152.3	154.3	155.6	157.2	158.2	160.4	1.1	4.0
Blue-collar occupations	139.1	140.3	141.6	142.2	144.3	145.3	147.5	148.1	149.4	.9	3.5
Service occupations I ransportation and public utilities	141.1 138.5	142.5 140.0	143.5 141.3	144.8 142.3	146.1 143.7	147.2 145.7	148.4 146.7	149.4 149.2	151.6 150.5	.9 .9	3.8 4.7
Transportation	134.9	136.2	137.4	138.6	139.8	141.6	140.7	145.7	147.4	1.2	5.4
Public utilities	143.2	144.9	146.4	147.1	148.7	151.0	152.0	153.6	154.3	.5	3.8
Communications	143.4	145.0	146.7	147.4	149.2	151.8	153.3	155.2	155.3	.1	4.1
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	143.0	144.7	145.9	146.6	148.1	149.9	150.4	151.7	153.0	.9	3.3
Wholesale and retail trade	143.8 145.2	145.5	146.4 148.2	147.4 149.0	148.4	150.1	150.6	152.1	153.0	.6	3.1
Excluding sales occupations Wholesale trade	145.2 147.4	146.8 149.4	148.2 149.6	149.0	150.7 151.6	151.9 154.5	153.1 154.1	154.8	157.2	1.6	3.7
Excluding sales occupations	147.9	149.7	151.3	153.2	154.9	156.5	157.4	157.9	159.4	.9	2.9
Retail trade	142.1	143.5	144.8	145.2	146.9	147.8	148.8	150.7	150.9	.1	2.7
General merchandise stores	137.8	138.5	139.7	142.2	143.8	145.5	145.7	146.5	147.9	1.0	2.9
Food stores	136.7	139.5	140.2	141.6	143.3	144.5	145.7	146.7	148.0	.9	3.3

26. Continued—Employment Cost Index, wages and salaries, by occupation and industry group

[June 1989 = 100]

		20	00			20	01		2002	Percent	change
Series	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Mar.	2002
Finance, insurance, and real estate	148.7	149.5	151.7	151.7	153.9	154.6	155.8	156.0	160.3	2.8	4.2
Excluding sales occupations	150.2	151.5	153.3	154.1	156.6	157.6	159.1	159.1	164.5	3.4	5.0
Banking, savings and loan, and other credit agencies.	162.0	163.3	165.0	165.7	169.4	170.8	173.2	171.7	181.2	5.5	7.0
Insurance	145.5	146.6	150.7	150.8	152.4	153.3	153.6	155.0	157.1	1.4	3.1
Services	147.4	149.1	150.6	151.8	153.8	155.0	157.1	158.2	159.5	.8	3.7
Business services	152.0	154.1	155.3	156.0	158.2	160.8	162.8	163.7	164.0	.2	3.7
Health services	143.5	145.3	146.6	148.1	149.8	151.8	153.6	155.4	157.3	1.2	5.0
Hospitals	141.8	143.3	144.9	146.8	148.5	151.0	153.3	155.4	157.1	1.1	5.8
Educational services	148.9	149.6	153.4	154.3	155.4	156.1	159.6	160.5	161.2	.4	3.7
Colleges and universities	148.9	149.4	152.5	152.9	154.1	155.0	158.4	159.6	159.9	.2	3.8
Nonmanufacturing	143.9	145.5	146.9	147.9	149.5	150.9	152.2	153.5	155.0	1.0	3.7
White-collar workers	146.5	148.2	149.6	150.6	152.3	153.8	155.0	156.4	158.0	1.0	3.7
Excluding sales occupations	147.4	149.1	150.7	151.9	153.9	155.3	156.9	158.3	160.1	1.1	4.0
Blue-collar occupations	137.4	138.9	140.3	140.9	142.8	143.9	145.8	146.4	147.5	.8	3.3
Service occupations	140.9	142.4	143.4	144.7	146.0	147.1	148.2	150.1	151.4	.9	3.7
State and local government workers	144.3	144.7	147.2	148.3	150.2	151.2	154.3	155.2	156.1	.5	3.4
Workers, by occupational group:											
White-collar workers	144.1	144.5	147.1	148.0	149.0	149.8	152.7	153.3	153.9	.4	3.3
Protessional specialty and technical	144.3	144.7	147.4	148.2	149.1	149.8	153.0	153.4	153.6	.1	3.0
Executive, administrative, and managerial	144.9	145.1	147.3	148.8	150.1	151.5	153.9	155.1	156.6	1.0	4.3
Administrative support, including clerical	142.4	143.0	145.0	146.2	147.0	147.6	149.8	150.9	151.9	.7	3.3
Blue-collar workers	141.5	142.1	143.9	145.1	146.0	146.5	149.1	150.8	151.6	.5	3.8
Workers, by industry division:											
Services	144.6	144.9	147.9	148.7	149.5	150.2	153.7	154.2	154.6	.3	3.4
Services excluding schools ⁴	144.3	144.8	146.7	147.9	149.1	150.7	153.2	154.9	156.7	1.2	5.1
Health services	145.3	145.7	147.7	149.3	149.9	151.9	154.2	155.8	157.8	1.3	5.3
Hospitals	145.3	145.6	147.7	149.2	149.5	151.8	154.2	155.7	157.7	1.3	5.5
Educational services	144.5	144.8	148.0	148.7	149.5		153.6	154.0	154.2	.1	3.1
Schools	144.7	144.9	148.1	148.9	149.7	150.2	153.8	154.1	154.3	.1	3.1
Elementary and secondary	144.5	144.6	147.9	148.5	149.0	149.5	152.8	153.1	153.4	.2	3.0
Colleges and universities	144.9	145.6	148.3	149.5	151.4	151.8	156.5	156.7	156.8	.1	3.6
Public administration ²	142.5	142.9	144.6	146.1	147.6	148.7	150.3	151.6	152.5	.6	3.3

¹ Consists of private industry workers (excluding farm and household workers) and State and local government (excluding Federal Government) workers.

27. Employment Cost Index, benefits, private industry workers by occupation and industry group

[June 1989 = 100]

		20	00			20	01		2002	Percent	change
Series	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	3 months ended Mar.	12 months ended 2002
Private industry workers	153.8	155.7	157.5	158.6	161.5	163.2	165.2	166.7	169.3	1.6	4.8
Workers, by occupational group:											
White-collar workers	156.3	158.5	160.4	161.5	165.2	167.4	169.5	171.2	173.5	1.3	5.0
Blue-collar workers	150.0	151.6	153.1	154.1	155.7	156.7	158.3	159.2	162.2	1.9	4.2
Workers, by industry division:											
Goods-producing	152.3	154.2	155.7	156.2	158.5	159.6	160.8	162.6	165.8	2.0	4.6
Service-producing	154.0	156.0	157.9	159.4	162.6	164.6	167.1	168.4	170.7	1.4	5.0
Manufacturing	152.3	153.9	154.9	154.8	157.1	157.9	158.5	160.4	163.7	2.1	4.2
Nonmanutacturing	154.0	156.1	158.1	159.7	162.9	164.9	167.4	168.6	171.1	1.4	5.0

³ This series has the same industry and occupational coverage as the Hourly Earnings index, which was discontinued in January 1989.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Consists of legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities.

⁴ Includes, for example, library, social, and health services.

28. Employment Cost Index, private nonfarm workers by bargaining status, region, and area size

[June 1989 = 100]

		20	00			20	01		2002	Percent	change
Series	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	3 months ended Mar.	12 months ended 2002
COMPENSATION											
Workers, by bargaining status ¹											
Union	143.0	144.4	146.1	146.9	147.9	149.5	151.0	153.1	154.8	1.1	4.7
Goods-producing		144.8	146.8	147.3	147.9	149.3	150.6	151.6	153.4	1.1	3.7
Service-producing		143.9	145.2	146.4	147.6	149.5	151.2	154.2	156.0	1.2	5.7
Manufacturing	-	145.4	147.1	147.4	147.9	148.8	149.9	151.4	153.4	1.3	3.7
Nonmanufacturing		143.4	145.0	146.2	147.3	149.4	151.1	153.5	155.0	1.0	5.2
Nonunion	147.4	149.1	150.6	151.6	153.8	155.3	156.7	157.8	159.6	1.1	3.8
Goods-producing		147.2	148.4	149.3	151.6	153.1	154.0	155.3	157.2	1.2	3.7
Service-producing		149.6	151.2	152.3	154.4	155.9	157.5	158.6	160.3	1.1	3.8
Manutacturing		148.2	149.2	149.9	152.4	153.7	154.4	155.5	157.6	1.4	3.4
Nonmanufacturing		149.1	150.7	151.8	153.9	155.4	157.0	158.2	159.9	1.1	3.9
Workers, by region ¹											
, , ,	440.0	447.0	4.40.0	450.0	454.0	450 7	455.0	4500	450.0		
Northeast		147.6	149.3	150.3	151.6	153.7	155.2	156.3	158.3	1.3	4.4
South		146.7	147.6	148.6	151.1	152.3	153.5	154.6	156.2	1.0	3.4
Midwest (formerly North Central)		150.7	152.2	153.3	154.8	156.0	157.4	158.6	161.1	1.6	4.1
West	147.0	148.8	150.8	151.8	154.3	156.0	157.6	159.4	160.4	.6	4.0
Workers, by area size ¹											
Metropolitan areas		148.6	150.1	151.0	153.1	154.6	156.0	157.4	159.1	1.1	3.9
Other areas	146.0	147.7	148.8	150.3	152.1	153.7	154.8	155.6	157.5	1.2	3.6
WAGES AND SALARIES											
Workers, by bargaining status ¹											
Union	137.2	138.5	140.0	141.2	142.1	143.7	145.1	147.4	148.4	.7	4.4
Goods-producing	137.2	138.4	140.2	141.3	142.4	144.2	145.3	146.3	147.2	.6	3.4
Service-producing	137.6	138.9	140.1	141.5	142.2	143.7	145.4	148.9	150.0	.7	5.5
Manufacturing	138.8	139.7	141.4	142.6	143.9	145.5	146.7	148.0	149.0	.7	3.5
Nonmanufacturing	136.4	137.8	139.2	140.4	141.1	142.7	144.3	147.1	148.1	.7	5.0
Nonunion	145.1	146.7	148.1	149.0	150.8	152.2	153.4	154.4	155.9	1.0	3.4
Goods-producing		144.7	145.8	146.8	148.8	150.3	151.1	152.1	153.5	.9	3.2
Service-producing		147.3	148.7	149.6	151.4	152.7	154.1	155.1	156.7	1.0	3.5
Manufacturing	144.4	146.1	147.2	148.0	150.1	151.6	152.2	153.1	154.7	1.0	3.1
Nonmanufacturing	145.0	146.6	148.0	148.9	150.7	152.0	153.3	154.4	155.9	1.0	3.5
Workers, by region ¹											
Northeast	142.3	143.7	145.3	146.0	147.3	149.2	150.6	151.7	153.5	1.2	4.2
South	-	144.6	145.3	146.3	148.3	149.3	150.2	151.2	152.5	.9	2.8
Midwest (formerly North Central)		147.1	148.6	149.6	150.9	152.3	153.6	154.7	157.1	1.6	4.1
West		146.3	148.2	149.2	151.3	152.9	154.3	156.0	156.4	.3	3.4
Workers, by area size ¹											
Metropolitan areas	144.1	145.7	147.1	148.0	149.8	151.2	152.4	153.7	155.1	.9	3.5
Other areas		143.7	144.7	146.0	147.4	148.8	149.7	150.5	151.7	.8	2.9

¹ The indexes are calculated differently from those for the occupation and industry groups. For a detailed description of the index calculation, see the *Monthly Labor Review* Technical Note, "Estimation procedures for the Employment Cost Index," May 1982.

29. Percent of full-time employees participating in employer-provided benefit plans, and in selected features within plans, medium and large private establishments, selected years, 1980–97

Item	1980	1982	1984	1986	1988	1989	1991	1993	1995	1997
Seems of ourses (in 000/a)	24 252	24.042	24.042	24 202	31,059	32,428	24 402	28,728	22.274	38,409
Scope of survey (in 000's)	21,352	21,043	21,013	21,303	31,059	32,428	31,163	28,728	33,374	38,409
With medical care	20,711	20,412	20,383	20,238	27,953	29,834	25,865	23,519	25,546	29,340
With life insurance	20,498	20,201	20,303	20,250	28,574	30,482	29,293	26,175	29.078	33,495
With defined benefit plan	17,936	17,676	17,231	16,190	19,567	20,430	18,386	16,015	17,417	19,202
Time-off plans	,	,	,	,	,	,	,		,	,
Participants with:										
Paid lunch time	10	q	q	10	11	10	8	q		
Average minutes per day	-	25	26	27	29	26	30	29	_	_
Paid rest time	75	76	73	72	72	71	67	68	_	_
Average minutes per day	_	25	26	26	26	26	28	26	_	_
Paid funeral leave	_	_	_	88	85	84	80	83	80	81
Average days per occurrence	_	_	_	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.0	3.3	3.7
Paid holidays	99	99	99	99	96	97	92	91	89	89
Average days per year	10.1	10.0	9.8	10.0	9.4	9.2	10.2	9.4	9.1	9.3
Paid personal leave	20	24	23	25	24	22	21	21	22	20
Average days per year	-	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.3	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.3	3.5
Paid vacations	100	99	99	100	98	97	96	97	96	95
Paid sick leave ¹	62	67	67	70	69	68	67	65	58	56
Unpaid maternity leave	-	-	-	-	33	37	37	60	_	
Unpaid paternity leave	-	_	-	_	16	18	26	53	_	=
Unpaid family leave	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	84	93
Insurance plans										
Participants in medical care plans	97	97	97	95	90	92	83	82	77	76
Percent of participants with coverage for:										
Home health care	_	_	46	66	76	75	81	86	78	85
Extended care facilities	58	62	62	70	79	80	80	82	73	78
Physical exam	-	_	8	18	28	28	30	42	56	63
Percent of participants with employee										
contribution required for:										
Self coverage	26	27	36	43	44	47	51	61	67	69
Average monthly contribution	-	-	\$11.93	\$12.80	\$19.29	\$25.31	\$26.60	\$31.55	\$33.92	\$39.14
Family coverage	46	51	58	63	64	66	69	76	78	80
Average montnly contribution	-	-	\$35.93	\$41.40	\$60.07	\$72.10	\$96.97	\$107.42	\$118.33	\$130.07
Participants in life insurance plans	96	96	96	96	92	94	94	91	87	87
Percent of participants with:										
Accidental death and dismemberment										
insurance	69	72	74	72	78	71	71	76	77	74
Survivor income benefits	-			10	8	7	6	5	7	6
Retiree protection available	_	64	64	59	49	42	44	41	37	33
Participants in long-term disability insurance plans	40	43	47	48	42	45	40	41	42	43
Participants in sickness and accident	40	43	47	40	42	45	40	41	42	43
insurance plans	54	51	51	49	46	43	45	44		
	04	0.1	01	40	40	40	40		- 53	- 55
Participants in short-term disability plans ¹	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	55	55
Retirement plans										
Participants in defined benefit pension plans	84	84	82	76	63	63	59	56	52	50
Percent of participants with:										
Normal retirement prior to age 65	55	58	63	64	59	62	55	52	52	52
Early retirement available	98	97	97	98	98	97	98 7	95	96 4	95
Ad hoc pension increase in last 5 years	53	- 52	47 54	35 57	26 55	22 64	7 56	6 61	58	10 56
Terminal earnings formula Benefit coordinated with Social Security	45	45	56 56	62	62	63	54	48	51	49
-	45	45	56							
Participants in defined contribution plans	-	-	-	60	45	48	48	49	55	57
Participants in plans with tax-deterred savings				33	36	41	44	43	54	55
arrangements	_	٦	_	33	36	41	44	43	54	55
Other benefits										
Employees eligible for:										
Flexible benefits plans	-	-	-	2	5	9	10	12	12	13
Reimbursement accounts 2	-	-	-	5	12	23	36	52	38	32
Premium conversion plans	_	/proviously si	_	_	_	_	_	_	5	7

The definitions for paid sick leave and short-term disability (previously sickness and accident insurance) were changed for the 1995 survey. Paid sick leave now includes only plans that specify either a maximum number of days per year or unlimited days. Short-terms disability now includes all insured, self-insured, and State-mandated plans available on a per-disability basis, as well as the unfunded per-disability plans previously reported as sick leave. Sickness and accident insurance, reported in years prior to this survey, included only insured, self-insured, and State-mandated plans providing per-disability bene-

fits at less than full pay.

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

Prior to 1995, reimbursement accounts included premium conversion plans, which specifically allow medical plan participants to pay required plan premiums with pretax dollars. Also, reimbursement accounts that were part of flexible benefit plans were tabulated separately.

30. Percent of full-time employees participating in employer-provided benefit plans, and in selected features within plans, small private establishments and State and local governments, 1987, 1990, 1992, 1994, and 1996

Item		all private e					I governme	
	1990	1992	1994	1996	1987	1990	1992	1994
Scope of survey (in 000's)	32,466	34,360	35,910	39,816	10,321	12,972	12,466	12,907
Number of employees (in 000's):	00.400	04.000	00.500	05 500	0.500	40.004	44.040	44.400
With medical care	22,402 20,778	24,396 21,990	23,536 21,955	25,599 24,635	9,599 8,773	12,064 11,415	11,219 11,095	11,192 11,194
With defined benefit plan	6,493	7,559	5,480	5,883	9,599	11,415	10,845	11,708
	0,400	7,000	0,400	0,000	0,000	11,070	10,040	11,700
Time-off plans Participants with:								
Paid lunch time	8	9	_	_	17	11	10	_
Average minutes per day	37	37	_	_	34	36	34	_
Paid rest time	48	49	-	-	58	56	53	-
Average minutes per day	27	26	_	-	29	29	29	-
Paid funeral leave	47	50	50	51	56	63	65	62
Average days per occurrence	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
Paid holidays	84	82	82	80	81	74	75	73
Average days per year 1	9.5	9.2	7.5	7.6	10.9	13.6	14.2	11.5
Paid personal leave	11	12	13	14	38	39	38	38
Average days per year Paid vacations	2.8 88	2.6 88	2.6 88	3.0 86	2.7 72	2.9 67	2.9 67	3.0 66
	47	53	50		97	95	95	94
Paid sick leave ²			50	50				94
Unpaid leave	17	18	-	-	57	51	59	-
Unpaid paternity leave	8	7	-	-	30	33	44	_
Unpaid family leave	_	-	47	48	_	_	_	93
Insurance plans								
Participants in medical care plans	69	71	66	64	93	93	90	87
Percent of participants with coverage for:	70				70			
Home health care	79 83	80 84	_	_	76 78	82 79	87 84	84 81
Extended care facilities	26	28	_	_	36	36	47	55
Physical exam Percent of participants with employee	20	20			00	00		00
contribution required for:								
Self coverage	42	47	52	52	35	38	43	47
Average monthly contribution	\$25.13	\$36.51	\$40.97	\$42.63	\$15.74	\$25.53	\$28.97	\$30.20
Family coverage	67	73	76	75	71	65	72	71
Average monthly contribution	\$109.34	\$150.54	\$159.63	\$181.53	\$71.89	\$117.59	\$139.23	\$149.70
Participants in life insurance plans Percent of participants with:	64	64	61	62	85	88	89	87
Accidental death and dismemberment								
insurance	78 1	76 1	79	77 1	67	67	74 1	64
Survivor income benefits	19	25	2 20	13	55	1 45	46	2 46
Participants in long-term disability	19	25	20	13	33	45	40	40
insurance plans	19	23	20	22	31	27	28	30
Participants in sickness and accident								
insurance plans	6	26	26	_	14	21	22	21
Participants in short-term disability plans 2	_	_	_	29	_	_	_	_
Retirement plans								
Participants in defined benefit pension plans	20	22	15	15	93	90	87	91
Percent of participants with:	20		.0	.0	00	00	0.	0.
Normal retirement prior to age 65	54	50	_	47	92	89	92	92
Early retirement available	95	95	-	92	90	88	89	87
Ad hoc pension increase in last 5 years	7	4	_	-	33	16	10	13
Terminal earnings formula	58	54	-	53	100	100	100	99
Benefit coordinated with Social Security	49	46	_	44	18	8	10	49
Participants in defined contribution plans	31	33	34	38	9	9	9	9
Participants in plans with tax-deferred savings arrangements	17	24	23	28	28	45	45	24
Other benefits								
Employees eligible for:		_	_			_	_	_
Flexible benefits plans	1	2	3	4	5	5	5	5
Reimbursement accounts ³	8	14	19	12	5	31	50	64
Premium conversion plans	_	_	_	7	_	_	_	

¹ Methods used to calculate the average number of paid holidays were revised in 1994 to count partial days more precisely. Average holidays for 1994 are not comparable with those reported in 1990 and 1992.

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

The definitions for paid sick leave and short-term disability (previously sickness and accident insurance) were changed for the 1996 survey. Paid sick leave now includes only plans that specify either a maximum number of days per year or unlimited days. Short-term disability now includes all insured, self-insured, and State-mandated plans available on a per-disability basis, as well as the unfunded per-disability plans previously reported as sick leave.

Sickness and accident insurance, reported in years prior to this survey, included only insured, self-insured, and State-mandated plans providing per-disability benefits at less than full pay.

³ Prior to 1996, reimbursement accounts included premium conversion plans, which specifically allow medical plan participants to pay required plan premiums with pretax dollars. Also, reimbursement accounts that were part of flexible benefit plans were tabulated separately.

Current Labor Statistics: Compensation & Industrial Relations

31. Work stoppages involving 1,000 workers or more

	Annua	l totals				20	01						2002 ^p		
Measure	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May
Number of stoppages:															
Beginning in period	39	29	7	3	2	3	2	1	0	2	0	1	1	2	3
In effect during period	40	30	8	5	3	4	3	4	1	2	1	2	1	3	5
Workers involved:															
Beginning in period (in thousands)	394	99	22.1	4.7	2.2	5.8	3.0	24.9	.0	6.0	.0	1.5	2.9	4.1	5.1
In effect during period (in thousands).	397	102	23.4	9.0	3.3	6.9	4.1	29.0	1.6	6.0	1.0	2.5	2.9	7.0	9.2
Days idle:															
Number (in thousands)	20,419	1,151	201.6	73.2	62.1	71.5	55.7	316.4	11.2	55.0	21.0	9.0	43.5	80.7	138.2
Percent of estimated working time ¹	.06	.00	.01	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	.01	(2)	(²)	,00	,00	,00	,00	.00

¹ Agricultural and government employees are included in the total employed and total working time; private household, forestry, and fishery employees are excluded. An explanation of the measurement of idleness as a percentage of the total time worked is found in "'Total economy' measures of strike idleness," *Monthly Labor Review*, October 1968, pp. 54—56.

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

² Less than 0.005

^p = preliminary.

32. Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Series	Annual	average			2001								2002		
	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR ALL URBAN CONSUMERS															
All items	172.2	177.1	177.7	178.0	177.5	177.5	178.3	177.7	177.4	176.7	177.1	177.8	178.8	179.8	179.8
All items (1967 = 100)	I	530.4	532.2	533.3	531.6	531.8	534.0	532.2	531.3	5292.0	530.6	532.7	535.5	538.6	538.5
Food and beverages		173.6 173.1	172.9	173.4 173.0	174.0 173.5	174.4 173.9	174.6 174.1	175.3 174.9	175.2 174.6	175.2	176.2 175.8	176.4 175.9	176.6 176.1	176.7 176.2	176.4 175.8
Food at home	167.8	173.1	172.5 172.8	173.0	173.5	173.9	174.1	174.9	174.6	174.7 174.7	176.2	176.0	176.1	176.2	175.6
Cereals and bakery products		193.8	193.2	194.2	194.9	195.9	195.1	195.2	194.9	195.3	196.7	197.6	197.0	198.1	198.2
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs	154.5	161.3	160.8	161.7	162.3	162.4	162.4	163.5	162.7	162.0	162.1	161.8	162.8	162.5	162.4
Dairy and related products ¹		167.1	164.7	166.9		168.9	169.4	170.8	171.2	170.8	169.9	170.1	169.4	168.7	169.0
Fruits and vegetables	204.6	212.2	213.1	211.8	210.7	208.8	212.1	213.5	212.9	214.4	224.8	223.3	225.8	223.4	221.0
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage materials	137.8	139.2	138.1	138.6	138.9	140.0	139.2	139.9	139.5	18.5	139.5	140.0	140.1	140.1	138.0
Other foods at home		159.6	159.6	159.5		161.0	160.2	160.9	160.3	160.9	161.3	160.4	159.9	161.5	160.0
Sugar and sweets	154.0	155.7	155.8	155.7	156.1	156.1	156.6	156.4	154.9	156.1	158.4	158.5	157.2	159.6	157.9
Fats and oils		155.7	154.7	156.7	157.8	158.5	158.5	159.5	155.6	156.9	158.3	157.2	156.4	156.5	155.9
Other foods	172.2	176.0	176.4	175.7	176.8	177.6	176.2	177.0	177.6	177.9	177.4	176.3	175.9	177.8	176.1
Other miscellaneous foods 1,2 Food away from home 1	. 107.5 169.0	108.9 173.9	108.8 173.1	107.7 173.6	109.6 174.1	109.5 174.7	108.9 175.1	108.9 175.6	110.6 175.8	108.5 176.0	108.9 176.4	108.0 177.0	107.8 177.1	108.0 177.2	108.9 177.6
Other food away from home 1,2	109.0	113.4	112.4	112.6	113.8	114.7	115.3	115.4	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.8	116.3	116.9	117.0
Alcoholic beverages		179.3	178.5	179.1	179.7	180.0	180.4	180.8	181.2	180.9	181.8	182.6	182.5	182.9	183.3
Housing	169.6	176.4	175.9	177.3	177.6	178.0	177.4	176.7	176.9	176.9	177.6	178.5	179.1	179.5	179.7
Shelter	193.4	200.6	199.6	200.7	201.4	202.4	202.0	202.4	202.9	203.2	204.5	206.1	207.0	207.5	207.5
Rent of primary residence	I	192.1	191.0	191.6	192.3	193.1	193.9	194.7	195.5	196.4	197.0	197.7	198.2	198.5	198.8
Lodging away from home		118.6	120.0	123.7	124.0	125.2	116.8	114.5	111.6	108.0	113.1	119.3	121.9	122.1	120.1
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence 3	198.7	206.3	204.9	205.7	206.3	207.3	208.1	209.0	210.1	210.9	211.6	212.2	212.8	213.3	213.7
Tenants' and household insurance 1,2 Fuels and utilities	103.7	106.2 150.2	106.8 151.3	107.0 155.7	106.6 154.8	106.6 152.7	106.7 150.6	106.9 144.6	106.9 143.5	106.3 142.2	106.4 141.5	106.8 140.0	106.8 140.2	107.2 140.3	107.6 141.5
Fuels	122.8	135.4	136.8	141.6	140.5	138.0	135.7	129.1	127.8	126.2	125.3	123.7	123.8	123.8	125.1
Fuel oil and other fuels	129.7	129.3	131.9	129.6	123.8	122.1	125.3	121.5	118.3	112.7	112.9	112.3	112.8	115.1	114.4
Gas (piped) and electricity	l l	142.4	143.8	149.4	148.6	146.0	143.1	135.9	134.7	133.5	132.4	130.6	130.7	130.6	132.1
Household furnishings and operations	l l	129.1	128.9	129.2	129.2	129.1	129.4	129.0	129.1	128.9	128.7	128.6	128.7	128.9	128.9
Apparel Men's and boys' apparel		127.3 125.7	129.8 129.1	126.3 125.8	122.6 122.5	122.6 121.4	126.8 123.7	129.5 127.5	128.0 127.4	123.7 122.8	120.4 120.8	123.5 122.0	128.2 125.2	128.8 125.6	127.1 124.3
Women's and girls' apparel	l l	119.3	122.3	117.5	111.6	112.1	120.3	122.1	119.4	114.8	109.7	115.3	121.3	122.2	229.4
Infants' and toddlers' apparel ¹		129.2	130.6	127.3	124.5	126.3	129.3	131.5	132.4	128.5	125.0	127.2	129.9	198.9	127.4
Footwear	123.8	123.0	124.4	122.1	121.3	121.9	122.9	124.9	123.7	120.6	117.1	119.5	123.5	124.5	124.5
Transportation		154.3	159.2	158.3	154.4	153.3	155.5	152.3	150.2	148.5	148.6	148.4	150.5	153.7	153.8
Private transportation	. 149.1	150.0	155.3	154.0	149.9	148.8	151.2	148.1	146.1	144.3	144.4	144.1	146.3	149.6	149.5
New and used motor vehicles ²	100.8	101.3	101.4	101.1	100.8	100.5	100.2	100.6	101.3	101.6	101.0	100.1	99.6	99.3	99.1
New vehicles	. 142.8 155.8	142.1	142.3 159.1	141.7 158.9	141.2 158.3	140.3 158.0	140.2 157.3	141.0 157.8	142.6 157.4	143.5 157.2	142.7 155.6	141.2	140.7 152.1	140.4 152.8	139.8 151.8
Used cars and trucks ¹ Motor fuel		158.7 124.7	146.8	158.9	125.6	121.9	131.4	116.3	104.5	96.1	97.9	153.9 98.2	107.7	121.4	121.4
Gasoline (all types)	I	124.0	146.0	141.3	124.9	121.2	130.7	115.6	103.8	95.4	97.2	97.6	107.1	120.8	120.8
Motor vehicle parts and equipment		104.8	104.4	104.4	105.1	104.9	105.2	105.5	105.8	105.8	106.2	106.1	106.5	106.8	106.8
Motor vehicle maintenance and repair	I	183.5	182.5	182.7	183.4	184.0	185.1	186.0	186.4	186.4	187.1	188.0	188.5	189.0	189.9
Public transportation		210.6	209.3	216.3	216.1	213.7	212.7	209.1	205.1 276.7	204.8	205.8 279.6	207.3	207.9	209.7	211.3
Medical care	260.8	272.8 247.6	271.4 246.6	272.5 248.1	273.1 248.5	274.4 249.1	275.0 249.6	275.9 250.2	250.6	277.3 251.6	279.6 252.6	281.0 253.7	282.0 254.1	283.2 254.8	284.1 255.4
Medical care services	l l	278.8	277.3	278.3	278.9	280.5	281.0	282.0	283.0	283.5	286.2	287.7	288.9	290.2	291.2
Professional services		246.5	245.8	246.5	246.8	247.7	247.9	248.4	248.8	248.9	250.6	251.4	251.9	252.5	252.9
Hospital and related services	I	338.3	335.1	336.6	337.9	341.2	342.6	344.8	347.1	348.3	353.1	356.4	359.4	362.4	364.5
Recreation ² Video and audio ^{1,2}	103.3	104.9	105.0	104.8		105.1	105.2	105.3	105.5	105.3	105.7	105.9	106.1	106.5	106.4
Video and audio 1,2	101.0	101.5	101.6	101.3	101.7	101.7	101.3	101.3	101.4	101.2	102.1	102.9	102.9	102.9	103.1
Education and communication 2	102.5	105.2	104.0	104.4	104.8	105.8	106.6	107.1	107.0	106.9	107.2	107.3	106.6	106.2	106.6
Education ² Educational books and supplies	112.5 279.9	118.5 295.9	116.4 290.7	116.9 293.9		119.5 298.0	121.7 305.4	122.2 307.2	122.3 304.7	122.0 294.7	122.6 303.0	123.2 314.4	123.3 314.2	123.3 314.4	123.5 315.6
Tuition, other school fees, and child care		341.1	335.0	336.2		343.9	350.0	351.5	352.0	352.2	353.2	353.9	354.1	354.1	354.6
Communication 1,2	93.6		92.9	93.1	93.6	93.5	93.1	93.6	93.3	93.4	93.4	93.1	92.0	91.2	91.9
Information and information processing 1,2,	92.8	92.3	91.8	92.1	92.5	92.4	92.0	92.5	92.2	92.3	92.2	92.0	90.8	90.0	90.7
Telephone services ^{1,2}	98.5	99.3	98.7	99.0	99.6	99.6	99.2	99.9	99.6	99.6	100.3	100.3	99.1	98.2	99.3
Information and information processing				_		_	_	_							1 -
other than telephone services ^{1,4} Personal computers and peripheral	25.9	21.3	21.7	21.4	21.3	20.7	20.3	20.2	20.0	19.8	19.4	19.0	18.8	18.6	18.5
equipment ^{1,2}		29.5	30.4	29.8	29.3	27.8	26.7	26.4	25.8	25.3	24.6	23.8	23.1	22.9	23.0
Other goods and services	271.1	282.6	281.3	281.2		283.3	287.8	285.6	289.2	286.4	287.2	290.2	288.5	292.9	291.5
Tobacco and smoking products		425.2	418.7	421.0		424.6	444.0	429.9	446.7	431.7	432.8	449.3	433.4	461.4	449.0
Personal care ¹		170.5	169.5	170.0		171.2	171.9	172.3	172.6	172.6	173.2	173.7	174.1	174.4	174.7
Personal care products Personal care services	. 153.7 178.1	155.1 184.3	153.2 184.1	154.6 184.1	155.1 184.8	154.7 185.2	155.5 185.5	155.4 185.9	155.4 186.8	155.4 186.4	155.2 186.3	155.5 186.4	155.1 187.3	155.4 187.9	154.8 188.3
rersonal care services	170.1	104.3	104.1	104.1	104.6	100.2	100.5	100.9	100.8	100.4	100.3	100.4	101.3	101.9	100.3

Current Labor Statistics: Price Data

32. Continued—Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated	í														
Series	Annual a					20		0.4		D			2002		
Miscellaneous personal services	2000 . 252.3	2001 263.1	May 261.0	June 261.8	July 263.2	Aug. 265.5	Sept. 266.4	Oct. 267.3	Nov. 268.0	Dec. 268.5	Jan. 270.4	Feb. 271.8	Mar. 272.9	Apr. 273.2	May 274.2
Commodity and service group:	. 252.3	203.1	201.0	201.0	203.2	265.5	200.4	207.3	200.0	200.5	270.4	2/1.0	212.9	213.2	214.2
Commodities	149.2	150.7	152.9	152.1	150.4	149.8	151.5	150.5	149.5	147.9	147.8	148.1	149.4	151.0	150.5
Food and beverages	168.4	173.6	172.9	173.4	174.0	174.4	174.6	175.3	175.2	175.2	176.2	176.4	176.6	176.7	176.4
Commodities less food and beverages	l .	137.2	140.8	139.4	136.5	135.4	138.0	136.1	134.6	132.3	131.6	132.1	133.7	136.0	135.4
Nondurables less food and beverages	. 147.4	147.1	153.5	151.3	146.3	144.8	149.6	146.0	142.8	138.4	137.9	139.6	143.6	148.4	147.4
Apparel	129.6	127.3	129.8	126.3	122.6	122.6	126.8	129.5	128.0	123.7	120.4	123.5	128.2	128.8	127.1
Nondurables less food, beverages, and apparel	162.5	163.4	172.0	170.4	164.5	162.1	167.5	160.4	156.2	151.6	152.6	153.6	157.3	164.7	164.1
Durables	125.4	124.6	124.9	124.5	124.2	123.6	123.4	123.6	124.2	124.3	123.6	122.7	122.1	121.9	121.7
Services		203.4	202.5	204.0	204.5	205.2	204.9	204.7	205.1	205.3	206.3	207.3	208.0	208.4	208.8
Rent of shelter ³	201.3	208.9	207.8	209.0	209.7	210.8	210.3	210.8	211.3	211.7	213.0	214.7	215.6	216.1	216.1
Transporatation services	196.1	201.9	200.4	202.0	202.6	202.7	202.8	203.4	204.2	204.5	205.2	206.5	207.3	207.9	208.9
Other services	. 229.9	238.0	236.4	236.7	237.7	239.4	240.6	241.4	241.9	241.9	242.9	243.5	243.6	243.8	244.5
Special indexes:															
All items less food	. 173.0	177.8	178.6	179.0	178.2	178.2	179.0	178.2	177.8	177.0	177.4	178.2	179.2	180.4	180.4
All items less shelter	. 165.7	169.7	170.9	171.0	170.0	169.7	170.9	169.9	169.3	168.2	168.4	168.7	169.7	170.9	170.9
All items less medical care	l .	171.9	172.6	172.9	172.3	172.3	173.0	172.4	172.0	171.3	171.7	172.4	173.3	174.3	174.2
Commodities less food Nondurables less food		138.9 149.1	142.4 155.1	141.0 153.1	138.2 148.3	137.2 146.9	139.7 151.5	137.8 148.1	136.4 145.1	134.1 140.9	133.5 140.5	133.9 142.2	135.6 145.9	137.8	137.3
Nondurables less food and apparel	. 149.1	149.1 164.1	155.1 172.0	153.1 170.6	148.3 165.2	163.0	151.5 168.0	148.1 161.5	145.1 157.7	153.4	140.5 154.5	142.2 155.4	145.9 158.7	150.4 165.5	149.5 165.0
Nondurables	l .	160.6	163.6	162.7	160.3	159.7	162.3	160.8	157.7	156.8	157.0	158.0	160.2	162.7	216.0
Services less rent of shelter 3	202.9	212.3	211.4	213.3	213.7	214.0	213.9	213.0	213.3	213.2	213.9	214.3	214.8	215.1	201.6
Services less medical care services	1	196.6	195.7	197.2	197.8	198.4	198.1	197.8	198.2	198.3	199.2	200.2	200.8	201.2	201.6
Energy	124.6	129.3	140.1	140.5	132.4	129.4	132.5	122.1	116.0	111.4	111.7	111.0	115.6	122.2	122.9
All items less energy	178.6	183.5	182.9	183.3	183.6	184.1	184.5	185.1	185.4	185.2	185.7	186.5	187.1	187.5	187.4
All items less food and energy	. 181.3	186.1	185.5	185.9	186.2	186.6	187.1	187.6	188.1	187.8	188.2	189.2	189.8	190.3	190.2
Commodities less food and energy	144.9	145.3	145.7	144.9	144.4	143.8	145.2	145.6	146.0	144.7	143.7	144.2	144.6	145.1	144.4
Energy commodities		125.2	145.6	141.1	125.6	122.0	131.0	116.9	105.8	97.6	99.3	99.5	108.6	121.6	121.6
Services less energy	. 202.1	209.6	208.4	209.4	210.1	211.2	211.2	211.7	212.3	212.6	213.8	215.1	215.9	216.3	216.6
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR URBAN															
WAGE EARNERS AND CLERICAL WORKERS															
All items	. 163.2	173.5	174.4	174.6	173.8	173.8	174.8	174.0	173.7	172.9	173.2	173.7	174.7	175.8	175.8
All items (1967 = 100)	486.2	516.8	519.4	520.0	517.8	517.6	520.6	518.3	517.3	515.0	515.0	517.5	520.2	523.7	523.6
Food and beverages	163.8	173.0	172.3	172.8	173.4	173.8	174.0	174.8	174.5	174.6	175.7	175.8	176.1	176.1	175.7
Food	163.4	172.5	171.9	172.4	173.0	173.4	173.5	174.3	174.1	174.1	175.2	175.3	175.6	175.5	175.1
Food at home	163.0	172.4	171.8	172.4	173.0	173.3	173.4	174.3	173.7	173.7	175.3	175.1	175.5	175.3	174.4
Cereals and bakery products		193.6	192.9	193.9	194.5	195.6	194.8	195.1	194.7	195.1	196.7	197.5	197.0	197.9	198.2
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs	1	161.2	160.6	161.4	162.1	162.0	162.3	163.2	162.6	161.8	162.0	161.6	162.7	162.1	162.1
Dairy and related products ¹	159.4	167.1	164.7	166.9	168.3	168.9	169.4	170.8	171.2	170.6	169.7	170.0	169.2	168.7	168.7
Fruits and vegetables	201.8	210.8	211.5	210.5	209.5	208.0	211.0	212.2	211.5	212.8	223.2	222.2	224.9	222.0	219.1
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage	133.2	138.4	137.2	137.8	138.0	139.3	138.4	139.2	138.7	137.7	138.8	139.5	139.7	139.4	137.3
materials Other foods at home		159.1	159.1	159.1	160.0	160.5	159.8	160.4	159.7	160.5	161.0	160.1	159.6	161.0	159.7
Sugar and sweets	1	155.6	155.8	155.5	156.0	156.1	156.2	156.2	154.7	155.9	158.5	158.5	157.1	153.4	157.6
Fats and oils	147.9	155.4	154.3	156.4	157.4	158.0	158.1	159.1	155.1	156.5	158.0	157.0	156.3	156.2	155.7
Other foods	168.8	176.3	176.5	176.0	177.2	177.9	176.5	177.3	177.8	178.3	177.9	176.8	176.5	178.2	176.7
Other miscellaneous foods 1,2	104.6	109.1	108.7	108.0	109.9	109.7	109.2	109.5	110.8	109.0	109.3	108.5	108.3	108.5	109.5
Food away from home 1		173.8	173.1	173.5	174.0	174.7	175.0	175.6	175.8	176.0	176.4	176.9	177.0	177.1	177.5
Other food away from home 1,2		113.6	112.5	112.8	114.0	114.4	115.6	115.7	115.8	115.8	115.8	116.0	116.8	117.4	117.7
Alcoholic beverages	168.8	178.8	178.0	178.4	179.2	179.7	180.1	180.5	180.8	180.5	181.4	182.1	182.2	182.8	183.1
Housing	160.0	172.1	171.7	173.0	173.3	173.5	173.2	172.5	172.8	172.9	173.4	173.9	174.4	174.8	175.1
Shelter	181.6	194.5	193.5	194.4	195.0	195.9	196.0	196.6	197.2	197.7	198.7	199.8	200.6	201.0	201.2
Rent of primary residence	1	191.5	190.4	191.0	191.7	192.4	193.3	194.0	194.9	195.7	196.3	197.0	197.5	197.8	98.1
Lodging away from home ²	122.2	118.4	119.9	123.2	123.7	124.4	116.8	114.8	111.8	108.8	113.2	119.4	122.2	122.0	120.7
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence	175.7	187.6	186.3	187.0	187.5	188.5	189.2	190.0	190.9	191.7	192.3	192.9	193.3	193.9	194.2
Tenants' and household insurance 1,2	101.6	106.4	106.9	107.2	106.7	106.8	106.8	107.0	107.1	106.3	106.4	106.8	106.9	107.5	107.6
Fuels and utilities	. 128.7	149.5	150.8	155.2	154.4	152.2	150.1	144.0	142.8	141.5	140.8	139.4	139.6	139.6	140.7
Fuels	. 113.0	134.2	135.7	140.5	139.5	137.0	134.7	127.9	126.7	125.2	124.2	122.7	122.8	122.7	123.9
Fuel oil and other fuels	400.4	129.2 141.5	131.5 142.9	129.2 148.5	123.1 147.8	121.5 145.2	125.3 142.2	121.4 135.0	118.5 133.7	112.7 132.5	113.0 131.4	112.4 129.7	112.7 129.8	114.7 129.6	114.0 131.0
Gas (piped) and electricity Household furnishings and operations	124.7	125.8	125.7	125.9	125.8	125.7	126.0	125.5	125.6	125.4	125.0	124.9	124.9	125.1	125.0
Apparel		126.1	128.5	125.2	121.9	121.6	125.6	128.3	127.2	123.4	119.6	122.4	126.9	127.9	126.2
Men's and boys' apparel	. 131.2	125.8	129.2	126.3	122.9	121.6	123.7	127.3	127.3	122.7	121.0	122.2	125.2	125.8	124.6
Women's and girls' apparel	l .	117.3	120.2	115.6	110.2	110.1	118.3	120.2	118.0	113.5	108.5	113.8	119.7	120.9	118.2
Infants' and toddlers' apparel 1	130.3	130.9	132.0	128.6	126.2	128.3	131.1	133.5	134.3	130.3	126.7	128.4	131.7	131.7	129.9
Footwear	126.2	123.1	124.5	122.1	121.4	122.0	123.0	124.9	124.2	121.0	117.7	119.3	122.8	124.4	124.4
Transportation	. 143.4	153.6	159.2	157.9	153.4	152.5	155.1	151.4	149.2	147.4	147.5	147.1	149.2	152.7	152.7
Private transportation	l .	150.8	156.6	155.1	150.4	149.5	152.3	148.6	146.4	144.5	144.6	144.2	146.4	149.8	149.8
New and used motor vehicles ²	100.4	101.9	102.0	101.7	101.4	101.0	100.7	101.1	101.7	102.0	101.3	100.3	99.7	99.5	99.3

32. Continued—Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

	Annual a	verage			2001								2002		
Series	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
New vehicles	143.9	143.2	143.4	142.7	142.3	141.4	141.3	142.1	143.8	144.7	143.8	142.3	141.8	141.5	140.9
Used cars and trucks ¹	157.1	159.8	160.2	160.0	159.3	159.0	158.2	158.7	158.3	158.1	156.5	154.8	153.0	152.6	152.7
Motor fuel	129.5	124.9	147.4	142.1	124.9	122.0	132.4	116.2	104.4	96.3	98.2	98.5	108.0	121.7	121.8
Gasoline (all types)	128.8	124.2	146.7	141.1	124.2	121.3	131.7	115.5	103.8	95.7	97.6	97.9	107.5	121.2	121.2
Motor vehicle parts and equipment	100.9	104.0	103.6	103.6	104.3	104.1	104.4	104.7	105.0	104.9	105.3	105.3	105.7	106.0	106.0
Motor vehicle maintenance and repair	178.8	185.1	184.1	184.4	185.0	185.6	186.7	187.5	187.8	187.9	188.6	189.5	189.9	190.5	191.4
Public transportation	. 203.4	204.9	203.5	209.5	209.5	207.7	207.0	203.7	200.4	200.1	201.0	202.5	203.0	204.5	206.3
Medical care	. 259.9	271.8	270.4	271.5	272.0	273.4	273.9	274.9	275.6	276.2	278.5	279.8	280.9	281.9	282.9
Medical care commodities	233.6	242.7	241.7	243.2	243.6	244.1	244.6	245.2	245.6	246.7	247.6	248.5	249.0	249.6	250.3
Medical care services	. 265.9 . 239.6	278.5	277.0	278.0	278.5	280.2 249.9	280.7 250.1	281.7 250.5	282.6 250.9	283.0 251.0	285.7 252.8	287.2	288.4 254.0	289.6	290.6 255.3
Professional services Hospital and related services	313.2	248.7 333.8	248.0 330.6	248.7 332.0	249.0 333.5	337.0	338.3	340.5	342.7	343.6	348.2	253.6 351.4	354.3	254.6 357.1	359.4
Recreation ²	102.4	103.6	103.7	103.5	103.7	103.9	103.8	103.8	104.0	103.8	104.2	104.5	104.6	105.0	104.9
Recreation	100.7	100.9	101.1	100.7	101.1	101.0	100.6	100.6	100.7	100.5	101.4	102.2	102.1	102.2	102.3
Video and audio 1,2 Education and communication 2	100.7	105.3	104.1	104.5	104.9	105.8	106.5	107.1	106.9	106.9	107.1	107.2	106.5	106.0	106.5
	112.8	118.7	116.7	117.2	117.6	119.6	121.7	122.3	122.3	122.1	122.7	123.3	123.3	123.3	123.5
Education ² Educational books and supplies	283.3	299.9	294.5	298.2	299.3	302.2	309.8	311.7	308.9	297.3	305.2	315.2	315.1	315.3	316.3
Tuition, other school fees, and child care	318.2	334.7	329.1	330.3	331.3	337.3	342.9	344.4	344.9	345.2	346.2	347.0	347.2	347.2	347.7
Communication 1,2	94.6	94.5	94.0	94.3	94.8	94.7	94.3	94.9	94.5	94.6	94.7	94.5	93.3	92.6	93.3
Information and information processing 1,2	94.1	93.8	93.4	93.6	94.0	94.0	93.6	94.2	93.8	93.9	94.0	93.7	92.6	91.7	92.5
Telephone services 1,2	98.7	99.4	98.8	99.2	99.7	99.8	99.4	100.1	99.7	99.9	100.4	100.5	99.3	98.4	99.4
Information and information processing															
other than telephone services ^{1,4}	26.8	22.1	22.4	22.2	22.0	21.5	21.2	21.0	20.8	20.6	20.1	19.7	19.5	19.3	19.2
Personal computers and peripheral															
equipment ^{1,2}	40.5	29.1	29.9	29.4	28.7	27.4	26.6	26.1	25.5	25.0	24.3	23.5	22.8	22.5	22.7
Other goods and services	276.5	289.5	286.8	287.9	293.8	290.0	295.5	292.4	297.3	293.3	294.0	298.3	295.2	301.7	299.1
Tobacco and smoking products	395.2	426.1	419.8	421.6	441.9	425.6	444.7	430.9	448.3	432.9	433.5	450.7	434.1	462.7	450.1
Personal care ¹	165.5	170.3	169.3	169.9	170.6	170.9	171.4	171.9	172.3	172.3	172.7	173.2	173.7	173.9	174.0
Personal care products 1	154.2	155.7	153.8	155.4	155.9	155.5	156.1	156.1	156.1	156.0	155.9	156.3	156.0	156.2	155.4
Personal care services ¹	178.6	184.9	184.7	184.8	185.4	185.9	186.1	186.5	187.4	187.1	187.0	187.1	188.0	188.7	189.1
Miscellaneous personal services	251.9	262.8	260.7	261.6	263.2	264.9	265.6	266.8	267.5	268.0	269.8	271.4	272.5	272.6	273.6
Commodity and service group:															
Commodities	149.8	151.4	153.9	153.0	151.2	150.5	152.5	151.2	150.1	148.4	148.3	148.6	149.8	151.7	151.2
Food and beverages Commodities less food and beverages	167.7 139.0	173.0 138.7	172.3 142.6	172.8 141.1	173.4 138.0	173.8 136.9	174.0 139.8	174.8 137.4	174.5 135.9	174.6 133.4	175.7 132.7	175.8 133.1	176.1 134.7	176.1 137.5	175.7 136.8
Nondurables less food and beverages	139.0	149.0	156.2	153.6	148.2	146.5	152.0	147.4	144.2	139.4	138.9	140.7	144.8	150.5	149.3
Apparel	128.3	126.1	128.5	125.2	121.9	121.6	125.6	128.3	127.2	123.0	119.6	122.4	126.9	127.9	126.2
Nondurables less food, beverages,	120.0	120.1	120.0	120.2	121.0	121.0	120.0	120.0	127.2	120.0	110.0	122.7	120.0	127.0	120.2
and apparel	165.3	166.3	176.3	174.1	167.3	164.8	171.4	162.7	158.2	153.1	154.2	155.4	159.4	168.1	167.2
Durables	125.8	125.3	125.5	125.2	124.8	124.3	124.1	124.3	124.8	124.9	124.1	123.1	122.3	122.1	122.0
Services	191.6	199.6	198.7	200.1	200.6	201.2	201.1	201.0	201.4	201.7	202.5	203.3	203.9	204.2	205.8
Rent of shelter ³	180.5	187.3	186.3	187.2	187.8	188.7	188.7	189.3	189.9	190.4	191.4	192.5	193.2	193.7	193.9
Transporatation services	192.9	199.1	197.6	198.9	199.5	199.8	200.1	200.9	202.3	202.6	203.4	204.7	205.6	206.2	7.1239.7
Other services	. 225.9	233.7	232.2	232.6	233.6	235.1	235.9	236.8	237.2	237.3	238.3	239.0	238.8	283.9	283.9
Special indexes:															
All items less food.	. 169.1	173.6	174.7	174.9	173.9	173.7	174.9	173.8	173.4	172.5	172.7	173.3	174.3	175.7	175.8
All items less shelter	163.8	167.6	169.1	169.0	167.8	167.5	168.8	167.6	166.9	165.7	165.8	166.1	167.1	168.5	168.4
All items less medical care	164.7 140.4	169.1 140.2	170.0 144.1	170.2 142.6	169.4 139.6	169.3 138.5	170.3 141.3	169.5 139.0	169.1 137.6	168.3 135.1	168.5 134.5	169.0 134.8	170.0 136.5	171.1 139.1	171.0 138.5
Nondurables less food		150.8	157.6	155.3	150.1	148.5	153.8	149.4	146.4	141.8	141.8	143.1	147.0	152.5	151.4
Nondurables less food and apparel	. 165.4	166.7	175.9	173.9	167.7	165.4	171.5	163.5	159.5	154.7	154.7	157.0	160.7	168.7	167.9
Nondurables	158.9	161.4	164.8	163.8	161.2	160.5	163.5	161.5	159.7	157.3	157.5	158.5	160.8	163.7	162.9
Services less rent of shelter ³	180.1	188.5	187.8	189.6	189.9	190.1	189.9	189.0	189.3	189.2	189.8	190.1	190.5	190.7	181.6
Services less medical care services	185.4	193.1	192.3	193.6	194.2	194.7	194.6	194.4	194.8	195.0	195.7	196.5	197.0	197.4	197.9
Energy	124.8	128.7	140.6	140.3	131.3	128.6	132.6	121.2	114.8	110.0	110.5	109.8	114.7	121.6	122.2
All items less energy	175.1	179.8	179.2	179.5	179.8	180.1	180.7	181.3	181.8	181.5	181.6	182.5	182.9	183.4	183.3
All items less food and energy	. 177.1	181.7	181.2	181.4	181.7	181.9	182.6	183.2	183.8	183.5	183.6	184.4	184.9	185.5	185.4
Commodities less food and energy	145.4	146.1	146.4	145.6	145.4	144.6	146.0	146.3	146.9	145.6	144.4	144.8	145.0	145.8	145.0
Energy commodities	. 129.7 . 198.7	125.3 206.0	146.6 204.8	141.5 205.7	125.0 206.3	122.1 207.3	132.1	116.7 208.3	105.5 209.0	97.5 209.4	99.2 210.4	99.5 211.5	108.7 212.1	121.9 212.6	121.9 213.0
Services less energy	190.7	∠00.0	204.6	205.7	200.3	201.3	207.6	200.3	209.0	209.4	∠10.4	6.112	∠ I Z. l	∠1Z.0	213.0

Not seasonally adjusted.

Dash indicates data not available.

NOTE: Index applied to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.

² Indexes on a December 1997 = 100 base.

³ Indexes on a December 1982 = 100 base.

⁴ Indexes on a December 1988 = 100 base.

Current Labor Statistics: Price Data

33. Consumer Price Index: U.S. city average and available local area data: all items

[1982-84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

	Pricing		All	Urban C	Consum	ers			Urk	oan Wag	ge Earn	ers	
	sched-	2001			2002			2001			2002		
	ule ¹	Dec	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr	May	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
U.S. city average	М	176.7	177.1	177.8	178.8	179.9	179.8	172.9	173.2	173.7	174.7	175.8	175.8
Region and area size ²													
Northeast urban	М	184.2	184.9	186.1	187.0	187.8	187.7	181.0	181.4	182.3	183.1	184.2	184.1
Size A—More than 1,500,000	М	185.4	186.2	187.8	188.6	189.3	189.2	181.1	181.6	182.8	183.6	184.5	184.3
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	М	10.3	110.5	110.5	111.2	111.9	112.0	109.9	110.1	110.1	110.8	111.7	111.7
Midwest urban ⁴	М	171.9	172.1	172.5	173.6	174.7	174.8	167.6	167.7	168.1	169.1	170.3	170.3
Size A—More than 1,500,000	М	173.8	174.1	174.7	176.0	177.3	177.2	168.7	168.8	169.4	170.6	172.2	172.0
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	109.6	109.5	109.6	110.2	110.7	110.8	109.2	109.2	109.2	109.7	110.2	110.7
Size D—Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	М	165.5	166.2	166.6	167.1	168.1	168.2	163.3	163.9	164.3	164.8	166.0	166.1
South urban	M	170.3	170.6	171.0	172.1	173.1	173.2	168.1	168.3	168.6	169.6	170.8	170.8
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	171.7	171.7	172.4	173.3	172.4	174.6	169.0	169.0	169.5	170.5	171.7	171.9
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	108.9	109.2	109.3	110.0	110.8	110.7	108.5	108.6	108.7	109.3	110.2	110.1
Size D—Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	M	167.7	168.6	168.6	169.9	170.5	170.6	168.3	169.2	168.9	170.2	171.2	171.1
West urban	M	181.6	182.4	183.2	184.0	185.1	184.8	176.8	177.4	178.1	179.0	180.0	180.0
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	111.6	111.9	185.4	186.2	187.2	187.5	176.9	177.7	178.6	179.5	180.5	181.0
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	111.6	111.9	112.4	112.8	113.7	112.5	111.2	111.4	111.8	112.2	112.9	112.3
Size classes:													
A ⁵	M	161.1	161.6	162.5	163.4	164.2	164.3	159.4	159.7	160.5	161.3	162.4	162.5
B/C ³	М	109.7	109.9	110.1	110.7	111.4	111.2	109.3	109.9	109.5	110.1	110.9	110.7
D	М	169.8	170.5	170.7	171.5	172.4	172.4	168.5	169.7	169.3	170.2	171.3	171.1
Selected local areas ⁶													
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI	M	177.9	177.9	178.7	179.8	180.9	181.4	171.7	171.6	172.4	173.5	174.8	175.3
Los Angeles–Riverside–Orange County, CA	M	177.1	178.9	180.1	181.1	182.2	182.6	169.7	171.5	172.8	173.8	174.8	175.4
New York, NY-Northern NJ-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA	M	187.3	188.5	189.9	191.1	191.8	191.4	182.8	183.5	184.7	185.6	186.6	186.4
Boston-Brockton-Nashua, MA-NH-ME-CT	1	_	192.9	-	194.7	_	194.8	-	191.8	-	193.2	_	193.3
Cleveland-Akron, OH	1	_	171.4	_	173.7	_	173.0	_	162.8	-	164.1	_	164.0
Dallas-Ft Worth, TX	1	_	170.6	_	172.1	_	172.9	-	170.0	-	171.4	_	172.5
Washington–Baltimore, DC–MD–VA–WV ⁷	1	_	110.9	_	111.9	_	112.8	_	110.5	_	111.4	_	112.4
Atlanta, GA	2	174.8	_	176.1	_	178.6	_	172,0	_	173.2	_	175.5	_
Detroit-Ann Arbor-Flint, MI	2	173.5	_	176.2	-	179.0	_	167.9	_	170.5	-	173.4	_
Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX	2	157.1	-	156.6	_	158.8	_	155.2	_	154.3	_	156.8	_
Miami-Ft. Lauderdale, FL	2	173.1	_	175.0	_	175.0	_	170.5	_	172.3	-	172.5	_
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD	2	179.9	_	182.0	-	183.1	_	179.2	-	181.4	-	182.3	_
San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA	2	190.6	_	191.3	_	193.0	_	186.5	_	186.8	-	188.8	_
Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA	2	186.1		187.6	_	188.8	_	181.1	_	182.5	_	183.6	_

¹ Foods, fuels, and several other items priced every month in all areas; most other goods and services priced as indicated:

MO-KS; Milwaukee-Racine, WI; Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI; Pittsburgh, PA; Port-land-Salem, OR-WA; St Louis, MO-IL; San Diego, CA; Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL.

Dash indicates data not available.

NOTE: Local area CPI indexes are byproducts of the national CPI program. Each local index has a smaller sample size and is, therefore, subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are similar. Therefore, the Bureau of Labor Statistics strongly urges users to consider adopting the national average CPI for use in their escalator clauses. Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.

M—Every month.

^{1—}January, March, May, July, September, and November.

^{2—}February, April, June, August, October, and December.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Regions defined as the four Census regions.

³ Indexes on a December 1996 = 100 base.

 $^{^4}$ The "North Central" region has been renamed the "Midwest" region by the Census Bureau. It is composed of the same geographic entities.

 $^{^{5}}$ Indexes on a December 1986 = 100 base.

⁶ In addition, the following metropolitan areas are published semiannually and appear in tables 34 and 39 of the January and July issues of the *CPI Detailed Report*: Anchorage, AK; Cincinnati–Hamilton, OH–KY–IN; Denver–Boulder–Greeley, CO; Honolulu, HI;

⁷ Indexes on a November 1996 = 100 base.

34. Annual data: Consumer Price Index, U.S. city average, all items and major groups

[1982–84 = 100]

Series	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers:										
All items:										
Index	140.3	144.5	148.2	152.4	156.9	160.5	163.0	166.6	172.2	177.1
Percent change	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.8	3.0	2.3	1.6	2.2	3.4	2.8
Food and beverages:										
Index	138.7	141.6	144.9	148.9	153.7	157.7	161.1	164.6	168.4	173.6
Percent change	1.4	2.1	2.3	2.8	3.2	2.6	2.2	2.2	2.3	3.1
Housing:										
Index	137.5	141.2	144.8	148.5	152.8	156.8	160.4	163.9	169.6	176.4
Percent change	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.9	2.6	2.3	2.2	3.5	4.0
Apparel:										
Index	131.9	133.7	133.4	132.0	131.7	132.9	133.0	131.3	129.6	127.3
Percent change	2.5	1.4	2	-1.0	2	.9	.1	-1.3	-1.3	-1.8
I ransportation:										
Index	126.5	130.4	134.3	139.1	143.0	144.3	141.6	144.4	153.3	154.3
Percent change	2.2	3.1	3.0	3.6	2.8	0.9	-1.9	2.0	6.2	0.7
Medical care:										
Index	190.1	201.4	211.0	220.5	228.2	234.6	242.1	250.6	260.8	272.8
Percent change	7.4	5.9	4.8	4.5	3.5	2.8	3.2	3.5	4.1	4.6
Other goods and services:										
Index	183.3	192.9	198.5	206.9	215.4	224.8	237.7	258.3	271.1	282.6
Percent change	6.8	5.2	2.9	4.2	4.1	4.4	5.7	8.7	5.0	4.2
Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers:										
All items:										
Index	138.2	142.1	145.6	149.8	154.1	157.6	159.7	163.2	168.9	173.5
Percent change	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.9	2.9	2.3	1.3	2.2	3.5	2.7

Current Labor Statistics: Price Data

35. Producer Price Indexes, by stage of processing

[1982 = 100]

	Annual a	average				20	01						2002		
Grouping	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Finished goods	138.0	140.7	142.5	142.1	140.7	141.1	141.7	139.6	139.7	137.2	137.4	137.7	138.7	139.0	138.8
Finished consumer goods	138.2	141.5	143.8	143.3	141.5	142.0	142.9	139.9	138.4	136.8	137.2	137.5	138.9	139.4	139.2
Finished consumer foods	137.2	141.3	141.8	141.9	141.2	142.6	142.9	141.8	140.5	140.4	141.1	142.3	143.4	139.2	139.4
Finshed consumer goods excluding foods	. 138.4	141.4	144.5	143.7	141.4	141.6	142.7	139.0	137.3	135.1	135.4	135.4	136.9	139.2	138.8
Nondurable goods less food	. 138.7	142.8	147.3	146.5	143.1	143.5	145.1	139.2	136.8	134.0	134.4	134.3	136.7	140.0	139.7
Durable goods	133.9	133.9	133.8	133.2	133.2	133.0	133.2	134.4	134.5	133.9	133.9	134.1	133.6	133.7	133.1
Capital equipment	138.8	139.7	139.7	139.6	139.8	139.5	139.4	139.8	139.9	139.7	139.7	139.8	139.5	139.4	139.2
Intermediate materials,															
supplies, and components	129.2	128.7	131.2	131.4	130.3	129.8	130.1	127.6	126.7	125.4	125.5	125.2	126.1	127.6	127.2
Materials and components for manufacturing	. 128.1	127.4	128.6	128.3	127.5	126.9	126.6	125.9	125.2	124.7	124.5	124.6	125.1	125.7	125.7
Materials for food manufacturing	119.2	124.3	124.6	125.7	126.1	128.1	127.5	126.1	123.9	122.5	122.1	122.6	122.9	122.0	121.4
Materials for nondurable manufacturing	. 132.6	131.8	134.2	133.4	131.9	130.1	129.9	128.7	127.4	126.2	125.4	125.4	126.5	128.4	128.3
Materials for durable manufacturing	. 129.0	125.2	126.9	126.5	125.3	124.6	124.2	123.4	122.8	122.5	122.5	122.6	123.5	123.7	124.2
Components for manufacturing	. 126.2	126.3	126.4	126.4	126.2	126.2	125.9	125.9	125.9	126.0	126.3	126.3	126.4	126.3	126.4
Materials and components															
for construction	150.7	150.6	151.6	151.7	151.0	151.0	150.8	150.4	150.3	149.0	150.2	150.2	150.7	151.1	151.3
Processed fuels and lubricants	102.0	104.5	108.1	110.2	106.8	106.0	108.4	97.4	94.7	89.3	90.0	88.8	91.3	97.0	95.2
Containers	151.6	153.1	153.9	154.1	153.6	153.2	153.0	152.4	152.2	152.2	152.6	151.9	151.7	151.2	151.1
Supplies	136.9	138.6	139.0	138.8	138.8	138.7	138.6	138.3	138.3	138.1	138.2	138.1	138.3	138.5	138.4
Crude materials for further															
processing	120.6	121.3	130.9	122.8	116.1	113.4	108.0	97.7	104.8	94.8	98.9	98.0	103.7	107.9	110.5
Foodstuffs and feedstuffs	. 100.2	106.2	110.3	109.7	109.6	108.9	108.5	104.7	98.3	96.4	99.6	102.0	102.8	96.4	98.4
Crude nonfood materials	130.4	127.3	140.4	127.4	116.3	112.4	103.8	89.4	105.5	90.2	95.0	91.4	100.9	113.5	116.5
Special groupings:															
Finished goods, excluding foods	138.1	140.4	142.6	142.0	140.5	140.5	141.3	138.8	137.7	136.1	136.3	136.3	137.2	138.7	138.4
Finished energy goods		96.8	104.1	102.7	97.0	97.8	100.1	90.1	85.5	80.7	81.3	81.3	85.0	89.3	88.9
Finished goods less energy	. 144.9	147.5	147.7	147.6	147.5	147.7	147.9	147.9	147.7	147.6	147.7	148.1	148.2	147.3	147.2
Finished consumer goods less energy	147.4	150.8	151.6	150.9	150.7	151.1	151.4	151.3	151.0	150.9	151.1	151.6	151.9	150.6	150.5
Finished goods less food and energy	. 148.0	150.0	150.0	149.9	149.9	149.7	149.8	150.4	150.6	150.4	150.4	150.4	150.2	150.5	150.2
Finished consumer goods less food and energy	154.0	156.9	156.9	156.7	156.8	156.6	156.8	157.5	157.8	158.0	157.6	157.6	157.4	158.0	157.7
Consumer nondurable goods less food and energy	169.8	175.1	175.4	175.5	175.5	175.3	175.6	175.8	176.4	176.4	176.4	176.2	176.3	176.4	177.4
Intermediate materials less foods															
and feeds	130.1	130.5	132.1	132.3	131.0	130.4	130.7	128.2	127.3	126.0	126.1	125.9	126.8	128.4	128.0
Intermediate foods and feeds	. 111.7	115.9	114.9	116.3	117.1	119.4	118.7	117.3	115.5	114.3	113.6	113.6	114.3	113.7	113.0
Intermediate energy goods	101.7	104.1	107.6	109.7	106.3	105.6	107.9	97.1	94.3	89.0	89.6	88.4	90.9	96.6	94.9
Intermediate goods less energy	135.0	135.1	136.1	135.9	135.3	134.9	134.7	134.2	133.7	133.4	133.3	133.3	133.8	134.1	134.1
Intermediate materials less foods															
and energy	136.6	136.4	137.5	137.2	136.5	136.0	135.8	135.3	134.9	134.6	134.6	134.6	135.0	135.5	135.5
Crude energy materials	. 122.1	122.8	139.8	123.1	109.0	104.2	93.1	75.2	96.5	76.7	82.8	76.9	89.9	106.7	109.1
Crude materials less energy	. 111.7	112.2	115.3	114.8	114.3	113.6	113.3	109.8	104.8	103.4	106.2	108.5	109.3	105.3	107.9
Crude nonfood materials less energy	. 145.2	130.6	130.9	130.6	129.4	128.4	128.5	125.8	124.5	124.2	126.1	128.1	129.0	131.4	136.1

36. Producer Price Indexes for the net output of major industry groups

[December 1984 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

SIC	Industry	Annual	average					20	01					20	02	
SIC	industry	2000	2001	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
_	Total mining industries	113.5	114.3	128.1	112.2	98.7	98.9	90.8	78.3	88.3	77.6	81.9	78.0	87.5	99.9	101.7
10	Metal mining		70.8	71.6	71.2	70.7	69.8	71.7	69.8	68.9	68.9	71.0	72.3	72.9	72.4	73.9
12	Coal mining (12/85 = 100)		91.3	93.8	89.6	92.8	92.0	92.1	92.9	95.4	92.5	95.3	94.5	94.6	94.3	94.3
13	Oil and gas extraction (12/85 = 100)	126.8	127.5	145.6	125.1	106.4	107.0	95.9	79.1	92.0	78.3	84.0	77.9	92.7	112.1	114.8
14	Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic															
	minerals, except fuels	137.0	141.0	140.8	141.3	141.5	141.4	141.5	141.8	141.6	141.5	142.5	143.4	143.5	142.9	143.5
_	Total manufacturing industries	133.5	134.6	136.5	135.8	134.4	134.6	135.6	133.7	132.7	131.6	131.7	132.0	132.8	133.8	133.6
20	Food and kindred products	128.5	132.8	133.4	133.7	134.0	134.6	134.5	134.1	132.4	131.7	131.5	132.0	132.0	131.6	131.0
21	Tobacco manufactures	345.8	386.1	391.3	391.7	391.1	391.0	391.1	391.1	398.3	398.2	391.7	391.7	392.2	407.9	408.0
22	Textile mill products	116.7	116.9	117.2	117.2	117.1	116.8	116.4	116.5	116.3	116.1	116.3	115.8	115.8	115.7	115.5
23	Apparel and other finished products															İ
	made from fabrics and similar materials	125.7	125.8	125.9	125.8	125.9	125.9	125.9	125.9	125.6	125.3	125.2	125.1	125.2	125.1	125.1
24	Lumber and wood products,															
	except furniture		156.2	160.1	161.6	158.4	158.1	157.3	154.6	154.0	153.4	154.0	154.8	156.7	157.1	156.2
25	Furniture and fixtures	143.3	145.1	145.2	145.3	145.4	145.2	145.4	145.5	145.5	145.5	145.6	145.8	145.7	145.7	145.9
26	Paper and allied products	145.8	146.2	147.0	147.0	146.5	145.6	145.5	145.1	144.6	144.8	144.1	143.2	142.9	143.2	142.4
27	Printing, publishing, and allied industries	182.9	188.7	188.5	188.7	188.8	189.1	189.4	189.7	190.2	192.0	192.0	192.1	192.1	192.2	192.6
28	Chemicals and allied products	156.7	158.4	160.1	159.7	157.8	156.3	156.6	155.7	155.4	154.3	154.0	154.3	155.1	156.0	156.6
29	Petroleum refining and related products	112.8	105.3	122.8	115.9	101.7	104.7	114.9	94.6	86.3	75.9	77.7	79.5	89.2	100.2	99.4
30	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	124.6	125.9	126.5	126.4	126.2	125.7	125.6	125.5	125.6	125.2	125.1	124.4	124.6	124.8	125.4
31	Leather and leather products	137.9	141.3	142.7	141.9	142.1	142.3	141.5	141.2	140.9	140.3	140.2	139.8	140.0	140.5	140.8
32	Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products	134.6	136.0	136.0	135.7	136.0	136.0	136.4	136.6	136.9	136.7	136.9	136.4	136.3	136.5	136.9
33	Primary metal industries	119.8	116.1	116.7	115.4	116.1	115.6	115.3	114.6	114.2	114.0	113.7	113.7	114.4	114.7	115.4
34	Fabricated metal products,															
	except machinery and transportation															İ
	equipment	1,310.3	131.0	131.2	131.1	131.1	131.1	131.1	131.0	131.1	131.2	131.2	131.2	131.2	131.4	131.4
35	Machinery, except electrical	117.5	118.0	118.1	118.1	118.1	117.9	117.9	117.9	117.9	117.8	117.7	117.6	117.7	117.6	117.6
36	Electrical and electronic machinery,															Ì
	equipment, and supplies	108.3	107.0	107.2	107.0	106.8	106.4	106.5	106.4	106.5	106.6	106.7	106.6	106.6	106.5	106.3
37	Transportation	136.8	137.9	137.4	137.1	137.5	137.4	137.3	138.5	138.3	138.6	138.0	138.5	137.9	137.7	137.1
38	Measuring and controlling instruments;															
	photographic, medical, and optical															
	goods; watches and clocks	126.2	127.3	127.3	127.2	123.2	127.4	127.5	127.6	127.8	127.7	128.3	128.6	128.9	128.1	128.2
39	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries															
	industries (12/85 = 100)	130.9	132.4	132.5	132.5	132.6	132.7	132.8	132.7	132.6	132.4	132.7	133.4	132.9	133.1	134.0
	Service industries:															İ
42	Motor freight transportation															
	and warehousing (06/93 = 100)		123.1	122.9	123.1	123.2	123.5	123.8	123.6	123.4	123.1	123.2	123.4	123.5	123.8	123.8
43	U.S. Postal Service (06/89 = 100)		143.4	141.3	141.3	145.4	145.4	145.4	145.4	145.4	145.4	145.4	145.4	145.4	145.4	145.4
44	Water transportation (12/92 = 100)	122.6	129.8	129.2	129.2	133.1	133.2	133.9	133.5	130.2	129.7	129.3	128.9	128.7	127.6	131.5
45	Transportation by air (12/92 = 100)	147.7	157.2	156.7	157.6	158.7	159.0	158.5	158.9	156.8	157.1	157.1	157.1	156.8	160.2	156.4 111.3
46	Pipelines, except natural gas (12/92 = 100)	102.3	110.3	109.0	109.0	110.9	111.2	111.7	111.8	112.0	112.0	111.1	111.3	111.6	111.3	ı

Current Labor Statistics: Price Data

37. Annual data: Producer Price Indexes, by stage of processing

[1982 = 100]

Index	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Finished goods										
Total	123.2	124.7	125.5	127.9	131.3	131.8	130.7	133.0	138.0	140.7
Foods	123.3	125.7	126.8	129.0	133.6	134.5	134.3	135.1	137.2	141.3
Energy	77.8	78.0	77.0	78.1	83.2	83.4	75.1	78.8	94.1	96.8
Other	134.2	135.8	137.1	140.0	142.0	142.4	143.7	146.1	148.0	150.0
Intermediate materials, supplies, and										
components										
Total	114.7	116.2	118.5	124.9	125.7	125.6	123.0	123.2	129.2	129.7
Foods	113.9	115.6	118.5	119.5	125.3	123.2	123.2	120.8	119.2	124.3
Energy	84.3	84.6	83.0	84.1	89.8	89.0	80.8	84.3	101.7	104.1
Other	122.0	123.8	127.1	135.2	134.0	134.2	133.5	133.1	136.6	136.4
Crude materials for further processing										
Total	100.4	102.4	101.8	102.7	113.8	111.1	96.8	98.2	120.6	121.3
Foods	105.1	108.4	106.5	105.8	121.5	112.2	103.9	98.7	100.2	106.2
Energy	78.8	76.7	72.1	69.4	85.0	87.3	68.6	78.5	122.1	122.8
Other	94.2	94.1	97.0	105.8	105.7	103.5	84.5	91.1	118.0	101.8

38. U.S. export price indexes by Standard International Trade Classification

[2000 = 100]

SITC	Industry				20	01						2002		
Rev. 3	industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
0	Food and live animals	101.2	101.1	101.8	102.6	103.3	102.7	100.9	101.2	102.7	100.0	100.3	100.6	99.7
01	Meat and meat preparations	106.2	106.1	105.7	106.4	107.8	107.8	99.2	97.8	93.1	91.3	93.2	92.0	91.6
04	Cereals and cereal preparations	104.3	102.6	102.2	104.5	106.4	103.9	105.2	107.2	108.4	106.0	105.4	105.2	103.8
05	Vegetables, fruit, and nuts, prepared fresh or dry	97.4	98.6	101.7	102.4	100.8	102.1	99.7	100.6	110.5	102.4	102.5	103.7	103.8
2	Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	93.3	92.6	92.4	91.1	89.5	87.1	86.3	87.1	87.1	86.9	87.7	89.7	90.9
22	Oilseeds and oleaginous fruits	91.0	95.6	102.5	104.3	99.0	89.8	89.1	90.9	91.6	89.4	92.0	93.8	95.1
24	Cork and wood	93.1	92.8	93.4	92.9	90.2	89.7	88.7	88.0	88.1	87.6	87.2	87.3	87.4
25	Pulp and waste paper	82.3	80.6	78.2	76.6	77.3	77.7	77.4	77.2	75.8	73.9	74.1	77.1	81.4
26	Textile fibers and their waste	92.5	90.9	90.4	89.3	87.7	84.5	82.0	84.0	85.3	86.6	86.2	86.8	84.9
28	Metalliferous ores and metal scrap	91.6	91.0	87.8	86.2	85.1	82.7	81.4	81.3	84.9	87.0	87.3	91.7	92.4
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants, and related products	106.8	103.2	96.7	97.5	103.3	93.4	88.3	82.4	87.1	84.3	89.8	99.7	95.4
32	Coal, coke, and briquettes	106.6	106.9	106.8	107.9	108.8	108.9	108.9	108.8	109.5	109.7	110.8	111.4	111.4
33	Petroleum, petroleum products, and related materials	106.1	101.8	93.7	95.2	103.6	88.4	80.9	74.6	80.1	76.5	83.6	95.8	90.2
5	Chemicals and related products, n.e.s	96.9	96.2	94.9	94.1	93.8	93.8	93.6	92.8	92.2	92.3	93.2	94.7	95.0
54	Medicinal and pharmaceutical products	99.5	99.5	100.2	100.8	101.1	100.9	100.9	100.9	101.1	100.8	100.5	100.3	100.2
55	Essential oils; polishing and cleaning preparations	99.7	99.7	99.1	99.0	99.1	99.0	98.9	98.8	97.5	97.1	97.6	97.5	97.0
57	Plastics in primary forms	94.9	93.9	91.2	90.0	88.6	89.2	88.5	86.5	85.4	85.8	87.6	89.9	92.2
58	Plastics in nonprimary forms	97.0	97.4	98.0	96.9	97.2	95.9	95.8	95.8	95.9	95.7	95.8	95.1	95.6
59	Chemical materials and products, n.e.s	98.9	99.1	98.7	98.7	99.0	98.6	98.7	97.6	98.1	97.6	98.0	97.5	97.4
6	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by materials	99.7	99.5	99.1	98.4	98.2	97.3	96.6	96.7	97.3	97.2	96.7	97.4	97.4
62	Rubber manufactures, n.e.s.	99.8	99.8	100.5	101.0	101.0	100.6	100.5	100.9	100.4	100.4	100.8	101.1	101.6
64	Paper, paperboard, and articles of paper, pulp,													
04	and paperboard.	98.0	97.4	95.1	95.1	95.6	95.1	95.2	95.2	95.3	94.1	92.5	93.1	93.1
66	Nonmetallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s	100.4	100.8	100.8	101.0	101.1	101.1	101.4	102.1	101.7	101.4	102.1	101.9	102.0
68	Nonferrous metals	100.0	98.0	97.0	93.0	90.2	86.9	81.8	83.1	85.3	85.9	85.1	86.5	86.5
7	Machinery and transport equipment	100.4	100.3	100.2	100.0	100.0	99.7	99.7	99.6	99.3	99.3	99.5	99.5	99.3
71	Power generating machinery and equipment	102.3	102.3	102.4	102.8	103.0	103.1	104.1	104.0	104.6	104.4	104.6	104.6	104.6
72	Machinery specialized for particular industries	100.3	100.3	99.6	99.5	99.5	100.6	100.5	100.5	100.7	100.8	101.1	101.4	102.0
74	General industrial machines and parts, n.e.s.,	100.5	100.5	33.0	33.3	33.3	100.0	100.5	100.5	100.7	100.0	101.1	101.4	102.0
74	and machine parts	101.3	101.3	101.8	101.8	101.9	101.8	101.9	101.7	102.1	102.0	102.2	102.2	102.3
75	Computer equipment and office machines	96.9	95.9	95.6	94.8	94.8	94.6	94.2	92.9	92.5	92.9	93.1	92.5	91.7
76	Telecommunications and sound recording and	00.0	55.5	55.0	00	00	00	02	02.0	02.0	02.0	00.1	02.0	0
,,	reproducing apparatus and equipment	99.7	99.8	99.8	98.7	98.5	98.0	98.0	97.7	97.9	97.5	97.5	97.8	97.8
77	Electrical machinery and equipment	98.7	98.3	97.8	97.7	97.6	95.9	95.9	95.9	94.8	94.6	94.7	94.8	94.6
78	Road vehicles	100.2	100.2	100.3	100.2	100.2	100.3	100.2	100.3	100.1	100.2	100.3	100.3	1,004.0
87	Professional, scientific, and controlling													,
٥.	instruments and apparatus	100.8	100.9	100.8	100.8	100.9	101.0	100.9	100.9	100.8	101.1	101.2	101.1	101.3

Current Labor Statistics: Price Data

39. U.S. import price indexes by Standard International Trade Classification

[2000 = 100]

ITC	Industry				20	01						2002		
v. 3	ilidustry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
0	Food and live animals	97.3	96.0	95.1	94.9	95.1	94.7	95.1	94.8	95.8	94.3	96.4	97.0	96.4
01	Meat and meat preparations	106.3	106.2	109.3	108.9	113.5	114.8	118.0	109.8	105.5	107.4	109.8	110.1	105.4
03	Fish and crustaceans, mollusks, and other													
•	aquatic invertebrates	90.7	90.0	87.0	86.8	86.3	84.6	82.8	82.9	82.3	82.0	80.4	80.1	80.0
05	Vegetables, fruit, and nuts, prepared fresh or dry	101.1	97.6	98.4	98.2	98.5	99.1	101.5	99.3	106.8	98.1	104.0	104.9	108.
07	Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices, and manufactures													
	thereof	87.4	85.8	81.2	78.8	80.1	77.3	77.2	78.5	77.5	78.8	83.3	88.5	83.
1	Beverages and tobacco	102.0	101.7	101.7	102.1	1-2.0	102.7	102.6	103.0	102.9	102.9	102.1	102.0	102.
11	Beverages	102.7	102.4	102.4	102.4	102.4	102.6	102.6	103.1	103.2	103.2	102.5	102.3	102.
2	Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	98.1	102.8	96.4	95.8	96.6	94.5	91.3	89.9	90.1	92.7	95.8	96.3	96.
24	Cork and wood	104.9	122.1	108.2	109.6	112.2	105.1	97.5	91.7	92.6	98.6	106.6	108.1	105.
25	Pulp and waste paper	92.4	87.1	83.5	79.3	77.3	76.8	78.0	77.7	78.1	77.2	74.9	73.4	73.
28	Metalliferous ores and metal scrap	95.5	93.9	94.4	93.1	92.8	91.6	89.8	91.2	91.4	92.7	93.7	95.0	95
29	Crude animal and vegetable materials, n.e.s	94.9	92.9	80.8	81.0	83.8	93.4	93.1	96.0	92.2	91.7	92.3	90.5	103
	Mineral fuels, lubricants, and related products	93.1	90.4	94.4	85.6	85.8	72.3	65.0	61.2	64.0	65.2	76.4	87.1	89
3	Petroleum, petroleum products, and related materials	90.0	89.3	84.4	86.1	86.8	73.0	63.0	59.8	62.6	65.6	77.4	86.8	89
33 34	Gas, natural and manufactured	113.7	97.4	82.8	80.9	77.8	65.7	75.9	68.7	70.8	58.2	64.8	86.0	84
34	Cas, natural and manufactured	110.7	J1.∓	02.0	00.0	77.0	00.7	70.0	00.7	70.0	00. <u>z</u>	04.0	00.0	0-1
5	Chemicals and related products, n.e.s	101.6	100.5	99.3	98.4	98.3	98.8	97.8	97.5	97.7	96.7	96.3	97.3	98
52	Inorganic chemicals	101.2	100.1	99.4	98.0	98.1	99.4	98.9	97.6	97.0	97.1	97.8	98.5	98
53	Dying, tanning, and coloring materials	100.2	98.1	95.6	95.7	96.3	97.1	96.8	97.1	97.8	97.4	97.2	95.6	95
54	Medicinal and pharmaceutical products	96.7	96.7	99.0	97.3	97.0	97.5	97.3	97.0	97.1	96.3	96.0	96.6	96
55	Essential oils; polishing and cleaning preparations	98.7	98.4	98.1	98.1	99.7	99.8	99.7	100.1	100.1	99.9	99.8	98.9	99
57	Plastics in primary forms	101.1	102.1	102.1	100.5	99.7	99.8	99.8	99.8	98.6	97.1	91.5	91.4	96
58	Plastics in nonprimary forms	103.6	102.4	100.7	100.7	99.3	101.6	101.1	100.9	100.8	100.6	100.6	101.8	1,002
59	Chemical materials and products, n.e.s	100.1	99.9	99.1	99.0	99.0	99.2	98.6	97.8	96.1	95.2	93.6	94.5	94
6	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by materials	98.2	98.0	96.8	95.0	94.8	93.8	92.4	92.0	92.4	92.3	92.2	92.6	92.
62	Rubber manufactures, n.e.s.	99.4	99.0	98.8	98.7	98.7	98.5	97.8	97.9	97.3	97.6	97.6	97.9	98.
64	Paper, paperboard, and articles of paper, pulp,													
	and paperboard	103.7	102.7	101.7	99.9	99.3	98.6	97.6	96.1	95.0	93.7	93.4	92.5	91.
66	Nonmetallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s	99.7	99.4	99.3	99.1	99.3	97.5	97.2	97.5	97.2	97.0	96.9	96.9	97
68	Nonferrous metals	96.1	95.3	91.0	83.4	82.2	78.7	73.7	73.8	76.4	77.2	76.9	79.2	79
69	Manufactures of metals, n.e.s.	100.0	100.1	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.7	99.5	99.0	99.0	98.5	98.5	98.2	98
7	Machinery and transport equipment	98.5	98.5	98.2	98.1	98.0	98.0	97.9	97.7	97.4	97.2	97.1	97.2	97
72	Machinery specialized for particular industries	99.2	99.1	98.5	98.6	99.1	99.2	99.0	98.7	98.5	98.5	98.5	98.6	98
74	General industrial machines and parts, n.e.s.,	00.2	00.1	00.0	00.0	00.1	00.2	00.0	00.7	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	"
	and machine parts	98.3	98.2	98.0	97.8	98.0	98.7	98.1	97.8	98.1	97.5	97.5	97.6	97
75	Computer equipment and office machines	93.9	93.6	92.1	91.7	90.0	89.1	89.0	88.8	88.6	88.2	88.1	88.2	88
76	Telecommunications and sound recording and													
	reproducing apparatus and equipment	97.1	97.2	97.3	97.1	96.8	96.5	96.4	96.3	95.7	95.1	94.8	94.8	94
77	Electrical machinery and equipment	99.2	98.8	98.9	98.7	98.6	98.7	98.6	97.0	96.9	97.0	96.8	97.0	97
78	Road vehicles	99.7	99.8	99.7	88.7	100.0	100.3	100.2	100.3	1,001.0	100.2	100.1	100.2	100
85	Footwear	100.2	100.1	100.1	100.5	100.4	99.9	99.9	100.3	99.3	99.6	99.5	99.0	99
88	Photographic apparatus, equipment, and supplies,													
00	and optical goods, n.e.s.	98.8	98.5	97.9	97.9	98.2	98.6	98.5	98.4	97.7	97.3	97.2	97.2	97.

40. U.S. export price indexes by end-use category

[2000 = 100]

Catogory				20	01						2	002	
Category	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
ALL COMMODITIES	99.6	99.4	99.0	98.8	99.0	98.3	97.8	97.6	97.5	97.3	97.6	98.0	98.0
Foods, feeds, and beverages	99.8	100.4	101.7	102.6	102.6	101.2	99.7	100.6	102.0	98.9	99.7	100.3	100.4
Agricultural toods, feeds, and beverages	100.6	101.2	102.4	104.0	103.6	102.2	100.7	101.6	102.6	99.4	100.0	100.8	100.9
Nonagricultural (fish, beverages) food products	92.7	92.6	94.8	90.2	92.9	91.9	90.9	90.4	96.3	94.5	98.3	96.2	96.1
Industrial supplies and materials	98.0	97.2	95.5	94.8	95.2	93.6	92.3	91.4	91.5	91.4	91.9	93.4	93.7
Agricultural industrial supplies and materials	102.1	99.3	98.5	97.2	96.8	93.8	92.1	93.3	92.3	92.9	93.6	93.6	93.0
Fuels and lubricants Nonagricultural supplies and materials,	106.0	102.8	96.9	97.6	103.2	93.6	88.5	83.5	85.6	83.8	85.6	90.3	87.9
excluding fuel and building materials	96.5	96.1	94.9	94.0	93.8	93.4	92.8	92.3	92.3	92.2	92.6	94.0	94.7
Selected building materials	96.3	97.0	97.0	96.8	95.5	95.1	94.4	94.1	94.4	94.4	94.2	94.3	94.1
Capital goods	100.4	100.3	100.2	100.0	100.0	99.7	99.7	99.4	99.1	99.2	99.4	99.5	99.2
Electric and electrical generating equipment	101.7	101.7	101.8	101.5	101.6	101.6	101.6	101.5	102.1	102.0	102.1	101.8	101.8
Nonelectrical machinery	99.4	99.1	98.9	98.6	98.6	98.2	98.1	97.7	97.2	97.3	97.5	97.6	97.3
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines	100.5	100.4	100.5	100.5	100.4	100.5	100.4	100.5	100.7	100.8	100.9	100.7	100.9
Consumer goods, excluding automotive	99.4	99.4	99.5	99.5	99.7	99.7	99.8	99.9	99.5	99.1	99.1	98.9	98.9
Nondurables, manufactured	98.9	99.0	98.9	98.9	99.1	99.0	99.1	99.1	98.2	98.2	98.1	98.2	98.2
Durables, manufactured	99.9	100.0	100.2	100.2	100.4	100.6	100.5	100.5	100.6	99.9	99.7	99.3	99.2
Agricultural commodities	100.8	100.9	101.8	102.8	102.5	100.7	99.2	100.2	100.9	98.3	98.9	99.6	99.5
Nonagricultural commodities	99.5	99.3	98.8	98.5	98.6	98.1	97.7	97.3	97.2	97.2	97.5	97.8	97.8

41. U.S. import price indexes by end-use category

[2000 = 100]

Catagory				20	01						2002		
Category	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
ALL COMMODITIES	98.0	97.6	96.1	96.0	95.9	93.7	92.3	91.4	91.6	91.6	92.8	94.3	94.4
Foods, feeds, and beverages	96.6	95.4	94.4	94.5	95.0	94.5	95.2	94.6	95.7	93.8	95.0	96.0	97.2
Agricultural foods, feeds, and beverages	98.4	97.0	96.7	96.9	97.8	97.8	99.5	98.3	99.9	97.2	99.5	100.9	102.7
Nonagricultural (fish, beverages) food products	92.9	92.2	89.7	89.5	89.2	87.8	86.4	86.8	87.0	86.8	85.5	85.5	85.2
Industrial supplies and materials	96.5	95.5	91.4	91.0	91.0	84.3	79.9	77.6	79.1	79.8	84.9	90.3	90.9
Fuels and lubricants	93.4	90.9	84.8	86.0	86.1	72.9	65.7	61.6	64.5	65.9	76.4	87.1	88.4
Petroleum and petroleum products	90.3	89.4	84.6	86.1	86.7	73.4	63.6	59.9	63.0	65.7	76.9	86.7	88.4
Paper and paper base stocks	102.2	100.0	98.0	95.1	93.9	93.1	92.3	90.7	90.0	88.8	88.0	87.0	86.4
Materials associated with nondurable													
supplies and materials	101.4	100.3	98.6	98.0	97.9	98.0	96.7	96.2	96.3	96.0	95.9	97.4	97.8
Selected building materials	100.1	111.1	103.0	102.9	103.7	99.9	96.1	92.9	93.1	96.1	100.7	101.0	99.6
Untinished metals associated with durable goods	94.2	93.6	91.4	87.4	87.1	85.1	82.1	82.1	83.2	83.8	83.8	86.2	86.6
Nonmetals associated with durable goods	100.9	100.6	100.1	100.2	100.4	99.9	98.9	99.0	98.4	97.6	97.2	97.6	96.7
Capital goods	97.8	97.7	97.3	97.1	96.8	96.7	96.5	96.2	95.7	95.4	95.2	95.2	95.1
Electric and electrical generating equipment	101.8	101.8	101.6	101.3	101.4	101.4	101.2	100.6	97.3	96.7	95.5	95.3	94.9
Nonelectrical machinery	96.9	96.7	96.2	96.0	95.6	95.4	95.3	94.9	94.8	94.5	94.4	94.5	94.4
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.9	100.1	100.0	100.1	99.8	100.1	99.9	100.1	99.9
Consumer goods, excluding automotive	99.5	99.3	99.2	99.2	99.1	98.9	98.8	98.7	98.7	98.4	98.2	98.1	98.2
Nondurables, manutactured	100.0	99.8	100.0	100.0	99.6	99.6	99.6	99.7	99.8	99.7	99.2	99.1	99.1
Durables, manufactured	99.0	98.9	98.6	98.6	98.7	98.4	98.3	98.0	97.8	97.4	97.3	97.2	97.2
Nonmanutactured consumer goods	99.6	99.2	97.6	97.4	97.9	95.8	95.7	96.4	95.8	95.7	96.1	95.8	97.6

42. U.S. international price Indexes for selected categories of services

[2000 = 100]

Category		20	00			20	01		2002
Category	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.
Air freight (inbound)	100.7	100.1	100.2	99.0	97.9	95.1	94.9	95.2	93.8
Air freight (outbound)	99.2	100.3	100.2	100.2	100.1	98.0	97.6	97.9	95.3
Air passenger fares (U.S. carriers)	95.8	101.2	103.1	99.9	101.9	106.4	107.6	103.5	103.3
Air passenger tares (toreign carriers)	97.1	102.1	103.2	97.6	100.7	103.8	110.2	100.8	99.4
Ocean liner freight (inbound)	96.6	101.3	101.1	101.0	102.8	100.8	98.1	93.6	91.7

Current Labor Statistics: Productivity Data

43. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, and unit costs, quarterly data seasonally adjusted [1992 = 100]

Item	1999					20	00			20	01		2002
	ı	II	III	IV	ı	II	III	IV	ı	I	III	IV	ı
Business													
Output per hour of all persons	112.7	112.5	113.6	115.2	115.3	117.2	117.3	117.9	117.5	117.4	117.9	120.1	122.5
Compensation per hour	124.1	124.3	123.4	127.0	131.4	132.4	135.0	136.8	137.3	137.5	137.8	138.3	139.0
Real compensation per hour	107.7	107.1	107.3	107.8	110.5	110.5	111.7	111.9	111.8	111.0	111.1	111.6	112.2
Unit labor costs	110.2	110.5	110.4	110.2	114.0	113.0	115.1	115.6	116.9	117.1	116.8	115.1	113.9
Unit nonlabor payments	112.9	113.2	114.1	115.3	110.7	114.1	111.2	112.0	112.3	113.6	115.5	117.2	119.6
Implicit price deflator	111.2	111.5	111.8	112.1	112.8	113.4	113.7	114.3	115.2	115.8	116.4	115.9	116.0
Nonfarm business													
Output per hour of all persons	112.1	111.9	112.9	114.7	114.7	116.4	116.6	117.1	116.7	116.6	117.2	119.3	121.8
Compensation per hour	123.2	123.4	124.5	126.3	130.8	131.5	134.5	135.3	136.3	136.3	136.7	137.2	138.4
Real compensation per hour	106.9	106.3	106.6	107.2	110.2	109.8	111.1	111.2	110.9	110.1	110.2	110.7	111.3
Unit labor costs	109.9	0.3	110.3	110.1	113.0	113.0	115.2	115.6	116.8	116.9	116.6	115.0	113.6
Unit nonlabor payments	114.3	113.8	115.8	117.0	112.3	115.6	112.8	113.4	113.8	115.3	117.2	119.2	121.3
Implicit price deflator	111.5	111.9	112.3	112.6	223.4	113.9	114.3	114.8	115.7	116.3	116.8	116.5	116.4
Nonfinancial corporations													
Output per hour of all employees	114.3	114.5	114.6	115.2	116.7	116.8	117.6	117.3	116.6	117.3	118.2	121.3	122.8
Compensation per hour	120.2	120.4	121.2	122.7	126.9	127.8	130.4	`2`.7	131.3	131.9	132.7	133.6	134.9
Real compensation per hour	104.3	103.8	103.7	104.1	106.7	106.6	107.9	108.2	106.9	106.5	107.0	107.8	108.5
lotal unit costs	104.2	104.5	105.4	106.1	107.8	108.9	110.4	111.9	112.9	113.3	113.7	111.8	111.6
Unit labor costs	105.1	105.2	105.7	106.5	108.7	109.4	110.9	112.2	112.6	12.5	112.3	110.2	109.9
Unit nonlabor costs	101.6	102.6	104.6	105.1	105.4	107.7	108.9	111.0	113.7	115.6	117.6	116.2	116.0
Unit profits	137.1	135.5	127.8	126.5	120.5	120.4	111.4	110.4	94.9	97.2	99.7	109.6	109.4
Unit nonlabor payments	110.7	111.0	110.5	110.6	109.3	110.9	109.5	108.3	108.9	110.9	113.1	114.5	114.3
Implicit price deflator	106.9	107.1	107.3	107.8	108.9	209.9	110.5	110.9	111.4	112.0	112.5	111.6	111.4
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	128.0	128.8	129.8	132.1	133.6	134.9	135.4	135.9	135.4	135.4	136.4	137.6	140.9
Compensation per hour	120.6	120.9	122.6	124.2	131.4	129.3	132.2	131.5	132.0	133.0	133.3	134.3	136.5
Real compensation per hour	103.7	104.2	104.9	105.4	110.5	107.9	109.4	108.0	107.4	107.4	107.5	108.3	109.6
Unit labor costs	94.3	93.9	94.4	94.0	98.4	95.9	97.7	96.7	97.5	98.2	97.8	97.6	96.9

44. Annual indexes of multifactor productivity and related measures, selected years

[1996 = 100. unless otherwise indicated]

[1996 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]													
ltem	1960	1970	1980	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
Private business													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	45.6	63.0	75.8	90.2	91.3	94.8	95.4	96.6	97.3	100.0	102.0	104.8	104.8
Output per unit of capital services	110.4	111.1	101.5	99.3	96.1	97.7	98.5	100.3	99.7	100.0	100.5	100.1	100.1
Multifactor productivity	65.2	80.0	88.3	95.3	94.4	96.6	97.1	98.1	98.4	100.0	101.1	102.6	102.6
Output	27.5	42.0	59.4	83.6	82.6	85.7	88.5	92.8	95.8	100.0	105.2	110.6	110.6
Inputs:													
Labor input	54.0	61.0	71.9	89.4	88.3	89.3	91.8	95.6	98.0	100.0	103.7	106.4	106.4
Capital services	24.9	37.8	58.6	84.2	86.0	87.7	89.8	92.6	96.0	100.0	104.7	110.4	110.4
Combined units of labor and capital input	42.3	52.4	67.3	87.7	87.5	88.8	91.1	94.6	97.3	100.0	104.0	107.7	107.7
Capital per hour of all persons	41.3	56.7	74.7	90.8	95.0	97.0	96.8	96.3	97.6	100.0	101.5	104.7	104.7
Private nonfarm business													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	48.7	64.9	77.3	90.3	91.4	94.8	95.3	96.5	97.5	100.0	101.7	104.5	104.5
Output per unit of capital services	120.1	118.3	105.7	100.0	96.6	97.9	98.8	100.3	99.9	100.0	100.2	99.8	99.8
Multifactor productivity	69.1	82.6	90.5	95.6	94.7	96.6	97.1	98.1	98.6	100.0	100.9	102.4	102.4
Output	27.2	41.9	59.6	83.5	82.5	85.5	88.4	92.6	95.8	100.0	105.1	110.6	110.6
Inputs:													
Labor input	50.1	59.3	70.7	89.2	88.0	89.0	91.8	95.4	97.8	100.0	103.8	106.6	106.6
Capital services	22.6	35.5	56.4	83.5	85.4	87.3	89.5	92.3	95.9	100.0	104.9	110.8	110.8
Combined units of labor and capital input	39.3	50.7	65.9	87.3	87.1	88.4	91.0	94.4	97.2	100.0	104.2	108.0	108.0
Capital per hour of all persons	40.5	54.8	73.1	90.3	94.7	96.8	96.5	96.3	97.6	100.0	101.5	104.7	104.7
Manufacturing (1992 = 100)													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	41.8	54.2	70.1	92.8	95.0	100.0	101.9	105.0	109.0	112.8	117.1	124.3	124.3
Output per unit of capital services	124.3	116.5	100.9	101.6	97.5	100.0	101.1	104.0	105.0	104.5	105.6	106.5	106.5
Multifactor productivity	72.7	84.4	86.6	99.3	98.3	100.0	100.4	102.6	105.0	106.1	109.8	113.2	113.2
Output	38.5	56.5	75.3	97.3	95.4	100.0	103.3	108.7	113.4	116.9	123.5	130.7	130.7
Inputs:													
Hours of all persons	92.0	104.2	107.5	104.8	100.4	100.0	101.4	103.6	104.0	103.7	105.5	105.2	105.2
Capital services	30.9	48.5	74.7	95.8	97.9	100.0	102.2	104.5	108.0	111.9	116.9	122.8	122.8
Energy	51.3	85.4	92.5	99.9	100.1	100.0	103.7	107.3	109.5	107.0	103.9	109.2	109.2
Nonenergy materials	38.2	44.8	75.0	92.5	93.6	100.0	105.7	111.3	112.8	120.4	120.4	127.2	127.2
Purchased business services	28.2	48.8	73.7	92.5	92.1	100.0	103.0	105.1	110.0	108.9	114.2	116.8	116.8
Combined units of all factor inputs	52.9	67.0	87.0	98.0	97.0	100.0	102.9	106.0	107.9	110.2	112.5	115.5	115.5

Current Labor Statistics: Productivity Data

45. Annual indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, selected years

[1992 = 100]

ltem	1960	1970	1980	1990	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Business													
Output per hour of all persons	48.8	67.0	80.4	95.2	100.5	101.9	102.6	105.4	107.8	110.6	113.5	116.9	118.2
Compensation per hour	13.7	23.5	54.2	90.7	102.5	104.5	106.7	110.1	113.5	119.7	125.2	133.8	137.7
Real compensation per hour	59.8	78.6	89.2	96.3	100.0	99.9	99.6	100.1	101.0	105.0	107.6	111.2	111.4
Unit labor costs	28.0	35.1	67.4	95.3	101.9	102.6	104.1	104.5	105.3	108.2	110.3	114.4	116.5
Unit nonlabor payments	25.2	31.6	61.5	93.9	102.5	106.4	109.4	113.3	117.1	114.5	113.9	112.0	114.7
Implicit price deflator	27.0	33.9	65.2	94.8	102.2	104.0	106.0	107.7	109.7	110.6	111.8	1113.5	115.8
Nonfarm business													
Output per hour of all persons	51.9	68.9	82.0	95.3	100.5	101.8	102.8	105.4	107.5	110.3	112.9	116.2	117.5
Compensation per hour	14.3	23.7	54.6	90.5	102.2	104.3	106.6	109.8	113.1	119.1	124.3	133.0	136.6
Real compensation per hour	62.6	79.2	89.8	96.2	99.7	99.7	99.4	99.8	100.6	104.5	106.8	110.6	110.5
Unit labor costs	27.5	34.4	66.5	95.0	101.7	102.5	103.7	104.2	105.2	108.0	110.1	114.4	116.3
Unit nonlabor payments	24.6	31.3	60.5	93.6	103.0	106.9	110.4	113.5	118.0	115.7	115.5	113.5	116.4
Implicit price deflator	26.5	33.3	64.3	94.5	102.2	104.1	106.1	107.6	109.8	110.8	112.1	114.1	116.3
Nonfinancial corporations													
Output per hour of all employees	55.4	70.4	81.1	95.4	100.7	103.1	104.2	107.5	108.4	111.7	114.7	117.1	118.3
Compensation per hour	15.6	25.3	56.4	90.8	102.0	104.2	106.2	109.0	110.3	116.0	121.1	129.2	132.4
Real compensation per hour	68.1	84.4	92.9	96.5	99.6	99.6	99.0	99.0	98.1	101.7	104.1	107.4	107.0
lotal unit costs	26.8	34.8	68.4	95.9	101.0	101.1	102.0	101.2	101.5	103.3	105.1	109.8	112.9
Unit labor costs	28.1	35.9	69.6	95.2	101.3	101.0	101.9	101.4	101.8	103.8	105.6	110.3	111.9
Unit nonlabor costs	23.3	31.9	65.1	98.0	100.2	101.3	102.2	100.6	100.9	102.2	103.5	108.3	115.8
Unit protits	50.2	44.4	68.8	94.3	113.2	131.7	139.0	152.2	156.9	141.7	131.7	113.2	100.5
Unit nonlabor payments	30.2	35.1	66.0	97.1	103.5	109.0	111.6	113.8	115.2	112.3	110.7	109.5	111.8
Implicit price deflator	28.8	35.6	68.4	95.8	102.1	103.7	105.1	105.5	106.2	106.6	107.3	110.0	111.9
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	41.8	54.2	70.1	92.9	101.9	105.0	109.0	112.8	117.6	123.3	129.7	134.9	136.2
Compensation per hour	14.9	23.7	55.6	90.8	102.7	105.6	107.9	109.4	111.5	117.4	122.1	131.1	133.1
Real compensation per hour	65.0	79.2	91.4	96.4	100.2	101.0	100.6	99.4	99.1	103.0	104.9	109.0	107.7
Unit labor costs	35.6	43.8	79.3	97.8	100.8	100.7	99.0	96.9	94.8	95.2	94.1	97.2	97.8
Unit nonlabor payments	26.8	29.3	80.2	99.8	100.9	102.8	106.9	109.9	110.0	103.7	104.9	107.0	-
Implicit price detlator	30.2	35.0	79.9	99.0	100.9	102.0	103.9	104.8	104.1	100.4	100.7	103.2	_

Dash indicates data not available.

46. Annual indexes of output per hour for selected 3-digit SIC industries

Mining	[1987=100]												
Copper ones	Industry	SIC	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Copper ones													
Gals and salver ones. 104 1922 127.4 141.6 199.8 160.8 146.2 180.3 155.5 187.6 187.5 187.6 187.5 187.6 187.5 187.6 187.5 187.6 187.5 187.6 187.5 187.6 187.5 187.	_	102	102.7	100.5	115.2	118 1	126.0	117.2	116.5	118 0	1183	110.0	122.6
Billiminions cans and ligner mining													
Cuche perfolemen and risurual gas													
Most products	•												
Manufacturing													
Mest products. 201 97.1 98.6 104.6 104.3 101.2 102.3 97.4 102.5 102.3 101.8 102.9 Data y products. 202 107.3 108.3 111.4 105.6 106.8 110.8 110.8 102.9 Data y products. 202 107.3 108.3 111.4 105.5 106.8 110.8 11		142	102.2	99.0	103.0	103.0	100.7	103.4	107.2	112.0	110.2	103.0	101.9
Dary products.		201	07.1	00.6	104.6	104.3	101.2	102.3	07.4	102.5	102.3	101.9	102.0
Preserved furts and vegetables													
Grain milli products. 204 105.4 104.9 107.8 109.2 109.4 108.4 115.4 108.0 119.2 126.2 129.3 127.5 Sugar and confectionery products. 206 103.2 102.0 90.8 90.8 90.8 90.8 90.8 Miccollamocou food and kindred products. 207 107.1 105	* *												
Sugar and confectionery products	ě .												
Sugar and confectionery products 206 103.2 102.0 99.8 104.5 106.2 108.3 113.7 116.7 123.0 127.0 130.5 Faits and oils 207 118.1 120.1 114.1 112.6 111.8 120.3 110.1 120.2 137.3 154.4 154.4 154.6 118.8 120.3 110.1 120.2 137.3 156.4 154.4 154.6 118.8 120.3 110.1 120.2 137.3 156.4 154.4 154.6 118.8 120.3 110.1 120.2 137.3 156.4 157.4 156.6 118.6 120.3 110.1 120.2 137.3 156.4 157.4 156.6 118.6 120.3 110.1 120.2 137.3 156.4 157.4 157.6 118.6 105.5 126.6 120.3 120.3 120.2 137.3 156.4 157.4 157.6 118.6 105.5 126.6 120.3 120.2 137.3 152.2 137.7 132.5 130.2	•												
Fals and oils 808 117.0 110.1 120.1 114.1 112.6 111.8 120.3 110.1 120.2 137.3 154.4 151.4 808 117.0 200 127.1 126.4 130.1 133.5 133.5 133.5 133.6 133.5 133.6 133.5 133.6 133.5 1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,												
Bewerages													
Michaelmeous boad and kindred products. 209 992 1017 1015 1052 1029 1021 1040 1040 1042 1124 1139 1152 1132 1076 1116 1065 1266 1429 1472 1272 1373 1381 1333 1402 1373 1381 1383 1402 1373 1381 1383 1402 1344 1345 1476 1622 1386 1775 1476 1476 1472 1393 1402 1345 1345 1476 1622 1386 1775 1476 1476 1476 1476 1477 14													
Broadword fabric mills, cotton	•												
Broadwoven fabric mills, colton	•												
Broadwoven fabric mills, mannande	Cigarettes	211	113.2	107.6	111.6	106.5	126.6	142.9	147.2	147.2	152.2	137.7	139.1
Broadwoven fabric mills, mannade	Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	221	103 1	111 2	110.3	117.8	122 1	134 0	137.3	131 2	136.2	139.3	140.2
Narrow fibric mills													
Knitting mills.													
Taciliar finishing, except wool													
Yarn and thread mills													
Yarn and thread mills													
Miscelaneous texile goods	-												
Mon's and boys' furnishings													
Women's and misses' outerwear													
Women's and children's undergaments. 234 102.1 113.7 117.4 124.5 138.0 161.3 174.5 208.9 216.4 294.7 352.3 146s. caps, and millinery. 235 89.2 91.1 93.6 87.2 77.7 84.3 82.2 87.1 98.7 99.3 106.1 Miscollaneous apparel and accessories. 238 99.6 91.8 91.3 93.6 87.2 77.7 84.3 82.2 87.1 98.7 99.3 106.1 106.5 108.0 105.8 111.3 Miscollaneous apparel and accessories. 238 99.9 100.7 107.5 108.5 107.8 109.2 105.6 119.2 117.3 128.8 132.5 28.2 8.2 11.3 10.2 115.6 116.9 118.7 125.4 124.4 111.2 113.1 109.4 100.1 10.9 106.1 106.7 106.2 106.5 119.2 117.3 128.8 132.5 124.2 115.4 124.4 111.2 113.1 109.4 100.1 10.9 106.1 106.7 106.2 106.5 103.9 104.6 Miscollaneous and mobile homes. 244 111.2 113.1 109.4 100.1 10.0 106.1 106.7 106.2 106.5 103.9 104.6 Miscollaneous wood products. 249 107.7 110.5 114.2 115.3 111.8 115.4 114.4 123.4 131.2 140.7 140.5 106.6 Miscollaneous wood products. 249 107.7 110.5 110.6 112.5 116.9 121.6 121.3 125.7 128.9 128.4 100.4 100.1 100.9 106.1 106.7 106.2 106.5 103.9 103.4 104.6 Miscollaneous wood products. 249 107.7 110.5 110.6 112.5 116.9 121.6 121.3 125.7 128.9 128.4 100.4 100.1 100.9 106.1 106.7 106.2 106.5 103.9 103.4 106.5 103.9 103.4 106.5 103.9 103.4 106.5 103.9 103.4 106.5 103.9 103.4 103.5 103.4 103.5 103.8 103.5 103.8 103.5 103.5 103.9 103.5 1													
Hals, caps, and millinery	Women's and misses' outerwear	233	104.1	104.3	109.4	121.8	127.4	135.5	141.6	149.9	151.9	173.9	189.9
Hals, caps, and millinery	Women's and children's undergarments	234	102.1	113.7	117.4	124.5	138.0	161.3	174.5	208.9	216.4	294.7	352.3
Miscellaneous apparel and accessories 238 90.6 91.8 91.3 34.0 105.5 118.8 120.1 101.5 108.0 106.8 118.8 120.1 101.5 108.0 106.5 118.8 120.1 101.5 108.5 107.8 108.5 107.8 108.5 118.8 120.1 101.5 118.8 122.1 117.3 128.8 132.5 24.2 99.8 102.6 108.1 101.9 103.3 110.2 115.6 116.9 118.7 125.4 124.4 Milwork, plywood, and structural members													
Miscellaneous fabricated textile products 239 99.9 100.7 107.5 108.5 107.8 109.2 105.6 119.2 117.3 128.8 125.5 124.8			90.6	91.8	91.3	94.0	105.5	116.8	120.1	101.5	108.0	105.8	111.3
Milwork, plywood, and structural members		239	99.9	100.7	107.5	108.5	107.8	109.2	105.6	119.2	117.3	128.8	132.5
Wood containers 244		242	99.8	102.6	108.1	101.9	103.3	110.2	115.6	116.9	118.7	125.4	124.4
Wood containers 244	Millional phase of and atmestical manch are	242	00.0	00.0	00.0	07.0	04.5	00.7	00.4	00.4	04.0	00.0	01.4
Wood buildings and mobile homes 245 103.1 103.0 103.1 103.8 98.3 97.0 96.7 100.3 99.2 100.3 94.6 Miscellaneous wood products. 249 107.7 110.5 114.2 115.3 111.8 115.4 113.4 123.4 131.2 140.7 146.5 Household furniture 251 104.5 107.1 110.5 110.6 112.5 116.9 121.6 121.3 125.7 128.9 128.4 Office furniture 252 95.0 94.1 102.5 103.2 100.5 101.1 106.4 118.3 113.1 108.9 111.2 Public building and related furniture 253 119.8 120.2 140.6 161.0 157.4 173.3 181.5 214.9 207.6 222.4 202.0 Patritions and fixtures 259 103.5 102.7 107.7 101.0 113.2 110.7 121.1 126.6 125.9 131.9 132.6 82.3 166.6 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>													
Miscellaneous wood products. 249 107.7 110.5 114.2 115.3 111.8 115.4 114.4 123.4 131.2 140.7 146.5 Household furniture. 251 104.5 107.1 110.5 110.6 112.5 116.9 121.6 121.3 125.7 128.9 128.4 Office furniture. 252 95.0 94.1 102.5 103.2 100.5 101.1 106.4 118.3 113.1 108.9 111.2 Upblic building and related furniture. 253 119.8 120.2 100.5 101.1 106.4 118.3 113.1 108.9 111.9 Wiscellaneous furniture and fixtures. 254 95.6 93.0 102.1 99.5 103.6 104.7 140.7 140.7 141.1 125.9 131.9 132.6 121.1 125.6 125.9 131.9 131.9 132.6 121.1 125.6 125.9 131.9 132.6 121.1 125.6 125.9 131.9 132.6 121.1 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>													
Household furniture													
Office furniture. 252 95.0 94.1 102.5 103.2 100.5 101.1 106.4 118.3 113.1 108.9 111.2 Public building and related furniture. 253 119.8 120.2 140.6 161.0 157.4 173.3 181.5 214.9 207.6 222.4 202.0 Partitions and fixtures. 259 103.5 102.1 199.5 103.6 104.7 110.0 113.2 110.7 121.9 119.1 110.5 121.9 119.1 110.0 113.2 110.7 121.9 119.1 110.5 102.1 110.5 102.1 199.5 103.6 104.7 110.0 113.2 110.7 112.9 119.1 110.5 111.0 113.2 110.2 118.6 111.6 112.0 114.8 126.2 133.5 122.1 199.5 103.6 104.7 110.2 118.6 111.6 112.0 114.8 126.2 133.5 122.1 109.8 10.8 103.2 102.9 <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	•												
Public building and related furniture. 253 119,8 120,2 140,6 161,0 157,4 173,3 181,5 214,9 207,6 222,4 202,0 202,0 202,0 203,0 2	Tiouseriola furniture	231	104.5	107.1	110.5	110.0	112.5	110.5	121.0	121.5	120.7	120.5	120.4
Partitions and fixtures	Office furniture		95.0	94.1	102.5	103.2	100.5	101.1					
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures 259 103.5 102.1 99.5 103.6 104.7 110.0 113.2 110.7 121.9 119.1 110.5 Pulp mills 261 116.7 128.3 137.3 122.5 128.9 131.9 132.6 82.3 86.6 84.8 78.8 Paper mills 262 102.3 99.2 103.3 102.4 110.2 118.6 111.6 112.0 114.8 126.2 133.5 Paperboard mills 263 100.6 101.4 104.4 104.4 114.9 119.5 118.0 126.7 127.8 134.9 135.3 Miscellaneous converted paper products 267 101.4 105.3 105.5 107.9 110.6 113.3 113.6 119.5 112.0 126.0 128.3 Newspapers 271 90.6 85.8 81.5 79.4 79.9 79.0 77.4 79.0 83.6 86.0 88.3 Periodicals 272 93.	Public building and related furniture												
Pulp mills 261 116.7 128.3 137.3 122.5 128.9 131.9 132.6 82.3 86.6 84.8 78.8 Paper mills 262 102.3 99.2 103.3 102.4 110.2 118.6 111.6 112.0 114.8 126.2 133.5 Paperboard mills 263 100.6 101.4 104.4 108.4 114.9 119.5 118.0 126.7 127.8 134.9 135.3 Miscellaneous converted paper products. 265 101.3 103.4 105.5 107.9 110.6 113.3 113.5 111.9 112.0 118.0 126.7 127.8 134.9 135.3 Newspapers. 271 90.6 85.8 81.5 79.4 79.9 79.0 77.4 79.0 83.6 86.0 88.3 Periodicals. 272 93.9 89.5 92.9 89.5 81.9 87.8 89.1 100.1 112.2 111.2 109.9 Books.	Partitions and fixtures					107.4	98.9	101.2	97.5		125.6	125.9	
Paper mills 262 102.3 99.2 103.3 102.4 110.2 118.6 111.6 112.0 114.8 126.2 133.5 Paperboard mills 263 100.6 101.4 104.4 108.4 114.9 119.5 118.0 126.7 127.8 134.9 135.3 Paperboard containers and boxes 265 101.3 103.4 105.2 107.9 108.4 105.1 106.3 109.7 113.5 111.9 112.9 Miscellaneous converted paper products 267 101.4 105.3 105.5 107.9 110.6 113.3 113.6 119.5 123.0 126.0 128.3 Newspapers 271 90.6 85.8 81.5 79.4 79.9 79.0 77.4 79.0 83.6 86.0 88.8 Periodicals 227 93.9 89.5 92.9 89.5 81.9 87.8 89.1 100.1 112.2 111.2 119.2 Books 273													
Paperboard mills	Pulp mills	261	116.7	128.3	137.3	122.5	128.9	131.9	132.6	82.3	86.6	84.8	78.8
Paperboard mills	Paner mills	262	102 3	99.2	103.3	102.4	110.2	118 6	1116	112 0	114 8	126.2	133.5
Paperboard containers and boxes 265 101.3 103.4 105.2 107.9 108.4 105.1 106.3 109.7 113.5 111.9 112.9 Miscellaneous converted paper products 267 101.4 105.3 105.5 107.9 110.6 113.3 119.5 123.0 126.0 128.3 Newspapers 271 90.6 85.8 81.5 79.4 79.9 79.0 77.4 79.0 83.6 86.0 88.3 Periodicals 272 93.9 89.5 92.9 89.5 81.9 87.8 89.1 100.1 112.2 111.2 109.9 Books 273 96.6 100.8 97.7 103.5 101.0 99.3 102.6 100.9 106.1 106.1 109.9 100.6 100.9 106.1 106.9 106.1 109.9 100.6 109.9 106.5 107.2 108.0 109.9 106.5 107.2 108.3 108.8 109.9 115.0 116.1 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>													
Miscellaneous converted paper products. 267 101.4 105.3 105.5 107.9 110.6 113.3 113.6 119.5 123.0 126.0 128.3 Newspapers. 271 90.6 85.8 81.5 79.4 79.9 77.4 79.0 83.6 86.0 88.3 Periodicals. 272 93.9 89.5 92.9 89.5 81.9 87.8 89.1 100.1 112.2 111.2 109.9 Books. 273 96.6 100.8 97.7 103.5 103.0 101.6 99.3 102.6 100.9 106.1 106.1 Miscellaneous publishing. 274 92.2 95.9 105.8 104.5 97.5 94.8 93.6 114.5 119.4 127.2 127.8 Commercial printing. 275 102.5 102.0 108.0 106.9 106.5 107.2 108.3 108.8 109.9 115.0 118.7 Manifold business forms. 276 93.0 89.1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>													
Newspapers													
Books													
Books													
Miscellaneous publishing. 274 92.2 95.9 105.8 104.5 97.5 94.8 93.6 114.5 119.4 127.2 127.8 Commercial printing. 275 102.5 102.0 108.0 106.9 106.5 107.2 108.3 108.8 109.9 115.0 118.7 Manifold business forms. 276 93.0 89.1 94.5 91.1 82.0 76.9 75.2 77.9 76.7 70.6 69.4 Greeting cards. 277 100.6 92.7 96.7 91.4 89.0 92.5 90.8 92.2 104.1 109.3 105.1 Blankbooks and bookbinding. 278 99.4 96.1 103.6 98.7 105.4 108.7 114.5 114.2 116.5 123.3 126.2 Printing trade services. 279 99.3 100.6 112.0 115.3 111.0 116.7 126.2 123.3 126.2 123.3 126.2 123.3 126.2 121.5 <t></t>													
Commercial printing 275 102.5 102.0 108.0 106.9 106.5 107.2 108.3 108.8 109.9 115.0 118.7 Manifold business forms 276 93.0 89.1 94.5 91.1 82.0 76.9 75.2 77.9 76.7 70.6 69.4 Greeting cards 277 100.6 92.7 96.7 91.4 89.0 92.5 90.8 92.2 104.1 109.3 105.1 Blankbooks and bookbinding 278 99.4 96.1 103.6 98.7 105.4 108.7 114.5 114.2 116.5 123.8 126.2 Printing trade services 279 99.3 100.6 112.0 115.3 111.0 116.7 126.2 123.3 126.7 121.5 119.6 Industrial inorganic chemicals 281 106.8 109.7 109.7 105.6 102.3 109.3 110.1 116.8 145.8 144.5 141.3 Plastics materials and synthetics													
Manifold business forms. 276 93.0 89.1 94.5 91.1 82.0 76.9 75.2 77.9 76.7 70.6 69.4 Greeting cards. 277 100.6 92.7 96.7 91.4 89.0 92.5 90.8 92.2 104.1 109.3 105.1 Blankbooks and bookbinding. 278 99.4 96.1 103.6 98.7 105.4 108.7 114.5 114.2 116.5 123.8 126.2 Printing trade services. 279 99.3 100.6 112.0 115.3 111.0 116.7 126.2 123.3 126.7 121.5 119.6 Industrial inorganic chemicals. 281 106.8 109.7 109.7 105.6 102.3 109.3 110.1 116.8 145.8 144.5 144.2 148.6 151.0 Drugs. 282 100.9 100.0 107.5 112.0 125.3 128.3 125.3 135.4 142.2 148.6 151.0 Drugs.													
Greeting cards													
Blankbooks and bookbinding. 278 99.4 96.1 103.6 98.7 105.4 108.7 114.5 114.2 116.5 123.8 126.2 Printing trade services. 279 99.3 100.6 112.0 115.3 111.0 116.7 126.2 123.3 126.7 121.5 119.6 Industrial inorganic chemicals. 281 106.8 109.7 109.7 105.6 102.3 109.3 110.1 116.8 145.8 145.8 144.5 141.3 Plastics materials and synthetics. 282 100.9 100.0 107.5 112.0 125.3 128.3 125.3 135.4 142.2 148.6 151.0 Drugs						•							
Printing trade services. 279 99.3 100.6 112.0 115.3 111.0 116.7 126.2 123.3 126.7 121.5 119.6 Industrial inorganic chemicals. 281 106.8 109.7 109.7 105.6 102.3 109.3 110.1 116.8 145.8 148.5 141.3 Plastics materials and synthetics. 282 100.9 100.0 107.5 112.0 125.3 128.3 125.3 135.4 142.2 148.6 151.0 Drugs	Greeting cards												
Industrial inorganic chemicals 281 106.8 109.7 109.7 105.6 102.3 109.3 110.1 116.8 145.8 148.5 141.3 Plastics materials and synthetics 282 100.9 100.0 107.5 112.0 125.3 128.3 125.3 135.4 142.2 148.6 151.0 Drugs													
Plastics materials and synthetics. 282 100.9 100.0 107.5 112.0 125.3 128.3 125.3 135.4 142.2 148.6 151.0 Drugs													
Drugs													
Soaps, cleaners, and toilet goods 284 103.8 105.3 104.4 108.7 111.2 118.6 120.9 126.4 122.7 114.8 124.8 Paints and allied products 285 106.3 104.4 102.9 108.8 116.7 118.0 125.6 126.4 126.8 122.7 124.6 Industrial organic chemicals 286 101.4 95.8 94.6 92.2 99.9 98.6 99.0 111.3 105.7 120.6 127.8 Agricultural chemicals 287 104.7 99.5 99.5 103.8 105.0 108.5 110.0 119.8 118.0 104.6 112.0	Plastics materials and synthetics	282	100.9	100.0	107.5	112.0	125.3	128.3	125.3	135.4	142.2	148.6	151.0
Soaps, cleaners, and toilet goods 284 103.8 105.3 104.4 108.7 111.2 118.6 120.9 126.4 122.7 114.8 124.8 Paints and allied products 285 106.3 104.4 102.9 108.8 116.7 118.0 125.6 126.4 126.8 122.7 124.6 Industrial organic chemicals 286 101.4 95.8 94.6 92.2 99.9 98.6 99.0 111.3 105.7 120.6 127.8 Agricultural chemicals 287 104.7 99.5 99.5 103.8 105.0 108.5 110.0 119.8 118.0 104.6 112.0	Drugs	283	103.8	104.5	99.5	99.7	104.6	108.7	112.5	112.4	104.3	105.6	106.2
Paints and allied products 285 106.3 104.3 102.9 108.8 116.7 118.0 125.6 126.4 126.8 122.7 124.6 Industrial organic chemicals 286 101.4 95.8 94.6 92.2 99.9 98.6 99.0 111.3 105.7 120.6 127.8 Agricultural chemicals 287 104.7 99.5 99.5 103.8 105.0 108.5 110.0 119.8 118.0 104.6 112.0													
Industrial organic chemicals. 286 101.4 95.8 94.6 92.2 99.9 98.6 99.0 111.3 105.7 120.6 127.8 Agricultural chemicals. 287 104.7 99.5 99.5 103.8 105.0 108.5 110.0 119.8 118.0 104.6 112.0	•												
Agricultural chemicals	•												
	•												
Con featurates at and of table													

Current Labor Statistics: Productivity Data

46. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected 3-digit SIC industries [1987=100]

Industry	SIC	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
-												
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	97.3	96.1	101.8	107.1	105.7	107.8	110.1	120.3	120.8	123.3	125.6
Petroleum refining	291	109.2	106.6	111.3	120.1	123.8	132.3	142.0	149.2	155.8	170.2	180.2
Asphalt paving and roofing materials	295	98.0	94.1	100.4	108.0	104.9	111.2	113.1	123.1	124.7	123.4	126.1
Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products	299	94.8	90.6	101.5	104.2	96.3	87.4	87.1	96.5	98.5	86.5	82.9
Tires and inner tubes	301	103.0	102.4	107.8	116.5	124.1	131.1	138.8	149.1	144.1	142.1	145.9
Hose and belting and gaskets and packing	305	96.1	92.4	97.8	99.7	102.7	104.6	107.4	113.5	112.7	110.6	115.4
Fabricated rubber products, n.e.c	306	109.0	109.9	115.2	123.1	119.1	121.5	121.0	125.3	132.3	136.9	144.7
Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c	308	105.7	108.3	114.4	116.7	120.8	121.0	124.7	129.9	133.8	140.9	145.4
Footwear, except rubber		101.1	94.4	104.2	105.2	113.0	117.1	126.1	121.4	110.9	132.6	146.2
Flat glass	321	84.5	83.6	92.7	97.7	97.6	99.6	101.5	107.6	114.0	129.4	140.4
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown Products of purchased glass	322 323	104.8 92.6	102.3 97.7	108.9 101.5	108.7 106.2	112.9 105.9	115.7 106.1	121.4 122.0	128.3 125.1	135.2 122.0	139.3 130.2	135.8 137.2
Cement, hydraulic		112.4	108.3	115.1	119.9	125.6	124.3	128.7	133.1	134.1	138.6	136.9
Structural clay products	325	109.6	100.3	111.4	106.8	114.0	112.6	119.6	111.9	114.8	123.5	124.8
Pottery and related products	326	98.7	95.9	99.5	100.3	108.5	109.4	119.4	124.2	127.4	122.0	121.2
		400.0	404.0									
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	102.3	101.2	102.5	104.6	101.5	104.5	107.3	107.6	112.8	111.1	105.1
Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products	329	95.4 109.7	94.0 107.8	104.3 117.0	104.5 133.6	106.3 142.4	107.8 142.6	110.4	114.7	114.9 151.0	113.3	116.1 160.1
Blast furnace and basic steel products Iron and steel foundries	331 332	109.7	107.8	107.2	112.1	113.0	112.7	147.5 116.2	155.0 120.8	121.1	155.6 128.9	132.1
Primary nonferrous metals	333	100.1	1104.3	107.2	107.9	105.3	111.0	110.2	112.0	118.9	117.7	111.9
			24.0	20.0								440.0
Nonferrous rolling and drawing Nonferrous foundries (castings)	335	92.7 104.0	91.0	96.0 103.6	98.3	101.2	99.2	104.0 122.3	111.3	115.7	121.4	118.0 129.7
` ",	336 339	113.7	103.6 109.1	114.5	108.5 111.3	112.1 134.5	117.8 152.2	149.6	127.0 136.2	131.5 140.0	129.8 149.0	154.3
Miscellaneous primary metal products Metal cans and shipping containers	341	117.6	122.9	127.8	132.3	140.9	144.2	155.2	160.3	163.8	157.9	159.5
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware	342	97.3	96.8	100.1	104.0	109.2	111.3	118.2	114.6	115.7	121.9	125.4
Plumbing and heating, except electric	343	102.6	102.0	98.4	102.0	109.1	109.2	118.6	127.3	130.5	125.7	132.2
Fabricated structural metal products	344	98.8	100.0	103.9	104.8	107.7	105.8	106.5	111.9	112.7	112.8	112.8
Metal forgings and stampings	346	95.6	92.9	103.7	108.7	108.5	109.3	113.6	120.2	125.9	128.3	129.8
Metal services, n.e.c	347	104.7	99.4	111.6	120.6	123.0	127.7	128.4	124.4	127.3	126.1	135.7
Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c	348	82.1	81.5	88.6	84.6	83.6	87.6	87.5	93.7	96.6	91.0	92.8
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	349	97.5	97.4	101.1	102.0	103.2	106.6	108.3	107.7	111.6	109.3	109.2
Engines and turbines	351	106.5	105.8	103.3	109.2	122.3	122.7	136.6	136.9	146.1	151.5	164.5
Farm and garden machinery	352	116.5	112.9	113.9	118.6	125.0	134.7	137.2	141.2	148.5	128.6	139.6
Construction and related machinery	353	107.0 101.1	99.1	102.0 104.3	108.2	117.7 109.9	122.1	123.3	132.5	137.6 119.8	133.6	139.8
Metalworking machinery	354	101.1	96.4	104.3	107.4	109.9	114.8	114.9	119.2	119.0	123.0	129.8
Special industry machinery General industrial machinery	355 356	107.5 101.5	108.3 101.6	106.0 101.6	113.6 104.8	121.2 106.7	132.3 109.0	134.0 109.4	131.7 110.0	124.5 111.2	138.6 113.1	172.2 118.7
Computer and office equipment	357	138.1	149.6	195.7	258.6	328.6	469.4	681.3	960.2	1356.6	1862.5	2172.0
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	103.6	100.7	104.9	108.6	110.7	112.7	114.7	115.0	121.4	124.0	122.3
Industrial machinery, n.e.c.	359	107.3	109.0	117.0	118.5	127.4	138.8	141.4	129.3	127.5	135.8	141.8
Electric distribution equipment	361	106.3	106.5	119.6	122.2	131.8	143.0	143.9	142.8	147.5	148.9	155.4
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	107.7	107.1	117.1	132.9	134.9	150.8	154.3	164.2	162.3	158.3	157.0
Household appliances	363	105.8	106.5	115.0	123.4	131.4	127.3	127.4	142.9	150.2	149.5	162.4
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	99.9	97.5	105.7	107.8	113.4	113.7	116.9	121.8	129.2	132.4	134.8
Communications equipment	366	123.8	129.1	154.9	163.1	186.4	200.7	229.5	275.4	284.5	371.9	448.8
Electronic components and accessories	367	133.4	154.7	189.3	217.9	274.0	401.5	515.0	613.4	768.6	1062.6	1440.1
Miscellaneous electrical equipment & supplies	369	90.6	98.6	101.3	108.2	110.5	114.1	123.1	128.3	135.3	147.2	156.0
Motor vehicles and equipment		102.4	96.6	104.2	106.2	108.8	106.7	107.2	116.3	125.2	136.7	127.1
Aircraft and parts	372 373	98.9 103.7	108.2 96.3	112.3 102.7	115.2 105.9	109.5 103.8	107.8 98.1	113.1 99.3	114.7 105.5	140.1 102.5	138.1 113.1	132.2 121.6
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	103.7	90.5	102.7	103.9	103.0	30.1	33.3	103.3	102.5	113.1	121.0
Railroad equipment	374	141.1	146.9	147.9	151.0	152.5	150.0	148.3	184.2	189.1	212.8	218.4
Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts		93.8 116.5	99.8 110.5	108.4 110.5	130.9 119.4	125.1 114.9	120.3 116.9	125.5 125.1	120.4 133.6	127.7 138.9	122.4 156.1	119.4 113.3
Search and navigation equipment	381	112.7	118.9	122.1	129.1	132.1	149.5	142.2	149.5	149.1	149.6	163.7
Measuring and controlling devices	382	106.4	113.1	119.9	124.0	133.8	146.4	150.5	142.4	143.5	152.4	158.5
Medical instruments and supplies	384	116.9	118.7	123.5	127.3	126.7	131.5	139.8	147.4	158.6	160.4	167.0
Ophthalmic goods	385	121.2	125.1	144.5	157.8	160.6	167.2	188.2	196.3	199.0	235.2	250.2
Photographic equipment & supplies	386	107.8	110.2	116.4	126.9	132.7	129.5	128.7	121.5	128.0	160.6	169.4
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		99.3	95.8	96.7	96.7	99.5	100.2	102.6	114.2	113.1	134.3	144.9
Musical instruments	393	97.1	96.9	96.0	95.6	88.7	86.9	78.8	82.9	81.4	97.1	105.3

46. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected 3-digit SIC industries

[1987=100]

Pens, penils, office, and art supplies	Industry	SIC	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies. 395 118.2 118.8 111.3 111.6 129.9 135.2 144.1 127.5 132.5 123.4 105.5 106.5 106.7 106.1 108.1 113.2 113.8 113.2 130.8 130.5 1													
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies. 395 118.2 118.6 111.3 111.6 129.9 335.2 144.1 127.5 132.5 132.4 130.5 131.2 130.8 130.5 130	Toys and sporting goods	394	108.1	109.7	104.9	114.2	109.7	113.6	119.9	125.7	131.6	126.6	140.4
Maintage Maintage													124.9
Transportation	Costume jewelry and notions	396	105.3	106.7	110.8	115.8	129.0	143.7	142.2	118.0	131.2	130.8	145.3
Railroad transportation	Miscellaneous manufactures	399	106.5	109.2	109.5	107.7	106.1	108.1	112.8	109.4	108.5	114.9	115.9
Trucking, except local 1	Transportation												
United states postal service	Railroad transportation	4011	118.5	127.8	139.6	145.4	150.3	156.2	167.0	169.8	173.3	182.5	195.8
United states postal service	Trucking, except local 1	4213	111.1	116.9	123.4	126.6	129.5	125.4	130.9	132.4	129.9	131.6	131.2
Variety stores	United states postal service							-		-			113.6
Telephone communications.	Air transportation	4512,13,22(pts.)	92.9	92.5	96.9	100.2	105.7	108.6	111.1	111.6	108.4	109.1	110.7
Radio and television broadcasting.	= 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1												
Cable and other pay IV services. 484 92.6 87.6 88.5 85.3 83.4 84.5 81.9 84.7 86.1 85.0 Electric utilities. 493.(syts.) 110.1 113.4 115.2 24.1 50.6 80.8 116.8 150.0 150.6 162.0	·	_											201.3
Electric utilities.													109.9
Trade Lumber and other building materials dealers. 521 104,3 102,3 108,6 111,1 121,8 125,6 137,1 145,9 158,6 144,4 147,2 172,6 148,5													87.6
Trade Lumber and other building materials dealers. 521 104,3 102,3 106,4 111,4 118,9 117,8 121,6 121,8 134,2 143,0 124,6 144,0 147,6 114,2 127,8 130,9 133,5 134,8 163,5 165,1 144,0 147,6 114,2 127,8 130,9 133,5 134,8 163,5 165,1 144,0 147,6 114,2 127,8 130,9 133,5 134,8 163,5 165,1 147,6 14			-	_	-								169.6
Lumber and other building materials dealers 521 104.3 102.2 106.8 111.4 118.9 117.8 121.6 121.8 134.2 143.0 Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores 525 115.3 106.8 100.4 107.6 114.2 127.8 130.9 133.5 134.8 163.5 165.1 141.4 141.5		492,3(pts.)	105.8	109.6	111.1	121.8	125.6	137.1	145.9	158.6	144.4	147.2	160.6
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores. 523 106.8 100.4 107.6 114.2 127.8 130.9 133.5 134.8 163.5 165.1 Hardware stores. 525 115.3 108.7 115.2 113.9 121.2 115.6 119.5 119.5 119.5 137.9 147.6 Retail nurseries, lawn and garden supply stores. 526 84.7 88.3 101.2 107.1 117.0 117.4 136.4 127.5 133.7 150.4 150.0 100.0 105.4 110.4 113.5 116.1 123.8 129.1 135.8 146.0 1 171.2 117.0 117.4 136.4 147.4 143.3 116.1 123.8 129.1 135.8 146.0 147.6 147.		504	4040	400.0	400.4		4400	447.0	404.0	404.0	4040	440.0	4440
Hardware stores. 525 115.3 108.7 115.2 113.9 121.2 115.6 119.5 119.0 137.9 147.6 Retail nurseries, lawn and garden supply stores. 526 84.7 89.3 101.2 107.1 117.0 117.4 113.6 127.5 133.7 150.4 10	· ·												144.2 170.1
Retail nurseries, lawn and garden supply stores. 526							-						170.1
Department stores					-							-	145.7
Variety stores													160.4
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	Department stores	331	30.0	102.0	105.4	110.4	110.0	110.1	123.0	123.1	100.0	140.0	100.4
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores 539 118.6 124.8 140.4 164.3 164.8 167.4 167.7 170.4 185.9 199.6 2 Grocery stores 541 96.6 96.3 96.5 96.0 95.4 93.9 92.1 91.7 92.2 95.3 98.9 90.8 99.2 97.7 95.7 94.4 86.4 90.8 95.7 97.4 1 Retail bakeries 546 91.2 96.7 96.5 86.5 85.3 83.0 75.9 67.6 68.1 83.1 1 Retail bakeries 546 91.2 96.7 96.5 86.5 85.3 83.0 75.9 67.6 68.1 83.1 1 Retail bakeries 556 106.7 104.9 107.4 108.6 109.7 108.1 109.1 108.8 108.7 111.6 1 Auto and home supply stores 553 103.7 100.2 101.6 100.8 105.3 109.1 108.2 108.1 113.1 115.5 1 Retail bakeries 554 103.0 104.8 110.2 115.9 121.1 127.2 126.1 126.1 133.9 141.7 1 Men's and boy's wear stores 561 115.6 121.9 122.3 119.5 121.7 121.4 129.8 136.3 145.2 154.5 1 Momen's clothing stores 562 106.6 111.2 123.6 130.0 130.4 139.9 154.2 157.3 176.0 190.2 2 Retail bakeries 566 107.9 107.8 115.5 117.3 130.7 139.2 151.9 148.4 146.9 150.2 153.1 155.9 1 Retail bakeries 566 107.9 107.8 115.5 117.3 130.7 139.2 151.9 148.4 145.0 152.9 1 Retail bakeries 573 120.8 129.3 139.3 153.8 174.7 174.4 129.6 124.2 127.3 134.5 140.8	Variety stores	533	154.6	159.0	173.9	191.9	197.9	212.4	240.4	260.1	271.2	315.0	330.9
Grocery stores													224.3
Retail bakeries 546 91.2 96.7 96.5 86.5 85.3 83.0 75.9 67.6 68.1 83.1 New and used car dealers 551 106.7 104.9 107.4 108.6 109.7 108.1 109.1 108.8 108.7 111.6 Auto and home supply stores 553 103.7 100.2 101.6 100.8 105.3 109.1 108.2 108.1 113.1 115.5 1 Gasoline service stations 554 103.0 104.8 110.2 115.9 121.1 127.2 126.1 127.7 121.4 129.8 126.5 127.7 141.8 146.9 150.2 153.1 155.9 148.	o a	541	96.6	96.3	96.5	96.0	95.4	93.9	92.1	91.7	92.2	95.3	96.1
New and used car dealers	Meat and fish (seafood) markets	542	98.9	90.8	99.2	97.7	95.7	94.4	86.4	90.8	95.7	97.4	110.0
Auto and home supply stores	Retail bakeries	546	91.2	96.7	96.5	86.5	85.3	83.0	75.9	67.6	68.1	83.1	88.4
Auto and home supply stores													
Gasoline service stations 554 103.0 104.8 110.2 115.9 121.1 127.2 126.1 133.9 141.7 141.7 141.7 141.8 142.1 122.3 119.5 121.1 127.2 126.1 128.1 133.9 141.7 141.8 145.2 154.5 154.2 157.3 176.0 190.2 2 Family clothing stores 565 107.8 111.5 118.6 121.5 127.7 141.8 146.9 150.2 153.1 155.9 1 Shoe stores 566 107.9 107.8 115.5 117.3 130.7 139.2 151.9 148.4 145.0 152.9 1 Household appliance stores 572 104.6 107.2 116.1 118.7 117.4 113.3													112.5
Men's and boy's wear stores. 561 115.6 121.9 122.3 119.5 121.7 121.4 129.8 136.3 145.2 154.5 190.2 2 Family clothing stores. 565 107.8 111.5 118.6 121.5 127.7 141.8 146.9 150.2 153.1 155.9 1 Shoe stores. 566 107.9 107.8 115.5 117.3 130.7 139.2 151.9 148.4 145.0 152.9 1 Furniture and homefurnishings stores. 571 104.6 105.4 113.9 113.3 114.7 117.4 123.6 124.2 127.3 134.5 1 Household appliance stores. 572 104.6 107.2 116.1 118.7 122.4 139.6 142.2 155.2 184.2 186.4 2 Radio, television, computer, and music stores. 573 120.8 129.3 139.3 153.8 178.2 198.1 206.6 216.8 258.3 309.1 3 Eating and drinking places. 581 104.5 103.8 103.4 103.8													119.3
Women's clothing stores. 562 106.6 111.2 123.6 130.0 130.4 139.9 154.2 157.3 176.0 190.2 2 Family clothing stores. 565 107.8 111.5 118.6 121.5 127.7 141.8 146.9 150.2 153.1 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.1 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.9 155.2 153.1 155.9 155.2 155.2 153.1 155.9 155.2 155.2 155.2 155.2 164.0 155.9 155.2 164.0 155.9 155.2 164.2 155.2 184.2 186.4 22 155.2 184.2 186.4 22 155.2 184.2 186.4 28 186.4 22 186.4 28 28 309.1 33 153.8													139.0
Family clothing stores													165.0 205.7
Shoe stores 566 107.9 107.8 115.5 117.3 130.7 139.2 151.9 148.4 145.0 152.9 Furniture and homefurnishings stores 571 104.6 105.4 113.3 114.7 117.4 123.6 124.2 127.3 134.5 1 Household appliance stores 572 104.6 107.2 116.1 118.7 122.4 139.6 142.2 155.2 184.2 186.4 2 Radio, television, computer, and music stores 573 120.8 129.3 139.3 153.8 178.2 198.1 206.6 216.8 258.3 309.1 3 Eating and drinking places 581 104.5 103.8 103.4 103.8 102.1 102.0 100.6 216.8 258.3 309.1 3 Eating and drinking places 581 104.5 103.8 103.4 103.8 102.1 102.0 100.6 216.8 258.3 309.1 3 Liquor stores 591 106.3 <	women's clothing stores	362	100.0	111.2	123.0	130.0	130.4	139.9	134.2	137.3	176.0	190.2	203.7
Shoe stores. 566 107.9 107.8 115.5 117.3 130.7 139.2 151.9 148.4 145.0 152.9 151.9 148.4 145.0 152.9 151.9 148.4 145.0 152.9 151.9 148.4 145.0 152.9 148.4 145.0 152.9 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4 148.4 148.0 152.9 148.4	Family clothing stores	565	107.8	111.5	118.6	121.5	127.7	141.8	146.9	150.2	153.1	155.9	160.4
Furniture and homefurnishings stores. 571 104.6 105.4 113.9 113.3 114.7 117.4 123.6 124.2 127.3 134.5 140.0	· -												160.2
Radio, television, computer, and music stores. 573 120.8 129.3 139.3 153.8 178.2 198.1 206.6 216.8 258.3 309.1 309.1 Eating and drinking places. 581 104.5 103.8 103.4 103.8 102.1 102.0 100.6 101.6 102.0 104.0 107.0 109.0	Furniture and homefurnishings stores	571	104.6	105.4	113.9	113.3	114.7	117.4	123.6	124.2	127.3	134.5	141.1
Eating and drinking places	Household appliance stores	572	104.6	107.2	116.1	118.7	122.4	139.6	142.2	155.2	184.2	186.4	209.3
Drug and proprietary stores	Radio, television, computer, and music stores	573	120.8	129.3	139.3	153.8	178.2	198.1	206.6	216.8	258.3	309.1	359.4
Drug and proprietary stores													
Liquor stores													107.3
Used merchandise stores 593 103.0 102.3 115.7 116.7 119.5 120.6 132.6 140.3 163.6 183.2 2 Miscellaneous shopping goods stores 594 107.4 109.3 107.9 111.7 117.3 123.2 125.3 129.4 138.7 143.7 1 Nonstore retailers 596 111.1 112.5 126.5 132.2 149.0 152.5 173.5 186.8 208.3 220.6 2 Fuel dealers 598 84.6 85.3 84.3 91.9 99.0 111.4 112.5 109.1 105.8 115.2 1 Retail stores, n.e.c 599 114.5 104.0 112.5 118.1 125.8 127.0 140.2 147.8 157.4 162.5 1 Finance and services Commercial banks 602 107.7 110.1 111.0 118.5 121.7 126.4 129.7 133.0 132.6 135.9 1 Hotels and motels 701 96.2 99.3 108.0 106.5 109.9 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>136.9 127.7</td>													136.9 127.7
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores. 594 107.4 109.3 107.9 111.7 117.3 123.2 125.3 129.4 138.7 143.7 138.7 143.7 143.7 Nonstore retailers	•												216.7
Nonstore retailers													150.6
Fuel dealers	wiscenarieous shopping goods stores	334	107.4	103.5	107.5	111.7	117.5	125.2	123.5	123.4	130.7	145.7	130.0
Fuel dealers	Nonstore retailers	596	111.1	112.5	126.5	132.2	149.0	152.5	173.5	186.8	208.3	220.6	263.2
Retail stores, n.e.c							99.0					115.2	117.3
Finance and services 602 107.7 110.1 111.0 118.5 121.7 126.4 129.7 133.0 132.6 135.9 1 Hotels and motels		599	114.5	104.0	112.5	118.1	125.8	127.0	140.2	147.8	157.4	162.5	168.1
Hotels and motels	Finance and services												
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	Commercial banks							126.4				135.9	143.2
	Hotels and motels	-											114.1
													123.6
	Photographic studios, portrait	722	98.2	92.1	95.8	101.8	108.3	116.2	110.7	114.1	121.6	107.7	112.0
Beauty shops	Beauty shops	723	97.5	95.8	100.9	97.0	101.1	104.8	107.6	108.5	110.5	113.4	114.5
Barber shops	Barber shops	724	100.7	04.0	112.2	121.0	1100	115 7	129.9	150.4	157 /	122.9	129.9
						_							93.9
													128.5
							-	-	-				112.3

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified

Refers to output per employee. ^ Refers to output per full-time equivalent employee year on fiscal basis.

Current Labor Statistics: International Comparison

47. Unemployment rates, approximating U.S. concepts, in nine countries, quarterly data seasonally adjusted

	y aajast	- u								
	Annual	average		20	00			20	001	
Country	2000	2001	ı	=	Ш	IV	1	П	III	IV
United States	4.0	4.8	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.5	4.8	5.6
Canada	6.1	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.8
Australia	6.3	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.1	6.2	6.5	6.9	6.8	6.8
Japan ¹	4.8	5.1	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.2	5.5
France 1	9.4	8.7	9.9	9.5	9.3	9.0	8.6	8.5	8.7	8.9
Germany ¹	8.1	8.0	8.3	8.1	8.0	7.8	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.1
Italy 1,2	10.7	9.6	11.2	10.9	10.5	10.1	10.0	9.7	9.5	9.3
Sweden 1	5.8	5.0	6.6	6.0	5.6	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.1
United Kingdom 1	5.5	_	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.0	5.1	_

¹ Preliminary for 2001 for Japan, France, Germany, Italy, Sweden, and the United Kingdom.

NOTE: Quarterly figures for France and Germany are calculated by applying annual adjustment factors to current published data, and therefore should be viewed as less precise indicators of unemployment under U.S. concepts than the annual figures.

See "Notes on the data" for information on breaks in series. For further qualifications and historical data, see *Comparative Civilian Labor Force Statistics*, *Ten Countries*, 1959-2001 (Bureau of Labor Statistics, Mar. 25, 2002), on the Internet at

http://www.bls.gov/fls/home.htm

Monthly and quarterly unemployment rates, updated monthly, are also on this site. Dash indicates data not available.

 $^{^{2}\,\}mbox{Quarterly}$ rates are for the first month of the quarter.

48. Annual data: Employment status of the working-age population, approximating U.S. concepts, 10 countries

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status and country	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Civilian labor force										
United States	128,105	129,200	131,056	132,304	133,943	136,297	137,673	139,368	140,863	141,815
Canada	14,177	14,308	14,400	14,517	14,669	14,958	15,237	15,536	15,789	16,027
Australia	8,557	8,613	8,771	8,995	9,115	9,204	9,339	9,466	9,678	9,817
Japan	65,040	65,470	65,780	65,990	66,450	67,200	67,240	67,090	66,990	66,870
France	24,570	24,640	24,780	24,830	25,090	25,210	25,520	25,830	25,980	_
Germany	39,010	39,100	39,070	38,980	39,140	39,420	39,750	39,800	39,750	-
Italy	22,910	22,570	22,450	22,460	22,570	22,680	22,960	23,130	23,340	23,540
Netherlands	6,950	7,100	7,190	7,260	7,370	7,530	7,690	7,900	8,050	_
Sweden	4,520	4,443	4,418	4,460	4,459	4,418	4,402	4,430	4,489	4,537
United Kingdom	28,410	28,430	28,440	28,560	28,720	28,910	29,040	29,300	29,450	-
Participation rate ¹										
United States	66.4	66.3	66.6	66.6	66.8	67.1	67.1	67.1	67.2	66.9
Canada	65.9	65.5	65.2	64.9	64.7	65.0	65.4	65.8	65.9	66.0
Australia	63.9	63.5	63.9	64.6	64.6	64.3	64.3	64.2	64.7	64.7
Japan	63.4	63.3	63.1	62.9	63.0	63.2	62.8	62.4	62.0	61.6
France	55.9	55.8	55.8	55.6	55.8	55.7	56.1	56.4	56.4	-
Germany	58.2	57.7	57.4	57.1	57.1	57.3	57.7	57.6	57.5	_
Italy	47.5	47.9	47.3	47.1	47.1	47.2	47.6	47.8	48.1	_
Netherlands	57.8	58.6	59.0	59.2	59.8	60.8	61.7	62.8	63.5	-
Sweden	65.7	64.5	63.7	64.1	64.0	63.3	62.8	62.8	63.8	64.2
United Kingdom	63.1	62.8	62.7	62.7	62.8	62.9	62.9	63.2	63.3	_
Employed										
United States	118,492	120,259	123,060	124,900	126,708	129,558	131,463	133,488	135,208	135,073
Canada	12,672	12,770	13,027	13,271	13,380	13,705	14,068	14,456	14,827	14,997
Australia	7,660	7,699	7,942	8,256	8,364	8,444	8,618	8,808	9,068	9,157
Japan	63,620	63,810	63,860	63,890	64,200	64,900	64,450	63,920	63,790	63,470
France	22,020	21,740	21,720	21,910	21,960	22,090	22,510	22,940	23,530	_
Germany	36,390	35,990	35,760	35,780	35,640	35,510	36,060	36,360	36,540	
Italy	21,230	20,270	19,940	19,820	19,920	19,990	20,210	20,460	20,840	21,280
Netherlands	6,560	6,630	6,670	6,760	6,900	7,130	7,380	7,640	7,810	_
Sweden	4,265	4,028	3,992	4,056	4,019	3,973	4,034	4,117	4,229	4,309
United Kingdom	25,530	25,450	25,720	26,070	26,380	26,880	27,210	27,530	27,830	-
Employment-population ratio										
United States	61.5	61.7	62.5	62.9	63.2	63.8	64.1	64.3	64.5	63.8
Canada	58.9	58.5	59.0	59.4	59.1	59.7	60.4	61.3	62.1	61.9
Australia	57.2	56.8	57.8	59.2	59.3	59.0	59.3	59.8	60.6	60.3
Japan	62.0	61.7	61.3	60.9	60.9	61.0	60.2	59.4	59.0	58.4
France	50.1	49.2	48.9	49.0	48.8	48.8	49.5	50.1	51.1	_
Germany	54.2	53.2	52.6	52.4	52.0	51.6	52.3	52.6	52.8	_
Italy	44.0	43.0	42.0	41.5	41.6	41.6	41.9	42.3	42.9	_
Netherlands	54.5	54.7	54.7	55.1	56.0	57.5	59.2	60.8	61.6	_
Sweden	62.0	58.5	57.6	58.3	57.7	56.9	57.6	58.4	60.1	61.0
United Kingdom	56.7	56.2	56.7	57.2	57.6	58.5	58.9	59.4	59.4	-
Unemployed										
United States	9,613	8,940	7,996	7,404	7,236	6,739	6,210	5,880	5,655	6,742
Canada	1,505	1,539	1,373	1,246	1,289	1,252	1,169	1,080	962	1,031
Australia	897	914	829	739	751	760	721	658	611	661
Japan	1,420	1,660	1,920	2,100	2,250	2,300	2,790	3,170	3,200	3,400
France	2,550 2,620	2,900	3,060	2,920	3,130	3,120	3,020 3,690	2,890	2,450	_
Germany		3,110	3,320	3,200	3,510	3,910		3,440	3,210	2 270
Italy	1,680	2,300	2,510	2,640	2,650	2,690	2,750	2,670	2,500	2,270
Netherlands	390	470	520	500	470	400	310	270	240	-
SwedenUnited Kingdom	255 2,880	415 2,980	426	404 2,490	440 2,340	445	368	313	260	228
Officed Kingdom	2,000	2,300	2,720	2,490	2,340	2,030	1,830	1,770	1,620	_
Unemployment rate										
United States	7.5	6.9	6.1	5.6	5.4	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.0	4.8
Canada	10.6	10.8	9.5	8.6	8.8	8.4	7.7	7.0	6.1	6.4
Australia	10.5	10.6	9.4	8.2	8.2	8.3	7.7	7.0	6.3	6.7
Japan	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.4	3.4	4.1	4.7	4.8	5.1
France	10.4	11.8	12.3	11.8	12.5	12.4	11.8	11.2	9.4	8.7
Germany	6.7	8.0	8.5	8.2	9.0	9.9	9.3	8.6	8.1	8.0
Italy	7.3	10.2	11.2	11.8	11.7	11.9	12.0	11.5	10.7	9.6
Netherlands	5.6	6.6	7.2	6.9	6.4	5.3	4.0	3.4	3.0	
Sweden	5.6	9.3	9.6	9.1	9.9	10.1	8.4	7.1	5.8	5.0
United Kingdom	10.1	10.5	9.6	8.7	8.1	7.0	6.3	6.0	5.5	

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$ Labor force as a percent of the working-age population.

NOTE: See notes on the data for information on breaks in series.

For further qualifications and historical data, see Comparative Civilian Labor Force Statistics , Ten Countries, 1959–2001 (Bureau of Labor Statistics, Mar. 25,2002), on the Internet at http://www.bls.gov/fis/home.htm

Dash indicates data are not available.

² Employment as a percent of the working-age population.

49. Annual indexes of manufacturing productivity and related measures, 12 countries

[1992 = 100]

Beiglinm 18.0 32.9 65.4 96.9 86.8 86.8 87.1 10.5	[1992 = 100] Item and country	1960	1970	1980	1989	1990	1991	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
United States	Output per hour														
Garadam		_	_	70.5	95.7	96.9	97.8	102 1	107.3	113.8	117.0	121 2	126.5	135.3	142.8
Jagan		38.5	56.0												
Selgium															134.1
Demark 229 527 903 906 9		18.0	32.9	65.4	96.9	96.8	99.1	102.5	108.4	113.2	117.0	127.0	129.2	129.5	133.4
Germany		29.9	52.7	90.3	99.6	99.1	99.6	104.5	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Indignate	France	21.9	43.0	66.2	91.9	93.6	96.9	100.6	108.6	114.7	115.3	123.8	129.5	132.9	141.1
Neitherlands	Germany	-								112.3			120.4	120.5	128.0
Norway	Italy														117.8
Sweelsh															
United States. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —				-											-
Debted States 10.24 101.6 28.3 103.5 111.1 118.4 121.3 127.6 133.1 141.2 147.6															
United States		30.0	43.2	54.5	00.2	09.1	93.0	103.9	107.1	104.9	103.0	105.2	100.9	111.0	117.0
Canada. 34.0 60.0 852 112,1 1975,5 992 105.0 113.0 118.5 120.0 127.3 132.5 140.8 146.8 146.9 149.9 149.0 107.1 118.0 118.0 127.5 140.8 146.8 140.9 140.9 140.0 140.2 140.8 14	•														
Japan		-	-		-										
Belgium. 930, 7 576 782 981, 1010 1007 977 90, 1014 1042 1066 1138 1164 1160 1226 1266 1266 1267 1268 1268 1268 1268 1268 1268 1268 1268															
Demmark															
France															
Germany															
Islay															
Nemberlands		-													
Norway. 570 899 103.6 101.3 100.2 89.3 102.7 106.7 109.0 110.1 115.7 117.7 114.0 110.9 110.1 110.1 110.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0 110.0 110.1 115.7 117.0 110.0															
Sweden.															110.9
United Kingdom 92 1 1044 1075 1075 1085 1083 1090 1014 1061 1078 1085 1089 1100 111.1 1133 United Standam 93 1 1044 1075 1071 1048 1090 1014 1061 1078 1080 1090 1124 111.1 1133 United Standam 93 1 1071 1146 1180 1020 1135 1039 1001 1030 1084 1090 1124 1171 1225 1230 1020 United Standam 93 1071 1146 1180 1020 1135 1039 1001 1047 1049 1091 1081 1082 1082 1082 1082 1082 1082 108															163.4
Total hours															113.3
United States	Total hours														i
Canada. 88.3 107.1 114.6 120.2 113.5 103.9 100.1 103.0 106.4 109.0 112.4 117.1 122.6 128.0 129.0 101.0 104.7 107.1 107.7		92.1	104.4	107.5	107 1	104.8	100.4	101 4	103.6	104.0	103.6	105.5	105.2	104 3	1029
Japan			-		-										
Belgium															
Denmark															
France				-					-	-	-	-	-	-	
Tally 102.3 113.8 119.3 107.6 105.9 103.6 34.9 96.5 96.4 95.1 95.7 97.7 97.1 97.7 97.1 97.5 106.5 107.5 156.1 117.7 99.7 107.4 100.9 96.8 92.4 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 92.0 92.5 92.5 90.4 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 92.0 92.5 92.5 90.4 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 92.0 92.5 92.5 90.4 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.4 91.1 91.8 91.5 90.5 9		141.2	148.9	133.2	105.8	105.9	103.1	95.1	92.4	91.5	90.7	88.6	88.8	88.3	85.9
Netherlands															79.5
Norway	Italy	102.3	113.8	119.3	107.6	105.9	103.6	94.9	96.5	96.4	95.1	95.7	97.7	97.1	96.7
Sweden	Netherlands	170.5	156.1	111.7	99.7	101.4	100.9	96.8	92.4	91.5	90.4	91.1	91.8	92.0	92.5
United Kingdom	Norway	154.1	154.3	135.0	107.1	103.7	100.8	102.1	105.2	106.8	107.9	112.3	113.6	110.6	106.4
Compensation per hour	Sweden														108.6
United States	United Kingdom	224.6	208.8	160.5	122.4	118.1	106.6	97.6	99.1	102.7	104.5	104.5	103.6	99.5	96.3
Canada	Compensation per hour														
Japan.	United States	14.9	23.7	55.6	86.6	90.8	95.6	102.7		107.9	109.4	111.4	117.4	122.1	130.7
Belgium	Canada		17.1	47.6	82.6		95.0	102.0	103.7			109.3	111.6	113.1	117.0
Denmark															114.5
France									106.1	109.2	110.9	114.9	116.6	118.3	121.1
Sermany					-				-	-	-	-		-	405.7
Italy															
Netherlands															
Norway															
Sweden															
United Kingdom															-
United States	United Kingdom														134.7
United States	Unit labor costs: National currency basis														İ
Canada. 25.9 30.5 63.9 88.6 93.3 99.5 97.2 94.5 95.2 97.2 96.5 98.6 98.4 100.6 Japan. 31.3 43.8 92.5 94.9 95.9 97.4 101.1 101.5 97.6 94.0 99.3 95.5 90.8 85.4 Belgium. 30.1 41.7 80.3 88.7 93.0 98.1 102.3 97.9 96.4 94.7 90.5 90.2 91.4 90.8 89.3 100.1 101.5 97.6 94.7 90.5 90.2 91.4 90.8 89.3 100.1 93.0 93.8 100.9 96.9 98.7 101.9 100.2 100.2 100.0 90.8 98.7 101.9 100.2 100.0 100.9 96.4 95.7 91.4 90.3 93.1 102.4 97.3 94.6 95.7 91.4 90.8 98.7 101.9 100.0 101.9 103.0 110.0 111.9	-	_	_	78.8	90.5	93.7	97.6	100.6	98.5	94.8	93.5	91.9	92.8	90.2	91.5
Japan 31.3 43.8 92.5 94.9 95.9 97.4 101.1 101.5 97.6 94.0 93.3 95.5 90.8 85.4 Belgium 30.1 41.7 80.3 88.7 93.0 98.1 102.3 37.9 96.4 94.7 90.5 90.2 91.4 90.8 Denmark 15.4 25.2 55.0 88.1 93.6 96.3 100.1 30.0 93.8 100.9 96.9 99.7 101.9 100.2 France 19.4 24.0 61.3 93.5 96.8 99.3 102.4 97.3 94.6 95.7 91.4 89.4 89.3 89.1 Germany 27.8 39.8 69.4 87.9 90.3 39.1 104.5 101.9 104.7 107.4 104.3 105.1 107.4 104.3 110.1 111.0 111.1 111.1 111.0 111.1 111.1 111.1 111.1 111.1 111.1 111.1		25.0	30.5												
Belgium. 30.1 41.7 80.3 88.7 93.0 98.1 102.3 97.9 96.4 94.7 90.5 90.2 91.4 90.8 Denmark. 15.4 25.2 55.0 88.1 93.6 96.3 100.1 93.0 93.8 100.9 96.9 98.7 101.9 100.2 France. 19.4 24.0 61.3 93.5 96.8 99.3 102.4 97.3 94.6 95.7 91.4 89.4 89.3 88.1 Germany. 27.8 39.8 69.4 87.9 90.3 93.1 104.5 101.9 104.7 107.4 104.3 105.1 107.4 104.3 105.1 107.4 104.3 105.1 107.4 104.3 105.1 104.7 104.3 105.1 104.7 104.3 105.1 107.4 104.3 105.1 107.4 104.3 105.1 104.7 107.4 104.3 105.1 104.7 107.4 104.3 105.1								-			-				
Denmark															
France															
Germany		-	-												89.1
Italy															104.3
Netherlands. 34.6 53.3 93.7 91.4 92.3 95.6 102.1 95.6 93.7 94.0 94.7 96.5 96.6 97.9 Norway. 12.8 20.3 50.8 92.2 95.6 100.0 100.9 102.9 107.0 111.4 115.2 121.7 129.5 134.5 Sweden 15.0 20.6 51.0 85.1 92.8 100.0 90.8 83.8 87.4 91.9 90.2 89.2 88.8 88.8 88.8 88.8 88.8 88.8 88.8 88.8 88.8 88.8 88.8 88.7 91.9 90.2 89.2 114.5	Italy														113.4
Sweden 15.0 20.6 51.0 85.1 92.8 100.0 90.8 83.8 87.4 91.9 90.2 89.2 88.8 86.9 United Kingdom. 9.8 14.1 59.0 85.6 93.0 100.1 100.8 99.7 102.9 105.5 108.2 112.7 116.1 114.5 United States. - - - 78.8 90.5 93.7 97.6 100.6 98.5 94.8 93.5 91.9 92.8 90.2 114.1 114.5 United States. - - - 78.8 90.5 93.7 97.6 100.6 98.5 94.8 93.5 91.9 92.8 90.2 114.5 Canada. 32.2 35.3 66.1 90.4 95.6 104.9 91.0 83.6 83.8 86.1 84.2 80.4 80.0 81.5 Japan. 11.0 15.5 51.8 87.1 83.8 91.7 115.4 1	Netherlands	34.6	53.3	93.7	91.4	92.3	95.6	102.1	95.6	93.7	94.0	94.7	96.5	96.6	97.9
United Kingdom 9.8 14.1 59.0 85.6 93.0 100.1 100.8 99.7 102.9 105.5 108.2 112.7 116.1 114.5 1	Norway														134.5
United States - - 78.8 90.5 93.7 97.6 100.6 98.5 94.8 93.5 91.9 92.8 90.2 91.5 Canada 32.2 35.3 66.1 90.4 95.6 104.9 91.0 83.6 83.8 86.1 84.2 80.4 80.0 81.8 Japan 11.0 15.5 51.8 87.1 83.8 91.7 115.4 125.9 131.7 109.6 97.7 92.4 101.2 100.4 Belgium 19.4 27.0 88.3 72.3 89.5 92.3 95.1 94.2 105.2 98.4 81.2 79.9 77.6 66.8 Denmark 13.5 20.3 58.9 72.6 91.3 90.8 93.2 88.3 101.1 105.0 88.6 88.9 88.0 74.8 France 20.9 23.1 76.7 77.6 94.0 93.1 95.7 92.8 100.5 99.0 82.8	Sweden														86.9
United States - - - 78.8 90.5 93.7 97.6 100.6 98.5 94.8 93.5 91.9 92.8 90.2 91.5 Canada 32.2 35.3 66.1 90.4 95.6 104.9 91.0 83.6 83.8 86.1 84.2 80.4 80.0 81.8 Japan 11.0 15.5 51.8 87.1 83.8 91.7 115.4 125.9 131.7 109.6 97.7 92.4 101.2 100.4 Belgium 19.4 27.0 88.3 72.3 89.5 92.3 95.1 94.2 105.2 98.4 81.2 79.9 77.6 66.8 Denmark 13.5 20.3 58.9 72.6 91.3 90.8 93.2 83.3 101.1 105.0 88.6 88.9 88.0 74.8 France 20.9 23.1 76.7 77.6 94.0 93.1 95.7 92.8 100.5 99.0	United Kingdom	9.8	14.1	59.0	85.6	93.0	100.1	100.8	99.7	102.9	105.5	108.2	112.7	116.1	114.5
Canada. 32.2 35.3 66.1 90.4 95.6 104.9 91.0 83.6 83.8 86.1 84.2 80.4 80.0 81.8 Japan. 11.0 15.5 51.8 87.1 83.8 91.7 115.4 125.9 131.7 109.6 97.7 92.4 101.2 100.4 Belgium 19.4 27.0 88.3 72.3 89.5 92.3 95.1 94.2 105.2 98.4 81.2 79.9 77.6 66.8 Denmark. 13.5 20.3 58.9 72.6 91.3 90.8 93.2 88.3 101.1 105.0 88.6 88.9 88.0 74.8 France. 20.9 23.1 76.7 77.6 94.0 93.1 95.7 92.8 100.5 99.0 82.8 80.2 76.8 66.4 Germany. 10.4 17.1 59.6 73.0 87.3 87.5 98.6 89.2 114.2 114.2 93.9 93.3 79.1 77.9 87.9 80.9 78.8 77.3 86.6 <td>Unit labor costs: U.S. dollar basis</td> <td></td>	Unit labor costs: U.S. dollar basis														
Japan 11.0 15.5 51.8 87.1 83.8 91.7 115.4 125.9 131.7 109.6 97.7 92.4 101.2 100.4 Belgium 19.4 27.0 88.3 72.3 89.5 92.3 95.1 94.2 105.2 98.4 81.2 79.9 77.6 66.8 Denmark 13.5 20.3 58.9 72.6 91.3 90.8 93.2 88.3 101.1 105.0 88.6 88.9 88.0 74.8 France 20.9 23.1 76.7 77.6 94.0 93.1 95.7 92.8 100.5 99.0 82.8 80.2 76.8 66.8 Germany 10.4 17.1 59.6 73.0 87.3 87.5 98.6 98.2 114.2 111.4 93.9 93.3 91.3 76.9 Italy 15.0 23.3 59.0 76.1 94.1 97.5 81.6 77.9 77.9 87.9 80.9 78.8 77.3 66.6 Norway 16.1 25.9 82.9 75.8 89.1 89.9 96.6 92.4 102.7 98.1 86.3 85.5 82.1 72.1 <	United States	-	-												91.5
Belgium. 19.4 27.0 88.3 72.3 89.5 92.3 95.1 94.2 105.2 98.4 81.2 79.9 77.6 66.8 Denmark. 13.5 20.3 58.9 72.6 91.3 90.8 93.2 88.3 101.1 105.0 88.6 88.9 88.0 74.8 France. 20.9 23.1 76.7 77.6 94.0 93.1 95.7 92.8 100.5 99.0 82.8 80.2 76.8 66.4 Germany. 10.4 17.1 59.6 73.0 87.3 87.5 98.6 98.2 114.2 111.4 93.9 93.3 91.3 76.3 Italy. 15.0 23.3 59.0 76.1 94.1 97.5 81.6 77.9 77.9 87.9 80.9 78.8 77.3 66.6 Netherlands. 16.1 25.9 82.9 75.8 89.1 89.9 96.6 92.4 102.7 98.1 85.3 85.5 82.1 72.1 Norway. 11.2 17.6 63.9 82.9 95.0 95.7 88.3 90.7 105.0 107.1 101.0 100.2 103.1 94.8	Canada														81.8
Denmark 13.5 20.3 58.9 72.6 91.3 90.8 93.2 88.3 101.1 105.0 88.6 88.9 88.0 74.8 France 20.9 23.1 76.7 77.6 94.0 93.1 95.7 92.8 100.5 99.0 82.8 80.2 76.8 66.4 Germany 10.4 17.1 59.6 73.0 87.3 87.5 98.6 98.2 114.2 111.4 93.9 93.3 91.3 76.9 Italy 15.0 23.3 59.0 76.1 94.1 97.5 81.6 77.9 77.9 87.9 80.9 78.8 77.3 66.6 Netherlands 16.1 25.9 82.9 75.8 89.1 89.9 96.6 92.4 102.7 98.1 85.3 85.5 82.1 72.1 Norway 11.2 17.6 63.9 82.9 95.0 95.7 83.3 90.7 105.0 107.1 101.0 100.2 103.1 94.8 Sweden 16.9 23.1 70.2 76.8 91.3 96.3 67.8 63.2 71.3 79.8 68.8 65.3 62.5 55.2	·														100.4
France															66.8
Germany 10.4 17.1 59.6 73.0 87.3 87.5 98.6 98.2 114.2 111.4 93.9 93.3 91.3 76.9 Italy 15.0 23.3 59.0 76.1 94.1 97.5 81.6 77.9 77.9 87.9 80.9 78.8 77.3 66.6 Norway 16.1 25.9 82.9 75.8 89.1 89.9 96.6 92.4 102.7 98.1 86.3 85.5 82.1 72.1 Norway 11.2 17.6 63.9 82.9 95.0 95.7 88.3 90.7 105.0 107.1 101.0 100.2 103.1 94.8 Sweden 16.9 23.1 70.2 76.8 91.3 96.3 67.8 63.2 71.3 79.8 68.8 65.3 62.5 55.2	Denmark														74.8
Italy 15.0 23.3 59.0 76.1 94.1 97.5 81.6 77.9 77.9 87.9 80.9 78.8 77.3 66.6 Netherlands 16.1 25.9 82.9 75.8 89.1 89.9 96.6 92.4 102.7 98.1 85.3 85.5 82.1 72.1 Norway 11.2 17.6 63.9 82.9 95.0 95.7 88.3 90.7 105.0 107.1 101.0 100.2 103.1 94.8 Sweden 16.9 23.1 70.2 76.8 91.3 96.3 67.8 63.2 71.3 79.8 68.8 65.3 62.5 55.2															
Netherlands 16.1 25.9 82.9 75.8 89.1 89.9 96.6 92.4 102.7 98.1 85.3 85.5 82.1 72.1 Norway 11.2 17.6 63.9 82.9 95.0 95.7 88.3 90.7 105.0 107.1 101.0 100.2 103.1 94.8 Sweden 16.9 23.1 70.2 76.8 91.3 96.3 67.8 63.2 71.3 79.8 68.8 65.3 62.5 55.2	•														
Norway															
Sweden														-	
	United Kingdom	15.6	19.1	70.2 77.7	76.8 79.4	91.3	100.1	67.8 85.7	86.5	92.0	93.2	100.3	105.8	106.3	98.3

NOTE: Data for Germany for years before 1991 are for the former West Germany. Data for 1991 onward are for unified Germany. Dash indicates data not available.

50. Occupational injury and illness rates by industry, ¹ United States

Industry and type of case ²	1989 ¹	1990	1991	1992	1993 4	1994 4	1995 4	1996 4	1997 4	1998 4	1999 4	2000 4
PRIVATE SECTOR ⁵												
Total cases	8.6	8.8	8.4	8.9	8.5		8.1	7.4	7.1	6.7	6.3	6.1
Lost workday cases Lost workdays	4.0 78.7	4.1 84.0	3.9 86.5	3.9 93.8	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.0
. 5	70.7	04.0	80.5	93.0						_	_	_
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing Total cases	10.9	11.6	10.8	11.6	11.2	10.0	9.7	8.7	8.4	7.9	7.3	7.1
Lost workday cases	5.7	5.9	5.4	5.4	5.0	4.7	4.3	3.9	4.1	3.9		3.6
Lost workdays	100.9	112.2	108.3	126.9	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining												
Total cases Lost workday cases		8.3 5.0	7.4 4.5	7.3	6.8 3.9	6.3 3.9	6.2 3.9	5.4 3.2	5.9 3.7	4.9		4.7
Lost workdays		119.5	129.6	4.1 204.7	3.9	3.9	3.9	5.2	3.7	2.9	2.7	3.0
Construction			120.0	20								
Total cases	14.3	14.2	13.0	13.1	12.2	11.8	10.6	9.9	9.5	8.8	8.6	8.3
Lost workday cases		6.7	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.5	4.9	4.5	4.4	4.0	4.2	4.1
Lost workdays	143.3	147.9	148.1	161.9	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
General building contractors: Total cases	13.9	13.4	12.0	12.2	11.5	10.9	9.8	9.0	8.5	8.4	8.0	7.8
Lost workday cases		6.4	5.5	5.4	5.1	5.1	4.4	4.0	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.9
Lost workdays		137.6	132.0	142.7	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	-
Heavy construction, except building:												
Total cases Lost workday cases	. 13.8 . 6.5	13.8 6.3	12.8 6.0	12.1	11.1 5.1	10.2 5.0	9.9 4.8	9.0 4.3	8.7 4.3	8.2		7.6
Lost workdays		144.6	160.1	5.4 165.8	5.1	3.0	4.8	4.3	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.7
Special trades contractors:			.00.1	.00.0								
Total cases	14.6	14.7	13.5	13.8	12.8			10.4	10.0		8.9	8.6
Lost workday cases		6.9 153.1	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.8	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.1	4.4	4.3
Lost workdays	144.9	153.1	151.3	168.3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Manufacturing Total cases	13.1	13.2	12.7	12.5	12.1	12.2	11.6	10.6	10.3	9.7		0.0
Lost workday cases		5.8	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.5		4.9	4.8	9.7 4.7	9.2 4.6	9.0 4.5
Lost workdays	113.0	120.7	121.5	124.6	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	-
Durable goods:												
Total cases	14.1	14.2	13.6	13.4	13.1	13.5	12.8	11.6	11.3	10.7	10.1	_
Lost workday cases		6.0	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.8	_
Lost workdays	. 116.5	123.3	122.9	126.7	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Lumber and wood products:	40.4	40.4	40.0		45.0	45.7	440	44.0	40.5			
Total cases Lost workday cases	. 18.4 9.4	18.1 8.8	16.8 8.3	16.3 7.6	15.9 7.6		14.9 7.0	14.2 6.8	13.5 6.5	13.2 6.8	13.0 6.7	12.1 6.1
Lost workdays	177.5	172.5	172.0	165.8	- 7.0	- '.'	7.0	-	0.5	0.0	0.7	0.1
Furniture and fixtures:												
Total cases		16.9	15.9	14.8	14.6		13.9	12.2	12.0	11.4	11.5	11.2
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		7.8	7.2	6.6 128.4	6.5	7.0	6.4	5.4	5.8	5.7	5.9	5.9
Stone, clay, and glass products:			_	120.4			_			_	_	_
Total cases	15.5	15.4	14.8	13.6	13.8			12.4	11.8	11.8	10.7	10.4
Lost workday cases		7.3	6.8	6.1	6.3	6.5	5.7	6.0	5.7	6.0	5.4	5.5
Lost workdays	149.8	160.5	156.0	152.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Primary metal industries: Total cases	. 18.7	19.0	17.7	17.5	17.0	16.8	16.5	15.0	15.0	14.0	12.9	12.6
Lost workday cases	8.1	8.1	7.4	7.1	7.3	7.2	7.2	6.8	7.2	7.0	-	6.3
Lost workdays	168.3	180.2	169.1	175.5	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Fabricated metal products:	10 5	10.7	17.4	40.0	16.0	16.4	15.0	111	14.0	40.0	40.0	44.0
Total cases Lost workday cases	. 18.5 7.9	18.7 7.9	17.4 7.1	16.8 6.6	16.2 6.7	16.4 6.7	15.8 6.9	14.4 6.2	14.2 6.4	13.9 6.5		11.9 5.5
Lost workdays	147.6	155.7	146.6	144.0	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.5	- 0.0	J.J
Industrial machinery and equipment:												
Total cases	. 12.1	12.0	11.2	11.1	11.1	11.6	11.2	9.9	10.0	9.5	8.5	8.2
Lost workday cases	4.8	4.7	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.6
Lost workdays	86.8	88.9	86.6	87.7	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment: Total cases	9.1	9.1	8.6	8.4	8.3	8.3	7.6	6.8	6.6	5.9	5.7	5.7
Lost workday cases	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.9
Lost workdays	77.5	79.4	83.0	81.2	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Transportation equipment: Total cases	. 17.7	17.8	18.3	40.7	18.5	19.6	18.6	16.3	15.4	440	407	40.7
Lost workday cases	6.8	6.9	7.0	18.7 7.1	7.1	7.8	7.9	7.0	15.4 6.6	14.6 6.6	13.7 6.4	13.7 6.3
Lost workdays		153.7	166.1	186.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Instruments and related products:												
Total cases		5.9	6.0	5.9	5.6		5.3	5.1	4.8			4.5
Lost workday cases Lost workdays	2.5 55.4	2.7 57.8	2.7 64.4	2.7 65.3	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.8	2.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries:	00.4	57.0	04.4	05.5						-	-	-
Total cases		11.3	11.3	10.7	10.0		9.1	9.5	8.9	8.1	8.4	7.2
Lost workday cases	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.2	3.9	4.0	3.6
Lost workdays	97.6	113.1	104.0	108.2	_	_	_		_	_	_	_

Current Labor Statistics: Injury and Illness

50. Continued—Occupational injury and illness rates by industry, United States

Industry and type of case ²							•	1				
<u> </u>	1989 ¹	1990	1991	1992	1993 ⁴	1994 4	1995 ⁴	1996 ⁴	1997 4	1998 4	1999 ⁴	2000 4
Nondurable goods:	11.6	11.7	11.5	44.0	10.7	10.5	9.9	9.2	0.0	0.0	7.0	
Total cases Lost workday cases		5.6	5.5	11.3 5.3	5.0	5.1	4.9	4.6	8.8 4.4	8.2 4.3	7.8 4.2	_
Lost workdays		116.9	119.7	121.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Food and kindred products:												
Total cases		20.0	19.5	18.8	17.6	17.1	16.3	15.0	14.5	13.6	12.7	12.4
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		9.9 202.6	9.9	9.5	8.9	9.2	8.7	8.0	8.0	7.5	7.3	7.3
Tobacco products:	174.7	202.6	207.2	211.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total cases	8.7	7.7	6.4	6.0	5.8	5.3	5.6	6.7	5.9	6.4	5.5	6.2
Lost workday cases		3.2	2.8	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.7	3.4	2.2	3.1
Lost workdays	64.2	62.3	52.0	42.9	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_
Textile mill products: Total cases	10.3	9.6	10.1	9.9	9.7	8.7	8.2	7.8	6.7	7.4	6.4	6.0
Lost workday cases		4.0	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.1	3.6	3.1	3.4	3.2	3.2
Lost workdays	81.4	85.1	88.3	87.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Apparel and other textile products:												
Total cases Lost workday cases		8.8 3.9	9.2 4.2	9.5 4.0	9.0 3.8	8.9 3.9	8.2 3.6	7.4 3.3	7.0	6.2	5.8	6.1
Lost workdays		92.1	99.9	104.6	-	-	-	-	3.1	2.6	2.8	3.0
Paper and allied products:			00.0									
Total cases		12.1	11.2	11.0	9.9	9.6	8.5	7.9	7.3	7.1	7.0	6.5
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		5.5 124.8	5.0	5.0	4.6	4.5	4.2	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.4
Printing and publishing:	132.9	124.0	122.7	125.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total cases	6.9	6.9	6.7	7.3	6.9	6.7	6.4	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.0	5.1
Lost workday cases		3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.6
Lost workdays	63.8	69.8	74.5	74.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chemicals and allied products: Total cases	7.0	6.5	6.4	0.0	5.9	5.7	5.5	4.8	4.0	4.0		4.0
Lost workday cases		3.1	3.1	6.0 2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.4	4.8 2.3	4.2 2.1	4.4 2.3	4.2 2.2
Lost workdays		61.6	62.4	64.2				_				
Petroleum and coal products:												
Total cases		6.6	6.2	5.9	5.2	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.3	3.9	4.1	3.7
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		3.1 77.3	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.9
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products:	00.1	11.3	68.2	71.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total cases	16.2	16.2	15.1	14.5	13.9	14.0	12.9	12.3	11.9	11.2	10.1	10.7
Lost workday cases		7.8	7.2	6.8	6.5	6.7	6.5	6.3	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.8
Lost workdays	147.2	151.3	150.9	153.3	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Leather and leather products: Total cases	13.6	12.1	12.5	12.1	12.1	12.0	11.4	10.7	10.6	9.8	10.3	9.0
Lost workday cases		5.9	5.9	5.4	5.5	5.3	4.8	4.5	4.3	4.5	5.0	4.3
Lost workdays	130.4	152.3	140.8	128.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Transportation and public utilities												
Total cases		9.6	9.3	9.1	9.5	9.3	9.1	8.7	8.2	7.3	7.3	-
Lost workday cases		5.5	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.3	4.4	4.3
Lost workdays	121.5	134.1	140.0	144.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Wholesale and retail trade		7.0	7.6	0.4	0.1	7.0	7.5	6.0		0.5		
Total cases Lost workday cases	l l	7.9 3.5	7.6 3.4	8.4 3.5	8.1 3.4	7.9 3.4	7.5 3.2	6.8 2.9	6.7 3.0	6.5 2.8	6.1 2.7	_
Lost workdays		65.6	72.0	80.1	- 0.4	- 3.4	-	2.5	3.0	2.0	2.1	_
Wholesale trade:												
Total cases		7.4	7.2	7.6	7.8	7.7	7.5	6.6	6.5	6.5	6.3	5.8
Lost workday cases	l l	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.3	-
Lost workdays	71.9	71.5	79.2	82.4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Retail trade: Total cases	8.1	8.1	7.7	8.7	8.2	7.9	7.5	6.9	6.8	6.5	6.1	_
Lost workday cases		3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.0	2.8		2.7	2.5	-
Lost workdays	60.0	63.2	69.1	79.2	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate												
Total cases		2.4	2.4	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.6		2.2	.7	1.8	1.9
Lost workdays		1.1 27.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	.9	.9	.5	.8	.8
Lost workdays	17.0	21.3	24.1	32.9	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
Services		6.0	6.0	- .	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.0				
Total cases Lost workday cases		6.0 2.8	6.2 2.8	7.1 3.0	6.7 2.8	6.5 2.8	6.4 2.8	6.0 2.6	5.6 2.5	5.2 2.4	4.9 2.2	4.9 2.2
Lost workdays		56.4	60.0	68.6					2.5			

¹ Data for 1989 and subsequent years are based on the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1987 Edition. For this reason, they are not strictly comparable with data for the years 1985–88, which were based on the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1972 Edition, 1977 Supplement.

N = number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays;

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year; and 200,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Dash indicates data not available.

² Beginning with the 1992 survey, the annual survey measures only nonfatal injuries and illnesses, while past surveys covered both fatal and nonfatal incidents. To better address fatalities, a basic element of workplace safety, BLS implemented the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.

 $^{^3}$ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) X 200,000, where:

⁴ Beginning with the 1993 survey, lost workday estimates will not be generated. As of 1992, BLS began generating percent distributions and the median number of days away from work by industry and for groups of workers sustaining similar work disabilities.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees since 1976.

51. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure, 1994-2000

		Fatal	ities	
Event or exposure ¹	1994-98	1999 ²	200	00
	Average	Number	Number	Percent
Total	6,280	6,054	5,915	100
Transportation incidents	2,640	2,618	2,571	43
Highway incident		1,496	1,363	23
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	662	714	694	12
Moving in same direction	113	129	136	2
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming	240	270	243	4
Moving in intersection	136	161	153	3
Vehicle struck stationary object or equipment	272	334	279	5
Noncollision incident	368	390	356	6
Jackknited or overturned—no collision	280	322	304	5
Nonhighway (farm, industrial premises) incident	387	352	399	7
Overturned	215	206	213	2
Aircraft	304	228	280	5
Worker struck by a vehicle	382	377	370	6
Water vehicle incident	104	102	84	1
Railway	78	56	71	1
Assaults and violent acts		909	929	16
Homicides	,	651	677	11
Shooting		509	533	(
Stabbing		62	66	
Other, including bombing		80	78	
Self-inflicted injuries.		218	220	
·				
Contact with objects and equipment		1,030	1,005	17
Struck by object		585	570	10
Struck by falling object		358	357	6
Struck by flying object		55	61	1
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects		302	294	
Caught in running equipment or machinery		163	157	3
Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials	124	129	123	2
Falls	686	721	734	12
Fall to lower level	609	634	659	11
Fall from ladder	101	96	110	2
Fall from root	146	153	150	3
Fall from scatfold, staging	89	92	85	2
Fall on same level	53	70	56	•
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	583	533	480	8
Contact with electric current		280	256	2
Contact with overhead power lines		125	128	2
Contact with temperature extremes		51	29	_
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	_	108	100	2
Inhalation of substances		55	48	1
Oxygen deticiency		92	93	2
Drowning, submersion		75	74	1
•		-		
Fires and explosions	199	216	177	3
Other events or exposures 3	21	27	19	-

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Structures.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Percentages may not add to totals because of rounding. Dash indicates less than 0.5 percent.

The BLS news release issued August 17, 2000, reported a total of 6,023 fatal work injuries for calendar year 1999. Since then, an additional 31 job-related fatalities were identified, bringing the total job-related fatality count for 1999 to 6,054.

³ Includes the category "Bodily reaction and exertion."