2001 CONSUMER EXPENDITURE DIARY SURVEY
PUBLIC USE MICRODATA
DOCUMENTATION
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U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics Division of Consumer Expenditure Surveys

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## I. INTRODUCTION

The Consumer Expenditure Survey (CE) program provides a continuous and comprehensive flow of data on the buying habits of American consumers. These data are used widely in economic research and analysis, and in support of revisions of the Consumer Price Index. To meet the needs of users, the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) produces population estimates (for consumer units or CUs) of average expenditures in news releases, reports, and articles in the Monthly Labor Review. Tabulated CE data are also available on the Internet and by facsimile transmission (see Section XVI. Appendix 5). The microdata are available on CD-ROM as SAS data sets or ASCII text files.

These microdata files present detailed expenditure and income data for the Diary component of the CE for 2001. They include weekly expenditure (EXPN) and annual income (DTAB) files. The data in EXPN and DTAB files are categorized by a Universal Classification Code (UCC). The advantage of the EXPN and DTAB files is that with the data classified in a standardized format, the user may perform comparative expenditure (income) analysis with relative ease. The FMLY and MEMB files present data on the characteristics and demographics of CUs and CU members. The summary level expenditure and income information on the FMLY files permits the data user to link consumer spending, by general expenditure category, and household characteristics and demographics on one set of files.

Estimates of average expenditures in 2001 from the Diary survey, integrated with data from the Interview survey, are published in Consumer Expenditures in 2001 (Pending in 2003). A list of recent publications containing data from the CE appears at the end of this documentation.

The microdata files are in the public domain and with appropriate credit, may be reproduced without permission. A suggested citation is: "U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Expenditure Survey, Diary Survey, 2001".

## II. CHANGES FROM THE 2000 MICRODATA FILES

## FMLY File

There were no changes to the FMLY file.

## MEMB File

There were no changes to the MEMB file.

## EXPN File

The following are EXPN file UCC changes.

## 1) UCC Deletions

The following diary UCCs are deleted beginning in 2001Q1.

## 220310 CONTRACT MORTGAGE INTEREST <br> This UCC no longer has any data being mapped to it.

220410 HOME PURCHASE
This UCC no longer has any data being mapped to it.
490900 AUTO REPAIR SERVICE POLICY
The content of this UCC is now collected in the interview survey only.

The content collected in this UCC will now be captured in two new UCCs, 620926 and
620925.

## 999912 <br> UNIDENTIFIABLE ITEMS - PARTS 1 \& 2 <br> This UCC no longer had any data being mapped to it.

999935 UNIDENTIFIABLE ITEMS - PARTS 3, 4, \& 5
This UCC no longer had any data being mapped to it.

## 2) UCC Additions

The following diary UCCs are added beginning in 2001Q1.

## 620925

MISCELLANEOUS FEES
Previously, miscellaneous fees were mapped to UCC 620911 along with lotteries and parimutuel losses. This UCC has been created to capture only miscellaneous fees.

## 620926 LOTTERIES AND PARIMUTUEL LOSSES

This UCC was created to capture expenditures on lotteries and parimutuel losses.

## III. FILE INFORMATION

The microdata on the CD-ROM are available as SAS data sets or ASCII text files. The 2001 Diary release contains four sets of data files (FMLY, MEMB, EXPN, DTAB) and four processing files. The FMLY, MEMB, EXPN, and DTAB files are organized by the quarter of the calendar year in which the data were collected. There are four quarterly data sets for each of these files. The FMLY files contain CU characteristics, income, and summary level expenditures; the MEMB files contain member characteristics and income data; the EXPN files contain detailed weekly expenditures at the UCC level; and the DTAB files contain annual income data.

The four processing files enhance computer processing and tabulation of data, and provide descriptive information on item codes. The four processing files are: a sample table aggregation file (AGGD), a sample table label file (LABELD), a Universal Classification Codes file (UCCD), and a file (SAMPLD) containing the sample program (Section VII.A.) The processing files are further explained in Section III.E.5. PROCESSING FILES.

Note that the variable NEWID, the CU's identification number, is the common variable among files by which matching is done.

## A. DATA SET NAMES

The file naming convention on the ASCII CD-ROM is as follows:
(where " X " references the designated drive for your CD)

```
X:\DIARY01\FMLYD011.txt (Diary FMLY file for first quarter, 2001)
X:\DIARY01\MEMBD011.txt (Diary MEMB file for first quarter, 2001)
X:\DIARYO1\EXPNDO11.txt (Diary EXPN file for first quarter, 2001)
X:\DIARYO1\DTABD011.txt (Diary DTAB file for first quarter, 2001)
X:\DIARY01\FMLYD012.txt (etc.)
X:\DIARY01\MEMBD012.txt
X:\DIARY01\EXPND012.txt
X:\DIARY01\DTABD012.txt
X:\DIARY01\FMLYD013.txt
X:\DIARY01\MEMBD013.txt
X:\DIARY01\EXPND013.txt
```

```
X:\DIARY01\DTABD013.txt
X:\DIARY01\FMLYD014.txt
X:\DIARY01\MEMBD014.txt
X:\DIARYO1\EXPND014.txt
X:\DIARY01\DTABD014.txt
X:\DIARY01\AGGD01.txt
X:\DIARY01\LABELD01.txt
X:\DIARY01\UCCD01.txt
```

The file naming convention on the SAS CD-ROM is as follows:

```
X:\DIARY01\FMLD011.sd2
X:\DIARY01 MEMD011.sd2
```



```
X:\DIARY01\DTBD011.sd2 (Diary DTAB file for first quarter, 2001)
X:\DIARY01\FMLD012.sd2 (etc.)
X:\DIARY01\MEMD012.sd2
X:\DIARY01\EXPD012.sd2
X:\DIARY01\DTBD012.sd2
X:\DIARY01\FMLD013.sd2
X:\DIARY01\MEMD013.sd2
X:\DIARY01\EXPD013.sd2
X:\DIARY01\DTBD013.sd2
X:\DIARY01\FMLD014.sd2
X:\DIARY01\MEMD014.sd2
X:\DIARY01\EXPD014.sd2
X:\DIARY01\DTBD014.sd2
X:\DIARY01\AGGD01.txt
X:\DIARY01\LABELD01.txt
X:\DIARY01\UCCD01.txt
```


## B. RECORD COUNTS AND LOGICAL RECORD LENGTHS PER QUARTER

The following are number of records and the logical record lengths (LRECL) in each data set:

| ASCII data set | SAS data set | $\underline{2001}$ | 2001 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LRECL | Record Count |
| FMLYD011.txt | FMLD011.sd2 | 1558 | 3833 |
| MEMBD011.txt | MEMD011.sd2 | 249 | 9969 |
| EXPND011.txt | EXPD011.sd2 | 40 | 152039 |
| DTABD011.txt | DTBD011.sd2 | 28 | 57428 |
| FMLYD012.txt | FMLD012.sd2 | 1558 | 3852 |
| MEMBD012.txt | MEMD012.sd2 | 249 | 9875 |
| EXPND012.txt | EXPD012.sd2 | 40 | 146691 |
| DTABD012.txt | DTBD012.sd2 | 28 | 57233 |
| FMLYD013.txt | FMLD013.sd2 | 1558 | 3920 |
| MEMBD013.txt | MEMD013.sd2 | 249 | 9923 |
| EXPND013.txt | EXPD013.sd2 | 40 | 152391 |
| DTABD013.txt | DTBD013.sd2 | 28 | 58109 |
| FMLYD014.txt | FMLD014.sd2 | 1558 | 3799 |
| MEMBD014.txt | MEMD014.sd2 | 249 | 9906 |
| EXPND014.txt | EXPD014.sd2 | 40 | 152332 |
| DTABD014.txt | DTBD014.sd2 | 28 | 56896 |

## C. DATA FLAGS:

Data fields on the FMLY and MEMB files are explained by flag variables following the data field. The names of the flag variables are derived from the names of the data fields they reference. In general
the rule is to add an underscore to the last position of the data field name, for example WAGEX becomes WAGEX_. However, if the data field name is eight characters in length, then the fifth position is replaced with an underscore. If this fifth position is already an underscore, then the fifth position is changed to a zero, so that PENSIONX becomes PENS_ONX, EDUC_REF becomes EDUCOREF.

The flag values are defined as follows:
A flag value of " A " indicates a valid blank; that is, a blank field where a response is not anticipated.
A flag value of " B " indicates a blank resulting from an invalid nonresponse; that is, a nonresponse that is not consistent with other data reported by the CU.

A flag value of "C" refers to a blank resulting from a "don't know", refusal, or other type of nonresponse.

A flag value of "D" indicates that the data field contains a valid or good data value.
A flag value of " T " indicates topcoding has been applied to the data field.
A flag value of "R" for recode has been created for the variable STATE_. Some Primary Sampling Units (PSUs) in some states are given "false" STATE codes for nondisclosure reasons. CUs with STATE_='R' (for recode) indicate that not all CUs with that particular STATE code are from that state. See Section IV.A.CU CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE (FMLY) on topcoding of CU characteristics and income for more detail.

## D. FILE NOTATION

Every record from each data file includes the variable NEWID, the CU's unique identification number, which can be used to link records of one CU from several files.

Data fields for variables on the microdata files have either numeric or character values. The format column in the detailed variable descriptions (SECTION III.E. DETAILED VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS) distinguishes whether a variable is numeric (NUM) or character (CHAR) and shows the number of field positions the variable occupies. Variables that include decimal points are formatted as NUM( $t, r$ ) where $t$ is the total number of positions occupied, and $r$ is the number of places to the right of the decimal.

In addition to format, these detailed listings give an item description, questionnaire source, identification of codes where applicable, and start position for each variable. The questionnaire source, which identifies where the data for that variable is collected on the characteristics questionnaire, is listed beneath the variable description and is formatted "S04B 2b", which denotes Section 4, Part B, Question 2 b of the characteristics questionnaire.

A star (*) is shown in front of new variables, those which have changed in format or definition, and those which have been deleted. Variables whose format has expanded are moved to the end of the file, and their original positions are left blank. New variables are added to the end of the files, after variables whose format has changed. The positions of deleted variables are left blank.

Some variables require special notation. The following notation is used throughout the documentation for all files:

* $D(Y x x q)$ identifies a variable that is deleted as of the quarterly file indicated. The year and quarter are identified by the ' $x x^{\prime}$ ' and ' $q$ ' respectively. For example, the notation * $D(Y 011)$ indicates the variable is deleted starting with the data file of the first quarter of 2001.
* $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Yxxq})$ identifies a variable that is added as of the quarterly file indicated. The year and quarter are identified by the ' $x x^{\prime}$ ' and ' $q$ ' for new variables in the same way as for deleted variables.
*L indicates that the variable can contain negative values.


## E. DETAILED VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS

## 1. CONSUMER UNIT (CU) CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE (FMLY)

The "FMLY" file, also referred to as the "Consumer Unit Characteristics and Income" file, contains CU characteristics, CU income, and characteristics and earnings of the reference person and of the spouse. The file includes weights needed to calculate population estimates and variances. (See Sections V. ESTIMATION PROCEDURES and VI. RELIABILITY STATEMENT)

Summary expenditure variables in this file can be combined to derive weekly estimates for broad consumption categories. Demographic characteristics, such as family size, refer to the CU status on the date of the interview. Income variables contain annual values, covering the 12 months prior to the date of the interview. When there is a valid nonresponse, or where nonresponse occurs and there is no imputation, there will be missing values. The type of nonresponse is explained by associated data flag variables described in Section III.C. DATA FLAGS.

## a. CU AND DIARY IDENTIFIERS

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEWID | CU identification number. Digits 1-7 (CU sequence number, 1 through 9999999) uniquely identify the CU. Digit 8 is the week number, 1 or 2 | 1 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| HH_CU_Q | Count of CUs in this household | 1507 | NUM(2) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| HH_CU_Q |  | 1509 | CHAR(1) |
| HHID | Identifier for household with more than one CU. Household with only one CU will be set to missing. | 1510 | NUM(3) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| HHID |  | 1513 | CHAR(1) |
| WEEKI | Week of the Diary CODED <br> 1 First week Diary <br> 2 Second week Diary | 656 | CHAR(1) |
|  | Census derived |  |  |
| WEEKI_ |  | 657 | CHAR(1) |
| WEEKN | Number of Diary weeks surveyed, 1 or 2 | 658 | NUM(1) |



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b. CU CHARACTERISTICS

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REGION | Region | 580 | CHAR(1) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 1 Northeast |  |  |
|  | 2 Midwest |  |  |
|  | 3 South |  |  |
|  | 4 West |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| REGION |  | 581 | CHAR(1) |
| BLS_URBN | Urban/Rural | 42 | CHAR(1) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 1 Urban |  |  |
|  | 2 Rural |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| POPSIZE |  | 564 | CHAR(1) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 1 More than 4 million |  |  |
|  | 2 1.20-4 million |  |  |
|  | 3 0.33-1.19 million |  |  |
|  | 4 125-329.9 thousand |  |  |
|  | 5 Less than 125 thousand |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| SMSASTAT | Does CU reside inside a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)? CODED | 606 | CHAR(1) |
|  | 1 Yes |  |  |

2 No

BLS derived
STATE
State identifier (see Section IV.A. and Section X.D. for important 1518
information)

CHAR(2)

| 01 | Alabama | *28 | Mississippi |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 02 | Alaska | **29 | Missouri |
| ${ }^{\text {RR }} 04$ | Arizona | 31 | Nebraska |
| *05 | Arkansas | ${ }^{R} 32$ | Nevada |
| **06 | California | ${ }^{R} 33$ | New Hampshire |
| 08 | Colorado | 34 | New Jersey |
| 09 | Connecticut | *35 | New Mexico |
| 10 | Delaware | RR**36 | New York |
| ${ }^{\mathrm{R}} 11$ | District of Columbia | **37 | North Carolina |
| **12 | Florida | $\mathrm{RR}_{39}$ | Ohio |
| **13 | Georgia | **40 | Oklahoma |
| 15 | Hawaii | **41 | Oregon |
| 16 | Idaho | 42 | Pennsylvania |
| **17 | Illinois | 45 | South Carolina |
| RR**18 | Indiana | *46 | South Dakota |
| *19 | Iowa | **47 | Tennessee |
| **20 | Kansas | 48 | Texas |
| 21 | Kentucky | 49 | Utah |
| 22 | Louisiana | 50 | Vermont |
| R*23 | Maine | **51 | Virginia |
| 24 | Maryland | **53 | Washington |
| 25 | Massachusetts | ${ }^{R} 54$ | West Virginia |
| **26 | Michigan | 55 | Wisconsin |

**27 Minnesota

* indicates that the STATE code has been suppressed for all sampled CUs in that state (STATE_ = 'T' for all observations).
** indicates that the STATE code has $\bar{b} e e n ~ s u p p r e s s e d ~ f o r ~ s o m e ~$ sampled CUs in that state (STATE_ = 'T' for some observations).
$R \quad$ indicates that either all observations from this state have been recoded or all strata ${ }^{1}$ of observations from this state include "recodes" from other states.
RR indicates that either some observations from this state have been re-coded or at least one stratum ${ }^{1}$ of observations from this state includes "re-codes" from other states.
$R^{*} \quad$ indicates that the STATE code has been suppressed for some sampled CUs in that state and, either STATE has been re-coded or the state includes "re-codes" from other states in all strata".
$R^{* *}$ indicates that the STATE code has been suppressed for some sampled CUs in that state and, either STATE has been re-coded or the state includes "re-codes" from other states in at least one stratum ${ }^{1}$.
${ }^{1}$ A STATE stratum is a unique POPSIZE and BLS_URBN combination.

States not listed are not in the CE sample.
Census derived

| CUTENURE | Housing tenure <br> CODED <br> 1 Owned with mortgage <br> 2 Owned without mortgage <br> 3 Owned mortgage not reported <br> 4 Rented <br> 5 Occupied without payment of cash rent <br> 6 Student housing <br> BLS derived | 43 | CHAR(1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CUTE_URE |  | 44 | CHAR(1) |
| FAM_SIZE | Number of members in CU BLS derived | 78 | NUM(2) |
| FAM__IZE |  | 80 | CHAR(1) |
| PERSLT18 | Number of children less than 18 in CU BLS derived | 544 | NUM(2) |
| PERS_T18 |  | 546 | CHAR(1) |
| PERSOT64 | Number of persons over 64 in CU BLS derived | 547 | NUM(2) |
| PERS_T64 |  | 549 | CHAR(1) |
| CHILDAGE | Age of children of reference person <br> CODED <br> 0 No children <br> 1 All children less than 6 <br> 2 Oldest child between 6 and 11 and at least one child less than 6 <br> 3 All children between 6 and 11 <br> 4 Oldest child between 12 and 17 and at least one child less than 12 <br> 5 All children between 12 and 17 <br> 6 Oldest child greater than 17 and at least one child less than 17 <br> 7 All children greater than 17 <br> BLS derived | 1514 | CHAR(1) |
| CHIL_AGE |  | 1515 | CHAR(1) |
| FAM_TYPE | CU type is based on relationship of members to reference person. "Own" children include blood-related sons and daughters, step children and adopted children. <br> CODED <br> 1 Husband and wife (H/W) only <br> 2 H/W, own children only, oldest child under 6 years old <br> 3 H/W, own children only, oldest child 6 to 17 years old <br> 4 H/W, own children only, oldest child over 17 years old <br> 5 All other H/W CUs | 81 | CHAR(1) |


|  | 6 One parent, male, own children only, at least one child ag under 18 years old <br> 7 One parent, female, own children only, at least one child age under 18 years old <br> 8 Single persons <br> 9 Other CUs <br> BLS derived |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FAM__YPE |  | 82 | CHAR(1) |
| NO_EARNR | Number of earners | 471 | NUM(2) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| NO_E_RNR |  | 473 | CHAR(1) |
| EARNCOMP | Composition of earners CODED | 57 | CHAR(1) |
|  | 1 Reference person only |  |  |
|  | 2 Reference person and spouse |  |  |
|  | 3 Reference person, spouse, and others |  |  |
|  | 4 Reference person and others |  |  |
|  | 5 Spouse only |  |  |
|  | 6 Spouse and others |  |  |
|  | 7 Others only |  |  |
|  | 8 No earners |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| EARN_OMP |  | 58 | CHAR(1) |
| VEHQ | How many automobiles, trucks, or other vehicles do you own? | 653 | NUM(2) |
|  | S02 4B |  |  |
| VEHQ |  | 655 | CHAR(1) |
| INCLASS | Income class of CU based on income before taxes (Codes 01 through 09 are for CUs considered complete reporters of income) | 1516 | CHAR(2) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 01 Less than \$5,000 |  |  |
|  | 02 \$5,000 to \$9,999 |  |  |
|  | 03 \$10,000 to \$14,999 |  |  |
|  | 04 \$15,000 to \$19,999 |  |  |
|  | $05 \$ 20,000 \text { to } \$ 29,999$ |  |  |
|  | 06 \$30,000 to \$39,999 |  |  |
|  | 07 \$40,000 to \$49,999 |  |  |
|  | 08 \$50,000 to \$69,999 |  |  |
|  | 09 \$70,000 and over |  |  |
|  | 10 Incomplete income reported |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| RESPSTAT | Completeness of income response CODED | 582 | CHAR(1) |
|  | 1 Complete income respondent <br> 2 Incomplete income respondent |  |  |


|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RESP_TAT |  | 583 | CHAR(1) |
| INC_RNKU | Weighted cumulative percent income ranking of CU to total population. Ranking based on income before taxes for complete reporters. Rank of incomplete income reporters is set to zero. | 395 | $\operatorname{NUM}(9,7)$ |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| INC__NKU |  | 404 | CHAR(1) |
| POVERTY | Is CU income below current year's poverty threshold? (Income is defined as FINCBEFX - JFS_AMT) | 1548 | CHAR(1) |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { CODED } \\ 1 \mathrm{Yes} \\ 2 \mathrm{No} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| POVERTY_ |  | 1549 | CHAR(1) |
| POVLEV | Poverty level threshold for this CU | 1550 | NUM (8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| POVLEV_ |  | 1558 | CHAR (1) |
| c. CHARACTERISTICS OF REFERENCE PERSON AND SPOUSE |  |  |  |
| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| AGE_REF | Age of reference person | 36 | NUM(2) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| AGE_REF_ |  | 38 | CHAR(1) |
| REF_RACE | Race of reference person | 578 | CHAR(1) |
|  | CODED <br> 1 White |  |  |
|  | 1 White <br> 2 Black |  |  |
|  | 3 American Indian, Aleut, or Eskimo |  |  |
|  | 4 Asian or Pacific Islander |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| REF__ACE |  | 579 | CHAR(1) |
| SEX_REF | Sex of reference person CODED | 602 | CHAR(1) |
|  | 1 Male <br> 2 Female |  |  |


|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEX_REF_ |  | 603 | CHAR(1) |
| MARITAL1 | Marital status of reference person | 469 | CHAR(1) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 1 Married |  |  |
|  | 2 Widowed |  |  |
|  | 3 Divorced |  |  |
|  | 4 Separated |  |  |
|  | 5 Never married |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| MARI_AL1 |  | 470 | CHAR(1) |
| ORIGIN1 | Origin or ancestry of reference person | 495 | CHAR(1) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 1 European: |  |  |
|  | German |  |  |
|  | Italian |  |  |
|  | Irish |  |  |
|  | French |  |  |
|  | Polish |  |  |
|  | Russian |  |  |
|  | English |  |  |
|  | Scottish |  |  |
|  | Dutch |  |  |
|  | Swedish |  |  |
|  | Hungarian |  |  |
|  | 2 Spanish: |  |  |
|  | Mexican American |  |  |
|  | Chicano Mexican |  |  |
|  | Puerto Rican |  |  |
|  | Cuban |  |  |
|  | Central or South American |  |  |
|  | Other Spanish |  |  |
|  | 3 Afro-American (Black or Negro) |  |  |
|  | 4 Another group not listed / Don't know |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| ORIGIN1_ |  | 497 | CHAR (1) |
| EDUC_REF | Education of reference person | 68 | CHAR(2) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 00 Never attended school |  |  |
|  | 10 First through eighth grade |  |  |
|  | 11 Ninth through twelve grade (no H.S. diploma) |  |  |
|  | 12 High school graduate |  |  |
|  | 13 Some college, less than college graduate |  |  |
|  | 14 Associate's degree (occupational/vocational or academic) |  |  |
|  | 15 Bachelor's degree |  |  |
|  | 16 Master's degree |  |  |
|  | 17 Professional/Doctorate degree |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |


| EDUCOREF |  | 70 | CHAR(1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGE2 | Age of spouse | 39 | NUM(2) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| AGE2 |  | 41 | CHAR(1) |
| RACE2 | Race of spouse CODED - same as REF_RACE | 574 | CHAR(1) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| RACE2 |  | 575 | CHAR(1) |
| SEX2 | Sex of spouse CODED - same as SEX_REF | 604 | CHAR(1) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| SEX2 |  | 605 | CHAR(1) |
| ORIGIN2 | Origin or ancestry of spouse CODED - same as ORIGIN1 | 497 | CHAR(1) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| ORIGIN2 |  | 498 | CHAR(1) |
| EDUCA2 | Education of spouse <br> CODED - same as EDUC_REF | 71 | CHAR(2) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| EDUCA2 |  | 73 | CHAR(1) |
| d. WORK EXPERIENCE OF REFERENCE PERSON AND SPOUSE |  |  |  |
| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { START } \\ & \text { POSITION } \end{aligned}$ | FORMAT |
| WK_WRKD1 | Number of weeks worked by reference person in the last 12 months, including full or part time, paid vacation and paid sick leave. | 672 | NUM(2) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| WK_W_KD1 |  | 674 | CHAR(1) |
| HRSPRWK1 | Number of hours usually worked per week by reference person | 387 | NUM(3) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| HRSP_WK1 |  | 390 | CHAR(1) |
| OCCULIS1 | The job in which reference person received the most earnings during the past 12 months best fits the following category | 561 | CHAR(2) |


| CODED |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manager, professional |  |  |  |
| 01 Administrator, manager |  |  |  |
| 02 Teacher |  |  |  |
| 03 Professional |  |  |  |
| Administrative support, technical, sales |  |  |  |
| 04 Administrative support, including clerical |  |  |  |
| 05 Sales, retail |  |  |  |
| 06 Sales, business goods and services |  |  |  |
| 07 Technician |  |  |  |
| Service |  |  |  |
| 08 Protective service |  |  |  |
| 09 Private household service |  |  |  |
| 10 Other service |  |  |  |
| Operator, assembler, laborer |  |  |  |
| 11 Machine operator, assembler, inspector |  |  |  |
| 12 Transportation operator |  |  |  |
| 13 Handler, helper, laborer |  |  |  |
| Precision production, craft, repair |  |  |  |
| 14 Mechanic, repairer, precision production |  |  |  |
| 15 Construction, mining |  |  |  |
| Farming, forestry, fishing |  |  |  |
| 16 Farming |  |  |  |
| 17 Forestry, fishing, groundskeeping |  |  |  |
| Armed forces |  |  |  |
| 18 Armed forces |  |  |  |
| BLS derived |  |  |  |
| OCCU_IS1 |  | 563 | CHAR(1) |
| EMPLTYP1 | Employer from which reference person received the most earnings in past 12 months | 74 | CHAR(1) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 1 Private company, business, or individual |  |  |
|  | 2 Federal government |  |  |
|  | 3 State government |  |  |
|  | 4 Local government |  |  |
|  | 5 Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm |  |  |
|  | 6 Family business or farm, working without pay |  |  |
| BLS derived |  |  |  |
| EMPL_YP1 |  | 75 | CHAR(1) |
| WHYNWRK1 | Reason reference person did not work during the past 12 months CODED | 668 | CHAR(1) |
|  | 1 Retired |  |  |
|  | 2 Taking care of home/CU |  |  |
|  | 3 Going to school |  |  |
|  | 4 III, disabled, unable to work |  |  |
|  | 5 Unable to find work |  |  |
|  | 6 Doing something else |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| WHYN_RK1 |  | 669 | CHAR(1) |


| WK_WRKD2 | Number of weeks worked by spouse in the last 12 months, including full or part time, paid vacation and paid sick leave. <br> BLS derived | 675 | NUM(2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WK_W_KD2 |  | 677 | CHAR(1) |
| HRSPRWK2 | Number of hours usually worked per week by spouse <br> BLS derived | 391 | NUM(3) |
| HRSP_WK2 |  | 394 | CHAR(1) |
| OCCULIS2 | Job in which spouse received the most earnings during the past 12 months <br> CODED - same as OCCULIS1 <br> S04A 4a | 492 | CHAR(2) |
| OCCU_IS2 |  | 494 | CHAR(1) |
| EMPLTYP2 | Employer from which spouse received the most earnings during the past 12 months <br> CODED - Same as EMPLTYP1 <br> BLS derived | 76 | CHAR(1) |
| EMPL_YP2 |  | 77 | CHAR(1) |
| WHYNWRK2 | Reason spouse did not work during the past 12 months CODED - same as WHYNWRK1 <br> BLS derived | 670 | CHAR(1) |
| WHYN_RK2 |  | 671 | CHAR(1) |
| OCCEXPNX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of occupational expenses such as union dues, tools, uniforms, business or professional association dues, licenses or permits? <br> S04B 5 | 483 | NUM(8) |
| OCCE_PNX |  | 491 | CHAR(1) |

## e. INCOME

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FINCBEFX | ```Amount of CU income before taxes in past 12 months (UNEMPX + WRKRSX + WELFRX + INTX +DIVX + PENSIONX + ROOMX + OTHRNTX + CHDOTHX + ALIOTHX + OTHINX + JFS_AMT + FWAGEX + FBSNSX + FFARMX + FSS_RRX + FSUPPX) *L``` | 139 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FINC_EFX |  | 147 | CHAR(1) |
| FINCAFTX | Amount of CU income after taxes in past 12 months (FINCBEFX - PERSTAX) *L | 130 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FINC_FTX |  | 138 | CHAR(1) |
| EARNX | Amount of earned income before taxes by CU in past 12 months (FWAGEX + FBSNSX + FFARMX) *L | 59 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| EARNX |  | 67 | CHAR(1) |
| NONERNX | ```Amount of CU income other than earnings before taxes in past 12 months (FSS_RRX + FSUPPX + UNEMPX + WRKRSX + WELFRX + INTX + DIVX + PENSIONX + ROOMX + OTHRNTX + CHDOTHX + ALIOTHX + OTHINX + JFS_AMT) *L``` | 474 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| NONERNX_ |  | 482 | CHAR(1) |
| FWAGEX | Amount of wage and salary income before deductions received by all CU members in past 12 months (Sum WAGEX from MEMB file for all CU members) | 378 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FWAGEX_ |  | 386 | CHAR(1) |
| FBSNSX | Amount of income or loss from nonfarm business, partnership or professional practice received by all CU members in past 12 months (Sum BSNSX from MEMB file for all CU members) *L | 83 | NUM(8) |
|  | $B L S$ derived |  |  |
| FBSNSX |  | 91 | CHAR(1) |


| FFARMX | ```Amount of income or loss from own farm received by all CU members in past }12\mathrm{ months (Sum FARMX from MEMB file for all CU members) *L``` | 103 | NUM(8) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FFARMX |  | 111 | CHAR(1) |
| FSS_RRX | Amount of Social Security and Railroad Retirement income prior to deductions for medical insurance and Medicare received by all CU members in past 12 months (Sum SOCRRX from MEMB file for all CU members) | 351 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FSS_RRX_ |  | 359 | CHAR(1) |
| FSUPPX | Amount of Supplemental Security Income from all sources received by all CU members in past 12 months (Sum SUPPX from MEMB file for all CU members) | 369 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FSUPPX |  | 377 | CHAR(1) |
| UNEMPX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of income from unemployment compensation received by ALL CU members? | 644 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 1a |  |  |
| UNEMPX_ |  | 652 | CHAR(1) |
| WRKRSX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of income from workers' compensation or veterans' benefits, including education benefits, but excluding military retirement, received by ALL CU members? | 678 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 1b |  |  |
| WRKRSX_ |  | 686 | CHAR(1) |
| WELFRX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of income from public assistance or welfare including money received from job training grants such as Job Corps received by ALL CU members? | 659 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 1c |  |  |
| WELFRX_ |  | 667 | CHAR(1) |
| INTX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of income from interest on savings accounts or bonds received by ALL CU members? | 414 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 1d |  |  |


| INTX_ |  | 422 | CHAR(1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIVX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of income from dividends, royalties, estates, or trusts received by ALL CU members? | 48 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 1e |  |  |
| DIVX_ |  | 56 | CHAR(1) |
| PENSIONX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of income from pensions or annuities from private companies, military, Government, IRA, or Keogh received by ALL CU members? | 535 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 1f |  |  |
| PENS_ONX |  | 543 | CHAR(1) |
| ROOMX | During the past 12 months, how much net income or loss was received from roomers or boarders? *L | 584 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 1g(1) |  |  |
| ROOMX |  | 592 | CHAR(1) |
| OTHRNTX | During the past 12 months, how much net income or loss was received from payments from other rental units? *L | 526 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 1g(2) |  |  |
| OTHRNTX |  | 534 | CHAR(1) |
| OTHINX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of other money income including money received from cash scholarships and fellowships, stipends not based on working, or from the care of foster children received by ALL CU members? | 499 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 2c |  |  |
| OTHINX_ |  | 507 | CHAR(1) |
| CHDOTHX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of income from child support payments in other than a lump sum amount received by ALL CU members? | 1521 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 1h(2) |  |  |
| CHDOTHX_ |  | 1529 | CHAR(1) |
| ALIOTHX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of income from regular contributions from alimony and other sources such as from persons outside the CU received by ALL CU members? | 1530 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 1i(2) |  |  |


| ALIOTHX_ | 1538 | CHAR(1) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| JFS_AMT | Annual value of Food Stamps received by CU <br> JFS_AMT = 12 X sum of (FS_AMT1 $\ldots$ FS_AMT8) <br> NOTE: JFS_AMT is a component of FINCBEFX, NONERNX, <br> and FINCAFTX | 423 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived | 431 | CHAR(1) |

## f. OTHER MONEY RECEIPTS

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTHRECX | Amount of other money receipts excluded from CU income before taxes received by CU in past 12 months (LUMPX + SALEX + SSREFX + INSREFX + PTAXREF) | 508 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| OTHRECX_ |  | 516 | CHAR(1) |
| LUMPX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount received from lump sum payments from estates, trusts, royalties, alimony, prizes, games of chance, or from persons outside of the CU by ALL CU members? | 460 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 2a |  |  |
| LUMPX_ |  | 468 | CHAR(1) |
| CHDLMPX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount received from a one time lump sum payment for child support by ALL CU members? | 1539 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 1h(1) |  |  |
| CHDLMPX_ |  | 1547 | CHAR(1) |
| SALEX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount received from the sale of household furnishings, equipment, clothing, jewelry, pets or other belongings, excluding the sale of vehicles or property by ALL CU members? | 593 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 2b |  |  |
| SALEX_ |  | 601 | CHAR(1) |
| SSREFX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of refund received from overpayment on Social Security by ALL CU members? | 607 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 3c |  |  |
| SSREFX |  | 615 | CHAR(1) |


| INSREFX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of refund <br> received from insurance policies by ALL CU members? <br>  <br>  <br> S04B 3d | 405 | NUM(8) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| INSREFX_ |  | 413 | CHAR(1) |
| PTAXREFX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of refund <br> received from property taxes by ALL CU members? <br> S04B 3e | 565 | NUM(8) |

g. TAXES

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PERSTAX | ```Amount of personal taxes paid by CU in past }12\mathrm{ months (ADDFEDX + ADDSTAX + ADDOTHX + FFEDTXX + FSTATXX + TAXPROPX) - (FEDREFX + STATREFX + OTHREFX) *L``` | 550 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| PERSTAX_ |  | 558 | CHAR(1) |
| TAXPROPX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount PAID for personal property taxes not reported elsewhere by ALL CU members? | 633 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 4c |  |  |
| TAXP_OPX |  | 641 | CHAR(1) |
| FFEDTXX | Amount of Federal income tax deducted from last pay annualized for all CU members (sum ANFEDTXX from MEMB file for all CU members) | 112 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FFEDTXX |  | 120 | CHAR(1) |
| ADDFEDX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount PAID for Federal income tax, in addition to that withheld from earnings, by ALL CU members? | 9 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 4a |  |  |
| ADDFEDX_ |  | 17 | CHAR(1) |
| FEDREFX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of refund received from Federal income tax by ALL CU members? | 94 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 3a |  |  |


| FEDREFX |  | 102 | CHAR(1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FSTATXX | Amount of state and local income taxes deducted from last pay annualized for all CU members (sum ANSTATXX from MEMB file for all CU members) | 360 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FSTATXX_ |  | 368 | CHAR(1) |
| ADDSTAX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount PAID for state and local income taxes, in addition to that withheld from earnings, by ALL CU members? | 27 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 4b |  |  |
| ADDSTAX_ |  | 35 | CHAR(1) |
| STATREFX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of refund received from state and local income tax by ALL CU members? | 616 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 3b |  |  |
| STAT_EFX |  | 624 | CHAR(1) |
| ADDOTHX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount PAID for other taxes not reported elsewhere by ALL CU members? | 18 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 4d |  |  |
| ADDOTHX_ |  | 26 | CHAR(1) |
| OTHREFX | During the past 12 months, what was the total amount of refund received from other sources, including any other taxes, by ALL CU members? | 517 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 3f |  |  |
| OTHREFX_ |  | 525 | CHAR(1) |
| h. RETIREMENT AND PENSION DEDUCTIONS |  |  |  |
| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { START } \\ & \text { POSITION } \end{aligned}$ | FORMAT |
| FJSSDEDX | Estimated amount of income contributed to Social Security by all CU members in past 12 months (Sum JSSDEDX from MEMB file for all CU members) | 168 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FJSS_EDX |  | 176 | CHAR(1) |
| FRRX | Amount of Railroad Retirement deducted from last pay annualized for all CU members (Sum ANRRX from MEMB file for all CU members) | 195 | NUM(8) |


| BLS derived |  | 203 | CHAR(1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FRRX |  |  |  |
| FGVX | Amount of government retirement deducted from last pay annualized for all CU members (Sum ANGVX from MEMB file for all CU members) | 121 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FGVX |  | 129 | CHAR(1) |
| FPVTX | Amount of private pension fund deducted from last pay annualized for all CU members (sum ANPVTX from MEMB file for all CU members) | 177 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FPVTX_ |  | 185 | CHAR(1) |
| FIRAX | Amount of money placed in an individual retirement plan, such as an IRA or Keogh, by all CU members in past 12 months (sum IRAX from MEMB file for all CU members) | 159 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| FIRAX |  | 167 | CHAR(1) |
| i. FOOD S | MPS |  |  |
| NOTE: JFS_AMT, the annual value of Food Stamps received by CU, is in SECTION III.E.1.e. INCOME |  |  |  |
| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | $\begin{gathered} \text { START } \\ \text { POSITION } \end{gathered}$ | FORMAT |
| REC_FS | Have any members of your CU received any Food Stamps, during the past 12 months? <br> CODED <br> 1 Yes <br> 2 No | 576 | CHAR(1) |
|  | S04B 8a |  |  |
| REC_FS_ |  | 577 | CHAR(1) |
| FD_STMPS | Have any members of your CU received any Food Stamps, in the past month? <br> CODED <br> 1 Yes <br> 2 No | 92 | CHAR(1) |
|  | S04B 9a |  |  |
| FD_S_MPS |  | 93 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_MTHI | In how many of the past 12 months were Food Stamps received? | 348 | NUM(2) |

S04B 8b

| FS_MTHI_ |  | 350 | CHAR(1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FS_AMT1 | What is the dollar value of Food Stamps received on (Date in 9b) - first entry | 204 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 9c |  |  |
| FS_AMT1_ |  | 212 | CHAR (1) |
| FS_AMT2 | See FS_AMT1 for question and source - second entry | 213 | NUM(8) |
| FS_AMT2_ |  | 221 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_AMT3 | See FS_AMT1 for question and source - third entry | 222 | NUM(8) |
| FS_AMT3_ |  | 230 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_AMT4 | See FS_AMT1 for question and source - fourth entry | 231 | NUM(8) |
| FS_AMT4_ |  | 239 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_AMT5 | See FS_AMT1 for question and source - fifth entry | 240 | NUM(8) |
| FS_AMT5_ |  | 248 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_AMT6 | See FS_AMT1 for question and source - sixth entry | 249 | NUM(8) |
| FS_AMT6_ |  | 257 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_AMT7 | See FS_AMT1 for question and source - seventh entry | 258 | NUM(8) |
| FS_AMT7_ |  | 266 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_DATE1 | When were Food Stamps received? (List all dates - month, day, year on which stamps were received during the month) - first entry | 276 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 9b |  |  |
| FS_D_TE1 |  | 284 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_DATE2 | See FS_DATE1 for question and source - second entry | 285 | NUM(8) |
| FS_D_TE2 |  | 293 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_DATE3 | See FS_DATE1 for question and source - third entry | 294 | NUM(8) |
| FS_D_TE3 |  | 302 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_DATE4 | See FS_DATE1 for question and source - fourth entry | 303 | NUM(8) |
| FS_D_TE4 |  | 311 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_DATE5 | See FS_DATE1 for question and source - fifth entry | 312 | NUM(8) |
| FS_D_TE5 |  | 320 | CHAR(1) |


| FS_DATE6 | See FS_DATE1 for question and source - sixth entry | 321 | NUM(8) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FS_D_TE6 |  | 329 | CHAR(1) |
| FS_DATE7 | See FS_DATE1 for question and source - seventh entry | 330 | NUM(8) |
| FS_D_TE7 |  | 338 | CHAR(1) |

## j. FREE MEALS AND GROCERIES

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FREEMLX | During the past 12 months, about what was the weekly dollar value of any free meals received by any members of your CU as part of their pay? | 186 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04B 6b |  |  |
| FREEMLX |  | 194 | CHAR(1) |
| JGROCYMV | Monthly expenditure for grocery store purchases | 446 | NUM(6) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| JGRO_YMV |  | 452 | CHAR(1) |
| JGROCYWK | Weekly expenditure for grocery store purchases | 453 | NUM(6) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| JGRO_YWK |  | 459 | CHAR(1) |
| JGRCFDMV | Monthly expenditure for food and non-alcoholic beverages purchased at grocery store | 432 | NUM(6) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| JGRC_DMV |  | 438 | CHAR(1) |
| JGRCFDWK | Weekly expenditure for food and non-alcoholic beverages purchased at grocery store | 439 | NUM(6) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| JGRC_DWK |  | 445 | CHAR(1) |

## k. HOUSING STRUCTURE

|  |  | START <br> VARIABLE | POSITION FORMAT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## I. WEIGHTS

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START <br> POSITION | FORMAT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FINLWT21 | CU replicate weight \# 45 (total sample weight) | 148 | NUM(11,3) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| The following are the 44 half sample replicate weights, WTREP01 through WTREP44, which are used for |  |  |  |
| variance computation. They are all BLS derived variables. |  |  |  |
| WTREP01 | CU replicate weight \# 01 | 687 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP02 | CU replicate weight \# 02 | 698 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP03 | CU replicate weight \# 03 | 709 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP04 | CU replicate weight \# 04 | 720 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP05 | CU replicate weight \# 05 | 731 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP06 | CU replicate weight \# 06 | 742 | NUM(11,3) |


| WTREP07 | CU replicate weight \# 07 | 753 | NUM(11,3) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| WTREP08 | CU replicate weight \# 08 | 764 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP09 | CU replicate weight \# 09 | 775 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP10 | CU replicate weight \# 10 | 786 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP11 | CU replicate weight \# 11 | 797 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP12 | CU replicate weight \# 12 | 808 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP13 | CU replicate weight \# 13 | 808 | 819 |


| WTREP36 | CU replicate weight \# 36 | 1072 | NUM(11,3) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| WTREP37 | CU replicate weight \# 37 | 1083 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP38 | CU replicate weight \# 38 | 1094 | NUM $(11,3)$ |
| WTREP39 | CU replicate weight \# 39 | 1105 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP40 | CU replicate weight \# 40 | 1116 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP41 | CU replicate weight \# 41 | 1127 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP42 | CU replicate weight \# 42 | 1138 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP43 | CU replicate weight \# 43 | 1149 | NUM(11,3) |
| WTREP44 | CU replicate weight \# 44 | 1160 | NUM(11,3) |

## m. SUMMARY EXPENDITURE DATA

The variables FOODTOT through HOUSKEEP contain summary expenditure data. They are all BLS derived. The UCCs comprising each summary expenditure variable are listed below the variable description. Underlined UCCs may not be represented in all Diary quarters. The quarter in which the addition (deletion) to the summary expenditure variable occurs is denoted by a leading superscript directly prior to the UCC code. For example, ${ }^{\text {N011 }}<$ UCC> or ${ }^{\text {D011 }}<$ UCC> identifies a new or deleted UCC for a given summary expenditure variable beginning in Q011.

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FOODTOT | Food, total FOODHOME + FOODAWAY | 1171 | NUM(12,5) |
| FOODHOME | Food at home, total $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEREAL + BAKEPROD + BEEF + PORK + OTHMEAT + } \\ & \text { POULTRY + SEAFOOD + EGGS + MILKPROD + OTHDAIRY } \\ & \text { + FRSHFRUT + FRSHVEG + PROCVEG + SWEETS + } \\ & \text { NONALBEV + OILS + MISCFOOD } \end{aligned}$ | 1183 | NUM(12,5) |
| CEREAL | Cereal and cereal products 010110010120010210010310010320 | 1195 | NUM(12,5) |
| BAKEPROD |  | 1207 | NUM(12,5) |
| BEEF | ```Beef``` | 1219 | NUM(12,5) |
| PORK | Pork 040110040210040310040410040510040610 | 1231 | NUM (12,5) |
| OTHMEAT | Other meats 050110050210050310050410050900 | 1243 | NUM(12,5) |
| POULTRY | Poultry 060110060210060310 | 1255 | NUM (12,5) |


| SEAFOOD | Fish and seafood 070110070230070240 | 1267 | NUM(12,5) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EGGS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eggs } \\ & 080110 \end{aligned}$ | 1279 | NUM(12,5) |
| MILKPROD | Fresh milk and cream 090110090210 | 1291 | NUM(12,5) |
| OTHDAIRY | Other dairy products 100110100210100410100510 | 1303 | NUM(12,5) |
| FRSHFRUT | Fresh fruits 110110110210110410110510 | 1315 | NUM(12,5) |
| FRSHVEG | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fresh vegetables } \\ & 120110120210120310120410 \end{aligned}$ | 1327 | NUM(12,5) |
| PROCFRUT |  | 1339 | NUM(12,5) |
| PROCVEG | Processed vegetables       <br> 140110 140210 140220 140230 140310 140320 140330 <br> 140340 140410 140420     | 1351 | NUM(12,5) |
| SWEETS | Sugar and other sweets $150110150211150212150310$ | 1363 | NUM(12,5) |
| NONALBEV | ```Nonalcoholic beverages 1 7 0 1 1 0 1 7 0 2 1 0 1 7 0 3 1 0 1 7 0 4 1 0 1 7 0 5 1 0 1 7 0 5 2 0 1 7 0 5 3 0 200112``` | 1375 | NUM(12,5) |
| OILS | Fats and oils 160110160211160212160310160320 | 1387 | NUM(12,5) |
| MISCFOOD | ```Miscellaneous foods 180110 180210 180310 180320 180410 180420 180510 180520 180611 180612180620 180710 180720``` | 1399 | NUM(12,5) |
| FOODAWAY | Food away from home       <br> 190111 190112 190113 190114 190115 190116 190211 <br> 190212 190213 190214 190215 190216 190311 190312 <br> 190313 190314 190315 190316 190321 190322 190323 <br> 190324 190325 190326 190921 190922 190923 190924 <br> 190925 190926 190911 190912 190913 190914 190915 | 1411 | NUM(12,5) |
| ALCBEV | ```Alcoholic beverages 200111 200210200310 200410200511 200512 200513 200516 200521200522 200523 200526 200531200532 200533200536``` | 1423 | NUM(12,5) |
| SMOKSUPP | Tobacco products and smoking supplies 630110630210630220630900 | 1435 | NUM(12,5) |
| PET_FOOD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pet food } \\ & 610310 \end{aligned}$ | 1447 | NUM(12,5) |


| PERSPROD | Personal care products <br> 640110640120640130640210 <br> 640420 | $640220$ | $640310$ | $640410$ | 1459 | NUM(12,5) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PERSSERV | Personal care services 650110650210650900 |  |  |  | 1471 | NUM(12,5) |
| DRUGSUPP | Non-prescription drugs and supplies 550110550210550310550320 570901570902 | $550330$ | 550410 | 550900 | 1483 | NUM(12,5) |
| HOUSKEEP | Housekeeping supplies and services 330110330210330310330410 340120 | $330510$ | 330610 | 340110 | 1495 | NUM(12,5) |

## 2. MEMBER CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE (MEMB)

The "MEMB" file, also referred to as the "Member Characteristics and Income" file, contains selected characteristics for each CU member, including identification of relationship to reference person. Characteristics for the reference person and spouse appear on both the MEMB file and FMLY file.

Demographic characteristic data, such as age of CU member, refer to the member status at the placement of each diary. Income data are collected for all CU members over 13 years of age. Income taxes withheld and pension and retirement contributions are shown both annually and as deductions from the member's last paycheck. Income variables contain annual values for the 12 months prior to the interview month. When there is a valid nonresponse, or where nonresponse occurs and there is no imputation, there will be missing values. The type of nonresponse is explained by associated data flag variables described in Section III.C. DATA FLAGS.

## a. CU AND MEMBER IDENTIFIERS

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START <br> POSITION |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| NEWID | CU identification number. Digits $1-7$ (CU sequence number, <br> 1 through 9999999) uniquely identify the CU. Digit 8 is the week <br> number, 1 or 2 | 1 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived | 135 | NUM(2) |

S01 1

## b. CHARACTERISTICS OF MEMBER

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CU_CODE1 | What is the member's relationship to (reference person)? CODED <br> 1 Reference person <br> 2 Spouse <br> 3 Child or adopted child <br> 4 Grandchild <br> 5 In-law <br> 6 Brother or sister <br> 7 Mother or father <br> 8 Other related persons <br> 9 Unrelated persons <br> 0 Blank or illegible entry <br> S01 4 | 70 | CHAR(1) |
| CU_C_DE1 |  | 71 | CHAR(1) |
| AGE | What is the member's date of birth? (Age is verified.) S01 9 | 9 | NUM(2) |
| AGE_ |  | 11 | CHAR(1) |
| RACE | What is the race of each person in this CU? <br> CODED <br> 1 White <br> 2 Black <br> 3 American Indian, Aleut, or Eskimo <br> 4 Asian or Pacific Islander <br> S01 10 | 151 | CHAR(1) |
| RACE_ |  | 152 | CHAR(1) |
| SEX | Is the member male or female? CODED <br> 1 Male <br> 2 Female <br> S01 6 | 174 | CHAR(1) |
| SEX |  | 175 | CHAR(1) |
| MARITAL | Is the member now . . . ? (Marital status) CODED <br> 1 Married <br> 2 Widowed <br> 3 Divorced <br> 4 Separated <br> 5 Never married | 133 | CHAR(1) |
|  | S01 12 |  |  |
| MARITAL_ |  | 134 | CHAR(1) |


| ORIGIN | What is the member's ethnic origin or ancestry? CODED <br> 1 European: <br> German <br> Italian <br> Irish <br> French <br> Polish <br> Russian <br> English <br> Scottish <br> Dutch <br> Swedish <br> Hungarian <br> 2 Spanish: <br> Mexican American <br> Chicano Mexican <br> Puerto Rican <br> Cuban <br> Central or South American Other Spanish <br> 3 Afro-American (Black or Negro) <br> 4 Another group not listed / Don't know | 140 | CHAR(1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | S01 11 |  |  |
| ORIGIN |  | 141 | CHAR(1) |
| EDUCA | What is the highest level of school the member has completed or the highest degree the member has received? | 72 | CHAR(2) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 00 Never attended school |  |  |
|  | 01-11 First grade through eleventh grade 38 Twelfth grade - no degree |  |  |
|  | 39 High school graduate |  |  |
|  | 40 Some college - no degree |  |  |
|  | 41 Associate's degree (occupational/vocational) |  |  |
|  | 42 Associate's degree (academic) |  |  |
|  | 43 Bachelor's degree |  |  |
|  | 44 Master's degree |  |  |
|  | 45 Professional degree |  |  |
|  | 46 Doctorate degree |  |  |
|  | S01 13a |  |  |
| EDUCA |  | 74 | CHAR(1) |
| IN_COLL | Is the member currently enrolled in a college or university either. . .? | 244 | CHAR(1) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 1 Full time |  |  |
|  | 2 Part time |  |  |
|  | 3 Not at all |  |  |


| IN_COLL_ |  | 245 | CHAR(1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ARM_FORC | Is member now in the Armed Forces? CODED <br> 1 Yes <br> 2 No | 242 | CHAR(1) |
|  | S01 14 |  |  |
| ARM__ORC |  | 243 | CHAR(1) |
| SCHLNCHQ | During the previous 30 days, how many weeks did the member purchase meals at school or in a preschool program for preschool or school age children? | 162 | NUM(2) |
|  | S02 5b(d) |  |  |
| SCHL_CHQ |  | 164 | CHAR(1) |
| SCHLNCHX | What is the usual weekly expense for the meals the member purchased at school? | 165 | NUM(8) |
|  | S02 5b(c) |  |  |
| SCHL_CHX |  | 173 | CHAR(1) |

## c. WORK EXPERIENCE OF MEMBERS

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WKS_WRKD | In the last 12 months, how many weeks did the member work either full or part time not counting work around the house? Include paid vacation and paid sick leave. | 225 | NUM(2) |
|  | S04A 2 |  |  |
| WKS__RKD |  | 227 | CHAR(1) |
| HRSPERWK | In the weeks that the member worked, how many hours did the member usually work per week? | 113 | NUM(3) |
|  | S04A 3 |  |  |
| HRSP_RWK |  | 116 | CHAR(1) |
| OCCULIST | The job in which member received the most earnings during the past 12 months fits best in the following category <br> CODED <br> Manager, professional <br> 01 Administrator, manager <br> 02 Teacher <br> 03 Professional <br> Administrative support, technical, sales <br> 04 Administrative support, including clerical <br> 05 Sales, retail <br> 06 Sales, business goods and services | 137 | CHAR(2) |


|  | 07 Technician Service <br> 08 Protective service <br> 09 Private household service <br> 10 Other service <br> Operator, assembler, laborer <br> 11 Machine operator, assembler, inspector <br> 12 Transportation operator <br> 13 Handler, helper, laborer <br> Precision production, craft, repair <br> 14 Mechanic, repairer, precision production <br> 15 Construction, mining <br> Farming, forestry, fishing <br> 16 Farming <br> 17 Forestry, fishing, groundskeeping <br> Armed forces <br> 18 Armed forces |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | S04A 4a |  |  |
| OCCU_IST |  | 139 | CHAR (1) |
| EMPLTYPE | Was the member . . ? (Type of employee) <br> Refers to job where member received the most earnings in the past 12 months. <br> CODED <br> 1 An employee of a PRIVATE company, business, or individual working for wages or salary <br> 2 A Federal government employee <br> 3 A State government employee <br> 4 A local government employee <br> 5 Self-employed in OWN business, professional practice or farm <br> 6 Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm, | 75 | CHAR(1) |
| EMPL_YPE |  | 76 | CHAR (1) |
| WHYNOWRK | What was the main reason the member did not work during the past 12 months? Was the member . . .? | 223 | CHAR (1) |
|  | CODED <br> 1 Retired <br> 2 Taking care of home/family <br> 3 Going to school <br> 4 III, disabled, unable to work <br> 5 Unable to find work <br> 6 Doing something else |  |  |
|  | S04A 5 |  |  |
| WHYN_WRK |  | 224 | CHAR(1) |

## 07 Technician

Service
08 Protective service
09 Private household service
Other service
11 Machine operator, assembler, inspector
12 Transportation operator
13 Handler, helper, laborer
Precision production, craft, repair
4 Mechanic, repairer, precision production
fonstruction, mining
16 Farming
17 Forestry, fishing, groundskeeping
Armed forces
18 Armed forces
S04A 4a

## d. INCOME

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WAGEX | During the past 12 months, what was the amount of wages or salary income received before any deductions? | 214 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04A 6a |  |  |
| WAGEX |  | 222 | CHAR(1) |
| GROSPAYX | What was the gross amount of the member's last pay? | 95 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04A 9 |  |  |
| GROS_AYX |  | 103 | CHAR(1) |
| PAYPERD | Time period covered for last pay | 248 | CHAR(1) |
|  | 1 week |  |  |
|  | 22 weeks |  |  |
|  | 3 month |  |  |
|  | 4 quarter |  |  |
|  | 5 year |  |  |
|  | 6 other |  |  |
|  | 7 twice a month |  |  |
|  | S04A 10a |  |  |
| PAYPERD_ |  | 249 | CHAR(1) |
| BSNSX | During the past 12 months, what was the amount of income or loss from the member's own nonfarm business, partnership or professional practice after expenses? | 61 | NUM(8) |
|  | *L |  |  |
|  | S04A 6b |  |  |
| BSNSX_ |  | 69 | CHAR(1) |
| FARMX | During the past 12 months, what was the amount of income or loss from the member's own farm after expenses? | 77 | NUM(8) |
|  | *L |  |  |
|  | S04A 6c |  |  |
| FARMX |  | 85 | CHAR(1) |
| ANYSSINC | During the past 12 months, did the member receive from the U.S. Government any money from Social Security checks? CODED <br> 1 Yes <br> 2 No | 59 | CHAR(1) |
|  | S04A 7a |  |  |


| ANYS_INC |  | 60 | CHAR(1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANYRAIL | During the past 12 months, did the member receive from the U.S. Government any money from Railroad Retirement checks? <br> CODED <br> 1 Yes <br> 2 No | 57 | CHAR(1) |
|  | S04A 7b |  |  |
| ANYRAIL |  | 58 | CHAR(1) |
| SOCRRX | Annual amount of Social Security and Railroad Retirement income received by member in past 12 months <br> BLS derived | 233 | NUM(8) |
| SOCRRX |  | 241 | CHAR(1) |
| SS_RRX | What was the amount of the last Social Security or Railroad Retirement payment received? (In past 12 months) S04A 7d | 183 | NUM(8) |
| SS_RRX_ |  | 191 | CHAR(1) |
| MEDICARE | Is the amount of the last Social Security or Railroad Retirement payment received AFTER the deduction for a Medicare premium? <br> CODED <br> 1 Yes <br> 2 No <br> S04A 7e | 246 | CHAR(1) |
| MED_CARE |  | 247 | CHAR(1) |
| SS_RRQ | During the past 12 months, how many Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments did the member receive? S04A 7f | 228 | NUM(4) |
| SS_RRQ_ |  | 232 | CHAR(1) |
| US_SUPP | During the past 12 months, did the member receive any Supplemental Security Income checks from the U.S. Government? <br> CODED <br> 1 Yes <br> 2 No <br> S04A 8a | 212 | CHAR(1) |
| US_SUPP_ |  | 213 | CHAR(1) |
| STA_SUPP | During the past 12 months, did the member receive any Supplemental Security Income checks from the State or local government? | 192 | CHAR(1) |


|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { CODED } \\ 1 \mathrm{Yes} \\ 2 \mathrm{No} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | S04A 8b |  |  |
| STA__UPP |  | 193 | CHAR(1) |
| SUPPX | During the past 12 months, how much did the member receive in Supplemental Security Income checks altogether? (From U.S. Government and State or local Government) | 203 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04A 8b |  |  |
| SUPPX_ |  | 211 | CHAR(1) |
| e. TAXES |  |  |  |
| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| ANFEDTXX | Annualized amount of Federal income tax deducted from last pay ((FEDTXX/GROSPAYX) x WAGEX) | 12 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| ANFE_TXX |  | 20 | CHAR(1) |
| FEDTXX | How much was deducted from the member's last pay for Federal income tax? | 86 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04A 10a |  |  |
| FEDTXX |  | 94 | CHAR(1) |
| ANSTATXX | Annualized amount of state and local income taxes deducted from last pay ((STATXX/GROSPAYX) x WAGEX) | 48 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| ANST_TXX |  | 56 | CHAR(1) |
| STATXX | How much was deducted from the member's last pay for state and local income tax? | 194 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04A 10b |  |  |
| STATXX |  | 202 | CHAR(1) |

## f. RETIREMENT AND PENSION DEDUCTIONS

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JSSDEDX | Estimated amount of income contributed to Social Security by member in past 12 months | 126 | NUM(6) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| JSSDEDX_ |  | 132 | CHAR(1) |
| SLFEMPSS | Amount of income contributed to Social Security by member if self-employed | 176 | NUM(6) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| SLFE_PSS |  | 182 | CHAR(1) |
| ANRRX | Annualized amount of Railroad Retirement deducted from last pay ((RRX/GROSPAYX) x WAGEX) | 39 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| ANRRX_ |  | 47 | CHAR(1) |
| RRX | How much was deducted from the member's last pay for Railroad Retirement? | 153 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04A 10d |  |  |
| RRX |  | 161 | CHAR(1) |
| ANGVX | Annualized amount of Government Retirement deducted from last pay ((GVX/GROSPAYX) x WAGEX) | 21 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| ANGVX_ |  | 29 | CHAR(1) |
| GVX | How much was deducted from the member's last pay for Government Retirement? | 104 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04A 10e |  |  |
| GVX |  | 112 | CHAR(1) |
| ANPVTX | Annualized amount of private pensions deducted from last pay ((PVTX/GROSPAYX) x WAGEX) | 30 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| ANPVTX |  | 38 | CHAR(1) |
| PVTX | How much was deducted from the member's last pay for private pension fund? | 142 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04A 10f |  |  |


| PVTX |  | 150 | $\mathrm{CHAR}(1)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IRAX | During the past 12 months, how much money did the member place in a retirement plan such as Individual Retirement Account (IRA \& Keogh)? <br> (Exclude rollovers) | 117 | NUM(8) |
|  | S04A 13b |  |  |
| IRAX |  | 125 | CHAR(1) |

## 3. DETAILED EXPENDITURES (EXPN) FILE

In the "EXPN" file, each expenditure recorded by a CU in a weekly diary is identified by UCC, gift/nongift status, and day on which the expenditure occurred. UCC's are six digit codes that identify items or groups of items. (See Appendix 2.A for a listing of UCC's.) There may be more than one record for a UCC on a single day if that is what was reported in the diary. There are no missing values in this file. If no expenditure was recorded for the item(s) represented by a UCC, then there is no record for the UCC on file.

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEWID | CU identification number. Digits 1-7 (CU sequence number, 1 through 9999999) uniquely identify the CU. Digit 8 is the week number, 1 or 2 | 1 | NUM(8) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| ALLOC | Adjustment status for cost variable | 9 | CHAR(1) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 0 Not allocated or topcoded |  |  |
|  | 1 Allocated, not topcoded |  |  |
|  | 2 Topcoded and allocated |  |  |
|  | 3 Topcoded, not allocated |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| COST | Total cost of item, including sales tax | 10 | NUM(12,5) |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| GIFT | Was item bought for someone outside the CU? | 22 | CHAR(1) |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 1 Yes |  |  |
|  | 2 No |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |
| PUB_FLAG | Is cost included in published reports? | 23 | $\mathrm{CHAR}(1)$ |
|  | CODED |  |  |
|  | 1 Not published |  |  |
|  | 2 Published in Integrated reports |  |  |
|  | BLS derived |  |  |


| QREDATE | Purchase date recode field Consists of: <br> Sequential day of the Diary week (1-7) <br> Day of the week, Sunday through Saturday (1-7) <br> Reference month of this expenditure, (01-12) <br> Reference day of this expenditure, (01-31) <br> Reference year of this expenditure, (0000-9999) <br> BLS derived | 24 | CHAR(10) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| QREDATE_ | Universal Classification Code <br> See Section XIII.A. Appendix A for a listing of EXPN UCC <br> codes and titles <br> UCC | 34 | CHAR(1) |
|  | BLS derived | 35 | CHAR(6) |

## 4. INCOME (DTAB) FILE

The "DTAB" file, also referred to as the "Income" file, contains CU characteristic and income data. This file is created directly from the FMLY file and contains the same annual and point-of-placement data. It was created to facilitate computer processing when linking CU income and demographic characteristic data with EXPN expenditure data. As such, the file structure is similar to EXPN. Each characteristic and income item is identified by UCC (See Section XIII.B for a listing of UCCs). There are no records with missing values in DTAB. If the corresponding FMLY file variable contained a missing value, there is no record for the UCC.

| VARIABLE | ITEM DESCRIPTION | START <br> POSITION | FORMAT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## 5. PROCESSING FILES

## a. AGGregation file

X:IDIARY01\AGGD01.TXT
The AGG file shows which UCCs go into each category listed in the sample table produced by the microdata file verification and estimation program. (See Section VII.A. SAMPLE PROGRAM). It designates each category with a unique 6 -digit line number. It is formatted as follows:

| DESCRIPTION | START <br> POSITION |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| FORMAT (Universal Classification Code) | 3 | CHAR(6) |
| Line Number: represents a line in the sample table | 15 | CHAR(6) |
| b. LABEL file |  |  |

X:IDIARY01LLABELD01.TXT
The LABEL file assigns an identification label to each AGG file line number. It is formatted as follows:

| DESCRIPTION | $\begin{array}{c}\text { START } \\ \text { POSITION }\end{array}$ | FORMAT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |$]$

## c. UCC file

X:IDIARY01IUCCD01.TXT
The UCC file contains UCCs and their abbreviated titles, identifying the expenditure, income, or demographic item represented by each UCC. It is formatted as follows:

| DESCRIPTION | START <br> POSITION | FORMAT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

## d. SAMPLe program file

X:IPROGRAMS\ SAMPLD01.TXT (SAS)

The SAMPLD01 file contains the computer program used in Section VII.A. SAMPLE PROGRAM of the documentation. This file has been created to provide programming assistance.

## IV. TOPCODING AND OTHER NONDISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

Sensitive CU data are changed so that users will not be able to identify CUs who participated in the survey. Topcoding refers to the replacement of data in cases where the value of the original data exceeds prescribed critical values. Critical values for each variable containing sensitive data are calculated in accordance with Census Disclosure Review Board guidelines. Each observation that falls outside the critical value is replaced with a topcoded value that represents the mean of the subset of all outlying observations. All four quarters of data in the CE microdata release are used when calculating the critical value and topcode amount. If an observation is topcoded, the flag variable assigned to that observation is set to ' T '.

Since the critical value and the mean of the set of values outside the critical value may differ with each annual (four-quarter) release, the topcode values may change annually and be applied at a different starting point. By topcoding values in this manner, the first moment will be preserved for each four-quarter data release when using the total sample. This, however, will not be the case when means are estimated by characteristic, because topcode values are not calculated by characteristic.

## A. CU CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE (FMLY)

The following FMLY file variables are subject to topcoding.

| AGE_REF | Age of reference person |
| :--- | :--- |
| AGE2 | Age of spouse <br> ADDFEDX <br> Amount of Federal income tax paid in addition to that withheld |
| ADDOTHX | Amount of other taxes paid but not reported elsewhere |
| ADDSTAX | Amount of state and local income tax paid in addition to that withheld |
| ALIOTHX | Amount received from regular contributions by all CU members |
| CHDLMPX | Amount received by all CU members for a lump sum child support payment in last 12 |
| months |  |
| CHDOTHX | Amount received by all CU members in last 12 months for other child support |
| DIVX | Amount received from dividends, royalties, estates, or trusts |
| FEDREFX | Amount of refund from Federal income tax |


| SALEX | Amount received from sale of household furnishings, equipment, clothing, jewelry, pets or <br> other belongings, excluding sale of vehicles or property |
| :--- | :--- |
| SSREFX | Amount of refund from overpayment on Social Security |

The critical values and topcode values associated with the above variables follow.

| Variable | 2001 Upper <br> critical value | 2001 Lower <br> critical value | 2001 Upper <br> topcode value | 2001 Lower <br> topcode value |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ADDFEDX | 29,000 | $-{ }^{2}$ | 71,293 | - |
| ADDOTHX | 5,300 | - | 13,858 | - |
| ADDSTAX | 6,265 | - | 12,953 | - |
| AGE_REF | 80 | - | 86 | - |
| AGE2 | 80 | - | 84 | - |
| ALIOTHX | 29,000 | - | 42,000 | - |
| CHDLMPX | 11,128 | - | 14,504 | - |
| CHDOTHX | 14,400 | - | 29,637 | - |
| DIVX | 36,000 | - | 73,649 | - |
| FEDREFX | 5,952 | - | 10,191 | - |
| INSREFX | 2,800 | - | 9,440 | - |
| INTX | 35,000 | - | 133,824 | - |
| LUMPX | 100,000 | - | 288,889 | - |
| OCCEXPNX | 1,975 | - | 5,211 | - |
| OTHINX | 25,000 | - | 30,125 | - |
| OTHREFX | 1,640 | - | 3,056 | - |
| OTHRNTX | 45,000 | $-15,000$ | 113,333 | $-21,514$ |
| PENSIONX | 48,600 | - | 86,846 | - |
| PTAXREFX | 1,600 | - | 2,640 | - |
| ROOMX | 36,000 | $-3,599$ | - | $-6,700$ |
| SALEX | 7,000 | - | 44,643 | - |
| SSREFX | 2,000 | - | 3,771 | - |
| STATREFX | 1,500 | - | 2,871 | - |
| TAXPROPX | 3,000 | - | 5,302 | - |

Some income variables that are subject to topcoding are constructed by summing up the values of "lower level" MEMB or FMLY file component variables. These variables are not topcoded by the conventional method of replacement with a topcode value. Instead the variables' components are summed normally and the variables are flagged as topcoded if one of their component variables is topcoded.

Following are the income variables that are calculated using values of their component variables. (See the descriptions of each variable in Sections III.E.1.e. INCOME - III.E.1.h. RETIREMENT AND PENSION DEDUCTIONS for a list of component variables.)

| EARNX | Amount of CU income from earnings before taxes |
| :--- | :--- |
| FBSNSX | Amount of income from non-farm business |
| FFARMX | Amount of income or loss received from own farm |
| FFEDTXX | Amount of Federal tax deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| FGVX | Amount of government retirement deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| FINCAFTX | Amount of CU income after taxes |
| FINCBEFX | Amount of CU income before taxes |
| FIRAX | Amount of money placed in individual retirement plan |
| FJSSDEDX | Estimated amount of annual Social Security contribution |
| FPVTX | Amount of private pension fund deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |


| FRRX | Amount of Railroad Retirement deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| :--- | :--- |
| FSTATXX | Amount of State and local income taxes deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU <br> members |
| FWAGEX | Amount received from wage and salary income before deduction |
| NONERNX | Amount of income from sources other than earnings before taxes |
| OTHRECX | Amount of other money receipts excluded from family income |
| PERSTAX | Amount of personal taxes paid |

Here are some examples of situations that may occur. The value for the variable FBSNSX (family income from nonfarm business) is computed as the sum of the values reported for the variable BSNSX (member income from nonfarm business) from the MEMB file. BSNSX is subject to topcoding beyond the critical value of $\$ 150,000(-\$ 9,999)$. The topcode value for BSNSX is $\$ 349,636(-\$ 23,900)$.


While CUs 1 and 2 each originally report $\$ 310,000$ in BSNSX, topcoding is done only on the values reported by the members of CU2. Thus, the value for FBSNSX for CU2 is lower than for CU1 and is flagged as topcoded while CU1 is not. By using the mean of the subset of observations that are above (below) the critical value as the topcode amount, values on the public use data can be either below or above the actual reported value. Note that while CU2 has a topcoded value below the reported value, CU3's topcoded FBSNSX value $(\$ 479,636)$ is higher than the amount that it reported $(\$ 290,000)$. The case of CU4 demonstrates that the reported value for FBSNSX can be negative, while the topcoded value can be positive. This is due to a topcoded positive BSNSX value for MEMB1 that is large enough to change total CU income from negative to positive. The reverse can also occur.

The value of the variable, STATE, which identifies state of residence, must be suppressed for some observations to meet the Census Disclosure Review Board's criterion that the smallest geographically identifiable area have a population of at least 100,000. STATE data were evaluated vis-àvis variables POPSIZE, REGION, and BLS_URBN, which show the population size of the geographic area that is sampled, the four Census regions, and the urban/rural status respectively. Some STATE codes were suppressed because, in combination with these variables, they could be used to identify areas of 100,000 or less. On approximately 17 percent of the records on the FMLY files the STATE variable is blank. The STATE flag (STATE_) is given a value of 'T' if STATE is suppressed.

A small proportion of STATE codes are replaced with codes of states other than the state where the CU resides. By re-coding in this manner, suppression of POPSIZE and REGION may be avoided. (In past releases selected observations of POPSIZE and REGION also required suppression.) If an observation of a CU's state of residence is re-coded with another state's code, the flag variable (STATE_) of the re-coded state is assigned an ' $R$ '. The flag variable is also assigned an ' $R$ ' for either all or a portion of other observations from that state. In total, approximately $4 \%$ of observations of STATE_ are assigned an 'R'.

| 01 | Alabama | *28 | Mississippi |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 02 | Alaska | **29 | Missouri |
| ${ }^{\text {RR }} 04$ | Arizona | 31 | Nebraska |
| *05 | Arkansas | ${ }^{R} 32$ | Nevada |
| **06 | California | ${ }^{R} 33$ | New Hampshire |
| 08 | Colorado | 34 | New Jersey |
| 09 | Connecticut | *35 | New Mexico |
| 10 | Delaware | RR**36 | New York |
| ${ }^{\mathrm{R}} 11$ | District of Columbia | **37 | North Carolina |
| **12 | Florida | ${ }^{\text {R }} 39$ | Ohio |
| **13 | Georgia | **40 | Oklahoma |
| 15 | Hawaii | **41 | Oregon |
| 16 | Idaho | 42 | Pennsylvania |
| **17 | Illinois | 45 | South Carolina |
| RR**18 | Indiana | *46 | South Dakota |
| *19 | Iowa | **47 | Tennessee |
| **20 | Kansas | 48 | Texas |
| 21 | Kentucky | 49 | Utah |
| 22 | Louisiana | 50 | Vermont |
| $\mathrm{R}_{*} 23$ | Maine | **51 | Virginia |
| 24 | Maryland | **53 | Washington |
| 25 | Massachusetts | ${ }^{\mathrm{R}} 54$ | West Virginia |
| **26 | Michigan | 55 | Wisconsin |
| **27 | Minnesota |  |  |

* indicates that the STATE code has been suppressed for all sampled CUs in that state (STATE_ = ' T ' for all observations).
** indicates that the STATE code has been suppressed for some sampled CUs in that state (STATE_= 'T' for some observations).
$R \quad$ indicates that either all observations from this state have been re-coded or all strata ${ }^{1}$ of observations from this state include "re-codes" from other states.
RR indicates that either some observations from this state have been re-coded or at least one stratum ${ }^{1}$ of observations from this state includes "re-codes" from other states.
$R^{*}$ indicates that the STATE code has been suppressed for some sampled CUs in that state and, either STATE has been re-coded or the state includes "re-codes" from other states in all strata".
$R R^{* *}$ indicates that the STATE code has been suppressed for some sampled CUs in that state and, either STATE has been re-coded or the state includes "re-codes" from other states in at least one stratum".
${ }^{1}$ A STATE stratum is a unique POPSIZE and BLS_URBN combination.
States not listed are not in the CE sample.


## B. MEMBER CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE (MEMB)

The following MEMB file variables are subject to topcoding.

| AGE | Age of member |
| :--- | :--- |
| ANFEDTXX | Annual amount of Federal income tax deducted from pay |
| ANGVX | Annual amount of government retirement deducted from pay |
| ANPVTX | Annual amount of private pension fund deducted from pay |
| ANRRX | Annual amount of Railroad Retirement deducted from pay |
| ANSTATXX | Annual amount of state and local income taxes deducted from pay |
| BSNSX | Amount of income or loss received from nonfarm business |
| FARMX | Amount of income or loss received from own farm |
| FEDTXX | Amount of Federal income tax deducted from last pay |
| GROSPAYX | Amount of last gross pay |
| GVX | Amount of government retirement deducted from last pay |


| IRAX | Amount of money placed in an individual retirement plan |
| :--- | :--- |
| JSSDEDX | Estimated annual Social Security contribution |
| PVTX | Amount of private pension fund deducted from last pay |
| RRX | Amount of Railroad Retirement deducted from last pay |
| SLFEMPSS | Amount of self-employment Social Security contributions |
| STATXX | Amount of state and local income taxes deducted from last pay |
| WAGEX | Amount received from wage and salary income before deductions |

The critical values and topcode values associated with the above variables follow.

| Variable | 2001 Upper <br> critical Value | 2001 Lower <br> critical Value | 2001 Upper <br> topcode value | 2001 Lower <br> topcode value |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| AGE | 80 | - | 86 | - |
| ANFEDTXX | 22,066 | - | 38,967 | - |
| ANGVX | 7,258 | - | 9170 | - |
| ANPVTX | 12,700 | - | 19,318 | - |
| ANRRX | 5,000 | - | 6,100 | - |
| ANSTATXX | 6,659 | - | 10,387 | - |
| BSNSX | 150,000 | $-9,999$ | 349,636 | $-23,900$ |
| FARMX | 150,000 | $-9,999$ | $\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $-40,000$ |
| FEDTXX | 1,080 | - | 5,303 | - |
| GROSPAYX | 5,500 | - | 20,734 | - |
| GVX | 13,000 | - | 5,537 | - |
| IRAX | 6,885 | - | 29,633 | - |
| JSSDEDX | 700 | - | 9,634 | - |
| PVTX | 224 | - | 2,339 | - |
| RRX | 13,450 | - | 332 | - |
| SLFEMPSS | 328 | - | 16,227 | - |
| STATXX | 150,000 | - | 996 | - |
| WAGEX | - | 261,821 | - |  |

The variable FARMX has a critical value but no topcode amount. This implies that there are no observations outside the critical value on the current four quarter release.

## Special suppression for MEMB file variables

The five MEMB file variables--FEDTXX, GVX, PVTX, RRX, and STATXX--describe deductions from the most recent pay. These variables are used in conjunction with GROSPAYX (amount of last gross pay) and WAGEX (annual wage and salary income) to derive ANFEDTXX, ANGVX, ANPVTX, ANRRX, and ANSTATXX, which represent the estimated annual deductions for each of these income deduction categories. For example, the estimated annual Federal income tax deduction from pay is calculated as
(1) ANFEDTXX = (WAGEX (FEDTXX/GROSPAYX)).

Note that WAGEX can be estimated by using the above terms and rearranging such that
(2) $\quad$ WAGEX $=($ ANFEDTXX (GROSPAYX/FEDTXX) $)$.

In the above example, a problem with disclosure may arise when neither ANFEDTXX, GROSPAYX, nor FEDTXX (calculation components) are topcoded, but WAGEX is. In this situation WAGEX can be recalculated to obtain its original value by inserting the non-topcoded values into equation (2) and solving it. In order to prevent this, the non-topcoded terms in equation (2) will be suppressed (blanked out) and their associated flags will be assigned a value of ' T '.

The following chart describes in detail the specific rules that are applied to prevent the potential disclosure outlined above.

If WAGEX is greater than the critical value but ANFEDTXX, GROSPAYX, and FEDTXX are not, then the values for ANFEDTXX, GROSPAYX, and FEDTXX are suppressed and their flag variables are assigned a value of ' $T$ '.

If WAGEX is greater than the critical value but ANGVX, GROSPAYX, and GVX are not, then the values for ANGVX, GROSPAYX, and GVX are suppressed and their flag variables assigned a value of ' T '.

If WAGEX is greater than the critical value but ANPVTX, GROSPAYX, and PVTX are not, then the values for ANPVTX, GROSPAYX, and PVTX are suppressed and their flag variables assigned a value of ' $T$ '.

If WAGEX is greater than the critical value but ANRRX, GROSPAYX, and RRX are not, then the values for ANRRX, GROSPAYX, and RRX are suppressed and their flag variables assigned a value of ' T '.

If WAGEX is greater than the critical value but ANSTATXX, GROSPAYX, and STATXX are not, then the values for ANSTATXX, GROSPAYX, and STATXX are suppressed and their flag variables assigned a value of ' $T$ '.

## C. DETAILED EXPENDITURE FILE (EXPN)

The EXPN variable COST is subject to topcoding for the following UCCs.

## UCC

001000
009000
210110 Rent of dwelling, includes parking fees
210210 Lodging away from home
210310 Housing for someone at school
210900 Ground or land rent
550320 Medical equipment for general use
550330 Supportive convalescent or medical equipment
560110 Physicians' services
560210 Dental services
560310 Eyecare services
560330 Lab tests and x-rays
560400 Service by professionals other than physicians
570000 Hospital care not specified
570220 Nursing or convalescent home care
570230 Other medical care service
570901 Rental of medical equipment
If the value of COST is greater (less) than the designated critical values for the above UCCs, COST is set to the topcode value and the associated flag variable, COST_, is set to 'T'. The critical values and topcode values (rounded to the nearest dollar) of the variable COST that are associated with the above UCCs follow.

| Variable | 2001 Upper <br> critical value | 2001 Lower <br> critical value | 2001 Upper <br> topcode value | 2001 Lower <br> topcode value |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 001000 | 18,995 | - | 24,547 | - |
| 009000 | 2,273 | - | 3,395 | - |
| 210110 | 1,400 | - | 1,700 | - |
| 210210 | 480 | - | 638 | - |
| 550320 | 70 | - | 109 | - |
| 550330 | 113 | - | 265 | - |
| 560110 | 196 | - | 604 | - |
| 560210 | 773 | - | 1466 | - |


| 560310 | 355 | - | 1837 | - |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 560330 | 347 | - | 811 | - |
| 560400 | 215 | - | 398 | - |
| 570000 | 419 | - | 674 | - |

The following UCCs have a critical value but no topcode amount. This implies that there are no observations outside the critical value on the current four-quarter release.

| Variable | 2001 Upper <br> critical value | 2001 Lower <br> critical value | 2001 Upper <br> topcode value | 2001 Lower <br> topcode value |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 210310 | 648 | - | - | - |
| 210900 | 1,050 | - | - | - |
| 220400 | 400,000 | - | - | - |
| 570220 | 1802 | - | - | - |
| 570230 | 394 | - | - | - |
| 570901 | 180 | - | - | - |

## D. INCOME FILE (DTAB)

The DTAB variable AMOUNT is subject to topcoding for the following UCCs.

## UCC

900040
900050 Amount received from regular income from dividends, royalties, estates or trusts
900060 Amount received from net income or loss received from roomers or boarders
900070 Amount received from net income or loss received from other rental units
900080 Amount received from interest on savings accounts or bonds
900131 Amount received from other child support payments
900132 Amount received from other regular contributions, including alimony
900140 Amount received from other money income
910000 Amount received from lump sum payments from estates, trusts, etc.
910010 Amount received from money from sale household furnishings etc.
910020 Amount of overpayment on Social Security
910030 Amount of refund from insurance policies
910040 Amount of refunds from property taxes
910041 Amount received from lump sum child support payments received
950000 Amount of Federal income tax paid
950001 Amount received from Federal income tax refunds
950010 Amount of state/local income tax paid
950011 Amount received from State/local income tax refunds
950021 Amount of other taxes paid
950022 Amount of personal property taxes paid
950023 Amount of other tax refund received from other sources
980020 Age of reference person

If AMOUNT is greater (less) than the designated critical values for the above UCCs, AMOUNT is set to the topcode value and the associated flag variable, AMOUNT_, is set to 'T'. The critical values and topcode values (rounded to the nearest dollar) of the variable AMOUNT that are associated with the above UCCs follow.

Variable
2001 Upper critical Value

2001 Lower critical Value

2001 Upper
topcode value

2001 Lower
topcode value

| 900040 | 48,600 | - | 86,846 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 900050 | 36,000 | - | 73,649 | - |
| 900060 | 36,000 | -3,599 | - | -6,700 |
| 900070 | 45,000 | -15,000 | 113,333 | -21,514 |
| 900080 | 35,000 | - | 133,824 | - |
| 900131 | 14,400 | - | 29,637 | - |
| 900132 | 29,000 | - | 42,000 | - |
| 900140 | 25,000 | - | 30,125 | - |
| 910000 | 100,000 | - | 288,889 | - |
| 910010 | 7,000 | - | 44,643 | - |
| 910020 | 2,000 | - | 3,771 | - |
| 910030 | 2,800 | - | 9,439 | - |
| 910040 | 1,600 | - | 2,640 | - |
| 910041 | 11,128 | - | 14,504 | - |
| 950000 (ADDFEDX) ${ }^{1}$ | 29,000 | - | 71,293 | - |
| 950001 | - | -5,952 | - | -10,191 |
| 950010 (ADDSTAX) ${ }^{1}$ | 6,265 | - | 12,953 | - |
| 950011 | - | -1,500 | - | -2,871 |
| 950021 | 5,300 | - | 13,858 | - |
| 950022 | 3,000 | - | 5,302 | - |
| 950023 | - | -1,640 | - | -3,056 |
| 980020 | 80 | - | 86 | - |

${ }^{1}$ ADDFEDX (amount of Federal tax paid in addition to that withheld) and FFEDTXX (Federal tax withheld from last pay annualized for all CU members) are both mapped to UCC 950000 as separate records. Records for UCC 950000 that represent FFEDTXX are topcoded through their components (ANFEDTXX) at the MEMB level and thus, these records will not have a DTAB critical value. DTAB records for UCC 950000 that represent ADDFEDX are topcoded for all amounts greater than \$29,000.
${ }^{2}$ ADDSTAX (amount of state and local taxes paid in addition to that withheld) and FSTATXX (state and local income tax deduction from last pay annualized for all CU members) are both mapped to UCC 950010 as separate records. Records for UCC 950010 that represent FSTATXX are topcoded through their components (ANSTATXX) at the MEMB level and thus, these records will not have a DTAB critical value. Create the DTAB VALUE field for these records by dividing FSTATXX by 12. If FSLTAXX is topcoded, then set VALUE_ to 'T'. DTAB records for UCC 950010 that represent ADDSTAX are topcoded for all amounts greater than $\$ 6,265$.

AMOUNT for the following UCC's is topcoded because the FMLY file variables corresponding to these UCC's are topcoded due to recalculation. (See Section IV.A. CU CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE on topcoding of FMLY variables.)

| UCC | FMLY variable | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800910 | FGVX | Amount of government retirement deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| 800920 | FRRX | Amount of Railroad Retirement deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| 800931 | FPVTX | Amount of private pension fund deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| 800932 | FIRAX | Amount of money placed in individual retirement plan |
| 800940 | FJSSDEDX | Estimated amount of annual Social Security contribution |
| 900000 | FWAGEX | Amount received from wage and salary income before deduction |
| 900010 | FBSNSX | Amount of income from non-farm business |
| 900020 | FFARMX | Amount of income or loss received from own farm |
| 980000 | FINCBEFX | Amount of CU income before taxes |
| 980070 | FINCAFTX | Amount of CU income after taxes |

## V. ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

This section provides users of the CE Diary microdata files with procedures for estimating means and variances of data associated with any U.S. subpopulation. The production of Consumer Expenditures in 2001 (Pending in 2003) used an integration methodology which incorporated information from both Diary and Interview Surveys. Diary data users will not be able to match published CE estimates because of this. In addition, users will not be able to match all values because of suppression of some values, due to topcoding. See the topcoding and other nondisclosure requirements in Section IV.

## A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

Consider the following general situation. We wish to estimate expenditures on certain food items for a special group (subpopulation) of U.S. CUs; for example, all CUs of three persons. Our specific objective is to estimate the expenditures for item $k$ over a period of $q$ months, where data collected over $r$ months are used in the estimate. The following definitions will be helpful in formulating the above type of estimate.

## Definition of Terms:

Let
$S=$ all CUs in the subpopulation of interest
$x=$ expenditure item(s) of interest
$q$ = number of months for which estimate is desired
$r=$ number of months in which expenditures were made to be used in calculating the estimate
$D=$ number of days in each of the months in which expenditures were made
$j=$ individual CU in subpopulation $S$
$t=$ month of expenditure
Then
$\mathrm{X}_{(j, k, t)} \quad=$ the amount of money $\mathrm{CU}_{(j)}$ spent on item $k$ for a week during month $t$
$\mathrm{W}_{(j, t, F 21)}=$ the weight assigned to $\mathrm{CU}_{(j)}$ during month $t$
The F21 denotes FINLWT21 which is used for population estimates.
NOTE: The CUs on the Diary Survey microdata files represent the U.S. population. Some CUs represent more of the population than others; and hence carry more weight. The weight, $\mathrm{W}_{(j, t, F 21)}$, is a complex estimate of this representation. Refer to Section X.C. WEIGHTING for an explanation of weights. The weights have been adjusted so that the sum of all CU weights for one month approximates one third of the U.S. population. Consequently, the weights for three months (one quarter) of data approximate the total U.S. population.

Using the above terminology, we may define:
$X_{(S, k)(q, r)}$ as an estimate for the expenditures of subpopulation $S$ on item $k$ over a period of $q$ months, where data collected over $r$ months are used.
and
$\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, r)}$ as an estimate of the mean expenditures of subpopulation $S$ on item $k$ over a period of $q$ months, where data collected over $r$ months are used.

## B. ESTIMATION OF TOTAL AND MEAN EXPENDITURES

As an example, let us estimate total expenditures on milk (item $k$ ) of subpopulation $S$ over a 12month period. Data collected over 6 months will be used to make the estimate. Users may use less than 12 months of data to perform seasonal calculations. In the notation described above, the estimate is $\mathrm{X}_{(S, k)(12,6)}$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{X}_{(S, k)(12,6)}=3(12 / 6) \sum_{t=1}^{6}\left(\sum_{j=1}^{n}\left(\frac{D_{(t)}}{7}\right) W_{(j, t, F 21)} X_{(j, k, t)}\right)_{t} \tag{1a}
\end{equation*}
$$

where the inner summation sums expenditures for all $j$ in $S$, indexed from $j=1$ through $n$ and the outer summation sums over months $t=1$ through 6 . The factor " 3 " compensates for the fact that the weights for the CUs visited in one month have been adjusted to represent one third of the U.S. population. The factor "12" reflects our desire to estimate expenditures over a 12-month period; and the " 6 " is the adjustment made because data for 6 months are used. Since the data $\mathrm{X}_{(j, k, t)}$ are in terms of weekly expenditures, the factors, (number of days in the month)/7, are used to convert weekly expenditures into their monthly equivalents.

The above formula can be generalized to estimate the total expenditures of subpopulation $S$ on item $k$ for $q$ months, but using data collected over $r$ months. The generalization is

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{X}_{(\mathrm{S}, k)(q, r)}=3(q / r) \sum_{t=1}^{r}\left(\sum_{j=1}^{n}\left(\frac{D_{(t)}}{7}\right) W_{(j, t, F 21)} X_{(j, k, t)}\right)_{t} \tag{1b}
\end{equation*}
$$

where the inner summation sums expenditures for all $j$ in $S$, indexed from $j=1$ through $n$ and the outer summation sums over months $t=1$ through $r$.

An estimate for the expenditures for two or more items may be obtained by summing those expenditures at the CU level and then proceeding as before.

The next example will give an estimate, $\bar{X}_{(S, k)(12,6)}$, of mean expenditures over twelve months $(q)$, on item $k$, of CUs in subpopulation $S$, where data collected over a six month period $(r)$ are used. The result is

$$
\begin{equation*}
\bar{X}_{(S, k)(12,6)}=\frac{3(12 / 6) \sum_{t=1}^{6}\left(\sum_{j=1}^{n}\left(\frac{D_{(t)}}{7}\right) W_{(j, t, F 21)} X_{(j, k, t)}\right)_{t}}{\frac{3 \sum_{t=1}^{6}\left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} W_{(j, t, F 21)}\right)_{t}}{6}} \tag{2a}
\end{equation*}
$$

where the numerator is an estimate of aggregate expenditures as formulated in equation (1a), and where the denominator is an estimate of the population of CUs in the U.S. during the six-month period for which the expenditure data are collected. The inner summation in the denominator of (2a) sums FINLWT21 for a given month $(t)$, for all $j$ in $S$, indexed from $j=1$ through $n$, and the outer summation in the denominator of (2a) sums over months $t=1$ through 6 . As in the estimate of aggregate expenditures, the factor " 3 " to the left of the outer summation in the denominator of equation (2a) adjusts FINLWT21 to represent the entire population for each month of data used. The proper U.S. population count is arrived at by dividing
the denominator by $r$, or in this case " 6 ", (representing the 6 month period of collected data in this example).

The above formula generalizes to $\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, k)}$, (i.e., the estimate of the mean expenditure by subpopulation $S$ on item $k$ for $q$ months using data collected over $r$ months). In detail:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, r)}=\frac{q \sum_{t=1}^{r}\left(\sum_{j=1}^{n}\left(\frac{D_{(t)}}{7}\right) W_{(j, t, F 21)} X_{(j, k, t)}\right)_{t}}{\sum_{t=1}^{r}\left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} W_{(j, t, F 21)}\right)_{t}} \tag{2b}
\end{equation*}
$$

Note: The factors " 3 " (adjustment of FINLWT21 to one U.S. population) and " 6 ", (number of months, $r$, for which the data are collected), which appear both in the numerator and the denominator of (2a), cancel. These scalars are dropped from the general form of $\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, r)}$.

The estimates for total ( $\left.X_{(S, k)(q, r)}\right)$ and mean expenditures $\left(\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, r)}\right)$ are based on all CUs; not just the CUs with positive expenditures for item $k$. Consider the calculation for the mean expenditure of tobacco. The formula $\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, r)}$ includes all CUs, both smoking and nonsmoking. One might be more interested in the mean expenditures on tobacco but only for those CUs that actually have expenditures. This can be accounted for by properly defining the initial subpopulation $S$ so as to restrict it to CUs with positive tobacco expenditures.

## C. ESTIMATION OF MEAN ANNUAL INCOME

Let $\bar{Z}_{(S, r)}$ be an estimate of the mean annual income of CUs in subpopulation S , where income data collected over $r$ months is to be used.

Let $Z_{(j, t)}=$ the annual income reported by $\mathrm{CU}_{(\mathrm{j})}$ in month $t$. Then the estimated mean annual income is

$$
\bar{Z}_{(S, r)}=\frac{\sum_{t=1}^{r}\left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} W_{(j, t, F 21)} Z_{(j, t)}\right)_{t}}{\sum_{t=1}^{r}\left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} W_{(j, t, F 21)}\right)_{t}}
$$

## VI. RELIABILITY STATEMENT

## A. DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLING ERROR AND NONSAMPLING ERROR

Sample surveys are subject to two types of errors, sampling and nonsampling. Sampling errors occur because observations are not taken from the entire population. The standard error, which is the accepted measure for sampling error, is an estimate of the difference between the sample data and the
data that would have been obtained from a complete census. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enables one to construct confidence intervals.

Assuming the Normal Distribution applies to the means of expenditures, the following statements can be made:

The chances that an estimate from a given sample would differ from a complete census figure by less than one standard error are approximately 68 out of 100.
(2) The chances that the difference would be less than 1.6 times the standard error are approximately 90 out of 100 .
(3) The chances that the difference would be less than two times the standard error are approximately 95 out of 100 .

Nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources, such as definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of the respondent to provide correct information, mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained, and other errors of collection, response, processing, coverage, and estimation for missing data. The full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown. Estimates using a small number of observations are less reliable. A small amount of nonsampling error can cause a small difference to appear significant even when it is not. It is probable that the levels of estimated expenditure obtained in the Diary Survey are generally lower than the "true" level due to the above factors.

## B. ESTIMATING SAMPLING ERROR

## 1. VARIANCE ESTIMATION

Variance estimation can be done in many ways. The method illustrated below (a pseudoreplication technique) is chosen because it is accurate yet simple to understand. The basic idea is to artificially construct several "subsamples" from the original sample data. This construction is done in a manner so that the variance information of the original data is preserved in these subsamples. These subsamples (or pseudo-replications) can then be used to obtain approximate variances for the estimates.

The Diary microdata files contain information that facilitates this form of variance estimation procedure. Specifically, 45 weights are associated with each CU. The forty-fifth weight, called FINLWT21 at BLS, (which is the weight for the total sample) is used for estimations of total or mean expenditures. The other weights (replicates 1 through 44) are used for variance estimation of the totals or means. Note that half of the weights in each replicate are zero. This reflects the fact that in this technique only half the CUs are used in each of the 44 pseudo-replicates. Recall that $X_{(S, k)(q, r)}$ is an estimate for the expenditures of subpopulation $S$ on item $k$ over a period of $q$ months, where data collected over $r$ months are used. This notation does not reveal the fact that 45 replicate weights are to be used for estimation of variance. We expand the notation to include this information. Specifically, let

$$
\begin{aligned}
& X_{(S, k)(q, r), a}=\text { an estimate of the same quantity as } X_{(S, k)(q, r)} \text {, but using the weights of the } a^{\text {th }} \\
& \text { replicate. }
\end{aligned}
$$

That is $X_{(S, k)(q, r), a}$ is an estimate of the total expenditures by CUs in subpopulation $S$ on item $k$ over $q$ months using $r$ months of collection data, and where the weights from the $a^{\text {th }}$ replicate are used. Note that the estimate using any one of the first 44 replicate weights only uses part of the data; hence in general $X_{(S, k)(q, r), a}$ is not equal to $X_{(S, k)(q, r)}$.

An estimate for the variance of $X_{(S, k)(q, r)}$ (denoted by $V\left(X_{(S, k)(q, r)}\right)$ can be calculated using the following formula:

$$
V\left(X_{(S, k)(q, r)}\right)=\frac{1}{44} \sum_{a=1}^{44}\left(X_{(S, k)(q, r), a}-X_{(S, k)(q, r)}\right)^{2}
$$

Estimates for the variances of $\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, r)}$ and $\bar{Z}_{(S, r)}$ are similar and are given below.

$$
V\left(\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, r)}\right)=\frac{1}{44} \sum_{a=1}^{44}\left(\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, r), a}-\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, r)}\right)^{2}
$$

and

$$
V\left(\bar{Z}_{(S, r)}\right)=\frac{1}{44} \sum_{a=1}^{44}\left(\bar{Z}_{(S, r), a}-\bar{Z}_{(S, r)}\right)^{2}
$$

where $\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, r), a}$ and $\bar{Z}_{(S, r), a}$ are estimates similar to $\bar{X}_{(S, k)(q, r)}$ and $\bar{Z}_{(S, r)}$ except weights of the $a^{\text {th }}$ replicates are used.

## 2. STANDARD ERROR OF THE MEAN

The standard error of the mean, S.E. $(\bar{X})$, is defined as the square root of the variance of the mean. S.E. ( $\bar{X}$ ), is used to obtain confidence intervals that evaluate how close the estimate may be to the true population mean. A 95 percent confidence interval can be constructed around an estimate, bounded by values 1.96 times the standard error less than and greater than the estimate. For example, the average weekly expenditures for beef for total complete income reporters in 2001 was $\$ 5.08$. The standard error for this estimate is $\$ 0.16$. Hence, the 95 percent confidence interval around this estimate is from $\$ 4.77$ to $\$ 5.39$. Therefore, we could conclude with 95 percent confidence that the mean weekly expenditures for beef for total complete income reporters in 2001 lies within the interval $\$ 4.77$ to $\$ 5.39$.

## 3. STANDARD ERROR OF THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO MEANS

Standard errors may also be used to perform hypothesis testing, a procedure for distinguishing between population parameters using sample estimates. The most common types of hypotheses are: 1) the population parameters are identical, versus 2 ) they are different.

For example, in 2001 the estimated average weekly expenditures for total food for complete income reporters in the $\$ 30,000$ to $\$ 39,999$ income range is $\$ 91.72$ and the estimate for complete income reporters in the $\$ 40,000$ to $\$ 49,999$ income range is $\$ 106.48$. The apparent difference between the two mean expenditures is $\$ 106.48-\$ 91.72=\$ 14.76$. The standard error on the estimate of $\$ 106.48$ is $\$ 2.72$ and the estimated standard error for the $\$ 91.72$ estimate is $\$ 3.22$. The standard error (S.E.) of a difference is approximately equal to

$$
\text { S.E. }\left(\bar{X}_{1}, \bar{X}_{2}\right)=\sqrt{\left(V\left(\bar{X}_{1}\right)+V\left(\bar{X}_{2}\right)\right)}
$$

where

$$
V\left(\bar{X}_{i}\right)=\left(S \cdot E \cdot\left(\bar{X}_{i}\right)\right)^{2}
$$

This assumes that $\bar{X}_{1}$ and $\bar{X}_{2}$ are disjoint subsets of the population. Hence, the standard error of the difference in food expenditures between complete income reporters in the $\$ 30,000$ to $\$ 39,999$ and in the $\$ 40,000$ to $\$ 49,999$ income ranges is about

$$
\sqrt{\left((2.72)^{2}+(3.22)^{2}\right)}=4.22
$$

This means that the 95 percent confidence interval around the difference is from $\$ 6.49$ to $\$ 23.03$. Since this interval does not include zero, we can conclude with 95 percent confidence that the mean weekly food expenditures for the $\$ 40,000$ to $\$ 49,999$ income group is greater than the mean weekly food expenditures for the $\$ 30,000$ to $\$ 39,999$ income group.

Analyses of the difference between two estimates can also be performed on nondisjoint sets of population, where one is a subset of the other. The formula for computing the standard error (S.E.) of the difference between two nondisjoint estimates is

$$
\text { S.E. }\left(\bar{X}_{1}, \bar{X}_{2}\right)=\sqrt{\left(V\left(\bar{X}_{1}\right)+V\left(\bar{X}_{2}\right)-2 r\left(V\left(\bar{X}_{1}\right) * V\left(\bar{X}_{2}\right)\right)\right)}
$$

where

$$
V\left(\bar{X}_{i}\right)=\left(S \cdot E \cdot\left(\bar{X}_{i}\right)\right)^{2}
$$

and where $r$ is the correlation coefficient between $\bar{X}_{1}$ and $\bar{X}_{2}$. The correlation coefficient is generally no greater than 0.2 for CE estimates.

## VII. MICRODATA VERIFICATION AND ESTIMATION METHODOLOGY

This section is designed to help users become familiar with the microdata files. The following program gives users a benchmark to verify that their copy of the CD-ROM contains valid data, illustrate the methodology CE uses in producing publication tables, and offer an example of coding to access the data and produce a sample table. The program is written in SAS and utilizes the ASCII datasets available on this CD-ROM. A program written in SAS but utilizing the SAS datasets is also present on the CD-ROM but will not be referenced here. Refer to the table following the program to check output. (Note: CE data published by BLS may not match some values estimated using the microdata due to topcoding of data and CE publication programming methodology.) All variables and ranges referred to in the program are described in detail in Section III.E. DETAILED VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS in this documentation.

This program produces a table of selected expenditures by income class of the Consumer Unit (CU). The first section of the program extracts the relevant variables from the FMLY files, while the second section extracts the expenditure and income data from the EXPN and DTAB files. These three datasets are then used along with the AGG and LABEL processing files to construct the sample table output. This output is the product of two SAS arrays. The values in one array are divided by the value in the other array to obtain weighted mean expenditures. The base, or denominator, for the division is a vector consisting of the weighted total population for the U.S. and selected income class categories. The numerator is a matrix of aggregate weighted costs for each line item in the table for the total U.S. population and each income class category.

It should be emphasized that this program has been written solely for the verification of the microdata and as an illustration of the CE estimation methodology. It should not be used for any other purpose.

Note: This program processes large amounts of data. If you are using a PC with limited capabilities it may be necessary to run this program in sections.

## A. SAMPLE PROGRAM

```
%let y =01;
filename fmly1 "d:\diary&ylfmlyd&y.1.txt";
filename fmly2 "d:\diary&ylfmlyd&y.2.txt";
filename fmly3 "d:\diary&ylfmlyd&y.3.txt";
filename fmly4 "d:\diary&y\fmlyd&y.4.txt";
filename dtab1 "d:\diary&yldtabd&y.1.txt";
filename dtab2 "d:\diary&yldtabd&y.2.txt";
filename dtab3 "d:\diary&y\dtabd&y.3.txt";
filename dtab4 "d:\diary&y\dtabd&y.4.txt";
filename expn1 "d:\diary&ylexpnd&y.1.txt";
filename expn2 "d:\diary&ylexpnd&y.2.txt";
filename expn3 "d:\diary&ylexpnd&y.3.txt";
filename expn4 "d:\diary&ylexpnd&y.4.txt";
filename agg "d:\diary&ylaggd&y..txt";
filename labls "d:\diary&y\labeld&y..txt";
options linesize=153 pagesize=52 missing=";
data fmly1;
    infile fmly1 Irecl=1558;
    input @1 newid 8. @148 finlwt21 11.3
        @1516 inclass $2.;
NOTE: The infile FMLY1 is:
File Name=d:\diary01\fmlyd011.txt,
RECFM=V,LRECL=1558
```

NOTE: 3833 records were read from the infile FMLY1.
The minimum record length was 1558.
The maximum record length was 1558.
NOTE: The data set WORK.FMLY1 has 3833 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used:
real time 1.29 seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.10$ seconds

31 proc sort; by newid;
32
NOTE: There were 3833 observations read from the dataset WORK.FMLY1.
NOTE: The data set WORK.FMLY1 has 3833 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
real time $\quad 0.20$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.03$ seconds

33 data fmly2;
34 infile fmly2 |recl=1558;

Line 1 sets the year as a macro variable that can be used throughout the program. Lines 3-16 designate the location of the data on the cdrom.

Lines 18-19 designate the location of the two processing files.

Line 23 forces the output to be printed landscape.

Lines 27-49 pull in the necessary variables from the fmly files. Newid is the code given to a consumer unit each time it participates. Finlwt21 will be used to weight each consumer unit such that it represents some portion of the population. Inclass is a code that represents the range within which the consumer unit's annual income falls.

```
35 input @1 newid 8. @148 finlwt21 11.3
36 @1516 inclass $2.;
```

NOTE: The infile FMLY2 is:
File Name=d:Idiary01 lfmlyd012.txt, RECFM=V,LRECL=1558

NOTE: 3852 records were read from the infile FMLY2.
The minimum record length was 1558.
The maximum record length was 1558.
NOTE: The data set WORK.FMLY2 has 3852 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used:
real time $\quad 0.06$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.04$ seconds

37 proc sort; by newid;
38
NOTE: There were 3852 observations read from the dataset WORK.FMLY2.
NOTE: The data set WORK.FMLY2 has 3852 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
real time $\quad 0.01$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.01$ seconds

39 data fmly3;
40 infile fmly3 Irecl=1558;
41 input @1 newid 8. @148 finlwt21 11.3
42 @1516 inclass \$2.;
NOTE: The infile FMLY3 is:
File Name=d:Idiary01 lfmlyd013.txt,
RECFM=V,LRECL=1558
NOTE: 3920 records were read from the infile FMLY3.
The minimum record length was 1558.
The maximum record length was 1558.
NOTE: The data set WORK.FMLY3 has 3920 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used:
real time $\quad 0.06$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.06$ seconds

43 proc sort; by newid;
44
NOTE: There were 3920 observations read from the dataset WORK.FMLY3.
NOTE: The data set WORK.FMLY3 has 3920 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
real time 0.01 seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.01$ seconds
data fmly4;
infile fmly4 Irecl=1558;
input @1 newid 8. @148 finlwt21 11.3
@1516 inclass \$2.;

NOTE: The infile FMLY4 is: File Name=d:Idiary01 lfmlyd014.txt, RECFM=V,LRECL=1558

NOTE: 3799 records were read from the infile FMLY4. The minimum record length was 1558. The maximum record length was 1558.
NOTE: The data set WORK.FMLY4 has 3799 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used: real time 0.06 seconds cpu time $\quad 0.06$ seconds

49 proc sort; by newid;
50
51
NOTE: There were 3799 observations read from the dataset WORK.FMLY4.
NOTE: The data set WORK.FMLY4 has 3799 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
real time $\quad 0.01$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.01$ seconds

52 data fmlyall;
53 set fmly1 fmly2 fmly3 fmly4
54 by newid;
55 uspop $=$ finlwt21 / 4;

NOTE: There were 3833 observations read from the dataset WORK.FMLY1.
NOTE: There were 3852 observations read from the dataset WORK.FMLY2.
NOTE: There were 3920 observations read from the dataset WORK.FMLY3.
NOTE: There were 3799 observations read from the dataset WORK.FMLY4.
NOTE: The data set WORK.FMLYALL has 15404 observations and 4 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used:
real time $\quad 0.06$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.04$ seconds

57 proc sort; by newid;
58
NOTE: There were 15404 observations read from the dataset WORK.FMLYALL.
NOTE: The data set WORK.FMLYALL has 15404 observations and 4 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
real time 0.04 seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.03$ seconds
proc summary nway data = fmlyall (drop=finlwt21);
60 class inclass;
61 var uspop;
62 output out = newpop sum = popus;
NOTE: There were 15404 observations read from the dataset

Lines 52-54 bring each of the 4 quarters of fmly datasets together.

Line 56 divides finlwt21 by 4 so that summing uspop later will yield the total U.S. population. (Since summing finlwt21 for each quarter will yield one U.S. population, this adjustment is necessary).

Lines 59-71 create the total population weights by income group that will be used as the denominator in calculating the average annual expenditures later in the program and prints

| WORK.FMLYALL. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.NEWPOP has 10 observations and 4 variables. <br> NOTE: PROCEDURE SUMMARY used: <br> real time $\quad 0.25$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 0.03$ seconds | them. |
| :---: | :---: |
| ```proc transpose data = newpop out = transpop prefix = pop; var popus;``` <br> NOTE: There were 10 observations read from the dataset WORK.NEWPOP. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.TRANSPOP has 1 observations and 11 variables. <br> NOTE: PROCEDURE TRANSPOSE used: <br> real time $\quad 0.14$ seconds <br> cpu time 0.01 seconds | Lines 63-64 transpose the newpop dataset to match the format of the PUBRAY data set that it will be matched with later in the program. |
| ```data subagg (drop = _name_); set transpop; popt = sum (of pop1-pop10); popc = sum (of pop1-pop9);``` <br> NOTE: There were 1 observations read from the dataset WORK.TRANSPOP. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.SUBAGG has 1 observations and 12 variables. <br> NOTE: DATA statement used: <br> real time $\quad 0.17$ seconds <br> cpu time 0.00 seconds | Lines 66-69 take the transposed dataset and calculate popt, the all consumer units population, and popc, the all complete income reporters population. |
| 70 proc print data=subagg; <br> 71 title "Population Counts for 20\&y"; <br> 72 <br> 73 <br> 74 <br> NOTE: There were 1 observations read from the dataset WORK.SUBAGG. <br> NOTE: PROCEDURE PRINT used: <br> real time $\quad 0.28$ seconds <br> cpu time 0.01 seconds |  |
| ```75 data dtab1; infile dtab1 Irecl=28; input @1 newid 8. @9 ucc $6. @15 amount 12. ;``` <br> NOTE: The infile DTAB1 is: <br> File Name=d:Idiary01\dtabd011.txt, <br> RECFM $=\mathrm{V}, \mathrm{LRECL}=28$ <br> NOTE: 57428 records were read from the infile DTAB1. <br> The minimum record length was 28. <br> The maximum record length was 28. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.DTAB1 has 57428 observations and 3 variables. <br> NOTE: DATA statement used: <br> real time $\quad 0.10$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 0.09$ seconds | Lines 75-93 pull in the dtab files. Newid is the consumer unit code. Ucc is a code that represents the type of income variable. Amount is the value that corresponds to the ucc code. |

```
78 proc sort; by newid;
79
NOTE: There were 57428 observations read from the dataset WORK.DTAB1.
NOTE: The data set WORK.DTAB1 has 57428 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
    real time 0.15 seconds
    cpu time 0.12 seconds
80 data dtab2;
81 infile dtab2 Irecl=28;
82 input @1 newid 8. @9 ucc $6.@15 amount 12. ;
NOTE: The infile DTAB2 is:
    File Name=d:\diary01\dtabd012.txt,
    RECFM=V,LRECL=28
NOTE: }57233\mathrm{ records were read from the infile DTAB2.
    The minimum record length was 28.
    The maximum record length was 28.
NOTE: The data set WORK.DTAB2 has }57233\mathrm{ observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used:
    real time 0.09 seconds
    cpu time 0.09 seconds
83 proc sort; by newid;
84
NOTE: There were 57233 observations read from the dataset WORK.DTAB2.
NOTE: The data set WORK.DTAB2 has }57233\mathrm{ observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
    real time 1.68 seconds
    cpu time 0.12 seconds
85 data dtab3;
86 infile dtab3 Irecl=28;
87 input @1 newid 8. @9 ucc $6. @15 amount 12. ;
NOTE: The infile DTAB3 is:
    File Name=d:\diary01\dtabd013.txt,
    RECFM=V,LRECL=28
NOTE: }58109\mathrm{ records were read from the infile DTAB3.
    The minimum record length was 28.
    The maximum record length was 28.
NOTE: The data set WORK.DTAB3 has }58109\mathrm{ observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used:
    real time 0.10 seconds
    cpu time 0.09 seconds
88 proc sort; by newid;
89
NOTE: There were 58109 observations read from the dataset WORK.DTAB3.
```

NOTE: The data set WORK.DTAB3 has 58109 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
real time $\quad 0.15$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.13$ seconds

90 data dtab4;
91 infile dtab4 Irecl=28;
92 input @1 newid 8. @9 ucc \$6. @15 amount 12. ;
NOTE: The infile DTAB4 is:
File Name=d:Idiary01 1dtabd014.txt,
RECFM=V,LRECL=28
NOTE: 56896 records were read from the infile DTAB4.
The minimum record length was 28.
The maximum record length was 28.
NOTE: The data set WORK.DTAB4 has 56896 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used:
real time $\quad 0.09$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.07$ seconds

93 proc sort; by newid;
94
NOTE: There were 56896 observations read from the dataset WORK.DTAB4.
NOTE: The data set WORK.DTAB4 has 56896 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
real time $\quad 1.71$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.13$ seconds

95 data dtab(rename=(amount=cost));
96 set dtab1 dtab2 dtab3 dtab4;
97 by newid;
NOTE: There were 57428 observations read from the dataset WORK.DTAB1.
NOTE: There were 57233 observations read from the dataset WORK.DTAB2.
NOTE: There were 58109 observations read from the dataset WORK.DTAB3.
NOTE: There were 56896 observations read from the dataset WORK.DTAB4.
NOTE: The data set WORK.DTAB has 229666 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used:
real time $\quad 1.78$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.17$ seconds

98 proc sort; by newid;
NOTE: There were 229666 observations read from the dataset WORK.DTAB.
NOTE: The data set WORK.DTAB has 229666 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
real time $\quad 3.62$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.46$ seconds

99 proc datasets;
------Directory-----

Lines $95-97$ bring the 4 quarters of dtab datasets together. The variable amount is renamed cost so that it can be merged with the expn datasets later in the program.

Lines 99-100 delete from memory the datasets that are

| Libref: $\quad$ WORK Engine: V8 Physical Name: C:\TEMPISAS Temporary Files\_TD125 File Name: C:ITEMP\SAS Temporary Files\_TD125 | no longer necessary for processing. |
| :---: | :---: |
| \# NameFile <br> Memtype Size Last Modified |  |
| ffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff |  |
| 1 DTAB DATA 5604352 17DEC2002:08:21:40 |  |
| 2 DTAB1 DATA 1405952 17DEC2002:08:21:31 |  |
| 3 DTAB2 DATA 1397760 17DEC2002:08:21:33 |  |
| 4 DTAB3 DATA 1422336 17DEC2002:08:21:33 |  |
| 5 DTAB4 DATA 1389568 17DEC2002:08:21:35 |  |
| 6 FMLY1 DATA 99328 17DEC2002:08:21:29 |  |
| 7 FMLY2 DATA 99328 17DEC2002:08:21:29 |  |
| 8 FMLY3 DATA 99328 17DEC2002:08:21:29 |  |
| 9 FMLY4 DATA 95232 17DEC2002:08:21:29 |  |
| 10 FMLYALL DATA 504832 17DEC2002:08:21:30 |  |
| 11 NEWPOP DATA 5120 17DEC2002:08:21:30 |  |
| 12 ODSOUT ITEMSTOR 13312 17DEC2002:08:20:41 |  |
| 13 SUBAGG DATA 9216 17DEC2002:08:21:30 |  |
| 14 TRANSPOP DATA 9216 17DEC2002:08:21:30 |  |
| 99! delete dtab1 dtab2 dtab3 dtab4 ; |  |
| 100 |  |
| 101 |  |
| NOTE: Deleting WORK.DTAB1 (memtype=DATA). |  |
| NOTE: Deleting WORK.DTAB2 (memtype=DATA). |  |
| NOTE: Deleting WORK.DTAB3 (memtype=DATA). |  |
| NOTE: Deleting WORK.DTAB4 (memtype=DATA). |  |
| NOTE: PROCEDURE DATASETS used: |  |
| real time 0.51 seconds |  |
| cpu time $\quad 0.04$ seconds |  |
| 102 data expn1; | Lines 102-120 pull in the expn |
| 103 infile expn1 Irecl=40; | files. Newid is the consumer |
| 104 input @1 newid 8. @35 ucc \$6. @10 cost 12.5 ; | unit code. Ucc is the code |
| NOTE: The infile EXPN1 is: | expenditure. Cost is the |
| File Name=d:\diary01\expnd011.txt, | amount of the expenditure. |
| RECFM $=\mathrm{V}$, LRECL $=40$ |  |
| NOTE: 152039 records were read from the infile EXPN1. |  |
| The minimum record length was 40. |  |
| The maximum record length was 40. |  |
| NOTE: The data set WORK.EXPN1 has 152039 observations and 3 variables. |  |
| NOTE: DATA statement used: |  |
| real time 0.78 seconds |  |
| cpu time 0.26 seconds |  |
| 105 proc sort; by newid; |  |
| 106 |  |
| NOTE: There were 152039 observations read from the dataset WORK.EXPN1. NOTE: The data set WORK.EXPN1 has 152039 observations and 3 variables. |  |


| NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:  <br> real time 3.46 seconds <br> cpu time 0.29 seconds |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 107 data expn2; <br> 108 infile expn2 Irecl=40; <br> 109 input @1 newid 8. @35 ucc \$6. @10 cost 12.5 ; |  |
| NOTE: The infile EXPN2 is: File Name=d:Idiary01lexpnd012.txt, RECFM $=\mathrm{V}, \mathrm{LRECL}=40$ |  |
| NOTE: 146691 records were read from the infile EXPN2. <br> The minimum record length was 40 . <br> The maximum record length was 40. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.EXPN2 has 146691 observations and 3 variables. <br> NOTE: DATA statement used: <br> real time $\quad 0.26$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 0.24$ seconds |  |
| 110 proc sort; by newid; 111 |  |
| NOTE: There were 146691 observations read from the dataset WORK.EXPN2. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.EXPN2 has 146691 observations and 3 variables. <br> NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used: <br> real time $\quad 3.48$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 0.34$ seconds |  |
| 112 data expn3; <br> 113 infile expn3 Irecl=40; <br> 114 input @1 newid 8. @35 ucc $\$ 6$. @10 cost 12.5 ; |  |
| NOTE: The infile EXPN3 is: File Name=d:Idiary01lexpnd013.txt, RECFM=V,LRECL=40 |  |
| NOTE: 152391 records were read from the infile EXPN3. <br> The minimum record length was 40 . <br> The maximum record length was 40. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.EXPN3 has 152391 observations and 3 variables. <br> NOTE: DATA statement used: <br> real time $\quad 0.26$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 0.24$ seconds |  |
| 115 proc sort; by newid; 116 |  |
| NOTE: There were 152391 observations read from the dataset WORK.EXPN3. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.EXPN3 has 152391 observations and 3 variables. <br> NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used: <br> real time $\quad 3.51$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 0.35$ seconds |  |

```
117 data expn4;
118 infile expn4 Irecl=40;
119 input @1 newid 8. @35 ucc $6. @10 cost 12.5;
```

NOTE: The infile EXPN4 is:
File Name=d:Idiary01lexpnd014.txt,
RECFM=V,LRECL=40

NOTE: 152332 records were read from the infile EXPN4.
The minimum record length was 40.
The maximum record length was 40.
NOTE: The data set WORK.EXPN4 has 152332 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used:
real time $\quad 0.26$ seconds
cpu time 0.24 seconds

120 proc sort; by newid;
121
NOTE: There were 152332 observations read from the dataset WORK.EXPN4.
NOTE: The data set WORK.EXPN4 has 152332 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
real time $\quad 3.51$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.34$ seconds

122 data expn;
123 set expn1 expn2 expn3 expn4 ;
124 by newid;
125 if cost >0;
NOTE: There were 152039 observations read from the dataset WORK.EXPN1.
NOTE: There were 146691 observations read from the dataset WORK.EXPN2.
NOTE: There were 152391 observations read from the dataset WORK.EXPN3.
NOTE: There were 152332 observations read from the dataset WORK.EXPN4.
NOTE: The data set WORK.EXPN has 603453 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used:
real time $\quad 4.90$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 0.64$ seconds

126 proc sort; by newid;
NOTE: There were 603453 observations read from the dataset WORK.EXPN.
NOTE: The data set WORK.EXPN has 603453 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used:
real time $\quad 10.70$ seconds
cpu time $\quad 1.56$ seconds

127 proc datasets;
-----Directory-----
Libref: WORK
Engine: V8
Physical Name: C:ITEMPISAS Temporary Files $\$ TD125
File Name: C:ITEMPISAS Temporary Files\_TD125

Lines 127-128 delete from memory the datasets no longer needed for processing.


| Engine: V8 <br> Physical Name: C:ITEMPISAS Temporary Files $\_$TD125 <br> File Name: <br> C:ITEMPISAS Temporary Files \( <br> ) TD1 125 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| NOTE: Deleting WORK.DTAB (memtype=DATA). <br> NOTE: Deleting WORK.EXPN (memtype=DATA). <br> NOTE: PROCEDURE DATASETS used: <br> real time $\quad 0.03$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 0.03$ seconds |  |
| ```137 data pubfile (drop= uspop); merge fmlyall (in = infam) expend (in = inexp) ; by newid; if not inexp then delete; if cost='.' then cost=0; wcost = finlwt21 * cost/4;``` <br> NOTE: Character values have been converted to numeric values at the places given by: (Line):(Column). 143:13 <br> NOTE: There were 15404 observations read from the dataset <br> WORK.FMLYALL. <br> NOTE: There were 833119 observations read from the dataset <br> WORK.EXPEND. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.PUBFILE has 833119 observations and 6 variables. <br> NOTE: DATA statement used: <br> real time $\quad 10.45$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 1.35$ seconds | Lines 137-145 merge the fmlyall and expend datasets together and check the cost variable to make sure that there are no missing values. <br> Line 145 weights the cost variable up to the population level that the consumer unit represents. |
| 147 proc summary nway data = pubfile (drop=newid); <br> 148 class ucc inclass; <br> 149 var wcost ; <br> 150 output out = aggcst sum = ; <br> 151 <br> NOTE: There were 833119 observations read from the dataset | Lines 147-150 sum the weighted costs for the consumer units for each ucc by income group and outputs this as a new dataset called aggcst. |

```
WORK.PUBFILE.
NOTE: The data set WORK.AGGCST has 4996 observations and 5 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SUMMARY used:
    real time 1.89 seconds
    cpu time 1.68 seconds
            proc datasets;
                -----Directory-----
Libref: WORK
Engine: V8
Physical Name: C:ITEMPISAS Temporary Files\_TD125
File Name: C:ITEMPISAS Temporary Files\_TD125
    # Name Memtype File Size Last Modified
    ffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff
        1 AGGCST DATA 168960 17DEC2002:08:22:45
    2 \text { EXPEND DATA 20317184 17DEC2002:08:22:33}
    3 FMLY1 DATA 99328 17DEC2002:08:21:29
    4 ~ F M L Y 2 ~ D A T A ~ 9 9 3 2 8 ~ 1 7 D E C 2 0 0 2 : 0 8 : 2 1 : 2 9 ~
    5 FMLY3 DATA 99328 17DEC2002:08:21:29
    6 ~ F M L Y 4 ~ D A T A ~ 9 5 2 3 2 ~ 1 7 D E C 2 0 0 2 : 0 8 : 2 1 : 2 9 ~
    7 FMLYALL DATA 504832 17DEC2002:08:21:30
    8 NEWPOP DATA 5120 17DEC2002:08:21:30
    9 ODSOUT ITEMSTOR 13312 17DEC2002:08:20:41
    10 PUBFILE DATA 33793024 17DEC2002:08:22:43
    1 1 \text { SUBAGG DATA } 9 2 1 6 \text { 17DEC2002:08:21:30}
    12 TRANSPOP DATA 9216 17DEC2002:08:21:30
153
                delete expend pubfile;
154
NOTE: Deleting WORK.EXPEND (memtype=DATA).
NOTE: Deleting WORK.PUBFILE (memtype=DATA)
NOTE: PROCEDURE DATASETS used:
    real time 0.03 seconds
    cpu time 0.03 seconds
155 data aggray1 (drop = inclass _type_ _freq_ wcost);
156 set aggcst;
157 by ucc ;
158 array trncost grp1-grp10;
159 retain grp1-grp10;
160 if first.ucc then do over trncost;
                        trncost = 0;
            end;
            I_=inclass;
            trncost=wcost;
165 if last.ucc then output;
166
NOTE: Character values have been converted to numeric values at the places given by: (Line):(Column). 163:13
NOTE: There were 4996 observations read from the dataset WORK.AGGCST.
NOTE: The data set WORK.AGGRAY1 has 562 observations and 11 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used:
real time 0.06 seconds
cpu time \(\quad 0.01\) seconds
```

Lines 152-153 delete from memory any datasets that are no longer needed for processing.

Lines 155-165 create the variables grp1-grp10 that will designate the income groups and then places the weighted cost, or expenditure, data into the appropriate new variable.

| 167 data agfile; <br> 168 infile agg missover pad; <br> 169 input @3 ucc $\$ 6$. <br> 170 @15 line \$6.; | Lines 167-172 pull in the file that dictates how each ucc will be summed for aggregation. |
| :---: | :---: |
| NOTE: The infile AGG is: File Name=d:Idiary01 laggd01.txt, RECFM=V,LRECL=256 |  |
| NOTE: 777 records were read from the infile AGG. <br> The minimum record length was 20. <br> The maximum record length was 20. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.AGFILE has 777 observations and 2 variables. <br> NOTE: DATA statement used: <br> real time $\quad 0.43$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 0.04$ seconds |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 171 \text { proc sort data = agfile; } \\ & 172 \text { by ucc ; } \\ & 173 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| NOTE: There were 777 observations read from the dataset WORK.AGFILE. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.AGFILE has 777 observations and 2 variables. <br> NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used: <br> real time $\quad 0.00$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 0.00$ seconds |  |
| ```174 data pubray; merge aggray1 (in = inray) agfile (in = inagg); by ucc; if inray and inagg;``` | Lines 174-178 merge the dataset containing the weighted costs and the agfile. The agfile will give all costs a code called line that will be used for aggregation. |
| NOTE: There were 562 observations read from the dataset WORK.AGGRAY1. <br> NOTE: There were 777 observations read from the dataset WORK.AGFILE. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.PUBRAY has 766 observations and 12 variables. <br> NOTE: DATA statement used: <br> real time $\quad 0.01$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 0.00$ seconds |  |
| ```180 proc summary nway data = pubray; 181 class line; 182 var grp1-grp10; 183 output out =aggsum sum = ; 184``` | Lines 180-183 sum the weighted costs for each income group (grp1-grp10) by line and output this into a new dataset called aggsum. |
| NOTE: There were 766 observations read from the dataset WORK.PUBRAY. <br> NOTE: The data set WORK.AGGSUM has 65 observations and 13 variables. <br> NOTE: PROCEDURE SUMMARY used: <br> real time $\quad 0.01$ seconds <br> cpu time $\quad 0.01$ seconds |  |
| 185 data cstpop 1 (drop = _type_freq_popt popc pop1-pop10); | Lines 185-195 create two |




## B．OUTPUT

The following observation shows the contents of the subagg data set created in lines 66－71．It represents the weighted number of CUs in each INCLASS category as well as for the total population and the population of complete income reporters．

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## VIII. DESCRIPTION OF THE SURVEY

The CE program consists of two separate components, each with its own questionnaire and independent sample:

1) A Diary or recordkeeping survey completed by the sample CUs for two consecutive 1 -week periods; the sample is surveyed across a 12-month period.
2) An Interview panel survey in which each CU in the sample is interviewed once every 3 months over five consecutive quarters to obtain a year's worth of data. New panels are initiated every month of the year.

Data are collected by the Bureau of the Census under contract with BLS. All data collected in both surveys are subject to Bureau of the Census confidentiality requirements, which prevent the disclosure of the CU member's identity.

The Diary survey collects expenditure data for items purchased each day over two one-week periods. This survey is designed to collect expenditure data for small, frequently purchased items such as food, beverages, food consumed away from home, gasoline, housekeeping supplies, nonprescription drugs and medical supplies, and personal care products and services. Respondents are not limited to recording expense for these items only.

A Household Characteristics Questionnaire is completed to record demographic and family characteristics data pertaining to age, sex, race, marital status, and CU relationships each CU member. Income information, such as wage, salary, unemployment compensation, child support, and alimony, as well as information on the employment of each CU member age 14 and over is collected. The expenditure collection instrument is a self-reporting, product-oriented diary on which respondents record all expenses for two consecutive one-week periods. It is divided by day of purchase and by broad classification of goods and services, a format designed to aid the respondents when recording daily purchases.

At the beginning of the two-week collection period, the interviewer uses the Household Characteristics Questionnaire to record demographic and characteristics information pertaining to CU members. Also at this time, a diary for the first week is left with the participating CU. At the completion of the first week, the interviewer picks up the diary, reviews the entries, clarifies any questions, and leaves a second diary for the following week. At the end of the second week, the diary is picked up and reviewed. At this point, the interviewer again uses the Household Characteristics Questionnaire to collect information on CU income, employment and earnings of CU members. These data, along with the other household characteristics information, permit data users to classify sample units for research purposes, and allow BLS to adjust population weights for CUs who do not cooperate in the survey.

## IX. DATA COLLECTION AND PROCESSING

In addition to its data collection duties, the Census Bureau is responsible for field editing and coding, consistency checking, quality control, and data transmittal to BLS. BLS performs additional review and editing procedures in preparing the data for publication and release.

## A. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ACTIVITIES

Data collection activities have been conducted by the Census Bureau on a continuing basis since October 1979. Due to differences in format and design, the Diary Survey and the Interview Survey data are collected and processed separately. Preliminary Diary survey data processing carried out by the Census Bureau includes keying the data from the questionnaires, clerical data editing, and correcting for inconsistencies in the collected data.

Upon completion by respondents, the diaries are sent from the regional offices to the Census National Processing Center (NPC) in Jeffersonville, IN. At the NPC, codes are applied to identify demographic characteristics and expenditures and inconsistencies and errors are identified and corrected.

After clerical processing at the NPC, the data are transmitted to the Census Processing Center in Suitland, MD, where they pass through basic quality checks of control counts, missing values, etc. The data are then electronically transmitted to BLS in Washington, DC.

## B. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS ACTIVITIES

Upon receipt from the Bureau of the Census, the data undergo a series of computer edits that identify and correct irregularities and inconsistencies. Other adjustments apply appropriate sales taxes and derive CU weights based on BLS specifications. In addition, demographic and work experience items (except income) are imputed when missing or invalid. All data changes and imputations are identified with flags on the Interview data base.

Next, BLS conducts an extensive review to ensure that severe data aberrations are corrected. The review takes place in several stages: a review of counts, weighted means, and unweighted means by region; a review of family relationship coding inconsistencies; a review of selected extreme values for expenditure and income categories; and a verification of the various data transformations.

Cases of extreme data values are investigated by reviewing questionnaires on microfilm. Errors discovered through this procedure are corrected prior to release of the data.

Two major types of data adjustment routines--imputation and allocation--are carried out to improve and classify the estimates derived from the Diary Survey. Data imputation routines correct for missing or invalid entries among selected CU characteristic fields. No imputations are performed for income fields. Allocation routines are applied when respondents provided insufficient expenditure detail to meet tabulation requirements. For example, reports of combined expenditures for fuels and utilities are allocated among gas, electricity, and other items in this group. To analyze the effects of these adjustments, tabulations are made before and after the data adjustments.

## X. SAMPLING STATEMENT

## A. SURVEY SAMPLE DESIGN

Samples for the CE are national probability samples of households designed to be representative of the total U. S. civilian population. Eligible population includes all civilian noninstitutional persons.

The first step in sampling is the selection of primary sampling units (PSUs), which consist of counties (or parts thereof) or groups of counties. The set of sample PSUs used for the 2001 sample is composed of 105 areas. The design classifies the PSUs into four categories:

- 31 "A" certainty PSUs are Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) with a population greater than 1.5 million.
- 46 "B" PSUs, are medium-sized MSA's.
- 10 "C" PSUs are nonmetropolitan areas that are included in the CPI.
- 18 "D" PSUs are nonmetropolitan areas where only the urban population data will be included in the CPI.

The sampling frame (that is, the list from which housing units were chosen) for the 2001 survey is generated from the 1990 Population Census 100 -percent-detail file. The sampling frame is augmented by new construction permits and by techniques used to eliminate recognized deficiencies in census coverage. All Enumeration Districts (ED's) from the Census that fail to meet the criterion for good addresses for new construction, and all ED's in nonpermit-issuing areas are grouped into the area segment frame.

To the extent possible, an unclustered sample of units is selected within each PSU. This lack of clustering is desirable because the sample size of the Diary Survey is small relative to other surveys, while the intraclass correlations for expenditure characteristics are relatively large. This suggests that any clustering of the sample units could result in an unacceptable increase in the within-PSU variance and, as a result, the total variance.

Each selected sample unit is requested to keep two 1-week diaries of expenditures over consecutive weeks. The earliest possible day for placing a diary with a household is predesignated with each day of the week having an equal chance to be the first of the reference week. The diaries are evenly spaced throughout the year. During the last 6 weeks of the year, however, the Diary Survey sample is supplemented to twice its normal size to increase the reporting of types of expenditures unique to the holidays.

## B. COOPERATION LEVELS

The annual target sample size at the United States level for the Diary Survey is 7,800 participating sample units. To achieve this target the total estimated work load is 11,275 sample units. This allows for refusals, vacancies, or nonexistent sample unit addresses.

Each participating sample unit selected is asked to keep two 1 -week diaries. Each diary is treated independently, so response rates are based on twice the number of housing units sampled.

The response rate for the 2001 Diary Survey is $74.9 \%$ as shown below. This response rate refers to all diaries in the year.

| Number of <br> diaries designated <br> for the survey | Type B or C <br> ineligible cases | Number of <br> potential diaries | Eligible housing unit interviews <br> Type A <br> nonresponse | Total respondent <br> interviews |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25,600 | 5,037 | 20,563 | 5,159 | 15,404 |

Type B or C cases are housing units that are vacant, nonexistent, or ineligible for diary placement. Type A nonresponses are housing units which the interviewers were unable to contact or the respondents refused to participate in the survey. The response rate stated above is based only on the eligible housing units (i.e., the designated sample cases less type $B$ and type $C$ ineligible cases).

## C. WEIGHTING

Each CU included in the CE represents a given number of CUs in the U.S. population, which is considered to be the universe. The translation of sample families into the universe of families is known as weighting. However, since the unit of analysis for the CE is a CU, the weighting is performed at the CU level. Several factors are involved in determining the weight for each CU for which a diary is obtained. There are four basic steps in the weighting procedure:

1) The basic weight is assigned to an address and is the inverse of the probability of selection of the housing unit.
2) A weight control factor is applied to each diary if subsampling is performed in the field.
3) A noninterview adjustment is made for units where data could not be collected from occupied housing units. The adjustment is performed as a function of region, housing tenure, family size and race.
4) A final adjustment is performed to adjust the sample estimates to national population controls derived from the Current Population Survey. The adjustments are made based on both the CU's member composition and on the CU as a whole. The weight for the CU is adjusted for individuals within the CU to meet the controls for the 14 age/race categories, 4 regions, and 4 region/urban categories. The CU weight is also adjusted to meet the control for total number of CUs and total number of CU who own their living quarters. The weighting procedure uses an iterative process to ensure that the sample estimates will meet all the population controls.

NOTE: The weight for a consumer unit (CU) can be different for each week in which the CU participates in the survey as the CU may represent a different number of CUs with similar characteristics.

## D. STATE IDENTIFIER

Since the CE is not designed to produce state-level estimates, summing the consumer unit weights by state will not yield state population totals. A CU's basic weight reflects its probability of selection among a group of primary sampling units of similar characteristics. For example, sample units in an urban nonmetropolitan area in California may represent similar areas in Wyoming and Nevada. Among other adjustments, CUs are post-stratified nationally by sex-age-race. For example, the weights of consumer units containing a black male, age 16-24 in Alabama, Colorado, or New York, are all adjusted equivalently. Therefore, weighted population state totals will not match population totals calculated from other surveys that are designed to represent state data.

To summarize, the CE sample was not designed to produce precise estimates for individual states. Although state-level estimates that are unbiased in a repeated sampling sense can be calculated for various statistical measures, such as means and aggregates, their estimates will generally be subject to large variances. Additionally, a particular state-population estimate from the CE sample may be far from the true state-population estimate.

## XI. INTERPRETING THE DATA

Several factors should be considered when interpreting the expenditure data. The average expenditure for an item may be considerably lower than the expenditure by those CUs that purchased the item. The less frequently an item is purchased, the greater the difference between the average for all consumer units and the average of those purchasing. (See Section V.B. for ESTIMATION OF TOTAL AND MEAN EXPENDITURES). Also, an individual CU may spend more or less than the average, depending on its particular characteristics. Factors such as income, age of family members, geographic location, taste and personal preference also influence expenditures. Furthermore, even within groups with similar characteristics, the distribution of expenditures varies substantially.

Expenditures reported are the direct out-of-pocket expenditures. Indirect expenditures, which may be significant, may be reflected elsewhere. For example, rental contracts often include utilities. Renters with such contracts would record no direct expense for utilities, and therefore, appear to have no utility expenses. Employers or insurance companies frequently pay other costs. CUs with members whose employers pay for all or part of their health insurance or life insurance would have lower direct expenses for these items than those who pay the entire amount themselves. These points should be considered when relating reported averages to individual circumstances.

## XII. APPENDIX 1--GLOSSARY

## Population

The civilian noninstitutional population of the United States as well as that portion of the institutional population living in the following group quarters: Boarding houses, housing facilities for students and workers, staff units in hospitals and homes for the aged, infirm, or needy, permanent living quarters in hotels and motels, and mobile home parks. Urban population is defined as all persons living in a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) and in urbanized areas and urban places of 2,500 or more persons outside of MSA's. Urban, defined in this survey, includes the rural populations within an MSA. The general concept of an MSA is one of a large population nucleus together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Rural population is defined as all persons living outside of an MSA and within an area with less than 2,500 persons.

## Consumer unit (CU)

A consumer unit comprises either: (1) all members of a particular household who are related by blood, marriage, adoption, or other legal arrangements; (2) a person living alone or sharing a household with others or living as a roomer in a private home or lodging house or in permanent living quarters in a hotel or motel, but who is financially independent; or (3) two or more persons living together who use their income to make joint expenditures. Financial independence is determined by the three major expense categories: housing, food, and other living expenses. To be considered financially independent, at least two of the three major expense categories have to be provided entirely or in part by the respondent.

## Reference person

The first member mentioned by the respondent when asked to "Start with the name of the person or one of the persons who owns or rents the home." It is with respect to this person that the relationship of other CU members is determined.

## Income before taxes

The combined income earned by all CU members 14 years old or over during the 12 months preceding the interview. The components of income are: Wage and salary income, business income, farm income, Social Security income, Supplemental Security income, unemployment compensation, worker's compensation, public assistance, welfare, interest, dividends, pension income, income from
roomers or boarders, other rental income, income from regular contributions, other income, and Food Stamps.

## Income after taxes

Income before taxes minus personal taxes which includes Federal income taxes, state and local income taxes, and other taxes.

## Complete income reporters

The distinction between complete and incomplete income reporters is based in general on whether the respondent provides values for major sources of income, such as wages and salaries, selfemployment income, and social security income. Even complete income reporters may not provide a full accounting of all income from all sources. In the current survey, CUs that report across-the-board zero income are categorized as incomplete reporters.

## Geographic regions

Data are presented for four major regions - Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. CUs are classified by region according to the address at which the CU was residing during the time of their participation in the survey. The regions comprise the following States:

Northeast - Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

Midwest - Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.

South - Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

West - Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

## XIII. APPENDIX 2 -- UNIVERSAL CLASSIFICATION CODE (UCC) TITLES

*L denotes UCCs that could have negative values.
An underlined UCC represents either a new UCC or a deleted UCC. Please note that new UCCs may not be represented in all quarters. The quarter in which the addition (deletion) occurs is denoted by a leading superscript directly prior to the UCC code. For example, ${ }^{N(D) 011}$ (UCC) identifies a new (deleted) UCC beginning in Q011.

## A. EXPENDITURE UCC's ON EXPN FILE

| 001000 | Stocks, bonds, mutual funds |
| :--- | :--- |
| 001100 | Precious metals |
| 001200 | Miscellaneous investments |
| 001400 | Employment counseling \& fees |
| 002000 | Savings account deposit |
| 002100 | Insurance other than health, hospital, vehicle and property |


| 002200 | Retirement plans |
| :---: | :---: |
| 004000 | Contributions |
| 004100 | Cash gifts |
| 004190 | Gifts not specified |
| 005000 | Alimony and child support |
| 009000 | Mortgage payment including coop |
| 009900 | Property assessment |
| 010110 | Flour |
| 010120 | Prepared flour mixes |
| 010210 | Cereal |
| 010310 | Rice |
| 010320 | Pasta, cornmeal, other cereal products |
| 020110 | White bread |
| 020210 | Bread other than white |
| 020310 | Fresh biscuits, rolls, muffins |
| 020410 | Cakes and cupcakes, fresh and other, excluding frozen |
| 020510 | Cookies, excluding refrigerated dough |
| 020610 | Crackers, excluding crumbs |
| 020620 | Bread and cracker products |
| 020710 | Doughnuts, sweet rolls, coffeecakes, fresh and other, excluding frozen |
| 020810 | Frozen refrigerated and canned bakery products, such as biscuits, rolls, muffins, cakes, cupcakes, doughnuts, pies, tarts, turnovers, and miscellaneous products, including dough and batter |
| 020820 | Pies, tarts, turnovers, fresh and other, excluding frozen |
| 030110 | Ground beef, excluding canned |
| 030210 | Chuck roast, excluding canned |
| 030310 | Round roast, excluding canned |
| 030410 | Other beef roast, excluding canned |
| 030510 | Round steak, excluding canned |
| 030610 | Sirloin steak, excluding canned |
| 030710 | Other steak, excluding canned |
| 030810 | Other beef, excluding canned |
| 040110 | Bacon |
| 040210 | Pork chops |
| 040310 | Ham, excluding canned |
| 040410 | Other pork, excluding canned |
| 040510 | Pork sausage, excluding canned |
| 040610 | Canned ham |
| 050110 | Frankfurters, excluding canned |
| 050210 | Bologna, liverwurst, salami, excluding canned |
| 050310 | Other lunchmeat |
| 050410 | Lamb and organ meats, excluding canned |
| 050900 | Mutton, goat, game |
| 060110 | Fresh and frozen whole chicken |
| 060210 | Fresh or frozen chicken parts |
| 060310 | Other poultry |
| 070110 | Canned fish, seafood and shellfish |
| 070230 | Fresh fish and shellfish |
| 070240 | Frozen fish and shellfish |
| 080110 | Eggs |
| 090110 | Fresh milk all types |
| 090210 | Cream |
| 100110 | Butter |
| 100210 | Cheese |
| 100410 | Ice cream and related products, including frozen yogurt |
| 100510 | Other dairy products, including powdered milk, and fresh, canned and non-frozen yogurt |


| 110110 | Apples |
| :---: | :---: |
| 110210 | Bananas |
| 110310 | Oranges |
| 110410 | Other fresh fruits |
| 110510 | Citrus fruits excluding oranges |
| 120110 | Potatoes |
| 120210 | Lettuce |
| 120310 | Tomatoes |
| 120410 | Other fresh vegetables |
| 130110 | Frozen orange juice |
| 130121 | Frozen fruits |
| 130122 | Frozen fruit juices |
| 130211 | Fresh fruit juices |
| 130212 | Canned/bottled fruit juices |
| 130310 | Canned fruits |
| 130320 | Dried fruits |
| 140110 | Frozen vegetables |
| 140210 | Canned beans |
| 140220 | Canned corn |
| 140230 | Miscellaneous canned vegetables, not collected in a separate UCC |
| 140310 | Other processed dried vegetables, such as squash, not collected in a separate UCC |
| 140320 | Dried peas |
| 140330 | Dried beans |
| 140340 | Dried carrots, onions, leafy greens, and cabbage |
| 140410 | Frozen vegetable juices |
| 140420 | Fresh/canned vegetable juices |
| 150110 | Candy and chewing gum |
| 150211 | Sugar |
| 150212 | Artificial sweeteners |
| 150310 | Jams, jellies, preserves and other sweets |
| 160110 | Margarine |
| 160211 | Fats and oils |
| 160212 | Salad dressings |
| 160310 | Non-dairy cream substitutes |
| 160320 | Peanut butter |
| 170110 | Cola drinks |
| 170210 | Other carbonated drinks |
| 170310 | Coffee, roasted |
| 170410 | Coffee, instant or freeze dried |
| 170510 | Noncarbonated fruit flavored drinks, including lemonade-non frozen |
| 170520 | Tea |
| 170530 | Other noncarbonated beverages and ice, excluding coffee and tea |
| 180110 | Soup |
| 180210 | Frozen meals |
| 180220 | Frozen prepared food other than meals |
| 180310 | Potato chips and other snacks |
| 180320 | Nuts |
| 180410 | Salt, other seasonings \& spices |
| 180420 | Olives, pickles, relishes |
| 180510 | Sauces and gravies |
| 180520 | Other condiments |
| 180611 | Prepared salads |
| 180612 | Prepared desserts |
| 180620 | Baby food |
| 180710 | Miscellaneous prepared foods including items such as canned meats (see UCC's 030110 030810, 040410-040510, 050110, 050310-050410, 060110-060310), fresh and canned |

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200531
ethnic foods, fresh and canned pizza
Vitamin supplements
Lunch at Fast Food
Lunch at Full Service
Lunch at Vending Machine
Lunch at Employer
Lunch at Board
Lunch at Catered Affairs
Dinner at Fast Food
Dinner at Full Service
Dinner at Vending Machine
Dinner at Employer
Dinner at Board
Dinner at Catered Affairs
Snacks at Fast Food
Snacks at Full Service
Snacks at Vend Machine
Snacks at Employer
Snacks at Board
Snacks at Catered Affairs
Breakfast at Fast Food
Breakfast at Full Service
Breakfast at Vending Machine
Breakfast at Employer
Breakfast at Board
Breakfast at Catered Affairs
Board at Fast Food
Board at Full Service
Board at Vending Machine
Board at Employer
Board
Board at Catered Affairs
Catered Affairs at Fast Food
Catered Affairs at Full Service
Catered Affairs at Vending Machine
Catered Affairs at Employer
Catered Affairs at Board
Catered Affairs
Beer and ale at home
Nonalcoholic beer
Whiskey at home
Wine at home
Other alcoholic beverages at home
Beer at Fast Food
Beer at Full Service
Beer at Vending Machine
Beer at Employer
Beer at Board
Beer at Catered Affairs
Wine at Fast Food
Wine at Full Service
Wine at Vending Machine
Wine at Employer
Wine at Board
Wine at Catered Affairs
Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine Fast Food

| 200532 | Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine Full Service |
| :---: | :---: |
| 200533 | Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine Vending Machine |
| 200534 | Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine at Employer |
| 200535 | Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine at Board |
| 200536 | Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine Catered Affairs |
| 210110 | Rent of dwelling, including deposit and parking fees |
| 210210 | Lodging away from home |
| 210310 | Housing for someone at school |
| 210900 | Ground or land rent |
| 220000 | Capital improvements, not specified |
| 220110 | Fire/extended coverage insurance |
| 220120 | Homeowners insurance |
| 220210 | Property taxes |
| ${ }^{\text {D011 }} 220310$ | Contracted mortgage interest |
| 220400 | Purchase of property or real estate |
| ${ }^{\text {D011 }} 220410$ | Home purchase |
| 220510 | Capital improvements - commodities |
| 220610 | Capital improvements - services |
| 220900 | Parking, owned dwelling |
| 230000 | Repair, maintenance, and improvements for built in dishwasher, garbage disposal, and range hood |
| 230110 | Maintenance of property, including items such as ceiling repair, black top, brick, or masonry work, air conditioner repair, roof and awning repair, house painting, papering, chimney cleaning, electrical inspection, furnace inspection and repair, wiring, pest control, carpenter, plumber, etc... |
| 230120 | Installed hard surface flooring |
| 230130 | Installed wall-to-wall carpet |
| 230140 | Repair disposal, dishwasher, range hood |
| 230900 | Maintenance fees, such as service repair of property fees, management fees, homeowners association dues, condo fees, and community pool fees |
| 240110 | Paint, wallpaper and supplies |
| 240120 | Tools and equipment for painting and papering |
| 240210 | Lumber, paneling, tile, awning, glass, plywood, doors, windows, screens, siding, roofing and fencing materials |
| 240220 | Blacktop and masonry materials |
| 240310 | Plumbing supplies, fixtures and equipment |
| 240320 | Electric heating and air conditioning supplies and equipment |
| 240900 | Soft surface floor covering |
| 250110 | Fuel oil |
| 250210 | Bottled or tank gas |
| 250220 | Coal |
| 250900 | Miscellaneous fuels, such as wood, kerosene, charcoal, oil mix for gas, lawnmower oil, lamp oil, duraflame log, and sterno |
| 260110 | Electricity |
| 260210 | Utility - natural gas |
| 270000 | Telephone service, including public pay phones |
| 270210 | Water and sewerage maintenance |
| 270310 | Cable/Satellite/Com Antenna Serv |
| 270410 | Garbage, trash collection |
| 270900 | Septic tank cleaning |
| 270905 | Steam heat |
| 280110 | Bathroom linens |
| 280120 | Bedroom linens |
| 280130 | Kitchen and dining room linens |
| 280210 | Curtains and drapes, excluding shower |
| 280220 | Slipcovers, decorative pillows, and cushions |


| 280230 | Sewing materials for slipcovers, curtains, and other home handiwork |
| :--- | :--- |
| 280900 | Other linens |
| 290110 | Mattress and springs |
| 290120 | Other bedroom furniture |
| 20210 | Sofas |
| 290310 | Living room chairs |
| 290320 | Living room tables |
| 290410 | Kitchen and dining room furniture |
| 290020 | Infants' furniture |
| 290430 | Patio, porch or outdoor furniture |
| 290440 | Modular wall units, shelves or cabinets, or other living room, family or rec-room furniture |
| 300110 | including desks |
| 300210 | Refrigerator, home freezer |
| 30220 | Washers |
| 300310 | Dryers |
| 300320 | Stoves, ovens |
| 300330 | Microwave ovens |
| 300410 | Portable dishwashers |
| 300900 | Window air conditioners |
| 310110 | Miscellaneous household appliances |
| 310120 | Black and white TV's, and combination of TV with other items |
| 310130 | Color TV console and combinations of TV with other items, such as TV with VCR |
| 310210 | Color TV (portable and table models) and combinations of portable model color TV with |
|  | other items, such as TV with radio |
| 310220 | Video players, video recorders, video tape player, video tape recorder, video disc player, |
| 310230 | video camera receiver and recorder, and camcorder |
|  | Video cassettes, tapes and discs, laser discs, reels, prerecorded and blank video cassettes, |
| 310311 | video tapes, and diskettes |
| 310312 | Video game cartridges, TV computer games and software, Atari cartridges and supplies, |
| 310313 | computer joystick, games, and game cartridges |
| 310320 | Radio, not installed in vehicles |
| 310331 | Phonograph or record player |
| 310332 | Tape recorder and player |
| 310334 | Sound components, component systems, amplifiers, receivers, turn tables, tape decks, |
| 310340 | tuners, stereos, speakers, and compact disc sound systems |
| 310900 | Miscellaneous sound equipment |
| 320110 | Sound equipment accessories |
| 320120 | Satellite dishes |
| 320130 | Records, tapes, CD's, needles, styli, and record clubs |
| 320140 | Accessories for electronic equipment |
| 320150 | Roomes-size rugs and other non-permanent floor coverings |
| 320210 | Venetian blinds, window shades and other window coverings |
| 320220 | Laundry equipment cleaning equipment |
| 320231 | Outdoor equipment |
| 320232 | Clocks |
| 320310 | Lamps and other lighting fixtures |
| 320320 | Other household decorative items, including fireplace equipment and accessories |
| 320330 | Telephones and accessories |
| 320340 | Plastic dinnerware |
| 320350 | China and other dinnerware |
| 320360 | Stainless, silver and other flatware |
| 320370 | Glassware |
| Silver serving pieces |  |
| Serving pieces other than silver |  |
| Nonelectric cookware |  |

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330210
330310
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330510
330610
340110
340120
340210
340310
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340510
340520
340530
340610
340620
340630
340901
340903
340904
340906
340907

340908
340909
340913
350110
360110
360120
360210
360311

Tableware, nonelectric kitchenware Lawnmowing equipment and other yard machinery, powered and nonpowered Power tools
Other hardware, including curtain and drapery hardware, rope, portable ladders, sheds, nonpermanent shelves and shelving
Electric floor cleaning equipment
Sewing machines
Small electrical kitchen appliances
Portable heating and cooling equipment
Miscellaneous supplies and equipment, such as caulking compound, duct tape, carpet tape, carpet knife, bolts, screws, drill bits, door knobs, tool box, keys, mailbox, gutter screens, clamps, shelf brackets, tool table, work bench, etc...
Permanent hard surface floor covering
Landscaping items, such as grass, grass seed, trees, shrubs, plants, sod, and fork lift Office furniture for home use
Non-powered tools
Fresh flowers or potted plants
Closet and storage items
Miscellaneous household equipment and parts
Electronic testing equipment
Soaps and detergents, excluding hand soaps
Other laundry and cleaning products
Paper towels, napkins, toilet tissue, facial tissue
Stationery, giftwrap and wrap accessories, greeting cards, pens, pencils, tape
Miscellaneous household products, including paper, plastic and foil products
Lawn and garden supplies, including outdoor plants
Postage
Delivery services
Babysitting or other home care for children
Housekeeping service, such as housekeeping, cooking, maid service, interior decorating, and carpet and upholstery cleaning services
Gardening and lawn care services, such as mowing, tree services, fertilizing, and yard work Moving, storage, and freight express
Non-clothing household laundry or dry cleaning not coin operated
Non-clothing household laundry or dry cleaning - coin-operated
Repair of television, radio, and sound equipment, excluding installed in vehicles
Repair of household appliances; including stove, vacuum, washer, dryer, sewing machine, refrigerator, and calculator; excluding garbage disposal, range hood, and built-in dishwasher Furniture repair, refurnishing, or reupholstery
Rental or repair of lawnmowing equipment and other yard machinery, power and non-power tools
Miscellaneous home services and small repair jobs not already specified
Rental of furniture
Care for invalids, convalescents, handicapped or elderly persons in the CU Rental of household equipment items, such as refrigerators, home freezers, washers, microwave ovens, dishwashers, water cooler, stroller, china; excluding tools and lawn/garden equipment
Rental of office equipment for non-business use, includes items such as calculators, typewriters, projectors, and other office machines.
Rental of TV or radio sound equipment
Repair and alterations of miscellaneous household equipment, furnishings, and textiles
Tenants' insurance
Men's suits
Men's sportcoats and tailored jackets
Men's coats, jackets, and furs
Men's underwear

| 360312 | Men's hosiery |
| :--- | :--- |
| 360320 | Men's sleepwear/loungewear |
| 360330 | Men's accessories |
| 360340 | Men's sweaters and vests |
| 360350 | Men's active sportswear |
| 360410 | Men's shirts |
| 360511 | Men's pants |
| 360512 | Men's shorts and shorts sets, excluding athletic |
| 360901 | Men's uniforms |
| 370110 | Boys' coats, jackets, and furs |
| 370120 | Boys' sweaters |
| 370130 | Boys' shirts |
| 370211 | Boys' underwear |
| 370212 | Boys' sleepwear/loungewear |
| 370213 | Boys' hosiery |
| 370220 | Boys' accessories |
| 370311 | Boys' suits, sportcoats, and vests |
| 370312 | Boys' pants |
| 370313 | Boys' shorts and shorts sets, excluding athletic |
| 370901 | Boys' uniforms and active sportswear |
| 380110 | Women's coats, jackets and furs |
| 380210 | Women's dresses |
| 380311 | Women's sportcoats and tailored jackets |
| 380312 | Women's vests, sweaters, and sweater sets |
| 380313 | Women's shirs, tops, and blouses |
| 380320 | Women's skirts and culottes |
| 380331 | Women's pants |
| 380332 | Women's shorts and shorts sets, excluding athletic |
| 380340 | Women's active sportswear |
| 380410 | Women's sleepwear/loungewear |
| 380420 | Women's undergarments |
| 380430 | Women's hosiery |
| 380510 | Women's suits |
| 380901 | Women's accessories |
| 380902 | Women's uniforms |
| 390110 | Girls' coats, jackets, and furs |
| 390120 | Girls' dresses and suits |
| 390210 | Girls' sport coats, tailored jackets, shirts, blouses, sweaters, sweater sets, and vests |
| 390221 | Girls' skirts, culottes, and pants |
| 390222 | Girls' shorts and shorts sets, excluding athletic |
| 390230 | Girls' active sportswear |
| 390310 | Girls' undergarments and sleepwear/loungewear |
| 390321 | Girls' hosiery |
| 390322 | Girls' accessories |
| 390901 | Girls' uniforms |
| 400110 | Men's footwear |
| 400210 | Boys' footwear |
| 400220 | Girls' footwear |
| 400310 | Women's footwear |
| 410110 | Infants' coats, jackets, and snowsuits |
| 410120 | Infants' 'rompers, dresses, and sweaters |
| 410130 | Infants ' undergarments, including diapers |
| 410140 | Infants' sleeping garments |
| 410901 | Infants' accessories, hosiery, and footwear |
| 420110 | Sewing material for making clothes |
| 420120 | Sewing notions, patterns |


| 430110 | Watches |
| :--- | :--- |
| 430120 | Jewelry |
| 430130 | Travel items, including luggage, and luggage carriers |
| 440110 | Shoe repair and other shoe services |
| 440120 | Apparel laundry and dry cleaning - coin-operated |
| 440130 | Alteration, repair, tailoring of apparel and accessories |
| 440140 | Clothing rental |
| 440150 | Watch and jewelry repair |
| 440210 | Apparel laundry and dry cleaning not coin operated |
| 440900 | Clothing storage |
| 450110 | New cars |
| 450210 | New trucks, pick-ups, vans, or jeeps |
| 450220 | New motorcycles, motor scooters, or mopeds |
| 450310 | Lease payment (car lease) |
| 450410 | Lease payment (truck/pick-up/van/jeep lease) |
| 460110 | Used cars |
| 460901 | Used trucks or vans |
| 460902 | Used motorcycles, motor scooters, or mopeds |
| 460903 | Used aircraft |
| 470111 | Gasoline |
| 470112 | Diesel fuel |
| 470114 | Gasohol |
| 470211 | Motor oil |
| 470220 | Coolant/antifreeze, oil, brake \& transmission fluids, additives, and radiator/cooling system |
|  | protectant |
| 480110 | Tires (new, used or recapped); replacement and mounting of tires, and belting |
| 480212 | Vehicle products, such as wax, touch up paint, de-icer, protectant, polish, tar and bug |
| 480213 | remover, polish cloth, rubbing compound, auto freshener, etc... |
|  | Battery replacement, floormats, seatcovers, filter, brake parts, and other equipment, |
| 480214 | supplies, parts, and accessories for auto; boating supplies and accessories |
| 490000 | Vehicle audio equipment, excluding labor |
| 490110 | Miscellaneous auto repair and servicing |
| 490211 | Body work, painting, repair and replacement of upholstery, vinyl/convertible top, and glass |
| 490212 | Clutch and transmission repair |
| 490220 | Drive shaft and rear-end repair |
| 490231 | Brake work, excluding brake adjustment |
| 490232 | Steering or front end repair |
| 490311 | Cooling system repair |
| 490312 | Motor tune-up |
| 490313 | Lubrication and oil changes |
| 490314 | Front end alignment, wheel balance and rotation |
| 490315 | Shock absorber replacement |
| 490316 | Brake adjustment |
| 490411 | Gas tank repair and replacement |
| 490412 | Exhaust system repair |
| 490413 | Electrical system repair |
| D011 | Motor repair and replacement |
| 500110 | Auto repair service policy |
| 520111 | Vehicle insurance |
| 520112 | Vehicle registration - state |
| 520310 | Vehicle registration - local |
| 520410 | Drivers' license |
| 520511 | Vehicle inspection |
| 520521 | Auto rental, excluding trips |
| 520531 | Truck or van rental, excluding trips |
| Parking fees at garages, meters, and lots, excluding fees that are costs of property |  |

ownership in home city
Tolls
Towing charges
Docking and landing fees for boats and planes, boat ramp fees
Rental of motorcycle, motor scooters, moped, etc., including mileage charges
Rental of aircraft, including mileage charges
Rental of non camper-type trailer, such as for boat or cycle
Airline fares
Intercity bus fares
Intracity mass transit fares
Taxi fares
Intercity train fares
Ship fares
Private school bus
Car/van pool \& non-motorized transportation
Prescription drugs and medicines
Purchase of eye glasses or contact lenses, excluding exam fee
Over-the-counter drugs
Topicals and dressings, such as band aids, gauze, cotton balls/rolls
Purchase of medical or surgical equipment for general use, such as thermometers, needles/syringes, ice bags, heating pads, (not including band aids, gauze, cotton rolls/balls) Purchase of supportive or convalescent medical equipment, such as crutches, wheelchairs, braces, and ace bandages
Hearing aids
Nonprescription vitamins
Recreational drugs
Physicians' services
Dental services
Eye exams, treatment or surgery, glass/lens service, glasses repaired
Lab tests and x-rays
Services by medical professionals other than physicians
Hospital care not specified
Care in convalescent in nursing home
Other medical care service, such as ambulance service
Rental of medical or surgical equipment for general use
Repair of medical equipment
Rental of supportive and convalescent equipment
Hospital and health insurance not spec.
Commercial health insurance
Blue Cross or Blue Shield
Health maintenance plans
Medicare payments
Newspapers (single copy and subscriptions)
Magazines and periodicals (single copy and subscriptions)
Books purchased through book clubs
Books not purchased through book clubs
Newsletters
Outboard motor
Unpowered boats, trailers
Powered sports vehicles
Ping pong, pool tables, other similar items, general sports equipment, and health and exercise equipment
Bicycles
Camping equipment
Hunting and fishing equipment
Winter sports equipment

| 0900 | ater sports and miscellaneous sports equipment |
| :---: | :---: |
| 610110 | Toys, games, hobbies, tricycles, and battery powered riders |
| 610120 | Playground equipment |
| 610130 | Musical instruments and accessories |
| 610210 | Film |
| 610220 | Other photographic supplies |
| 610230 | Photographic equipment |
| 610310 | Pet food |
| 610320 | Pets, pet supplies and medicine for pets |
| 610901 | Fireworks |
| 610902 | Souvenirs |
| 610903 | Visual goods |
| 620111 | Membership fees for country clubs, health clubs, swimming pools tennis clubs, social or other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations |
| 620112 | Membership fees for credit card memberships |
| 620113 | Membership fees for automobile service clubs |
| 620121 | Fees for participant sports, such as golf, tennis, and bowling |
| 620211 | Admission fees for entertainment activities, including lectures, movie, theatre, concert, opera or other musical series |
| 620221 | Admission fees to sporting events |
| 620310 | Fees for recreational lessons or other instructions |
| 620320 | Photographer fees |
| 620330 | Film processing |
| 620410 | Pet services |
| 620420 | Veterinarian expenses for pets |
| 620510 | Miscellaneous fees for admissions |
| 620610 | Miscellaneous entertainment services |
| 620710 | Camp fees |
| 620810 | Rental and repair of sports, photographic and music equipment, passport fees |
| ${ }^{0011} 620911$ | Miscellaneous fees, pari-mutuel losses, and taxidermist fees |
| 620912 | Rental of video cassettes, tapes, and discs |
| 620913 | Coin-operated pinball/electronic video games |
| 620915 | Sport vehicle rental |
| ${ }^{1011} 620925$ | Lotteries and Parimutuel Losses |
| ${ }^{\text {N0111 } 620926 ~}$ | Miscellaneous Fees |
| 630110 | Cigarettes |
| 630210 | Cigars, pipe tobacco, and other tobacco products |
| 630220 | Smoking accessories |
| 630900 | Marijuana |
| 640110 | Hair care products |
| 640120 | Non-electric articles for the hair |
| 640130 | Wigs, hairpieces, and toupees |
| 640210 | Oral hygiene products, articles |
| 640220 | Shaving needs |
| 640310 | Cosmetics, perfume, cologne, bath preparations, hand soap, face and body powder, skin care products, nail preparations, manicure and eye make-up implements and accessories |
| 640410 | Deodorant, female hygiene products, miscellaneous personal care products and supplies |
| 640420 | Electrical personal care appliances |
| 650110 | Personal care services for females, including haircuts |
| 650210 | Personal care services for males, including haircuts |
| 650900 | Rental and repair of personal care appliances |
| 660000 | School supplies., etc. - unspec., including reference books not in a set |
| 660110 | School books, supplies, and equipment for college |
| 660210 | School books, supplies, and equipment for elementary and high school |
| 660310 | Encyclopedia and other sets of reference books |
| 660900 | School books, supplies, and equipment for day care center, nursery school and other |


| 670110 | Tuition for college |
| :--- | :--- |
| 670210 | Tuition for elementary and high school |
| 670310 | Other expenses for day care centers and nursery schools, including tuition |
| 670901 | Tuition for other schools |
| 670902 | Rentals of books and equipment, and other school-related expenses |
| 680110 | Legal fees, excluding real estate closing costs |
| 680140 | Funeral, burial or cremation expenses |
| 680210 | Safe deposit box rental |
| 680220 | Charges for checking accounts and other banking services, excluding safe deposit |
| 680901 | Purchase and upkeep of cemetery lots or vaults |
| 680902 | Accounting fees |
| 680003 | Miscellaneous personal services, advertising, fines, duplicating services |
| 690110 | Computers for non-business use, hardware and software excluding video games |
| 690114 | Computer information services |
| 690210 | Telephone answering devices |
| 690220 | Calculators |
| 690230 | Typewriters and other office machines for non-business use |
| 999000 | Home ownership expense not specified |
| 999900 | Taxes not specified |
| Do119 |  |
| 001999912 999935 | Unidentifiable items - Parts 1 and 2 |

NOTE: The following lists the UCCs necessary to derive expenditures for these "food away" items:
[1] for LUNCH
190111, 190112, 190113, 190114, 190115, 190116
[2] for DINNER
190211, 190212, 190213, 190214, 190215, 190216
[3] for SNACKS
190311, 190312, 190313, 190314, 190315, 190316
[4] for BREAKFAST
190321, 190322, 190323, 190324, 190325, 190326
[5] for CATERED AFFAIRS
190921, 190922,190923, 90924, 190925, 190926
[6] for BOARD
190911, 190912, 190913,190914, 190915, 190916
[7] for BEER
200511, 200512, 200513, 200514, 200515, 200516
[8] for WINE
200521, 200522, 200523, 200524, 200525, 200526
[9] for ALCOHLIC BEVERAGES, EXCL. BEER AND WINE 200531, 200532, 200533, 200534, 200535, 200536

## B. INCOME AND RELATED UCC's ON DTAB FILE

*L denotes UCC's could have negative values

|  | 800700 | Meals received as pay |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 800710 | Rent received as pay |
|  | 800910 | Payroll deductions for government retirement |
|  | 800920 | Payroll deductions for railroad retirement |
|  | 800931 | Payroll deductions for private pensions |
|  | 800932 | Non-payroll deposit to individual retirement plan, such as IRA's |
|  | 800940 | Payroll deductions for social security |
|  | 900000 | Wages and salaries |
| *L | 900010 | Net business income |
| *L | 900020 | Net farm income |
|  | 900030 | Social security and railroad retirement income |
|  | 900040 | Pensions and annuities |
|  | 900050 | Dividends, royalties, estates, or trusts |
| *L | 900060 | Income from roomers and boarders |
| *L | 900070 | Other rental income |
|  | 900080 | Interest from saving accounts or bonds |
|  | 900090 | Supplemental security income |
|  | 900100 | Unemployment compensation |
|  | 900110 | Worker's compensation and veterans payments including education benefits |
|  | 900120 | Public assistance or welfare including money received from job training grants such as job corps |
|  | 900131 | Child support payments received |
|  | 900132 | Other regular contributions received including alimony |
|  | 900140 | Other income including money received from care of foster children, cash scholarships and fellowships or stipends not based on working |
|  | 900150 | Food stamps |
|  | 910000 | Lump sum payments from estates, trusts, royalties, alimony, child support, prizes or games of chance, or from persons outside of the CU |
|  | 910010 | Money from sale of household furnishings, equipment, clothing, jewelry, pets or other belongings, excluding the sale of vehicles or property |
|  | 910020 | Overpayment on social security |
|  | 910030 | Refund from insurance policies |
|  | 910040 | Refunds from property taxes |
|  | 910041 | Lump sum child support payments received |
|  | 950000 | Federal income tax |
| *L | 950001 | Federal income tax refunds |
|  | 950010 | State and local income tax |
| *L | 950011 | State and local income tax refunds |
|  | 950021 | Other taxes |
|  | 950022 | Personal property taxes |
| *L | 950023 | Other tax refunds |
| *L | 980000 | Income before taxes |
|  | 980010 | Family size |
|  | 980020 | Age of reference person |
|  | 980030 | Number of earners |
|  | 980040 | Number of vehicles |
|  | 980050 | Number of persons under 18 |
|  | 980060 | Number of persons 65 and over |
| *L | 980070 | Income after taxes |

The following UCC's contain values of 100 depending on whether the CU satisfies the condition. For example, if the CU owns the home, then UCC 980090, homeowner, will have a value of 100. These UCC's are used at BLS to compute percentages for the published tables.

| 980090 | Percent homeowner |
| :--- | :--- |
| 980210 | Percent male reference person |
| 980220 | Percent female reference person |
| 980230 | Percent homeowner with mortgage |
| 980240 | Percent homeowner without mortgage |
| 980250 | Percent homeowner with mortgage not reported |
| 980260 | Percent renter |
| 980270 | Percent black reference person |
| 980280 | Percent non-black reference person |
| 980290 | Percent reference person with elementary education |
| 980300 | Percent reference person with high school education |
| 980310 | Percent reference person with college education |
| 980320 | Percent reference person with no education and other |
| 980330 | Percent vehicle owner |

## XIV. APPENDIX 3 -- UCC AGGREGATION

The following shows the UCC aggregation used in the sample program. This information is provided on the AGGregation and LABel files (Section III.E.5. PROCESSING FILES)

| Food | $010110-190324,200112$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Food at home | $010110-180720,200112$ |
| Cereal and cereal products | $010110-010320$ |
| Bakery products | $020110-020820$ |
| Beef | $030110-030810$ |
| Pork | $04010-040610$ |
| Other meats | $050110-050900$ |
| Poultry | $060110-060310$ |
| Fish and seafood | $070110-070240$ |
| Eggs | 080110 |
| Fresh milk and cream | $09010-090210$ |
| Other dairy products | $100110-100510$ |
| Fresh fruits | $110110-110510$ |
| Fresh vegetables | $120110-120410$ |
| Processed fruits | $130110-130320$ |
| Processed vegetables | $140110-140420$ |
| Sugar and other sweets | $15010-10310$ |
| Fats and oils | $160110-160320$ |
| Miscellaneous foods | $180110-180720$ |
| Nonalcoholic beverages | $170110-170530,200112$ |
| Food away from home | $190111-190324$ |
| Alcoholic beverages | $200111,200210-200513,200516-200523,200526-$ |
| Fuel and utilities | 200533,200536 |
| Housekeeping supplies | $250110-270210,270410-270905$ |
| Household furnishings and equipment | $330110-340120$ |
|  | $230130,240900,280110-300900,320110-320522$, |
|  | $320620-320905,340904,430130,690110,690210-$ |

Apparel and services

Men, 16 and over
Boys, 2 to 15
Women, 16 and over
Girls, 2 to 15
Children under 2
Footwear
Other apparel products and services
Gasoline and motor oil
Non-prescription drugs and supplies
Entertainment

Fees and admissions
Television, radios, sound equipment
Pets, toys, and playground equipment Other entertainment supplies, equipment

Personal care products and services Miscellaneous

360110-360901, 370110-370901, 380110-380902, 390110-390901, 410110-410901, 400110-400310, 420110-430120, 440110-440900
360110-360901
370110-370901
380110-380902
390110-390901
410110-410901
400110-400310
420110-430120, 440110-440900
470111-470211
550110-550410, 570901-570903
270310, 310110-310900, 340610, 340909, 520901, 520904, 600110-620111, 620121-620810, 620912620915
620111, 620121-620310, 620510-620710
270310, 310110-310900, 340610, 340909, 610130, 620912,
610110-610120, 610310-610320, 620410-620420
520901, 520904, 600110-600900, 610210-610230,
610901-610903, 620320-620330, 620810, 620913-

## 620915

640110-640120, 640210-650210,
590110-590900, 620112, 620925, 620926, 630110-
630900, 660000-660900, 680110-680903

## XV. APPENDIX 4 -- FMLY AND MEMB VARIABLES ORDERED BY START POSITION

This appendix lists FMLY and MEMB variables in the order that they appear on the files. Sections III.E.1. CONSUMER UNIT (CU) CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE (FMLY) and III.E.2. MEMBER CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME (MEMB) FILE contain detailed descriptions of these variables arranged on a functional basis.

## A. FMLY FILE

| Variable | Start <br> Position | Variable | Start <br> Position | Variable | Start <br> Position |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| NEWID | 1 | CUTENURE | 43 | EDUCA2 | 71 |
| ADDFEDX | 9 | CUTE_URE | 44 | EDUCA2_-1 | 73 |
| ADDFEDX_- | 17 | DESCRIP | 45 | EMPLTYP1 | 74 |
| ADDOTHX | 18 | DESCRIP_ | 47 | EMPL_YP1 | 75 |
| ADDOTHX_ | 26 | DIVX | 48 | EMPLTYP2 | 76 |
| ADDSTAX | 27 | DIVX_-COMP | 56 | EMPL_YP2 | 77 |
| ADDSTAX_ | 35 | EARNCOMP | 57 | FAM_SIZE | 78 |
| AGE_REF | 36 | EARN_OMP | 58 | FAM_IZE | 80 |
| AGE_REF_ | 38 | EARNX | 59 | FAM_TYPE | 81 |
| AGE2 | 39 | EARNX_-_YPE | 67 | FAM__YPE | 82 |
| AGE2_ | 41 | EDUC_REF | 68 | FBSNSX | 83 |
| BLS_URBN | 42 | EDUCOREF | 70 | FBSNSX_ | 91 |


| Variable | Start Position | Variable | Start Position | Variable | Start Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FD_STMPS | 92 | FS_DATE7 | 330 | OTHRECX_ | 516 |
| FD_S_MPS | 93 | FS_D_TE7 | 338 | OTHREFX | 517 |
| FEDREFX | 94 | FS_MTHI | 348 | OTHREFX | 525 |
| FEDREFX_ | 102 | FS_MTHI_ | 350 | OTHRNTX | 526 |
| FFARMX | 103 | FSS_RRX | 351 | OTHRNTX | 534 |
| FFARMX | 111 | FSS_RRX | 359 | PENSIONX | 535 |
| FFEDTXX | 112 | FSTATXX | 360 | PENS_ONX | 543 |
| FFEDTXX | 120 | FSTATXX | 368 | PERSLT18 | 544 |
| FGVX | 121 | FSUPPX | 369 | PERS_T18 | 546 |
| FGVX | 129 | FSUPPX | 377 | PERSOT64 | 547 |
| FINCAFTX | 130 | FWAGEX | 378 | PERS_T64 | 549 |
| FINC_FTX | 138 | FWAGEX | 386 | PERSTAX | 550 |
| FINCBEFX | 139 | HRSPRWK1 | 387 | PERSTAX | 558 |
| FINC_EFX | 147 | HRSP_WK1 | 390 | PICK_UP | 559 |
| FINLWT21 | 148 | HRSPRWK2 | 391 | OCCULIS1 | 561 |
| FIRAX | 159 | HRSP_WK2 | 394 | OCCU_IS1 | 563 |
| FIRAX | 167 | INC_RNKU | 395 | POPSIZE | 564 |
| FJSSDEDX | 168 | INC__NKU | 404 | PTAXREFX | 565 |
| FJSS_EDX | 176 | INSREFX | 405 | PTAX_EFX | 573 |
| FPVTX | 177 | INSREFX_ | 413 | RACE2 | 574 |
| FPVTX | 185 | INTX | 414 | RACE2 | 575 |
| FREEMLX | 186 | INTX | 422 | REC_FS | 576 |
| FREEMLX | 194 | JFS_AMT | 423 | REC_FS | 577 |
| FRRX | 195 | JFS_AMT_ | 431 | REF_RACE | 578 |
| FRRX | 203 | JGRCFDMV | 432 | REF__ACE | 579 |
| FS_AMT1 | 204 | JGRC_DMV | 438 | REGION | 580 |
| FS_AMT1_ | 212 | JGRCFDWK | 439 | REGION | 581 |
| FS_AMT2 | 213 | JGRC_DWK | 445 | RESPSTAT | 582 |
| FS_AMT2 | 221 | JGROCYMV | 446 | RESP_TAT | 583 |
| FS_AMT3 | 222 | JGRO_YMV | 452 | ROOMX | 584 |
| FS_AMT3 | 230 | JGROCYWK | 453 | ROOMX | 592 |
| FS_AMT4 | 231 | JGRO_YWK | 459 | SALEX | 593 |
| FS_AMT4 | 239 | LUMPX | 460 | SALEX | 601 |
| FS_AMT5 | 240 | LUMPX | 468 | SEX_REF | 602 |
| FS_AMT5 | 248 | MARITAL1 | 469 | SEX_REF_ | 603 |
| FS_AMT6 | 249 | MARI_AL1 | 470 | SEX2 | 604 |
| FS_AMT6 | 257 | NO_EARNR | 471 | SEX2 | 605 |
| FS_AMT7 | 258 | NO_E_RNR | 473 | SMSASTAT | 606 |
| FS_AMT7 | 266 | NONERNX | 474 | SSREFX | 607 |
| FS_DATE1 | 276 | NONERNX | 482 | SSREFX | 615 |
| FS_D_TE1 | 284 | OCCEXPNX | 483 | STATREFX | 616 |
| FS_DATE2 | 285 | OCCE_PNX | 491 | STAT_EFX | 624 |
| FS_D_TE2 | 293 | OCCULIS2 | 492 | STRTDAY | 625 |
| FS_DATE3 | 294 | OCCU_IS2 | 494 | STRTMNTH | 627 |
| FS_D_TE3 | 302 | ORIGIN1 | 495 | STRTYEAR | 629 |
| FS_DATE4 | 303 | ORIGIN1_ | 497 | TAXPROPX | 633 |
| FS_D_TE4 | 311 | ORIGIN2 | 497 | TAXP_OPX | 641 |
| FS_DATE5 | 312 | ORIGIN2 | 498 | TYPOWND | 642 |
| FS_D_TE5 | 320 | OTHINX | 499 | TYPOWND_ | 643 |
| FS_DATE6 | 321 | OTHINX | 507 | UNEMPX | 644 |
| FS_D_TE6 | 329 | OTHRECX | 508 | UNEMPX | 652 |


| Variable | Start Position | Variable | Start Position | Variable | Start Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VEHQ | 653 | WTREP20 | 896 | OTHDAIRY | 1303 |
| VEHQ | 655 | WTREP21 | 907 | FRSHFRUT | 1315 |
| WEEKI | 656 | WTREP22 | 918 | FRSHVEG | 1327 |
| WEEKI | 657 | WTREP23 | 929 | PROCFRUT | 1339 |
| WEEKN | 658 | WTREP24 | 940 | PROCVEG | 1351 |
| WELFRX | 659 | WTREP25 | 951 | SWEETS | 1363 |
| WELFRX | 667 | WTREP26 | 962 | NONALBEV | 1375 |
| WHYNWRK1 | 668 | WTREP27 | 973 | OILS | 1387 |
| WHYN_RK1 | 669 | WTREP28 | 984 | MISCFOOD | 1399 |
| WHYNWRK2 | 670 | WTREP29 | 995 | FOODAWAY | 1411 |
| WHYN_RK2 | 671 | WTREP30 | 1006 | ALCBEV | 1423 |
| WK_WRKD1 | 672 | WTREP31 | 1017 | SMOKSUPP | 1435 |
| WK_W_KD1 | 674 | WTREP32 | 1028 | PET_FOOD | 1447 |
| WK_WRKD2 | 675 | WTREP33 | 1039 | PERSPROD | 1459 |
| WK_W_KD2 | 677 | WTREP34 | 1050 | PERSSERV | 1471 |
| WRKRSX | 678 | WTREP35 | 1061 | DRUGSUPP | 1483 |
| WRKRSX | 686 | WTREP36 | 1072 | HOUSKEEP | 1495 |
| WTREP01 | 687 | WTREP37 | 1083 | HH_CU_Q | 1507 |
| WTREP02 | 698 | WTREP38 | 1094 | HH_CU_Q | 1509 |
| WTREP03 | 709 | WTREP39 | 1105 | HHID | 1510 |
| WTREP04 | 720 | WTREP40 | 1116 | HHID | 1513 |
| WTREP05 | 731 | WTREP41 | 1127 | CHILDAGE | 1514 |
| WTREP06 | 742 | WTREP42 | 1138 | CHIL_AGE | 1515 |
| WTREP07 | 753 | WTREP43 | 1149 | INCLASS | 1516 |
| WTREP08 | 764 | WTREP44 | 1160 | STATE | 1518 |
| WTREP09 | 775 | FOODTOT | 1171 | STATE | 1520 |
| WTREP10 | 786 | FOODHOME | 1183 | CHDOTHX | 1521 |
| WTREP11 | 797 | CEREAL | 1195 | CHDOTHX | 1529 |
| WTREP12 | 808 | BAKEPROD | 1207 | ALIOTHX | 1530 |
| WTREP13 | 819 | BEEF | 1219 | ALIOTHX | 1538 |
| WTREP14 | 830 | PORK | 1231 | CHDLMPX | 1539 |
| WTREP15 | 841 | OTHMEAT | 1243 | CHDLMPX_ | 1547 |
| WTREP16 | 852 | POULTRY | 1255 | POVERTY | 1548 |
| WTREP17 | 863 | SEAFOOD | 1267 | POVERTY | 1549 |
| WTREP18 | 874 | EGGS | 1279 | POVLEV | 1550 |
| WTREP19 | 885 | MILKPROD | 1291 | POVLEV_ | 1558 |

## B. MEMB FILE

| Variable | Start <br> Position | Variable | Start <br> Position | Variable | Start <br> Position |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | ---: |
| NEWID | 1 | ANPVTX | 30 | ANYRAIL_ | 58 |
| AGE | 9 | ANPVTX_ | 38 | ANYSSINC | 59 |
| AGE | 11 | ANRRXX | 39 | ANYS_INC | 60 |
| ANFEDTXX | 12 | ANRRX | 47 | BSNSX | 61 |
| ANFETXX | 20 | ANSTATXX | 48 | BSNSX | 69 |
| ANGVX | 21 | ANST_TXX | 56 | CU_CODE1 | 70 |
| ANGVX_ | 29 | ANYRAIL | 57 | CU_C_DE1 | 71 |


| Variable | Start Position | Variable | Start Position | Variable | Start Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EDUCA | 72 | ORIGIN | 140 | SUPPX | 211 |
| EDUCA | 74 | ORIGIN_ | 141 | US_SUPP | 212 |
| EMPLTYPE | 75 | PVTX | 142 | US_SUPP_ | 213 |
| EMPL YPE | 76 | PVTX | 150 | WAGEX | 214 |
| FARMX | 77 | RACE | 151 | WAGEX | 222 |
| FARMX | 85 | RACE | 152 | WHYNOWRK | 223 |
| FEDTXX | 86 | RRX | 153 | WHYN WRK | 224 |
| FEDTXX | 94 | RRX | 161 | WKS_WRKD | 225 |
| GROSPĀYX | 95 | SCHLNCHQ | 162 | WKS_RKD | 227 |
| GROS_AYX | 103 | SCHL_CHQ | 164 | SS_RRQ | 228 |
| GVX | 104 | SCHLNCHX | 165 | SS_RRQ | 232 |
| GVX | 112 | SCHL_CHX | 173 | SOCRRX | 233 |
| HRSPERWK | 113 | SEX | 174 | SOCRRX | 241 |
| HRSP_RWK | 116 | SEX | 175 | ARM_FORC | 242 |
| IRAX | 117 | SLFEMPSS | 176 | ARM__ORC | 243 |
| IRAX | 125 | SLFE_PSS | 182 | IN_COLL | 244 |
| JSSDEDX | 126 | SS_RRX | 183 | IN_COLL | 245 |
| JSSDEDX | 132 | SS_RRX | 191 | MEDICARE | 246 |
| MARITAL | 133 | STA_SUPP | 192 | MEDI_ARE | 247 |
| MARITAL | 134 | STA_UPP | 193 | PAYPERD | 248 |
| MEMBNO | 135 | STATXX | 194 | PAYPERD_ | 249 |
| OCCULIST | 137 | STATXX | 202 |  |  |
| OCCU_IST | 139 | SUPPX | 203 |  |  |

## APPENDIX 5--PUBLICATIONS AND DATA RELEASES FROM THE CONSUMER EXPENDITURE SURVEY

Consumer Expenditures in 2001, Report (Pending in 2003)

Consumer Expenditures in 2000, Report 958 (2002)

Consumer unit income and expenditures, integrated data from Diary and Interview Surveys, classified by consumer unit characteristics. 10 tables. Available on request when available (202) 691-6900.

Consumer unit income and expenditures, integrated data from Diary and Interview Surveys, classified by consumer unit characteristics. 10 tables. Available on request (202) 691-6900.

Consumer Expenditure Survey, 1998- Consumer unit income and expenditures, integrated data from 99, Report 955 (November, 2001)

Consumer Expenditures in 1999, Report 949 (2001)

Consumer Expenditures in 1998, Report 940 (February 2000) Interview and Diary Surveys, classified by consumer unit characteristics: one way and cross tabulations, relative and aggregate shares. 64 tables.

Consumer unit income and expenditures, integrated data from Diary and Interview Surveys, classified by consumer unit characteristics. 10 tables. Available on request (202) 691-6900.

Consumer unit income and expenditures, integrated data from Diary and Interview Surveys, classified by consumer unit characteristics. 10 tables. Available on request (202) 691-6900.

Consumer Expenditure Survey, 1996- Consumer unit income and expenditures, integrated data from 97, Report 935 (September 1999)

Consumer Expenditures in 1997, Report 927 (1999) Interview and Diary Surveys, classified by consumer unit characteristics: one way and cross tabulations, relative and aggregate shares. 64 tables.

Consumer unit income and expenditures, integrated data from Diary and Interview Surveys, classified by consumer unit characteristics. 10 tables. Available on request (202) 691-6900.

For information on the availability of prior publications, please contact us at (202) 691-6900 or email us at CEXinfo@bls.gov.

## CONSUMER EXPENDITURE SURVEY DATA ON THE INTERNET

Commonly-requested CE data tables can be found on-line at http://www.bls.gov/cex/. The following One and Two-year Tables of integrated Diary and Interview data are available under the Tables Created by BLS heading:

One Year Tables<br>Standard Tables from 1984-2001<br>Expenditure Shares Tables from 1998-2001<br>Aggregate Expenditure Shares Tables from 1998-2001

## Two Year Tables

Cross-Tabulated Tables from 1986-2001
Metropolitan Statistical Area Tables from 1986-2001
Region Tables from 1998-2001
High Income Tables from 1998-2001
Multi-Year Tables for 1984-1992 and 1993-2001

## FAX ON DEMAND - FAXSTAT

FAXSTAT contains information and data that may be faxed to users from a touch-tone phone 24 hours a day -- 7 days a week. To receive FAXSTAT transmissions dial (202) 691-6325 and follow the voice prompts. CE data that are accessible on FAXSTAT are for the most recent year available

## PUBLIC-USE TAPES

Public-use microdata tapes for the Diary and Interview Surveys are available for single years from 1984 to 1995, and as two-year tapes for 1982-83 and 1980-81. Seven public-use tapes are available from the 1972-73 survey including Diary Survey, detailed food quantity tapes; and integrated adjusted Quarterly Interview Survey- Summary, Detailed, Consumer Durables, and Clothing and Household Textiles tapes. Information about the tapes is available from the BLS national office. (See Section XVII. INQUIRIES, SUGGESTIONS, AND COMMENTS)

## CD-ROMS

CE microdata on CD-Rom are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics for 1972-73, 1980-81, 1990-91, 1992-93, and for each individual year from 1994-2001. The 1980-81 through 2001 releases contain Interview and Diary data, while the 1972-73 CD includes Interview data only. The 1980-81, and the 1990 files (of the 1990-91 CD) include selected EXPN data, while the 1991 files (from the 1990-91 CD) and the 1992-93 CD do not. In addition to the Interview and Diary data, the CDs from 1994-2001 include the complete collection of EXPN files. A 1984-94 "multi-year" CD that presents Interview FMLY file data is also available. In addition to the microdata, the CD's also contain the same integrated Diary and Interview tabulated data (1984-present) that are found on the Consumer Expenditure Survey web site (http://www.bls.gov/cex).

## XVII. INQUIRIES, SUGGESTIONS, AND COMMENTS

If you have any questions, suggestions, or comments about the survey, the microdata, or its documentation please call (202) 691-6900 or email cexinfo@bls.gov.

Written suggestions and comments should be forwarded to:
Division of Consumer Expenditure Surveys
Branch of Information and Analysis
Bureau of Labor Statistics, Room 3985
2 Massachusetts Ave. N.E.
Washington, DC. 20212-0001
The Bureau of Labor Statistics will use these responses in planning future releases of the microdata files.

