TABLE S08. Nonfatal occupational illnesses by category of illness, private industry, 1996-2000

Category	Number (000)					Percent of total illness cases					Incidence rate ¹				
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Total illness cases	439.0	429.8	391.9	372.3	362.5	100	100	100	100	100	52.2	49.8	44.2	41.2	39.4
Skin diseases or disorders	58.1	57.9	53.1	44.6	41.8	13	13	14	12	12	6.9	6.7	6.0	4.9	4.6
Dust diseases of the lungs	3.5	2.9	2.1	2.2	1.7	1	1	1	1	(2)	.4	.3	.2	.2	.2
Respiratory conditions due to toxic agents	21.7	20.3	17.5	16.5	14.7	5	5	4	4	4	2.6	2.4	2.0	1.8	1.6
Poisoning	4.8	5.1	4.0	4.4	3.3	1	1	1	1	1	.6	.6	.5	.5	.4
Disorders due to physical agents	16.8	16.6	16.6	15.1	13.9	4	4	4	4	4	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.5
Disorders associated with repeated trauma	281.1	276.6	253.3	246.7	241.8	64	64	65	66	67	33.5	32.0	28.5	27.3	26.3
All other occupational illnesses	53.0	50.4	45.4	42.9	45.1	12	12	12	12	12	6.3	5.8	5.1	4.7	4.9

 $^{^1}$ The incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000, where

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor December 2001

N = number of illnesses
EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers
(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

² Less than 0.1 percent.