TABLE S08. Nonfatal occupational illnesses by category of illness, private industry, 1995-99

Category	Number (000s)					Percent of total illness cases					Incidence rate ¹				
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
Total illness cases	494.8	439.0	429.8	391.9	372.3	100	100	100	100	100	60.7	52.2	49.8	44.2	41.2
Skin diseases or disorders	64.2	58.1	57.9	53.1	44.6	13	13	13	14	12	7.9	6.9	6.7	6.0	4.9
Dust diseases of the lungs	2.7	3.5	2.9	2.1	2.2	1	1	1	1	1	.3	.4	.3	.2	.2
Respiratory conditions due to toxic agents	24.4	21.7	20.3	17.5	16.5	5	5	5	4	4	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.0	1.8
Poisoning	7.5	4.8	5.1	4.0	4.4	2	1	1	1	1	.9	.6	.6	.5	.5
Disorders due to physical agents	22.4	16.8	16.6	16.6	15.1	5	4	4	4	4	2.8	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.7
Disorders associated with repeated trauma	308.2	281.1	276.6	253.3	246.7	62	64	64	65	66	37.8	33.5	32.0	28.5	27.3
All other occupational illnesses	65.3	53.0	50.4	45.4	42.9	13	12	12	12	12	8.0	6.3	5.8	5.1	4.7

 $^{^1}$ The incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000, where

N = number of illnesses
EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers
(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor December 2000