## Nonfatal occupational illnesses by category of illness, private industry, 1994-98

Category	Number (000's)					Percent of total illness cases					Incidence rate <sup>1</sup>				
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
Total illness cases	. 514.7	494.8	439.0	429.8	391.9	100	100	100	100	100	63.7	60.7	52.2	49.8	44.2
Skin diseases or disorders	. 65.7	64.2	58.1	57.9	53.1	13	13	13	13	14	8.1	7.9	6.9	6.7	6.0
Dust diseases of the lungs	2.7	2.7	3.5	2.9	2.1	1	1	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2
Respiratory conditions due to toxic agents	. 25.3	24.4	21.7	20.3	17.5	5	5	5	5	4	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.0
Poisoning	. 7.2	7.5	4.8	5.1	4.0	1	2	1	1	1	.9	.9	.6	.6	.5
Disorders due to physical agents	. 21.7	22.4	16.8	16.6	16.6	4	5	4	4	4	2.7	2.8	2.0	1.9	1.9
Disorders associated with repeated trauma	. 332.1	308.2	281.1	276.6	253.3	65	62	64	64	65	41.1	37.8	33.5	32.0	28.5
All other occupational illnesses	. 60.0	65.3	53.0	50.6	45.4	12	13	12	12	12	7.4	8.4	6.3	5.8	5.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) X 20,000,000, where

N = number of illnesses EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees. Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

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