Nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses: number of cases and incidence rates for industries with 100,000 or more total cases, 1996

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total cases (000's)		Incidence rate ³	
		1995	1996	1995	1996
Hospitals	806	299.6	330.9	10.1	11.0
Eating and drinking places	581	379.2	315.1	7.6	6.2
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	252.1	226.3	18.2	16.5
Grocery stores	541	209.7	219.2	9.9	10.1
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	231.6	203.9	23.2	20.4
Department stores	531	177.5	176.5	10.5	10.0
Trucking and courier services, except air ⁴	421	232.4	155.2	14.1	10.3
Air transportation, scheduled ⁴	451	80.0	153.7	14.5	19.3
Hotels and motels	701	123.5	121.3	9.7	9.1
Meat products	201	116.8	106.1	24.5	21.5
Private industry ⁵		6,575.4	6,238.9	8.1	7.4

¹ Industries with 100,000 or more cases were determined by analysis of the number of cases at the 3-digit SIC code level.

= number of injuries and illnesses

EΗ = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

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² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

⁴ In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.