Industries with the highest nonfatal total cases incidence rates for injuries only, private industry, 1996

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	1996 Annual average employment ³ (000's)	Incidence rate ⁴	
			1995	1996
Mobile homes	2451	68.0	23.9	25.7
Steel foundries, n.e.c.	3325	26.6	24.5	24.9
Ship building and repairing	3731	102.5	28.3	24.0
Gray and ductile iron foundries	3321	81.4	26.5	23.5
Metal sanitary ware	3431	13.9	15.6	23.0
Steel springs, except wire	3493	5.6	-	20.7
Structural wood members, n.e.c.	2439	37.2	20.8	20.2
Meat packing plants	2011	147.2	22.7	19.8
Truck and bus bodies	3713	38.6	20.5	19.5
Automotive stampings	3465	117.7	19.2	19.3
Secondary nonferrous metals	334	16.0	24.2	19.3
Travel trailers and campers	3792	21.7	20.7	18.6
Air transportation, scheduled ⁵	451	965.5	13.8	18.6
Motor homes	3716	18.3	12.6	18.3
Aluminum die-castings	3363	37.4	19.8	18.1
Iron and steel forgings	3462	30.6	18.8	18.0
Raw cane sugar	2061	5.2	18.1	17.9
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	344.8	21.1	17.9
Prepared flour mixes and doughs	2045	13.4	17.0	17.6
Truck trailers	3715	32.4	28.8	17.6
Commercial laundry equipment	3582	6.1	-	17.0
Public building and related furniture	253	42.7	15.4	16.8
Prefabricated wood buildings	2452	20.7	20.8	16.8
Distilled and blended liquors	2085	7.8	12.8	16.7
Fabricated structural metal	3441	75.1	18.7	16.3
Leather tanning and finishing	311	13.0	15.1	16.2
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	1,731.3	17.8	16.2
Prefabricated metal buildings	3448	27.5	19.2	16.0
Vitreous plumbing fixtures	3261	10.0	14.7	16.0
Fabricated pipe and fittings	3498	28.9	12.0	16.0
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	93.3	18.8	15.9
Wood pallets and skids	2448	40.5	16.5	15.7
Concrete products, n.e.c.	3272	70.8	14.4	15.5
Metal stampings, n.e.c.	3469	93.1	16.8	15.5
Private industry ⁶		98,772.9	7.5	6.9

¹ High rate industries were those having the 25 highest total cases incidence rates for injuries at the most detailed or lowest SIC level at which rates are calculated and published. Generally, manufacturing industries were calculated at the 4-digit code level and the remaining industries at the 3-digit level based on the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1987 Edition.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded. ⁴ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100

⁻ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

N = number of injuries

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

 5 In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor December 1997