Nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses: number of cases and incidence rates 1 for industries with 100,000 or more total cases, 1993 and 1994

| Industry                                   | SIC<br>code <sup>2</sup> | Total<br>cases<br>(000's) |       | Incidence<br>rate |      |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------------------|------|
|  |                          | 1993                      | 1994  | 1993              | 1994 |
| Eating and drinking places                 | 581                      | 391.5                     | 362.7 | 8.5               | 7.7  |
| Hospitals                                  | 806                      | 358.5                     | 342.1 | 11.8              | 11.4 |
| Trucking and courier services, except air  | 421                      | 213.5                     | 246.9 | 14.0              | 15.1 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment manufacturing | 371                      | 202.2                     | 238.8 | 24.0              | 25.4 |
| Grocery stores                             | 541                      | 238.7                     | 236.1 | 11.3              | 11.2 |
| Nursing and personal care facilities       | 805                      | 220.8                     | 221.2 | 17.3              | 16.8 |
| Department stores                          | 531                      | 167.8                     | 175.5 | 10.8              | 11.1 |
| Hotels and motels                          | 701                      | 132.7                     | 127.8 | 10.8              | 10.2 |
| Meat products processing                   | 201                      | 123.9                     | 121.7 | 27.6              | 26.5 |

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of cases of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) X 200,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses, EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year, 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> <u>Standard Industrial Classification Manual</u>, 1987 Edition.

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