Tracking the Deployment of the Integrated Metropolitan Intelligent Transportation Systems Infrastructure in Tulsa, OK

FY04 Results

June 2005

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Tulsa, OK ii

| Report No. | 2. Government | Accession No. | 3. | Recipient's Cata | llog No. |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 4 Title and Culptitle | | | | Damant Data | |
| 4. Title and Subtitle | | | 5. | Report Date | |
| Tracking the Deployment of the Integral | | | | July 2005 | |
| Transportation Systems Infrastructure in | n Tulsa: FY2004 Re | suits | 6. | Performing Orga | anization Code |
| 7. Author(s) | | | 8. | Performing Orga | anization Report No. |
| Steve Gordon and Jeffrey Trombly | | | | | |
| Performing Organization Name and | Address | | 10. | Work Unit No. (1 | ΓRAIS) |
| Oak Ridge National Laboratory | | | | | |
| P.O. Box 2008, Bldg 4500N, MS 6206 | | | | | |
| Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6206 | | | 11. | Contract or Grar | nt No. |
| Science Applications International Corp | oration | | | DTELIC4 00 1 | V 2004 4 |
| 301 Laboratory Road Oak Ridge, TN 37831 | | | | DTFH61-00- | Y-30014 |
| | | | | | |
| 12. Sponsorship Agency Name and A | ddress | | 13. | Type of Report a | and Period Covered |
| Department of Transportation | | | | _ | |
| FHWA ITS Joint Program Office | | | 14. | Sponsoring Age | ncy Code |
| 400 Seventh Street, S.W Room 3422 Washington, DC 20590 | | | | HOIT | |
| 15. Supplementary Notes | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Contact person at JPO - Joseph Peters 16. Abstract | | | | | |
| To. Abstract | | | | | |
| This report describes the results of a ma | | | | | |
| components of the metropolitan ITS info Management, Arterial Management, Ele | | | | | |
| Highway-Rail Intersections, Emergency | Management, and | Regional Multimodal | Trave | eler Information. D | Deployment is |
| tracked through the use of indicators tie is tracked through examining the transfe | | | | n addition, integra | ation of components |
| is tracked through examining the transit | er or information bet | ween agencies opera | aurig. | | |
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| 17. Key Words 18. Distribution S | | | | ent | |
| Intelligent Transportation Systems, ITS, Integration, No restrictions | | | s doc | ument is available | to the public from: |
| Deployment Tracking, ITS Component Indicators, | | | | | |
| Regional ITS Planning, National ITS Infrastructure, Tulsa National Tec Springfield, \ | | | | | |
| 19. Security Classif. (of this report) | 20. Security Class | | | No. of Pages | 22. Price |
| T | | | i | | 1 |

Unclassified Unclassified 43

Form DOT F 1700.7 (8-72) Reproduction of completed page authorized

Tulsa, OK iii

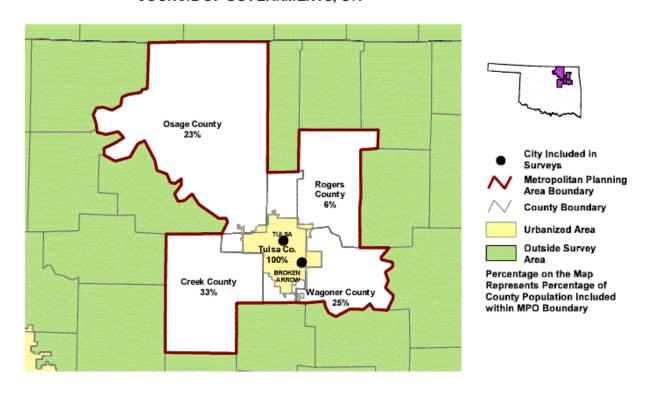
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Metropolitan Area Map INDIAN NATIONS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS, OK



Background and Purpose

In January 1996, former Secretary Peña set a goal of deploying the integrated metropolitan Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) infrastructure in 75¹ of the nation's largest metropolitan areas by the end of 2005.

"I'm setting a national goal: to build an intelligent transportation infrastructure across the United States to save time and lives, and improve the quality of life for Americans. I believe that what we do, we must measure . . . Let us set a very tangible target that will focus our attention . . . I want 75 of our largest metropolitan areas outfitted with a complete intelligent transportation infrastructure in 10 years."

-- former Secretary Peña, 1996

In 1997, the United States Department of Transportation (U.S. DOT) initiated an effort to track progress toward fulfillment of this goal by conducting a survey of deployment in the nation's largest metropolitan areas. Traditionally, the product of a transportation infrastructure investment consists of a fixed asset such as a highway, bridge, or public transportation vehicle developed, constructed, or purchased by a single agency. Tracking the level of deployment for such traditional fixed assets can be accomplished by simply counting the number of such assets deployed. Measuring the deployment of the metropolitan ITS infrastructure is more complex because it consists of a set of systems, often deployed by multiple agencies, and integrated through a combination of complex institutional and technical arrangements. In brief, it is often difficult to simply count the number of systems deployed without first developing a measurement approach that captures the essential features of such systems in a consistent fashion across many deployment environments.

In order to track progress toward fulfillment of the Secretary's goal for deployment, the U.S. DOT ITS Joint Program Office developed the metropolitan ITS deployment tracking methodology. This methodology tracks deployment of the nine components that make up the Metropolitan ITS infrastructure: Freeway Management; Incident Management; Arterial Management; Emergency Management; Transit Management; Electronic Toll Collection; Electronic Fare Payment; Highway-Rail Intersections; and Regional Multimodal Traveler Information. Through a set of indicators tied to the major functions of each component, the level of deployment is tracked for the nation's largest metropolitan areas. In addition, the integration links between agencies operating the infrastructure are also tracked.

During the spring and summer of 2004, the U.S. DOT undertook a new data collection effort for the purpose of examining ITS deployment progress in the nation's largest metropolitan areas. The Tulsa metropolitan area was among the areas surveyed in 1997, 1999, 2000, 2002, and again in 2004. This report presents the results of the 2004 survey efforts and compares the results of

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¹ Since former Secretary Peña's speech, the number of metropolitan areas that DOT will measure has been increased from 75 to 78. However, to maintain reporting consistency across the 10-year goal period, this report considers only the original 75 metropolitan areas.

² Excerpt of a speech delivered by former Secretary of Transportation Peña at the Transportation Research Board in Washington, DC on January 10, 1996.

the 1997, 1999, 2000, 2002, and 2004 data gathering efforts. The overall response rate for the surveys administered in the Tulsa region was 93% in 1997, 91% in 1999, 78% in 2000, 100% in 2002, and 100% in 2004.

The next section contains a summary of the results for the city of Tulsa and for the nation as a whole. This is followed by detailed information on each infrastructure component for Tulsa. Included in this report is a set of appendices containing tables with all the indicators, a list of local contacts surveyed along with a status of their response to the survey, and a summary of the data collected from the surveys.

Agencies are encouraged to review the data presented in this report for completeness and accuracy and to direct any comments or corrections to the contacts listed below:

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Summary 2004 Survey Results

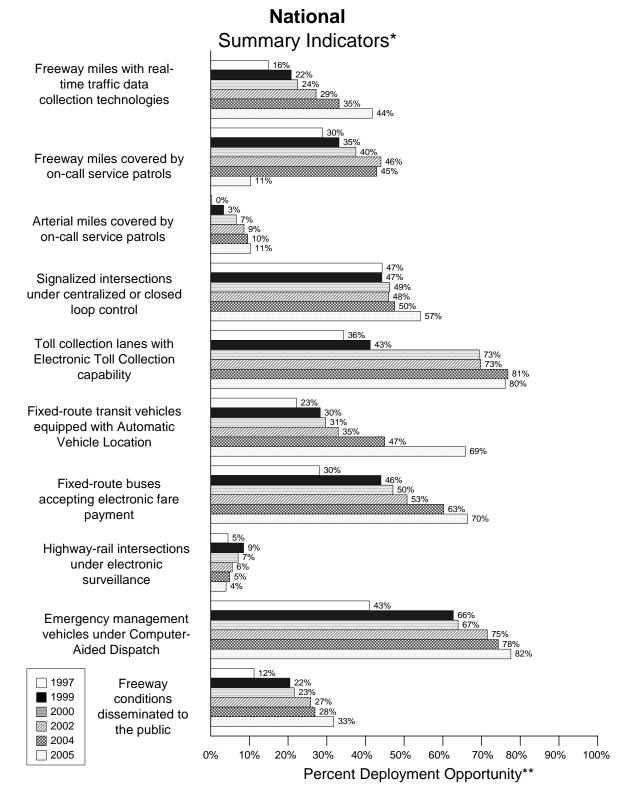
Component

Deployment indicators have been developed for two broad areas of interest: (1) the individual components, including their basic functions and characteristics and (2) integration of components, including how these components work together to provide coordinated regional service. As mentioned earlier, these indicators are expressed as percentages of the possible deployment opportunity and not necessarily what should be deployed based on local needs. Requirements for deployment and integration between each component will vary based on local conditions and cannot be assigned without extensive coordination with individual metropolitan areas.

The following two figures portray the surrogate indicators for each of the nine components in Tulsa and the same indicators at the national level. These are judged to be the single best representative of a component and are being used as summary indicators for each component. The summary indicators are expressed as a percentage; however, because deployment goals have yet to be established, these indicators should not be read as a comparison of what is deployed versus eventual deployment goals. Instead, they only reflect what is deployed compared to full market saturation (i.e., opportunity for deployment).

Each component indicator was selected to reflect a critical function of the individual components. For example, in the case of Freeway Management, three basic functions were defined: surveillance, traffic control, and information display. The three indicators developed to reflect these functions are: percentage of freeway centerline miles under electronic surveillance (surveillance function), percentage of freeway entrance ramps managed by ramp meters (traffic control function), and percentage of freeway centerline miles covered by permanent Variable Message Signs (VMS) or Highway Advisory Radio (HAR). The indicators are surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of metropolitan ITS deployment activity.

Data are shown for each year surveyed and, in addition, an estimate for what the level of deployment will be in the year 2005.



^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

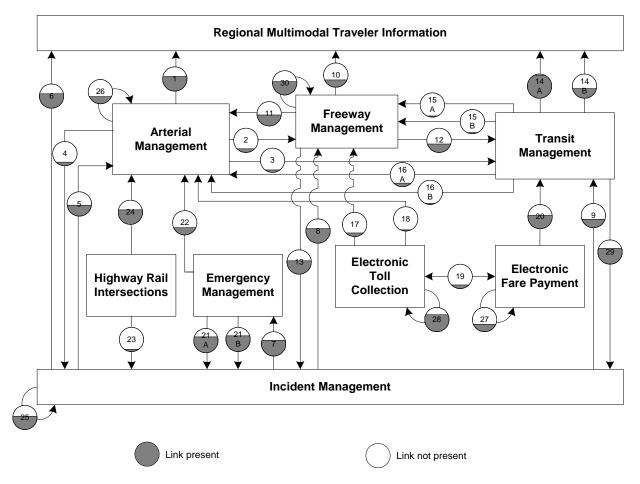
^{**} Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

Integration

A critical aspect of ITS that provides much of its capability is the integration of individual components to form a unified regional traffic control system. The individual ITS components routinely collect information that is used for purposes internal to that component. For example, the Arterial Management component monitors arterial conditions to revise signal timing and to convey these conditions to travelers through such technologies as variable message signs and highway advisory radio. Other ITS components can make use of this information in formulating their control strategies. For example, Transit Management may alter routes and schedules based on real-time information on arterial traffic conditions, and Freeway Management may alter ramp metering or diversion recommendations based on the same information.

As with the component indicators, definitions for inter- and intra-component integration were developed for each component, and indicators, derived from these definitions, were produced for each component. A total of 34 individual integration indicators was specified and is portrayed in the third figure that follows. Each integration indicator has been assigned a number and an origin/destination path from one ITS infrastructure component to another. For example, the number "10" identifies the integration of information from the Freeway Management component to the Regional Multimodal Traveler Information component. The following two figures portray the national integration indicators and the integration indicators for Tulsa as of 2004.

78 Large Metropolitan Areas Integration Links



Note: Shading indicates the value of the link. For example a circle half shaded equals 50%

| Link | Description | Purpose |
|------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | Arterial Management to | Arterial travel time, speed, and condition |
| | Regional Multimodal | information are displayed by Regional Multimodal |
| | Traveler Information | Traveler Information media. |
| 2 | Arterial Management to | Freeway Management Center monitors arterial |
| | Freeway Management | travel times, speeds, and conditions using data |
| | | provided from Traffic Signal Control in order to |
| | | adjust ramp meter timing, lane control or HAR in |
| | | response to changes in real-time conditions on a |
| | | parallel arterial. |
| 3 | Arterial Management to | Transit Management adjusts transit routes and |
| | Transit Management | schedules in response to arterial travel times, |
| | | speeds, and conditions information collected as part |
| | | of Traffic Signal Control. |
| 4 | Arterial Management to | Incident Management monitors real-time arterial |
| | Incident Management | travel times, speeds, and conditions using data |
| | | provided from Traffic Signal Control to detect |
| | | arterial incidents and manage incident response |
| | | activities. |
| 5 | Incident Management to | Traffic Signal Control monitors incident severity, |
| | Arterial Management | location, and type information collected by Incident |
| | | Management to adjust traffic signal timing or |
| | | information provided to travelers in response to |
| | 7 11 27 | incident management activities. |
| 6 | Incident Management to | Incident location, severity, and type information are |
| | Regional Multimodal | displayed by Regional Multimodal Traveler |
| 7 | Traveler Information | Information media. |
| 7 | Incident Management to | Incident severity, location, and type data collected |
| | Emergency Management | as part of Incident Management are used to notify |
| 8 | Incident Management to | Emergency Management for incident response. Incident severity, location, and type data collected |
| O | Freeway Management | by Incident Management are monitored by Freeway |
| | Treeway Management | Management for the purpose of adjusting ramp |
| | | meter timing, lane control or HAR messages in |
| | | response to freeway or arterial incidents. |
| 9 | Incident Management to | Transit Management adjusts transit routes and |
| | Transit Management | schedules in response to incident severity, location, |
| | | and type data collected as part of Incident |
| | | Management. |
| 10 | Freeway Management to | Freeway travel time, speed, and condition |
| | Regional Multimodal | information are displayed by Regional Multimodal |
| | Traveler Information | Traveler Information media. |

| Link | Description | Purpose |
|------|--|---|
| 11 | Freeway Management to Arterial Management | Freeway travel time, speeds, and conditions data collected by Freeway Management are used by Traffic Signal Control to adjust arterial traffic signal timing or arterial VMS messages in response to changing freeway conditions. |
| 12 | Freeway Management to Transit Management | Transit Management adjusts transit routes and schedules in response to freeway travel times, speeds, and conditions information collected as part of Freeway Management. |
| 13 | Freeway Management to Incident Management | Incident Management monitors freeway travel time, speed, and condition data collected by Freeway Management to detect incidents or manage incident response. |
| 14a | Transit Management to Regional Multimodal Traveler Information (static route information) | Transit routes, schedules, and fare information are displayed on Regional Multimodal Traveler Information media. |
| 14b | Transit Management to Regional Multimodal Traveler Information (schedule adherence information) | Transit schedule adherence information are displayed on Regional Multimodal Traveler Information media. |
| 15a | Transit Management to Freeway Management | Freeway ramp meters are adjusted in response to receipt of transit vehicle pre-emption signal. |
| 15b | Transit Management to Freeway Management (transit vehicle probes) | Transit vehicles equipped as probes are monitored by Freeway Management for the purpose of determining freeway travel speeds or travel times. |
| 16a | Transit Management to Arterial Management | Traffic signals are adjusted in response to receipt of transit vehicle pre-emption signal. |
| 16b | Transit Management to Arterial Management (transit vehicle probes) | Transit vehicles equipped as probes are monitored by Traffic Signal Control for the purpose of determining arterial speeds or travel times. |
| 17 | Electronic Toll Collection to Freeway Management (ETC equipped probes) | Vehicles equipped with electronic toll collection (ETC) tags are monitored by Freeway Management for the purpose of determining freeway travel speeds or travel times. |
| 18 | Electronic Toll Collection to Arterial Management (ETC equipped probes) | Vehicles equipped with electronic toll collection (ETC) tags are monitored by Traffic Signal Control for the purpose of determining arterial travel speeds or travel times. |
| 19 | Electronic Fare Payment and Electronic Toll Collection | Transit operators accept ETC- issued tags to pay for transit fares. |
| 20 | Electronic Fare Payment to Transit Management | Rider ship details collected as part of Electronic Fare Payment are used in transit service planning by Transit Management. |

| Link | Description | Purpose |
|------|-------------------------------|--|
| 21a | Emergency Management to | Incident Management is notified of incident |
| | Incident Management | location, severity, and type by Emergency |
| | (incident notification) | Management for the purpose of identifying |
| | | incidents on freeways or arterials. |
| 21b | Emergency Management to | Incident Management is notified of incident |
| | Incident Management | clearance activities by Emergency Management for |
| | (incident clearance) | the purpose of managing incident response on |
| | | freeways or arterials. |
| 22 | Emergency Management to | Emergency Management vehicles are equipped |
| | Arterial Management | with traffic signal priority capability. |
| 23 | Highway-rail intersections to | Incident Management is notified of crossing |
| | Incident Management | blockages by Highway-rail intersection for the |
| | (crossing status) | purpose of managing incident response. |
| 24 | Highway-rail intersections to | Highway-rail intersection and Traffic Signal |
| | Arterial Management | Control are interconnected for the purpose of |
| | (crossing status) | adjusting traffic signal timing in response to train |
| | | crossing. |
| 25 | Incident Management intra- | Agencies participating in formal working |
| | component | agreements or incident management plans |
| | | coordinate incident detection, verification, and |
| | | response. |
| 26 | Arterial Management intra- | Agencies operating traffic signals along common |
| | component | corridors sharing information and possibly control |
| | | of traffic signals to maintain progression on arterial |
| | | routes. |
| 27 | Electronic Fare Payment | Operators of different public transit services share |
| | intra-component. | common electronic fare payment media. |
| 28 | Electronic Toll Collection | Electronic Toll Collection agencies share a |
| | intra-component | common toll tag for the purpose of facilitating |
| | | "seam less" toll transactions. |
| 29 | Transit Management to | Transit agency operators or dispatchers report |
| | Incident Management | traffic incidents (e.g. stalled vehicles, crashes) as |
| | (incident reporting) | part of an organized regional incident management |
| | | program. |
| 30 | Freeway Management intra- | Freeway travel time, speeds, and conditions data |
| | component | collected by Freeway Management agencies are |
| | | used by other Freeway Management agencies in |
| | | response to changing freeway conditions for the |
| | | purpose of adjusting ramp meter timing, lane |
| | | control or HAR messages in response to freeway or |
| | | arterial incidents. |

Detailed 2004 Survey Results

The following figures summarize the complete set of component and integration indicators developed for the Tulsa metropolitan area. In some cases a decrease in deployment or integration over time occurs. This may be due to differences in reporting from year to year, agencies responding one year and not the other, or an actual decrease in the level of deployment. The figures summarizing the component indicators consist of a bar chart portraying the deployment levels for 1997, 1999, 2000, 2002, 2004, and 2005 estimates.

Example: Calculating Component Indicators for Freeway Management

Consider a metropolitan area with 100 miles of freeway and 25 freeway entrance ramps. The area has no ramp meters, 10 freeway miles for which traffic data are collected electronically, and 5 freeway miles, which are covered by highway advisory radio.

The component indicator for electronic surveillance is calculated as (10/100) or 10%.

The component indicator for ramp meter control is calculated as (0/25) or 0%.

The component indicator for HAR coverage is calculated as (5/100) or 5%.

The summary indicator for the metropolitan area is calculated as (10%+0%+5%)/3=5%.

The figures summarizing the integration indicators consist of a diagram for each of the nine metropolitan ITS components portraying the integration level for 2004. Each diagram portrays the proportion of agencies providing information to a component (e.g., the flow of incident information from Incident Management to Freeway Management) and the proportion of agencies providing information from one component to other components (e.g., the flow of freeway travel condition information from Freeway Management to Arterial Management).

Example: Calculating Integration between Arterial Management and Regional Multimodal Traveler Information

Consider a metropolitan area with three arterial management agencies. One out of three provides information to the public using a Regional Multimodal Traveler Information Media (e.g., internet, kiosk, pager, etc...). The integration indicator is 1/3 or 33%.

| Freeway Man | nagement Compo | onents | | |
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Appendix A. Component Indicators

Freeway Management Component Indicators

| Description | 1997 | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Freeway centerline miles are under electronic surveillance for monitoring traffic flow | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 5% | 10% |
| Freeway entrance ramps are controlled by ramp meters or miles under lane control | 0% | | | | | |
| Freeway entrance ramps are controlled by ramp meters | | 0% | NR | NR | 0% | 0% |
| Freeway centerline miles will be controlled by lane control | | 0% | NR | NR | NR | NR |
| Freeway miles are covered by VMS, HAR, or In-Vehicle Signing (IVS) | 0% | | | | | |
| Freeway miles are covered by VMS | | 9% | 0% | 0% | 13% | 17% |
| Freeway miles are covered by HAR | | NR | NR | NR | 0% | 0% |
| Freeway miles are covered by IVS | | NR | | | | |

Incident Management Component Indicators

| Description | 1997 | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Freeway miles covered by incident | 0% | NR | NR | NR | 0% | 0% |
| detection algorithms | | | | | | |
| Freeway miles covered by free cellular | 0% | 100% | NR | NR | NR | NR |
| phone calls to a dedicated number | | | | | | |
| Freeway miles covered by surveillance | 0% | NR | NR | NR | 5% | 10% |
| cameras | | | | | | |
| Freeway miles covered by on-call | 0% | 0% | NR | 0% | NR | NR |
| publicly sponsored service patrol or | | | | | | |
| towing services | | | | | | |
| Arterial miles covered by incident | NR | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| detection algorithms | | | | | | |
| Arterial miles covered by free cellular | 0% | NR | 100% | NR | NR | NR |
| phone calls to a dedicated number | | | | | | |
| Arterial miles covered by surveillance | 0% | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| cameras | | | | | | |
| Arterial miles covered by on-call | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| publicly-sponsored service patrol or | | | | | | |
| towing services | | | | | | |

Arterial Management Component Indicators

| Description | 1997 | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Arterial miles covered by electronic surveillance | 1% | | | | | |
| Signalized intersections are covered by electronic surveillance for monitoring traffic flow | | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 2% |
| Signalized intersections are under centralized or closed loop control | 21% | 21% | 21% | 20% | 19% | 25% |
| Arterial miles are covered by VMS, HAR, or IVS | 0% | | | | | |
| Arterial miles are covered by VMS | | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Arterial miles are covered by HAR | | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Arterial miles are covered by IVS | | 0% | | | | |

Electronic Toll Collection Component Indicators

| Description | 1997 | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Toll collection plazas with ETC capability | | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR |
| Toll collection lanes with ETC capability | 69% | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR |

Transit Management Component Indicators

| Description | 1997 | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Fixed-route transit vehicles are equipped | NR | NR | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| with Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL) | | | | | | |
| Fixed-route transit vehicles are equipped | NR | NR | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| with electronic monitoring of vehicle | | | | | | |
| component | | | | | | |
| Paratransit vehicles operate under | NR | NR | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| computer-aided dispatch | | | | | | |
| Percent fixed-route transfer locations with | NR | | | | | |
| electronic display of information | | | | | | |
| Bus stops display information to the public | | NR | 0% | NR | 0% | 0% |
| | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | |

Electronic Fare Payment Component Indicators

| Description | 1997 | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Fixed-route transit vehicles that accept electronic payment | NR | NR | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Rail transit stations that accept electronic | NR | NR | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| payment | | | | | | |

Highway Rail Intersection Component Indicators

| Description | 1997 | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 |
|--------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Highway-rail intersections are under | 28% | 34% | 2% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| electronic surveillance | | | | | | |

Emergency Management Component Indicators

| Description | 1997 | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Public sector emergency vehicles that | 88% | 70% | 89% | 82% | 93% | 93% |
| operate under computer-aided dispatch | | | | | | |
| Public sector emergency vehicles that have | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| in-vehicle route guidance capability | | | | | | |

Regional Multimodal Traveler Information (RMTI) Component Indicators

| Description | 1997 | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Freeway conditions disseminated to | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| travelers | | | | | | |
| Possible RMTI media types are used to | NR | 13% | 25% | 63% | 75% | 75% |
| display information to travelers | | | | | | |

| Description | 1997 | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Possible RMTI media are used to display information on <i>two or more modes</i> to | NR | 13% | 0% | 13% | 38% | 38% |
| travelers | | | | | | |

Appendix B. Integration Indicators

| IndicatorsLink Description | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 |
|--|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Arterial Management agencies disseminate | 33% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| arterial travel times, speeds, and conditions to the | | | | |
| public | | | | |
| 2. Arterial Management agencies sending | 33% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| information to Freeway Management | | | | |
| 3. Arterial Management agencies transfer arterial | 33% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| travel times, speeds, and conditions to Transit | | | | |
| Management | | | | |
| 4. Arterial Management agencies sending arterial | 33% | 0% | 33% | 33% |
| conditions to Incident Management | | | | |
| 5. Incident Management agencies transfer | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| nformation describing incident severity, location, | | | | |
| and type to Arterial Management agencies | | | | |
| 6. Incident Management agencies disseminate | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% |
| information describing incident severity, location, | 0,70 | 0,0 | 100,0 | 0,0 |
| and type to the public | | | | |
| 7. Incident management agencies transfer | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| information describing incident severity, location, | 070 | 070 | 070 | 070 |
| and type to Emergency Management agencies | | | | |
| 8. Incident Management agencies sending | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| information describing incident severity, location, | 070 | 070 | 070 | 070 |
| and type to Freeway Management agencies | | | | |
| 9. Incident Management agencies transfer | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| information describing incident severity, location, | 070 | 070 | 0 /0 | 070 |
| and type to Transit Management agencies | | | | |
| 10. Freeway Management agencies disseminating | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| freeway conditions to the public | 0 /0 | 0 / 0 | 0 70 | 0 70 |
| 11. Freeway Management agencies sending | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| information to Arterial Management | 070 | 070 | 070 | 0 70 |
| | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| 12. Freeway Management agencies sending | U70 | 070 | 070 | 070 |
| freeway conditions to Transit Management | 00/ | 00/ | 00/ | 00/ |
| 13. Freeway Management agencies sending | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| freeway conditions to Incident Management | ND | 1000/ | 1000/ | 1000/ |
| 14a. Transit Management agencies disseminate | NR | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| information describing transit routes, schedules, | | | | |
| and fares to travelers | ND | 00/ | 00/ | 00/ |
| 14b. Transit Management agencies disseminate | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| information describing schedule/route adherence to | | | | |
| travelers | | 0.11 | | |
| 15a. Transit management agencies with vehicles | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| equipped with ramp meter priority | | | _ | _ |
| 15b. Transit Management agencies with vehicles | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| equipped as probes | | | | |

| IndicatorsLink Description | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 |
|--|------|------|------|------|
| 16a. Transit management agencies with vehicles | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| equipped with traffic signal priority | | | | |
| 16b. Transit Management agencies have vehicles | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| equipped as probes on arterials | | | | |
| 17. Freeway Management agencies receiving | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| freeway conditions from vehicle probes | | | | |
| 18. Number of Arterial Management agencies | 33% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| receiving information from vehicle probes | | | | |
| 19. Transit agencies that accept electronic payment | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| through the use of electronic toll collection media | | | | |
| 20. Transit Management agencies using Electronic | NR | 0% | 100% | 100% |
| Fare Payment data in transit service planning | | | | |
| 21a. Incident management agencies receiving | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| incident severity from Emergency Management | | | | |
| 21b. Incident management agencies receiving | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| incident clearance activities from Emergency | | | | |
| Management | | | | |
| 22. Emergency Management agencies have | 63% | 50% | 43% | 43% |
| vehicles equipped with traffic signal preemption | | | | |
| capability | | | | |
| 23. Arterial Management agencies receive | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| information on highway-rail intersection crossing | | | | |
| blockages for the purpose of managing incident | | | | |
| response | | | | |
| 24. Arterial Management agencies have traffic | 67% | 67% | 67% | 100% |
| signals within 200 feet of a highway-rail | | | | |
| intersection with the capability of having their | | | | |
| signal timing adjusted in response to a train | | | | |
| crossing | | | | |
| 25. Police, fire, and EMS agencies participating in | 25% | 50% | 71% | 57% |
| a formal incident management plan/team | | | | |
| 26. Arterial Management agencies under | 67% | 0% | 33% | 33% |
| cooperative agreement to share traffic signal timing | | | | |
| for coordinated response | | | | |
| 27. Transit Management agencies that use the same | NR | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| electronic payment system | | | | |
| 28. Toll operators using common toll tag | NR | NR | NR | |
| technology | | | | |
| 29. Transit Management agencies report traffic | NR | 0% | 100% | 100% |
| incidents as part of an organized regional incident | | | | |
| management program | | | | |
| 30. Freeway Management agencies sending | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| information to another Freeway Management | | | | |
| agency | | | | |

Appendix C. Surveyed Agencies

Tulsa

| | 1997 | | 1999 | | 2000 | | 2002 | | 2004 | |
|--|----------------------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Agency Name | Date Out | Date In | Date Out | Date In | Date Out | Date In | Date Out | Date In | Date Out | Date In |
| Arterial Management | | | | | | | | | | |
| Broken-Arrow City | 8/5/1997 | 10/28/1997 | 8/5/1999 | 10/25/1999 | 7/17/2000 | 8/4/2000 | 5/16/2002 | 6/20/2002 | 6/14/2004 | 7/12/2004 |
| Tulsa City | 8/5/1997 | 8/15/1997 | 8/5/1999 | 8/16/1999 | 7/17/2000 | 8/3/2000 | 5/16/2002 | 6/28/2002 | 6/14/2004 | 9/10/2004 |
| Tulsa County | 8/5/1997 | 10/9/1997 | 8/5/1999 | 10/11/1999 | 7/17/2000 | 7/26/2000 | 5/16/2002 | 5/17/2002 | 6/14/2004 | 7/12/2004 |
| Emergency Management | | | | | | | | | | |
| Broken Arrow City Fire & Rescue Department | 8/5/1997 | 10/8/1997 | 6/17/1999 | 8/18/1999 | 6/29/2000 | 1/31/2001 | 4/24/2002 | 6/13/2002 | 5/26/2004 | 7/12/2004 |
| Broken Arrow City Fire & Rescue Department (EMS) | | | 6/17/1999 | 8/18/1999 | | | | | | |
| Broken Arrow Police Department | 8/5/1997 | 10/10/1997 | 6/17/1999 | 9/30/1999 | 6/29/2000 | 10/23/2000 | 5/21/2002 | 5/24/2002 | 5/17/2004 | 6/25/2004 |
| Broken Arrow Rescue | | | 6/17/1999 | 8/18/1999 | | | | | | |
| City/County of Tulsa | 8/4/1997 | 8/26/1997 | | | | | | | | |
| Creek County Sheriffs Office | 8/5/1997 | 10/8/1997 | 6/17/1999 | 9/2/1999 | 6/29/2000 | | 4/26/2002 | 8/16/2002 | 5/17/2004 | 7/20/2004 |
| Rogers County Sheriff Office | 8/5/1997 | 10/8/1997 | 6/17/1999 | | 6/29/2000 | | 4/26/2002 | 9/6/2002 | 5/17/2004 | 7/30/2004 |
| Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency | | | 6/17/1999 | 6/22/1999 | 6/29/2000 | 10/16/2000 | 5/7/2002 | 6/18/2002 | 5/17/2004 | 7/8/2004 |
| Tulsa County Sheriffs Office | | | 6/17/1999 | 7/7/1999 | 6/29/2000 | 7/20/2000 | | | | |
| Tulsa Fire Department | | | 6/17/1999 | 7/1/1999 | 6/29/2000 | 11/2/2000 | 4/24/2002 | 6/25/2002 | 5/17/2004 | 7/9/2004 |
| Tulsa Police Department | | | 6/17/1999 | | 6/29/2000 | 10/31/2000 | 5/15/2002 | 6/21/2002 | 5/17/2004 | 7/6/2004 |
| Freeway Management | | | | | | | | | | |
| INCOG | 8/5/1997 | 8/19/1997 | | | | | | | | |
| Oklahoma Department of Transportation | 8/5/1997 | 10/21/1997 | 8/5/1999 | 12/22/1999 | 7/13/2000 | 9/21/2000 | 6/6/2002 | 9/6/2002 | 7/7/2004 | 7/30/2004 |
| MPO | | | | | | | | | | |
| INCOG | Not Surveyed in 1997 | | 7/15/1999 | 9/9/1999 | 6/19/2000 | | Not Surveyed in 2002 | | 6/1/2004 | 7/16/2004 |
| Transit Management | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tulsa Transit | 7/17/1997 | | 8/9/1999 | | 8/3/2000 | 12/28/2000 | 6/5/2002 | 6/17/2002 | 6/1/2004 | 7/22/2004 |

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