# Tracking the Deployment of the Integrated Metropolitan Intelligent Transportation Systems Infrastructure in Knoxville, TN

**FY04 Results** 

# June 2005

For additional information, please contact:

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This report describes the results of a m components of the metropolitan ITS info Management, Arterial Management, Ele Highway-Rail Intersections, Emergency tracked through the use of indicators tie is tracked through examining the transf	rastructure in Knoxv ectronic Toll Collecti Management, and ed to the major funct	ille. The nine compo- on, Electronic Fare P Regional Multimodal ions of each compon-	aymer Travel ent. Ir	are: Freeway Ma ht, Transit Manag ler Information.	anagement, Incident ement, Deployment is
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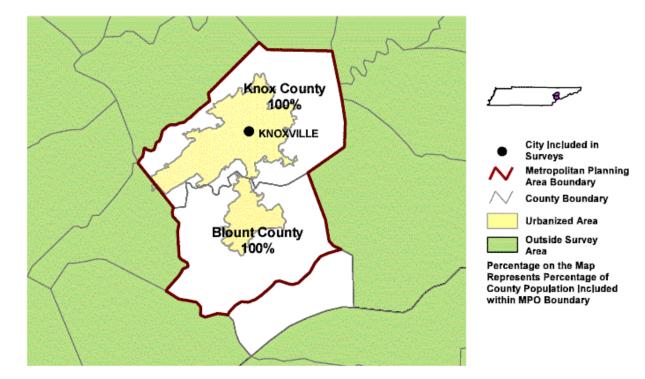
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# Metropolitan Area Map KNOXVILLE-KNOX COUNTY METROPOLITAN PLANNING COMMISSION, TN



# **Background and Purpose**

In January 1996, former Secretary Peña set a goal of deploying the integrated metropolitan Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) infrastructure in 75<sup>1</sup> of the nation's largest metropolitan areas by the end of 2005.

"I'm setting a national goal: to build an intelligent transportation infrastructure across the United States to save time and lives, and improve the quality of life for Americans. I believe that what we do, we must measure . . . Let us set a very tangible target that will focus our attention . . . I want 75 of our largest metropolitan areas outfitted with a complete intelligent transportation infrastructure in 10 years."<sup>2</sup>

-- former Secretary Peña, 1996

In 1997, the United States Department of Transportation (U.S. DOT) initiated an effort to track progress toward fulfillment of this goal by conducting a survey of deployment in the nation's largest metropolitan areas. Traditionally, the product of a transportation infrastructure investment consists of a fixed asset such as a highway, bridge, or public transportation vehicle developed, constructed, or purchased by a single agency. Tracking the level of deployment for such traditional fixed assets can be accomplished by simply counting the number of such assets deployed. Measuring the deployment of the metropolitan ITS infrastructure is more complex because it consists of a set of systems, often deployed by multiple agencies, and integrated through a combination of complex institutional and technical arrangements. In brief, it is often difficult to simply count the number of systems deployed without first developing a measurement approach that captures the essential features of such systems in a consistent fashion across many deployment environments.

In order to track progress toward fulfillment of the Secretary's goal for deployment, the U.S. DOT ITS Joint Program Office developed the metropolitan ITS deployment tracking methodology. This methodology tracks deployment of the nine components that make up the Metropolitan ITS infrastructure: Freeway Management; Incident Management; Arterial Management; Emergency Management; Transit Management; Electronic Toll Collection; Electronic Fare Payment; Highway-Rail Intersections; and Regional Multimodal Traveler Information. Through a set of indicators tied to the major functions of each component, the level of deployment is tracked for the nation's largest metropolitan areas. In addition, the integration links between agencies operating the infrastructure are also tracked.

During the spring and summer of 2004, the U.S. DOT undertook a new data collection effort for the purpose of examining ITS deployment progress in the nation's largest metropolitan areas. The Knoxville metropolitan area was among the areas surveyed in 1997, 1999, 2000, 2002, and again in 2004. This report presents the results of the 2004 survey efforts and compares the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Since former Secretary Peña's speech, the number of metropolitan areas that DOT will measure has been increased from 75 to 78. However, to maintain reporting consistency across the 10-year goal period, this report considers only the original 75 metropolitan areas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excerpt of a speech delivered by former Secretary of Transportation Peña at the Transportation Research Board in Washington, DC on January 10, 1996.

results of the 1997, 1999, 2000, 2002, and 2004 data gathering efforts. The overall response rate for the surveys administered in the Knoxville region was 86% in 1997, 92% in 1999, 91% in 2000, 92% in 2002, and 100% in 2004.

The next section contains a summary of the results for the city of Knoxville and for the nation as a whole. This is followed by detailed information on each infrastructure component for Knoxville. Included in this report is a set of appendices containing tables with all the indicators, a list of local contacts surveyed along with a status of their response to the survey, and a summary of the data collected from the surveys.

Agencies are encouraged to review the data presented in this report for completeness and accuracy and to direct any comments or corrections to the contacts listed below:

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# **Summary 2004 Survey Results**

# Component

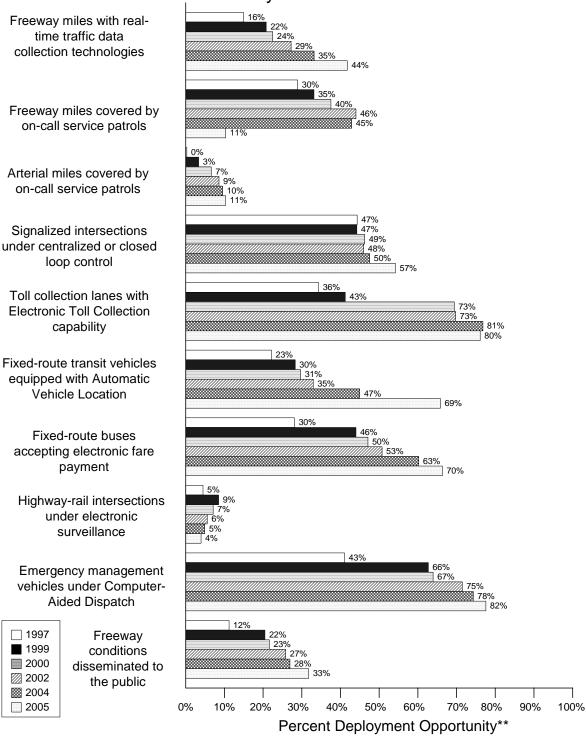
Deployment indicators have been developed for two broad areas of interest: (1) the individual components, including their basic functions and characteristics and (2) integration of components, including how these components work together to provide coordinated regional service. As mentioned earlier, these indicators are expressed as percentages of the possible deployment opportunity and not necessarily what should be deployed based on local needs. Requirements for deployment and integration between each component will vary based on local conditions and cannot be assigned without extensive coordination with individual metropolitan areas.

The following two figures portray the surrogate indicators for each of the nine components in Knoxville and the same indicators at the national level. These are judged to be the single best representative of a component and are being used as summary indicators for each component. The summary indicators are expressed as a percentage; however, because deployment goals have yet to be established, these indicators should not be read as a comparison of what is deployed versus eventual deployment goals. Instead, they only reflect what is deployed compared to full market saturation (i.e., opportunity for deployment).

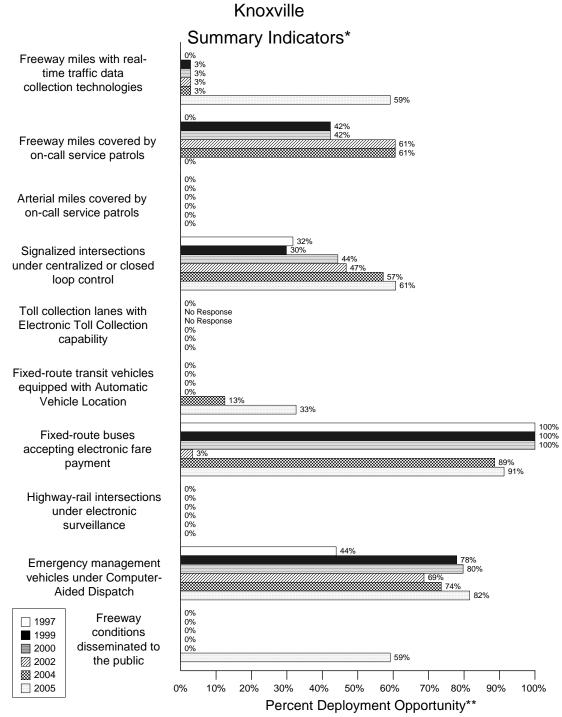
Each component indicator was selected to reflect a critical function of the individual components. For example, in the case of Freeway Management, three basic functions were defined: surveillance, traffic control, and information display. The three indicators developed to reflect these functions are: percentage of freeway centerline miles under electronic surveillance (surveillance function), percentage of freeway entrance ramps managed by ramp meters (traffic control function), and percentage of freeway centerline miles covered by permanent Variable Message Signs (VMS) or Highway Advisory Radio (HAR). The indicators are surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of metropolitan ITS deployment activity.

Data are shown for each year surveyed and, in addition, an estimate for what the level of deployment will be in the year 2005.

# National Summary Indicators\*



\* Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity. \*\* Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

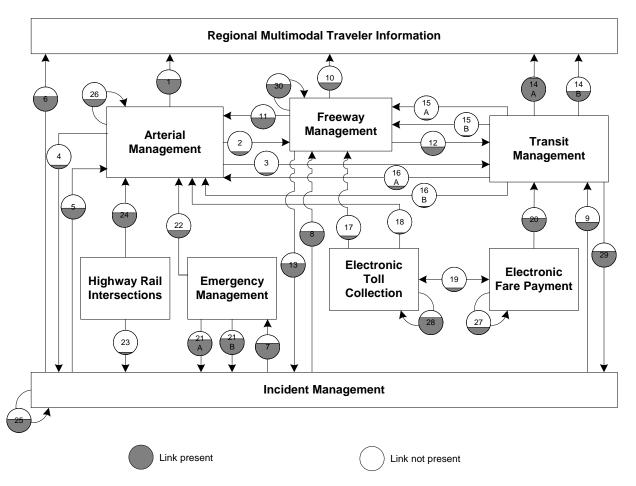


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# Integration

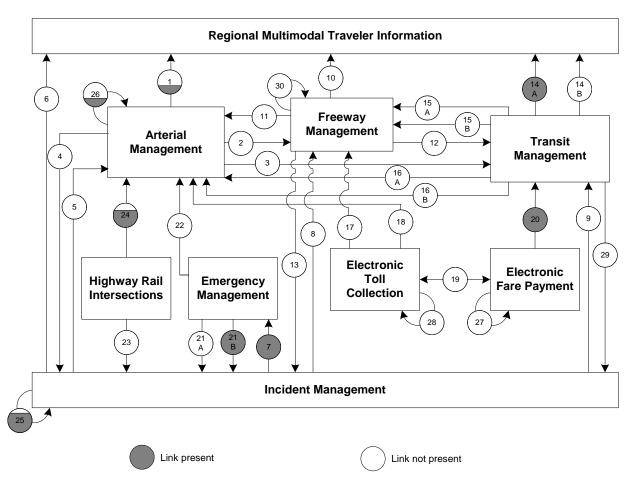
A critical aspect of ITS that provides much of its capability is the integration of individual components to form a unified regional traffic control system. The individual ITS components routinely collect information that is used for purposes internal to that component. For example, the Arterial Management component monitors arterial conditions to revise signal timing and to convey these conditions to travelers through such technologies as variable message signs and highway advisory radio. Other ITS components can make use of this information in formulating their control strategies. For example, Transit Management may alter routes and schedules based on real-time information on arterial traffic conditions, and Freeway Management may alter ramp metering or diversion recommendations based on the same information.

As with the component indicators, definitions for inter- and intra-component integration were developed for each component, and indicators, derived from these definitions, were produced for each component. A total of 34 individual integration indicators was specified and is portrayed in the third figure that follows. Each integration indicator has been assigned a number and an origin/destination path from one ITS infrastructure component to another. For example, the number "10" identifies the integration of information from the Freeway Management component to the Regional Multimodal Traveler Information component. The following two figures portray the national integration indicators and the integration indicators for Knoxville as of 2004.



# 78 Large Metropolitan Areas Integration Links

Note: Shading indicates the value of the link. For example a circle half shaded equals 50%



# **Knoxville Integration Links**

Note: Shading indicates the value of the link. For example a circle half shaded equals 50%

Link	Description	Purpose
1	Arterial Management to	Arterial travel time, speed, and condition
	Regional Multimodal	information are displayed by Regional Multimodal
	Traveler Information	Traveler Information media.
2	Arterial Management to	Freeway Management Center monitors arterial
	Freeway Management	travel times, speeds, and conditions using data
		provided from Traffic Signal Control in order to
		adjust ramp meter timing, lane control or HAR in
		response to changes in real-time conditions on a
		parallel arterial.
3	Arterial Management to	Transit Management adjusts transit routes and
	Transit Management	schedules in response to arterial travel times,
		speeds, and conditions information collected as part
4	Antonial Management to	of Traffic Signal Control.
4	Arterial Management to Incident Management	Incident Management monitors real-time arterial travel times, speeds, and conditions using data
	meldent Wanagement	provided from Traffic Signal Control to detect
		arterial incidents and manage incident response
		activities.
5	Incident Management to	Traffic Signal Control monitors incident severity,
-	Arterial Management	location, and type information collected by Incident
	6	Management to adjust traffic signal timing or
		information provided to travelers in response to
		incident management activities.
6	Incident Management to	Incident location, severity, and type information are
	Regional Multimodal	displayed by Regional Multimodal Traveler
	Traveler Information	Information media.
7	Incident Management to	Incident severity, location, and type data collected
	Emergency Management	as part of Incident Management are used to notify
0		Emergency Management for incident response.
8	Incident Management to	Incident severity, location, and type data collected
	Freeway Management	by Incident Management are monitored by Freeway
		Management for the purpose of adjusting ramp
		meter timing, lane control or HAR messages in
9	Incident Management to	response to freeway or arterial incidents. Transit Management adjusts transit routes and
	Transit Management	schedules in response to incident severity, location,
		and type data collected as part of Incident
		Management.
10	Freeway Management to	Freeway travel time, speed, and condition
	Regional Multimodal	information are displayed by Regional Multimodal
	Traveler Information	Traveler Information media.

Link	Description	Purpose
11	Freeway Management to Arterial Management	Freeway travel time, speeds, and conditions data collected by Freeway Management are used by Traffic Signal Control to adjust arterial traffic signal timing or arterial VMS messages in response
12	Erronyov Monogoment to	to changing freeway conditions. Transit Management adjusts transit routes and
12	Freeway Management to Transit Management	schedules in response to freeway travel times, speeds, and conditions information collected as part of Freeway Management.
13	Freeway Management to Incident Management	Incident Management monitors freeway travel time, speed, and condition data collected by Freeway Management to detect incidents or manage incident response.
14a	Transit Management to Regional Multimodal Traveler Information (static route information)	Transit routes, schedules, and fare information are displayed on Regional Multimodal Traveler Information media.
14b	Transit Management to Regional Multimodal Traveler Information (schedule adherence information)	Transit schedule adherence information are displayed on Regional Multimodal Traveler Information media.
15a	Transit Management to Freeway Management	Freeway ramp meters are adjusted in response to receipt of transit vehicle pre-emption signal.
15b	Transit Management to Freeway Management (transit vehicle probes)	Transit vehicles equipped as probes are monitored by Freeway Management for the purpose of determining freeway travel speeds or travel times.
16a	Transit Management to Arterial Management	Traffic signals are adjusted in response to receipt of transit vehicle pre-emption signal.
16b	Transit Management to Arterial Management (transit vehicle probes)	Transit vehicles equipped as probes are monitored by Traffic Signal Control for the purpose of determining arterial speeds or travel times.
17	Electronic Toll Collection to Freeway Management (ETC equipped probes)	Vehicles equipped with electronic toll collection (ETC) tags are monitored by Freeway Management for the purpose of determining freeway travel speeds or travel times.
18	Electronic Toll Collection to Arterial Management (ETC equipped probes)	Vehicles equipped with electronic toll collection (ETC) tags are monitored by Traffic Signal Control for the purpose of determining arterial travel speeds or travel times.
19	Electronic Fare Payment and Electronic Toll Collection	Transit operators accept ETC- issued tags to pay for transit fares.
20	Electronic Fare Payment to Transit Management	Rider ship details collected as part of Electronic Fare Payment are used in transit service planning by Transit Management.

Link	Description	Purpose
21a	Emergency Management to	Incident Management is notified of incident
	Incident Management	location, severity, and type by Emergency
	(incident notification)	Management for the purpose of identifying
		incidents on freeways or arterials.
21b	Emergency Management to	Incident Management is notified of incident
	Incident Management	clearance activities by Emergency Management for
	(incident clearance)	the purpose of managing incident response on
		freeways or arterials.
22	Emergency Management to	Emergency Management vehicles are equipped
	Arterial Management	with traffic signal priority capability.
23	Highway-rail intersections to	Incident Management is notified of crossing
	Incident Management	blockages by Highway-rail intersection for the
	(crossing status)	purpose of managing incident response.
24	Highway-rail intersections to	Highway-rail intersection and Traffic Signal
	Arterial Management	Control are interconnected for the purpose of
	(crossing status)	adjusting traffic signal timing in response to train
		crossing.
25	Incident Management intra-	Agencies participating in formal working
	component	agreements or incident management plans
		coordinate incident detection, verification, and
		response.
26	Arterial Management intra-	Agencies operating traffic signals along common
	component	corridors sharing information and possibly control
		of traffic signals to maintain progression on arterial
		routes.
27	Electronic Fare Payment	Operators of different public transit services share
	intra-component.	common electronic fare payment media.
28	Electronic Toll Collection	Electronic Toll Collection agencies share a
	intra-component	common toll tag for the purpose of facilitating
20		"seam less" toll transactions.
29	Transit Management to	Transit agency operators or dispatchers report
	Incident Management	traffic incidents (e.g. stalled vehicles, crashes) as
	(incident reporting)	part of an organized regional incident management
20		program.
30	Freeway Management intra-	Freeway travel time, speeds, and conditions data
	component	collected by Freeway Management agencies are
		used by other Freeway Management agencies in
		response to changing freeway conditions for the
		purpose of adjusting ramp meter timing, lane
		control or HAR messages in response to freeway or
		arterial incidents.

# **Detailed 2004 Survey Results**

The following figures summarize the complete set of component and integration indicators developed for the Knoxville metropolitan area. In some cases a decrease in deployment or integration over time occurs. This may be due to differences in reporting from year to year, agencies responding one year and not the other, or an actual decrease in the level of deployment. The figures summarizing the component indicators consist of a bar chart portraying the deployment levels for 1997, 1999, 2000, 2002, 2004, and 2005 estimates.

Example: Calculating Component Indicators for Freeway Management

Consider a metropolitan area with 100 miles of freeway and 25 freeway entrance ramps. The area has no ramp meters, 10 freeway miles for which traffic data are collected electronically, and 5 freeway miles, which are covered by highway advisory radio.

The component indicator for electronic surveillance is calculated as (10/100) or 10%.

The component indicator for ramp meter control is calculated as (0/25) or 0%.

The component indicator for HAR coverage is calculated as (5/100) or 5%.

The summary indicator for the metropolitan area is calculated as (10%+0%+5%)/3 = 5%.

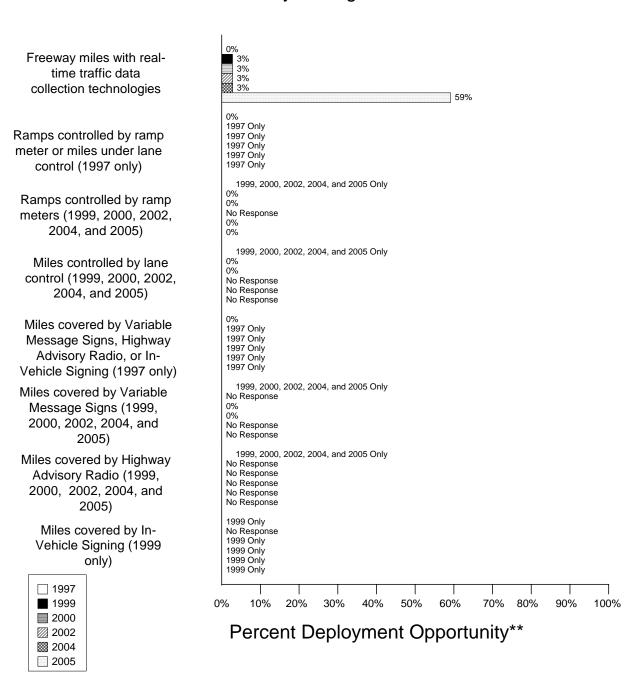
The figures summarizing the integration indicators consist of a diagram for each of the nine metropolitan ITS components portraying the integration level for 2004. Each diagram portrays the proportion of agencies providing information to a component (e.g., the flow of incident information from Incident Management to Freeway Management) and the proportion of agencies providing information from one component to other components (e.g., the flow of freeway travel condition information from Freeway Management to Arterial Management).

Example: Calculating Integration between Arterial Management and Regional Multimodal Traveler Information

Consider a metropolitan area with three arterial management agencies. One out of three provides information to the public using a Regional Multimodal Traveler Information Media (e.g., internet, kiosk, pager, etc...). The integration indicator is 1/3 or 33%.

### **Freeway Management Components**

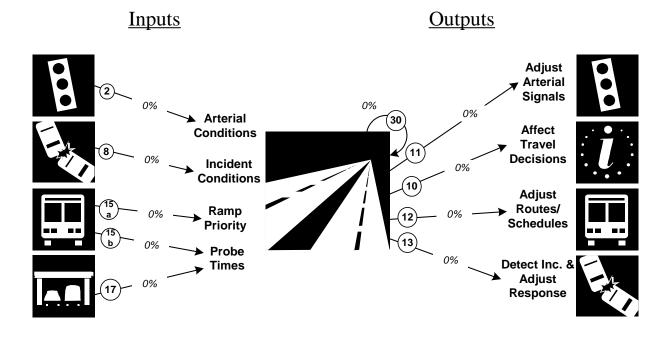
# Knoxville Freeway Management\*



\* Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity. \*\* Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

# **Freeway Management Integration**

# Knoxville Freeway Management Integration\*

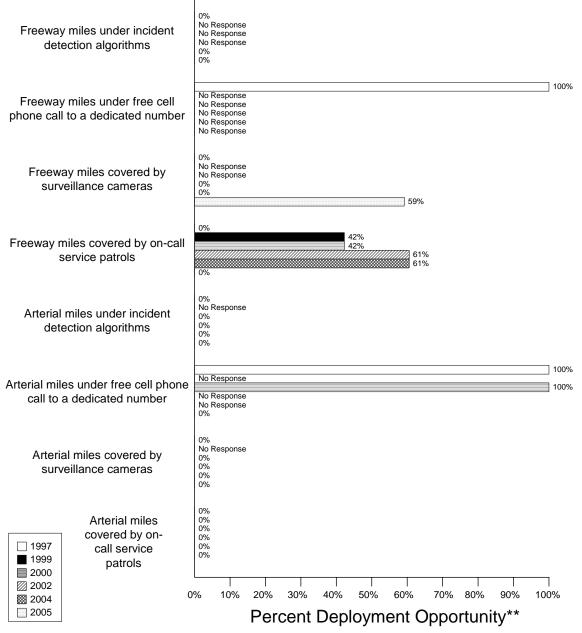


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# **Freeway and Arterial Incident Management Components**

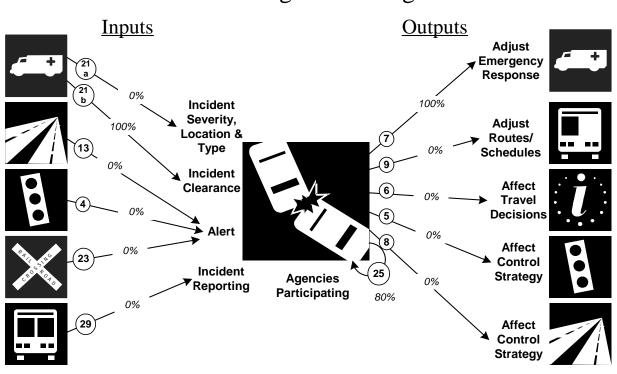
# Knoxville

# Freeway and Arterial Incident Management\*



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# **Incident Management Integration**



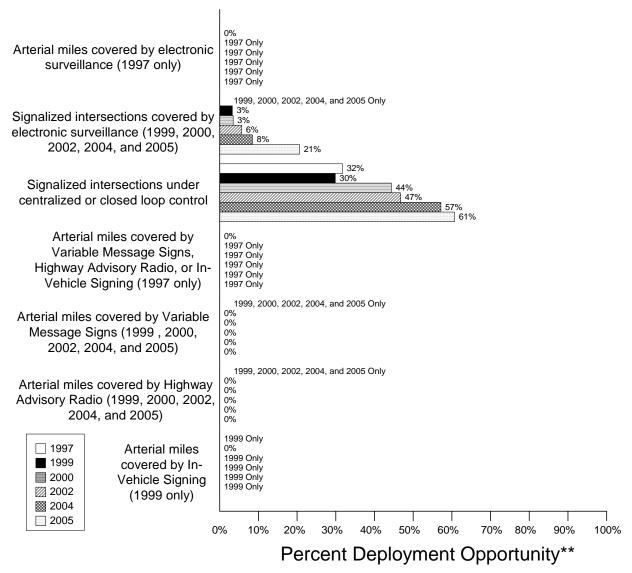
# Knoxville Incident Management Integration\*

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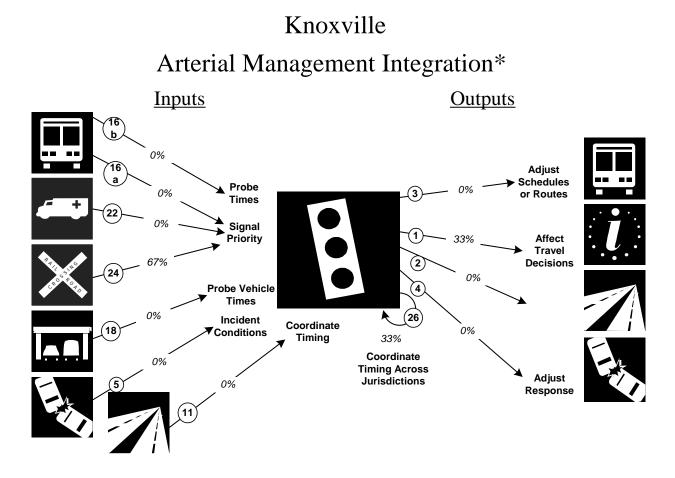
# **Arterial Management Components**

# Knoxville





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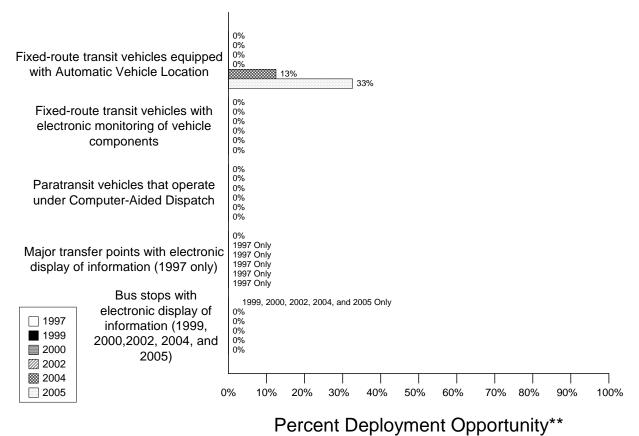


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# **Transit Management Components**

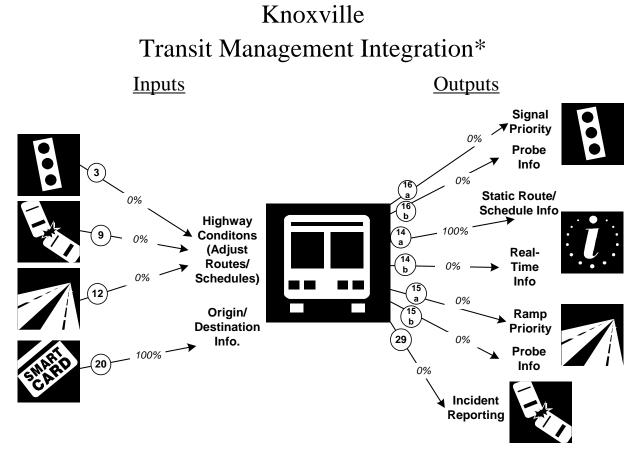
# Knoxville





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# **Transit Management Integration**

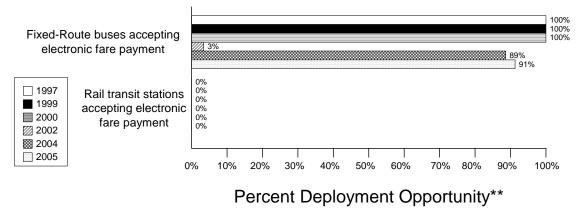


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# **Electronic Fare Payment Components**

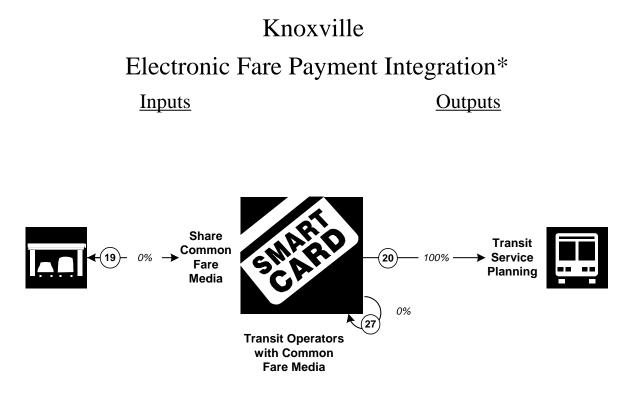
# Knoxville

# **Electronic Fare Payment\***



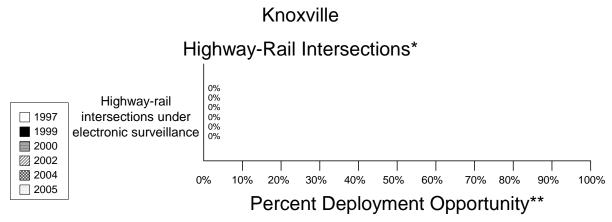
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# **Electronic Fare Payment Integration**



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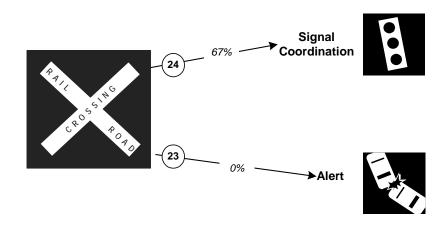
# **Highway-Rail Intersections Components**



\* Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

**Highway-Rail Intersections Integration** 

# Knoxville Highway-Rail Intersections Integration\* <u>Inputs</u> <u>Outputs</u>

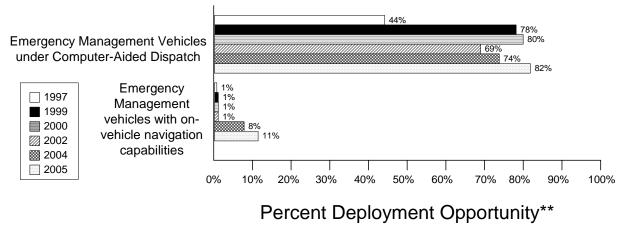


\* Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

# **Emergency Management Components**

# Knoxville

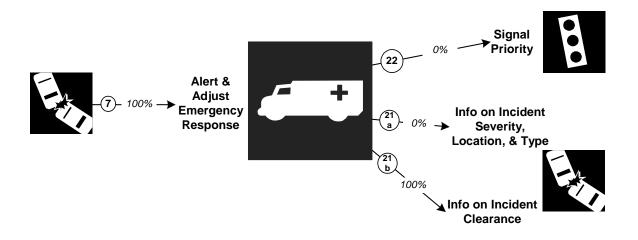
# **Emergency Management\***



\* Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

# **Emergency Management Integration**

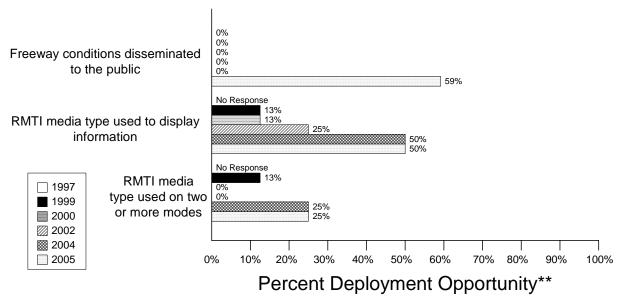
# KnoxvilleEmergency Management Integration\*InputsOutputs



\* Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

# **Regional Multimodal Traveler Information Components**

# Knoxville Regional Multimodal Traveler Information\*

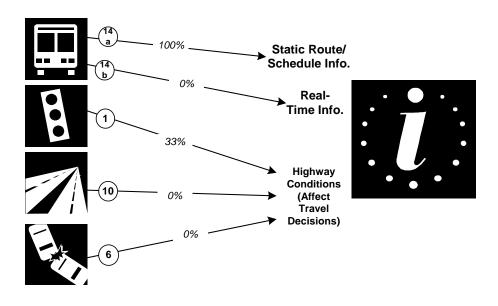


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# **Regional Multimodal Traveler Information Integration**

# Knoxville

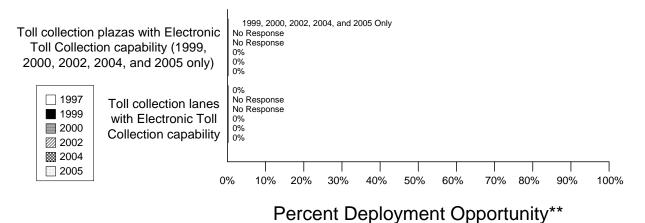
# Regional Multimodal Traveler Information Integration\* <u>Inputs</u> <u>Outputs</u>



\* Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

# **Electronic Toll Collection Components**

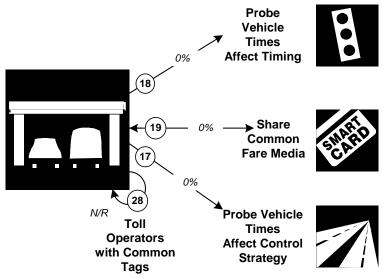
# Knoxville Electronic Toll Collection\*



\* Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

# **Electronic Toll Collection Integration**

# KnoxvilleElectronic Toll Collection Integration\*InputsOutputs



\* Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

# **Appendix A. Component Indicators**

Description	1997	1999	2000	2002	2004	2005
Freeway centerline miles are under electronic surveillance for monitoring traffic flow	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	59%
Freeway entrance ramps are controlled by ramp meters or miles under lane control	0%					
Freeway entrance ramps are controlled by ramp meters		0%	0%	NR	0%	0%
Freeway centerline miles will be controlled by lane control		0%	0%	NR	NR	NR
Freeway miles are covered by VMS, HAR, or In-Vehicle Signing (IVS)	0%					
Freeway miles are covered by VMS		NR	0%	0%	NR	NR
Freeway miles are covered by HAR		NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
Freeway miles are covered by IVS		NR				

# **Freeway Management Component Indicators**

# **Incident Management Component Indicators**

Description	1997	1999	2000	2002	2004	2005
Freeway miles covered by incident	0%	NR	NR	NR	0%	0%
detection algorithms						
Freeway miles covered by free cellular	100%	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
phone calls to a dedicated number						
Freeway miles covered by surveillance	0%	NR	NR	0%	0%	59%
cameras						
Freeway miles covered by on-call	0%	42%	42%	61%	61%	0%
publicly sponsored service patrol or						
towing services						
Arterial miles covered by incident	NR	NR	0%	0%	0%	0%
detection algorithms						
Arterial miles covered by free cellular	100%	NR	100%	NR	NR	NR
phone calls to a dedicated number						
Arterial miles covered by surveillance	0%	NR	0%	0%	0%	0%
cameras						
Arterial miles covered by on-call	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
publicly-sponsored service patrol or						
towing services						

# **Arterial Management Component Indicators**

Description	1997	1999	2000	2002	2004	2005
Arterial miles covered by electronic surveillance	0%					
Signalized intersections are covered by electronic surveillance for monitoring traffic flow		3%	3%	6%	8%	21%
Signalized intersections are under centralized or closed loop control	32%	30%	44%	47%	57%	61%
Arterial miles are covered by VMS, HAR, or IVS	0%					
Arterial miles are covered by VMS		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Arterial miles are covered by HAR		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Arterial miles are covered by IVS		0%				

# **Electronic Toll Collection Component Indicators**

Description	1997	1999	2000	2002	2004	2005
Toll collection plazas with ETC capability		NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
Toll collection lanes with ETC capability	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

# **Transit Management Component Indicators**

Description	1997	1999	2000	2002	2004	2005
Fixed-route transit vehicles are equipped	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	33%
with Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL)						
Fixed-route transit vehicles are equipped	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
with electronic monitoring of vehicle						
component						
Paratransit vehicles operate under	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
computer-aided dispatch						
Percent fixed-route transfer locations with	0%					
electronic display of information						
Bus stops display information to the public		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

# **Electronic Fare Payment Component Indicators**

Description	1997	1999	2000	2002	2004	2005
Fixed-route transit vehicles that accept electronic payment	100%	100%	100%	3%	89%	91%
Rail transit stations that accept electronic payment	0%	NR	0%	0%	0%	0%

# **Highway Rail Intersection Component Indicators**

Description	1997	1999	2000	2002	2004	2005
Highway-rail intersections are under	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
electronic surveillance						

# **Emergency Management Component Indicators**

Description	1997	1999	2000	2002	2004	2005
Public sector emergency vehicles that	44%	78%	80%	69%	74%	82%
operate under computer-aided dispatch						
Public sector emergency vehicles that have	1%	1%	1%	1%	8%	11%
in-vehicle route guidance capability						

# **Regional Multimodal Traveler Information (RMTI) Component Indicators**

Description	1997	1999	2000	2002	2004	2005
Freeway conditions disseminated to travelers	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	59%
Possible RMTI media types are used to display information to travelers	NR	13%	13%	25%	50%	50%

Description	1997	1999	2000	2002	2004	2005
Possible RMTI media are used to display information on <i>two or more modes</i> to	NR	13%	0%	0%	25%	25%
travelers						

# **Appendix B. Integration Indicators**

IndicatorsLink Description	1999	2000	2002	2004
1. Arterial Management agencies disseminate	0%	0%	0%	33%
arterial travel times, speeds, and conditions to the				
public				
2. Arterial Management agencies sending	0%	0%	0%	0%
information to Freeway Management				
3. Arterial Management agencies transfer arterial	50%	0%	0%	0%
travel times, speeds, and conditions to Transit				
Management				
4. Arterial Management agencies sending arterial	0%	0%	0%	0%
conditions to Incident Management				
5. Incident Management agencies transfer	0%	0%	0%	0%
information describing incident severity, location,				
and type to Arterial Management agencies				
6. Incident Management agencies disseminate	0%	0%	0%	0%
information describing incident severity, location,				
and type to the public				
7. Incident management agencies transfer	100%	0%	100%	100%
information describing incident severity, location,				
and type to Emergency Management agencies				
8. Incident Management agencies sending	0%	0%	0%	0%
information describing incident severity, location,				
and type to Freeway Management agencies				
9. Incident Management agencies transfer	0%	0%	0%	0%
information describing incident severity, location,	070	070	070	070
and type to Transit Management agencies				
10. Freeway Management agencies disseminating	0%	0%	0%	0%
freeway conditions to the public	070	070	070	070
11. Freeway Management agencies sending	0%	0%	0%	0%
information to Arterial Management	070	070	070	070
12. Freeway Management agencies sending	0%	0%	0%	0%
freeway conditions to Transit Management	070	070	070	070
13. Freeway Management agencies sending	0%	0%	0%	0%
freeway conditions to Incident Management	070	070	070	070
14a. Transit Management agencies disseminate	100%	100%	100%	100%
information describing transit routes, schedules,	10070	10070	100%	10070
and fares to travelers				
	100%	0%	0%	0%
14b. Transit Management agencies disseminate	100%	0%	0%	0%
information describing schedule/route adherence to				
travelers	00/	00/	00/	00/
15a. Transit management agencies with vehicles	0%	0%	0%	0%
equipped with ramp meter priority	00/	00/	00/	00/
15b. Transit Management agencies with vehicles equipped as probes	0%	0%	0%	0%

IndicatorsLink Description	1999	2000	2002	2004
16a. Transit management agencies with vehicles	0%	0%	0%	0%
equipped with traffic signal priority				
16b. Transit Management agencies have vehicles	0%	0%	0%	0%
equipped as probes on arterials				
17. Freeway Management agencies receiving	0%	0%	0%	0%
freeway conditions from vehicle probes				
18. Number of Arterial Management agencies	0%	0%	0%	0%
receiving information from vehicle probes				
19. Transit agencies that accept electronic payment	0%	0%	0%	0%
through the use of electronic toll collection media				
20. Transit Management agencies using Electronic	100%	100%	100%	100%
Fare Payment data in transit service planning				
21a. Incident management agencies receiving	100%	0%	0%	0%
incident severity from Emergency Management				
21b. Incident management agencies receiving	100%	100%	100%	100%
incident clearance activities from Emergency				
Management				
22. Emergency Management agencies have	0%	0%	0%	0%
vehicles equipped with traffic signal preemption				
capability				
23. Arterial Management agencies receive	0%	0%	0%	0%
information on highway-rail intersection crossing				
blockages for the purpose of managing incident				
response				
24. Arterial Management agencies have traffic	100%	100%	67%	67%
signals within 200 feet of a highway-rail				
intersection with the capability of having their				
signal timing adjusted in response to a train				
crossing				
25. Police, fire, and EMS agencies participating in	67%	50%	83%	80%
a formal incident management plan/team				
26. Arterial Management agencies under	100%	50%	33%	33%
cooperative agreement to share traffic signal timing				
for coordinated response				
27. Transit Management agencies that use the same	0%	0%	0%	0%
electronic payment system				
28. Toll operators using common toll tag	NR	NR	NR	
technology				
29. Transit Management agencies report traffic	0%	0%	0%	0%
incidents as part of an organized regional incident				
management program				
30. Freeway Management agencies sending	0%	0%	0%	0%
information to another Freeway Management				
agency				

# Appendix C. Surveyed Agencies

### Knoxville

	1997		1999		2000		2002		2004	
Agency Name	Date Out	Date In	Date Out	Date In	Date Out	Date In	Date Out	Date In	Date Out	Date In
Arterial Management										
Blount County	8/7/1997		8/5/1999		7/18/2000		3/13/2002	3/21/2002	6/14/2004	7/15/2004
Knox County	8/7/1997		8/5/1999	9/24/1999	7/18/2000	8/28/2000	3/13/2002	8/8/2002	6/14/2004	7/16/2004
Knoxville City	8/7/1997	10/23/1997	8/5/1999	11/1/1999	7/18/2000	11/7/2000	3/13/2002	3/13/2002	6/14/2004	6/23/2004
Emergency Management										
Blount County Sheriffs Office	8/7/1997	10/14/1997	6/2/1999	6/7/1999	6/23/2000	1/31/2001	3/13/2002	7/9/2002	5/17/2004	7/12/2004
Knox County Sheriffs Department	8/7/1997	8/11/1997	6/2/1999	6/2/1999	6/23/2000	6/29/2000	3/13/2002	6/14/2002	5/17/2004	8/25/2004
Knoxville City Fire Department	8/7/1997	8/14/1997	6/2/1999	6/2/1999	6/23/2000	10/13/2000	3/13/2002	6/12/2002	5/17/2004	6/23/2004
Knoxville City Police Department	8/7/1997	8/19/1997	6/2/1999	6/2/1999	6/23/2000	6/28/2000	3/13/2002	3/22/2002	5/20/2004	5/24/2004
Knoxville-Knox County Emergency Management Agency	8/7/1997	8/26/1997								
Tennessee Emergency Management Agency	8/11/1997	10/14/1997	6/3/1999	6/7/1999	6/23/2000	7/3/2000	3/13/2002	4/12/2002		
Tennessee State Highway Patrol	8/7/1997	8/11/1997	6/1/1999	6/1/1999	6/23/2000	6/28/2000	3/13/2002	3/25/2002	5/17/2004	7/30/2004
Freeway Management ORNL	9/7/4007	0/07/4007	7/20/4000	0/20/4000	7/42/2000	7/24/2000	6/25/2003	4/5/2002	7/7/2004	7/04/0004
Tennessee Department of Transportation	8/7/1997	8/27/1997	7/29/1999	9/20/1999	7/12/2000	7/31/2000	3/13/2002	4/5/2002	7/7/2004	7/21/2004
МРО										
Knoxville Metropolitan Planning Organization	Not Survey	ed in 1997	7/15/1999	7/28/1999	6/19/2000	12/8/2000	Not Survey	/ed in 2002	6/1/2004	6/1/2004
Transit Management										
Knoxville Transportation Authority	7/22/1997	8/6/1997	8/9/1999	11/9/1999	8/3/2000	12/6/2000	3/13/2002	4/8/2002	6/2/2004	6/25/2004

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