

Metals Matrix Metadata Mistakes Modify Monitoring Management

*USEPA 27th Annual National Conference on Managing
Environmental Quality Systems
Seattle, Washington
April 23, 2008*

Jonathan D. Kofi Frodge Ph.D.

*Sr. Limnologist, King County Freshwater Assessment Program,
King County Department of Natural Resources and Parks, Seattle,
Washington*



Jeffrey Kwesi Awochukinah Worthington, CQA, CQMgr.
*OEI Director of Quality
Office of Environmental Information
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency*

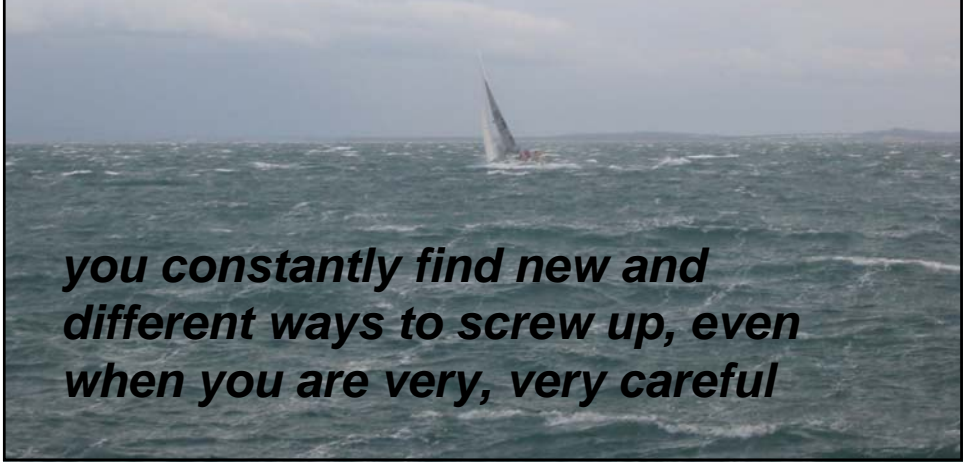


DISCLAIMER

The opinions expressed in this technical presentation are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the US EPA, or King County.

how are sailing and data analysis similar?

this is a tale of how decisions that are supposed to be based on data, were inaccurate due to inattention to proper content and delivery quality features, and what was the impact to cost, efficiency, and process due to this poor attention to quality



you constantly find new and different ways to screw up, even when you are very, very careful

you are here

King County long-term stream monitoring program collects data from ~40 streams county-wide

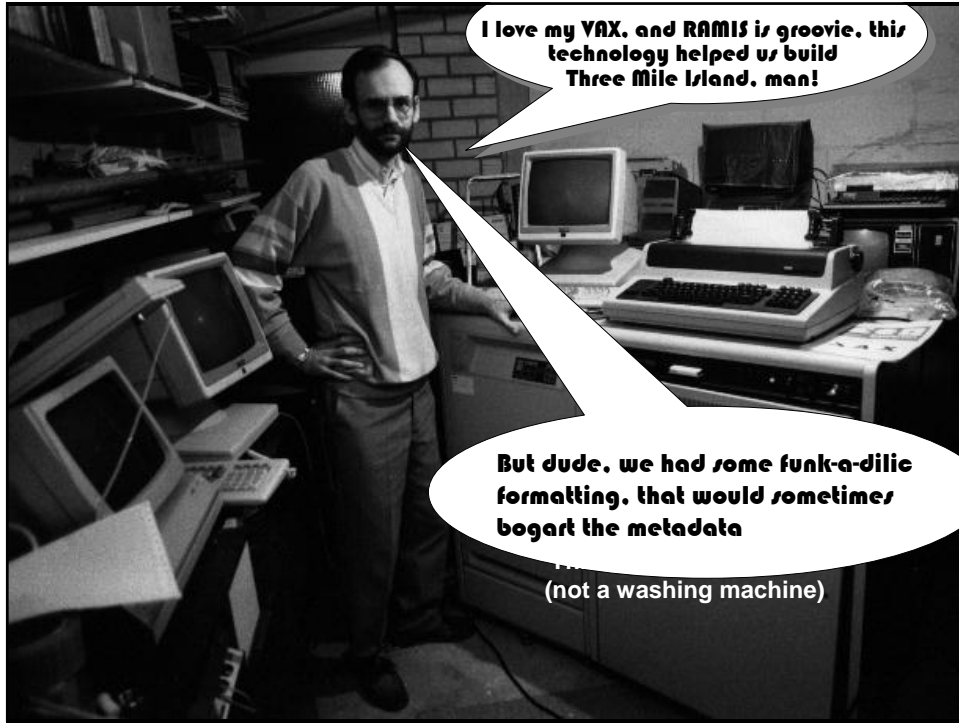
data is also submitted to Washington Department of Ecology for the 303(d) Water Quality limited list

sometimes listings are incorrect

- why does this happen?
- what is the cost of inappropriate listings
- does anyone really care?
- how do we minimize the probability that it will happen again?

303(d) listed Waterbodies in Washington State, Based on the 1996 303(d) List

Waterbody Segment Number	Waterbody Name	Parameters Exceeding Standards
WA-08-1095	BEAR-EVANS CREEKS	Dissolved Oxygen, Fecal Coliform, Mercury
WA-09-1022	HILL (MILL) CREEK	Dissolved Oxygen, Temperature, Ammonia-N, Cadmium, Fecal Coliform, Zinc, Chromium
WA-08-1130	MAY CREEK	Fecal Coliform, Temperature, Copper, Lead, Zinc



data in...

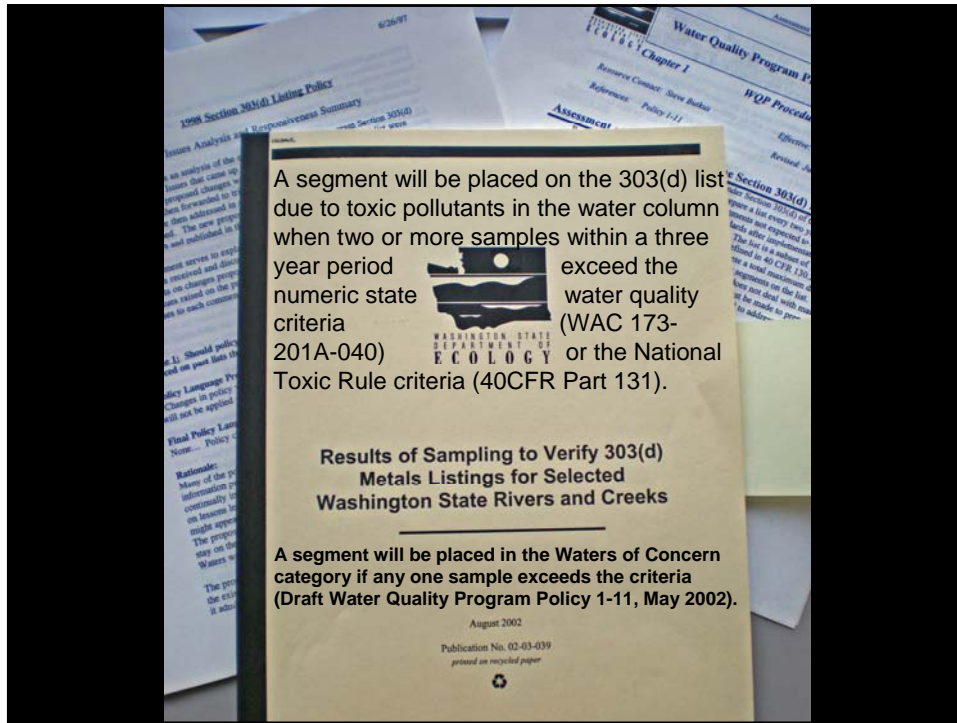
Collectdate	Matrix	Qual	Copper, Total, ICP	Units
9/3/98	SE FRSHWTRSED		6.86	mg/Kg
9/2/98	SE FRSHWTRSED		3.36	mg/Kg
8/30/99	SE FRSHWTRSED		8.48	mg/Kg
9/7/99	SE FRSHWTRSED	E	4.08	mg/Kg
7/27/00	SE FRSHWTRSED	E	5.72	mg/Kg
7/27/00	SE FRSHWTRSED	E	2.84	mg/Kg
7/25/00	SE FRSHWTRSED	E	2.35	mg/Kg
7/26/01	SE FRSHWTRSED		6.35	mg/Kg
7/30/01	SE FRSHWTRSED		3.15	mg/Kg

↓

Copper, Total, ICP
6.86
3.36
8.48
4.08
5.72
2.84
2.35
6.35
3.15

the RAMIS database which ran on the soon to retire VAX computer, would put units, metadata and quantification into separate columns....

...garbage out, and onto the 303(d) list as water column data you go!



from: **Results of Sampling to Verify 303(d) Metals Listings for Selected Washington State Rivers and Creeks. August 2002. Appendix A, page 2.**

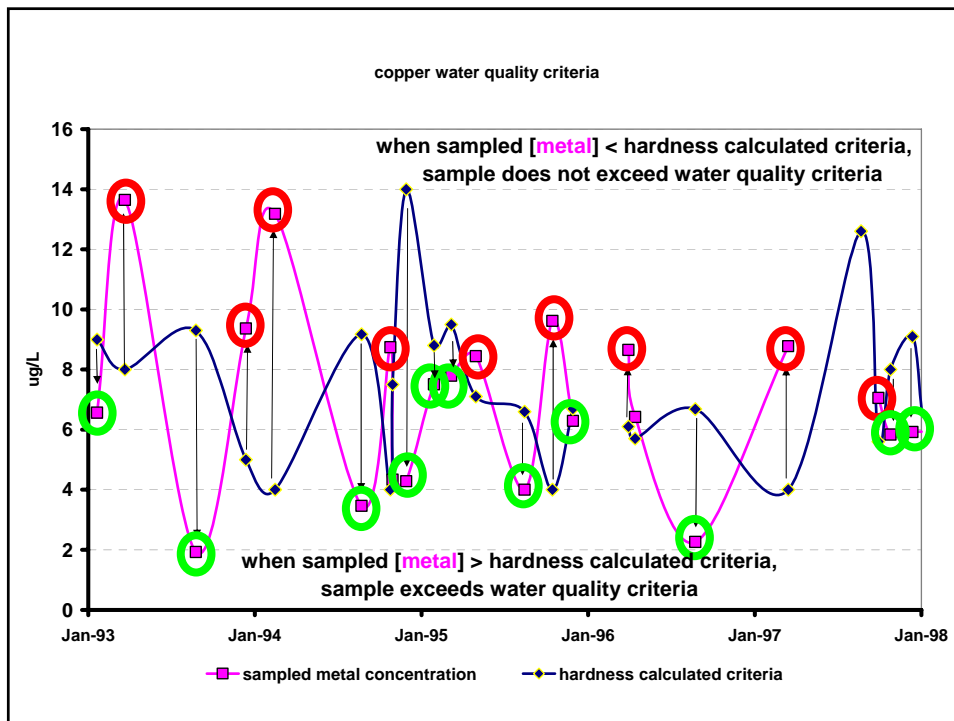
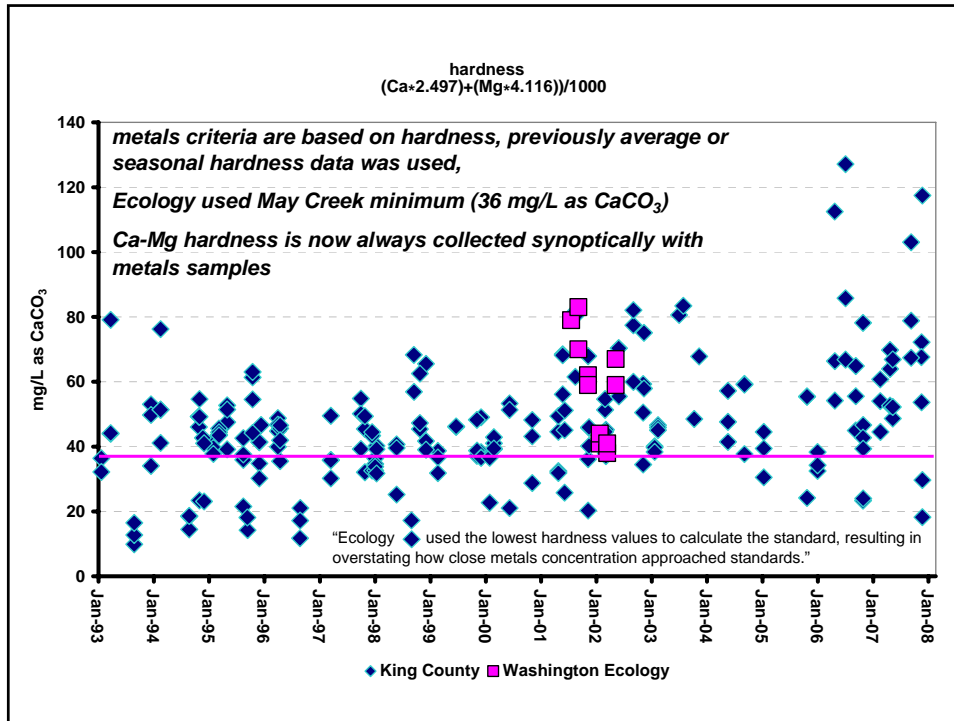
No new data are available for the Snohomish River further upstream near Monroe. Sampling is recommended to verify the Cu and Hg listings for this station.

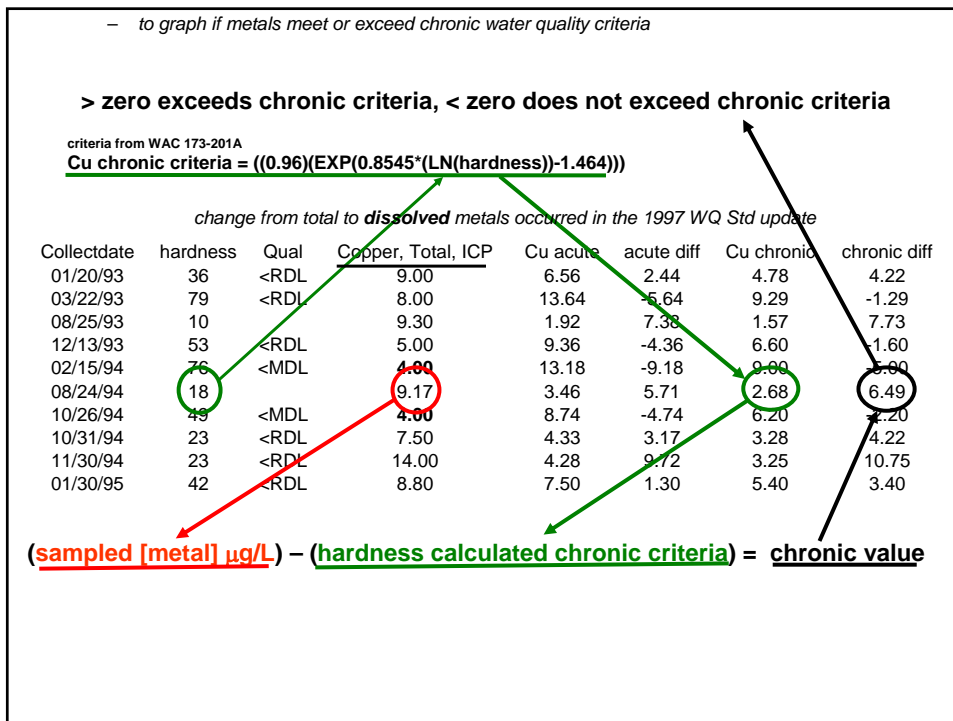
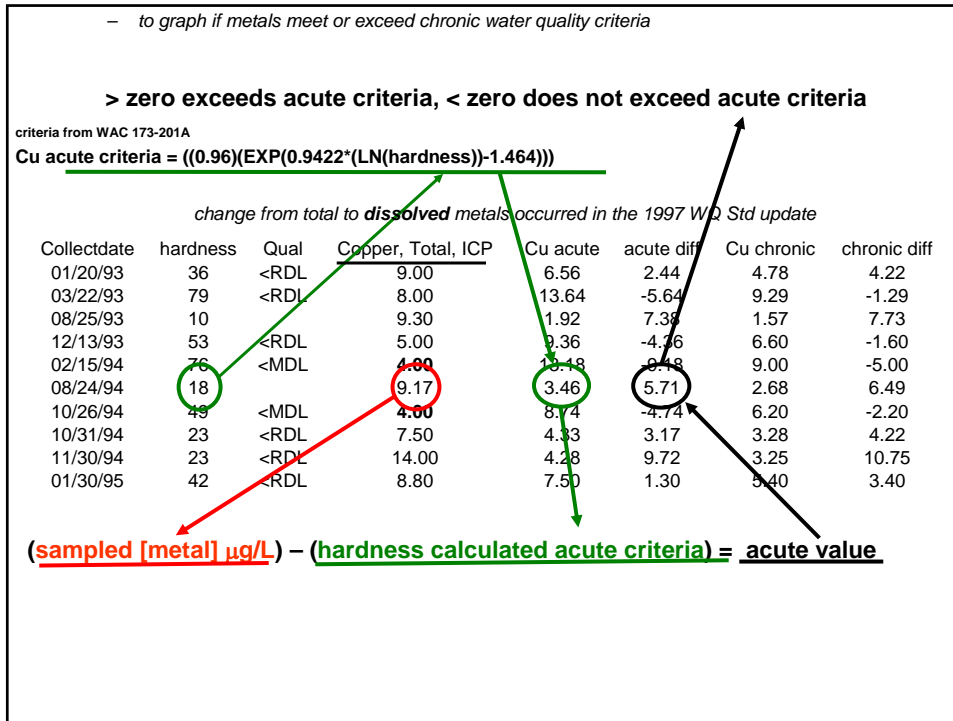
3. **WA-08-1095 / Bear-Evans / Creek / Hg** - The mercury listing for METRO station 0484 on this creek appears to be due to **reporting error** Jonathan Frodge (King County, personal communication). Sediment samples were apparently included in the database without the matrix code (which identifies the sample matrix, i.e., water, sediment, tissue, etc.). I reviewed all of King County's Hg in water data for station 0484 from Jan 1, 1988, to the

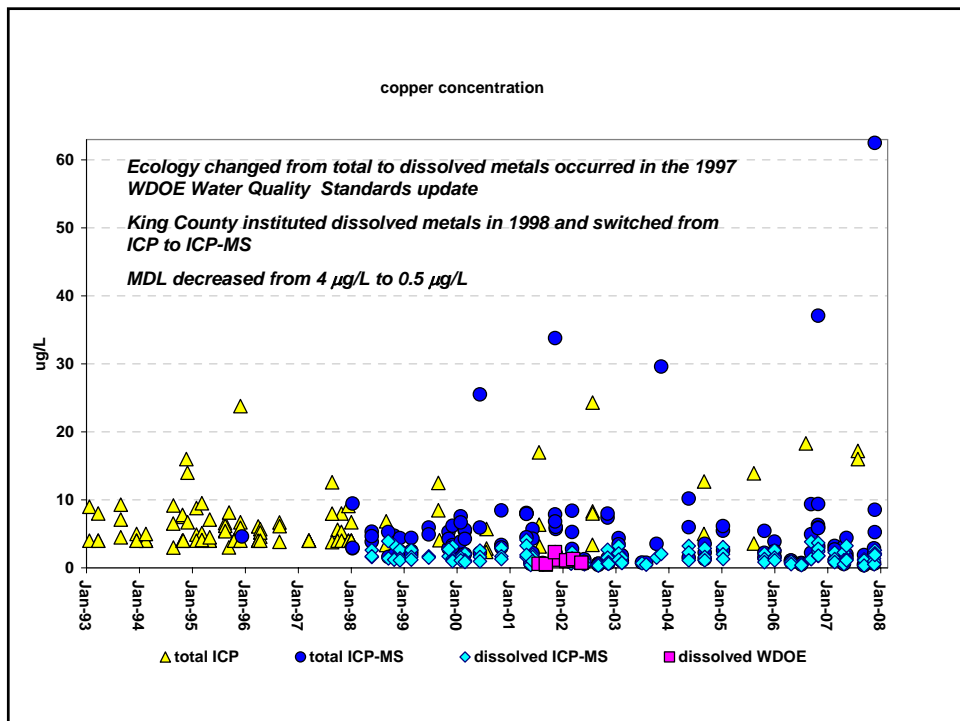
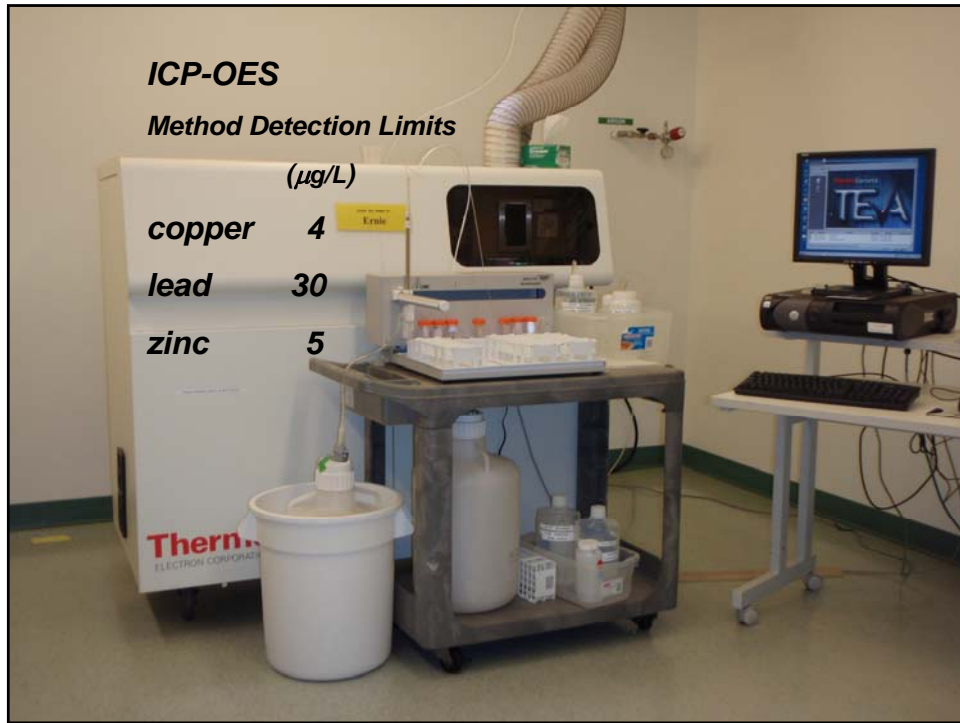
this was not a 'reporting error', but the result of matrix ID metadata lost between transferring data between databases

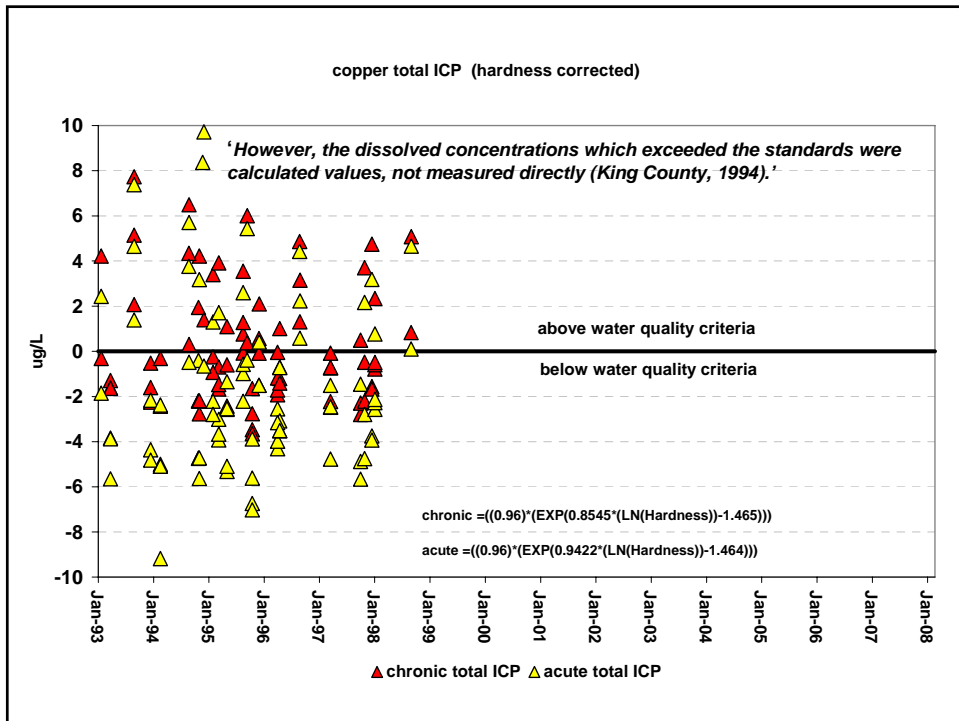
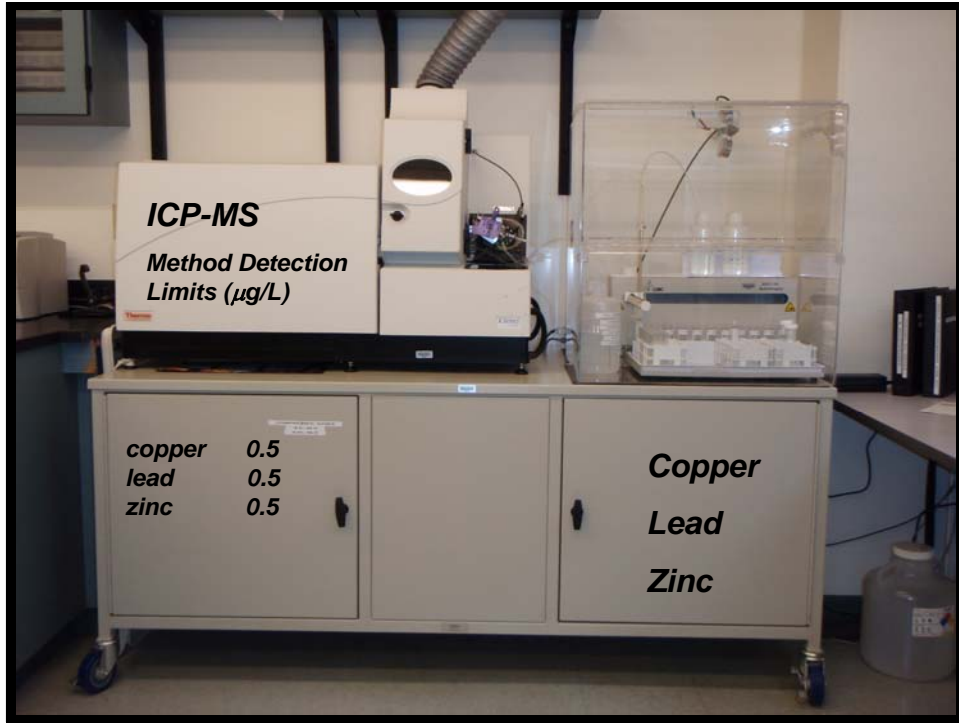
4. **WA-08-1130 / May Creek / Cu, Pb, Zn** - May Creek is listed for Cu, Pb, and Zn excursions at several sites sampled by METRO in 1994. However, the dissolved concentrations which exceeded the standards were calculated values, not measured directly (King County, 1994).

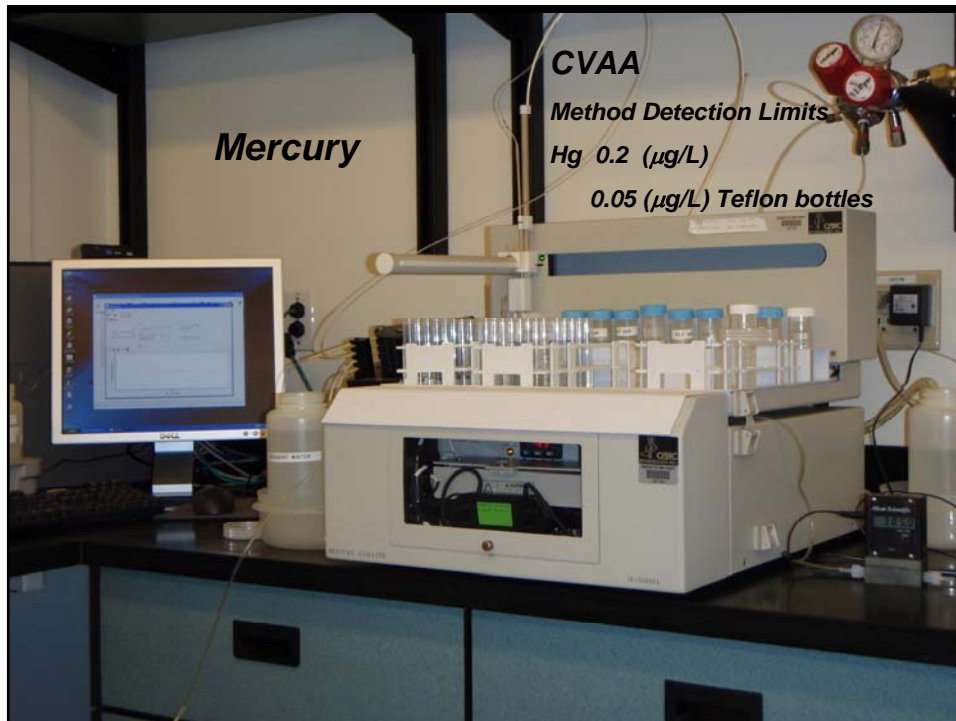
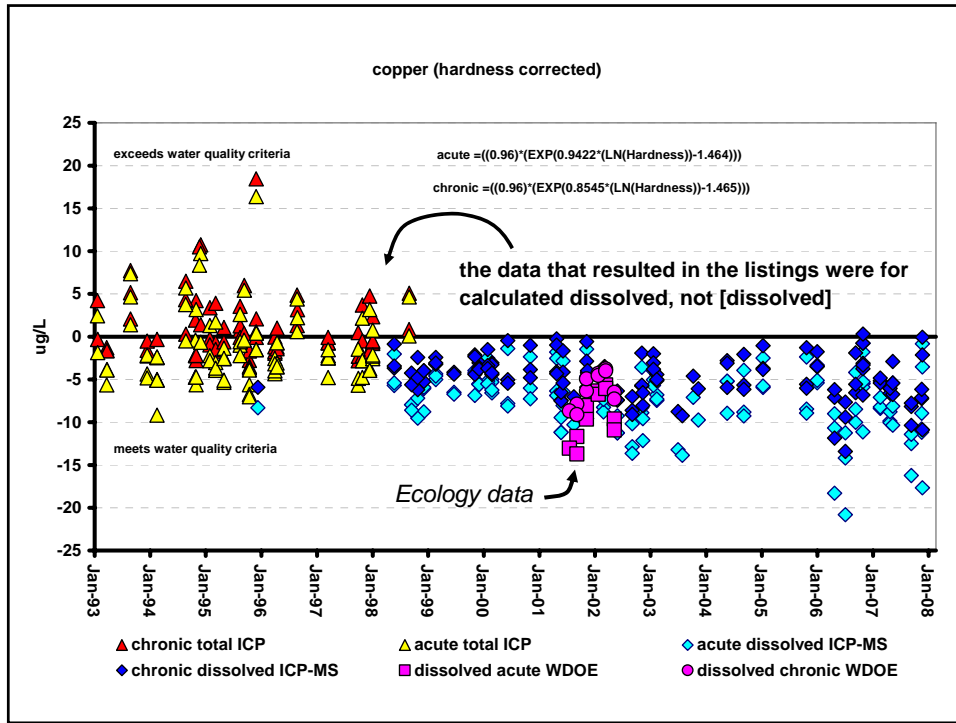
King County has more recent measurements of dissolved metals concentrations in May Creek at a station just east of I-410 (Table 4). Eight samples collected between May 1998 and December 1999 had maximum Cu, Pb, and Zn concentrations of 3.9, <0.5, and 5.6 ug/L, respectively. At the lowest hardness measured at this station (37 mg/L), the state chronic criteria are 4.8 ug/L for Cu, 0.84 ug/L for Pb, and 45 ug/L for Zn.

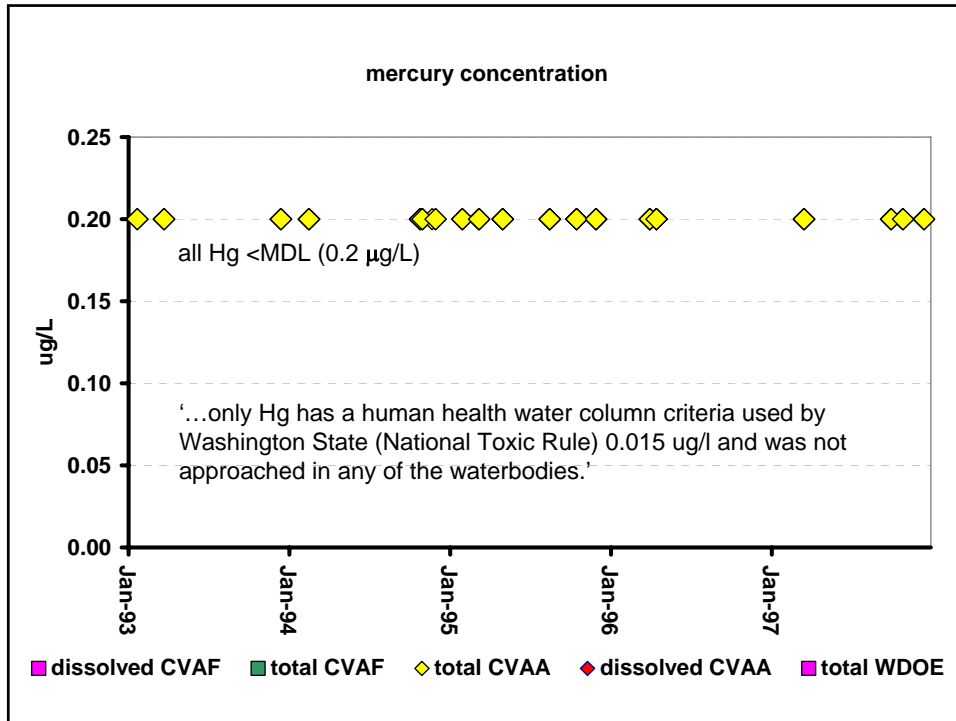












When the RAMIS database was downloaded off of the VAX.....

Locator	Collectdate	Matrix	Qual	Mercury, Dissolved, CVAA	Units
484	5/27/98	LG STORM WTR	<MDL	<0.2	ug/L
440	5/27/98	LG STORM WTR	<MDL	<0.2	ug/L
440	9/3/98	SE FRSHWTRSED			
484	9/2/98	SE FRSHWTRSED			
484	9/18/98	LG STORM WTR	<MDL	<0.2	ug/L
440	9/18/98	LG STORM WTR	<MDL	<0.2	ug/L
484	10/28/98	LG STORM WTR	<MDL	<0.2	ug/L
440	10/28/98	LG STORM WTR	<MDL	<0.2	ug/L
484	12/7/98	LG STORM WTR	<MDL	<0.2	ug/L
440	12/7/98	LG STORM WTR	<MDL	<0.2	ug/L

this data

becomes.....

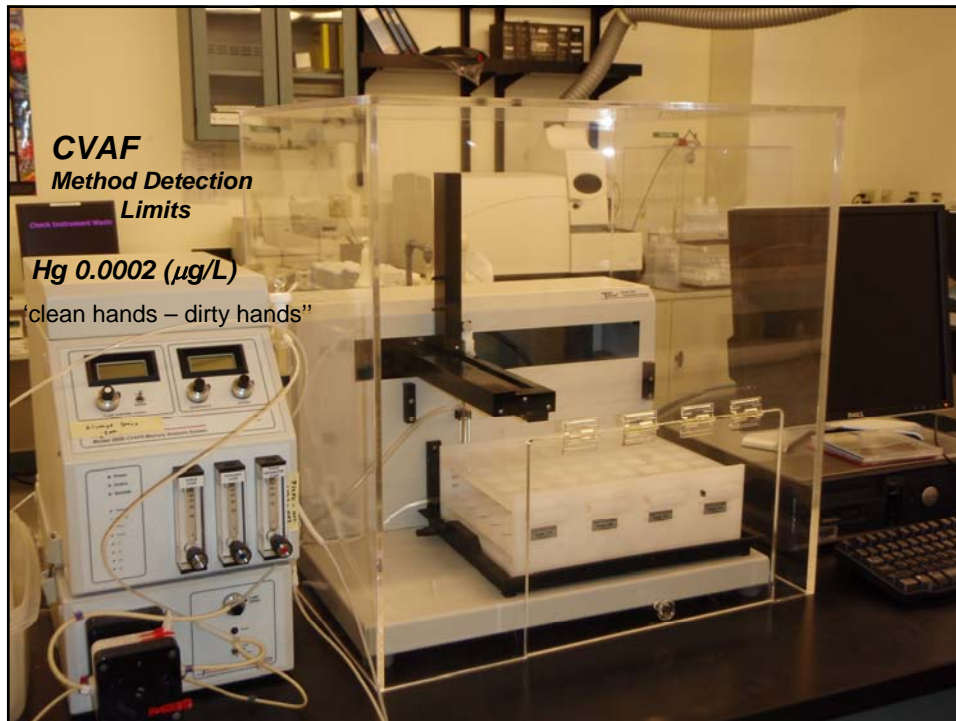
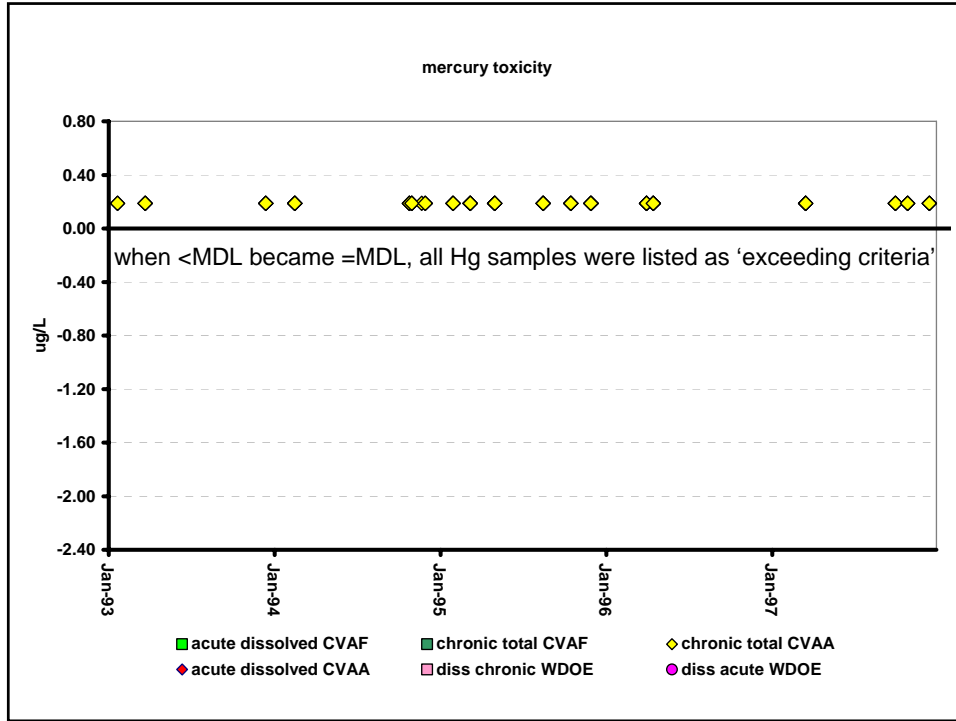
Qual	Mercury, Dissolved, CVAA
<	0.2
<	0.2
<	0.2
<	0.2
<	0.2
<	0.2
<	0.2
<	0.2
<	0.2
<	0.2
<	0.2

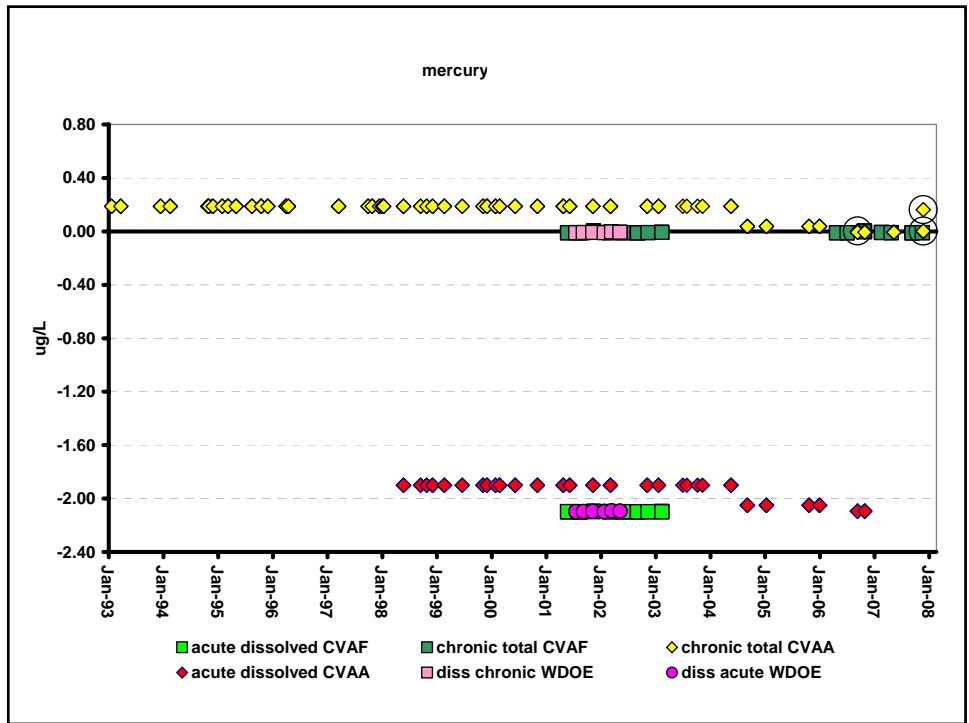
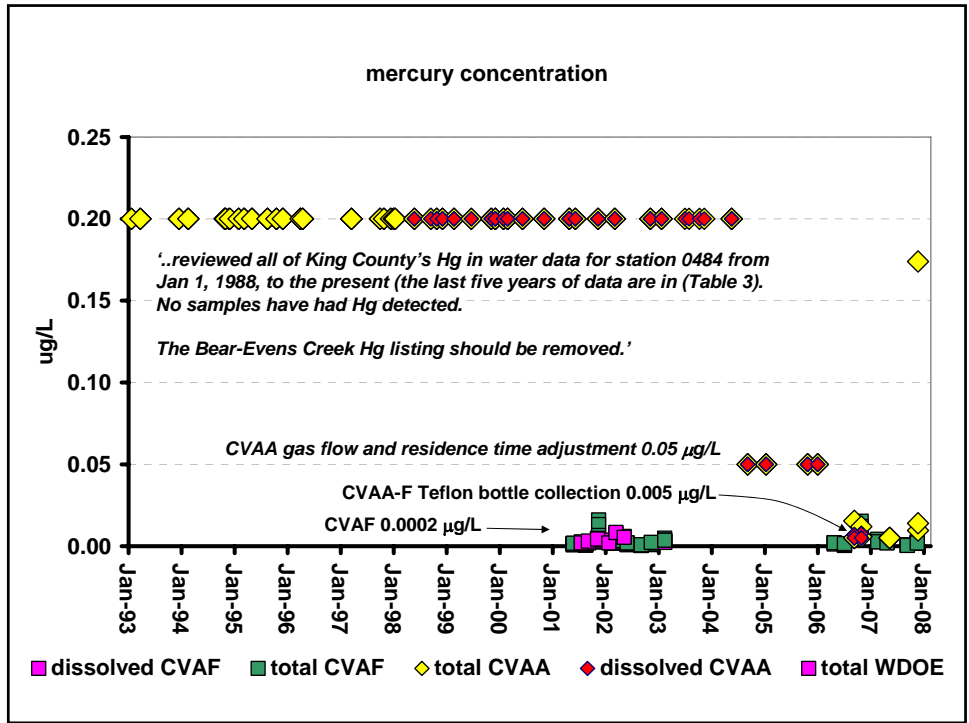
Mercury, Dissolved, CVAA

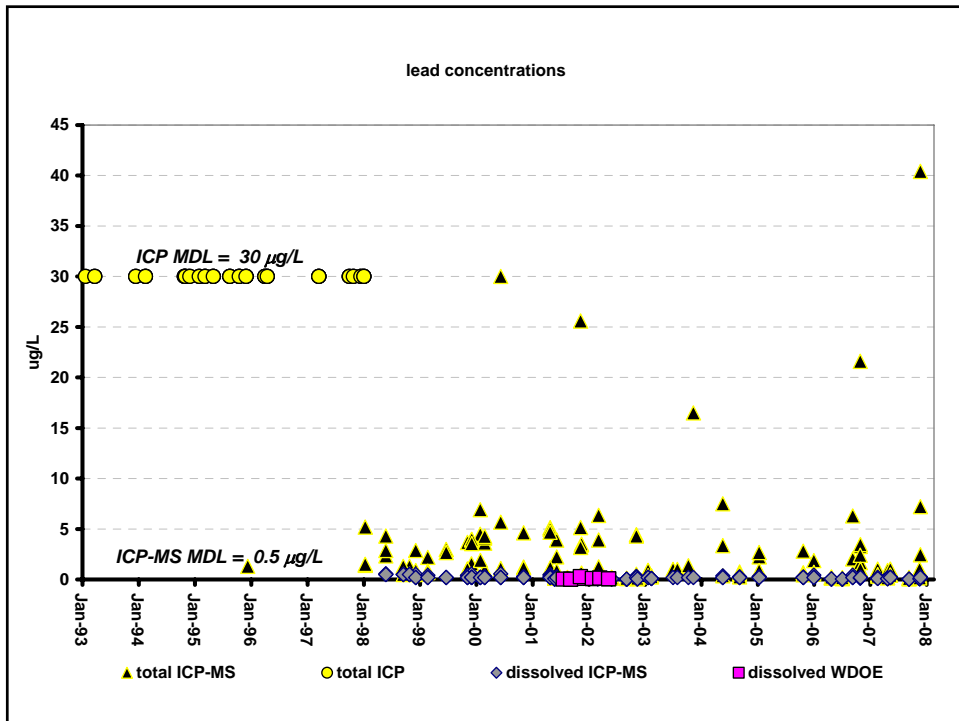
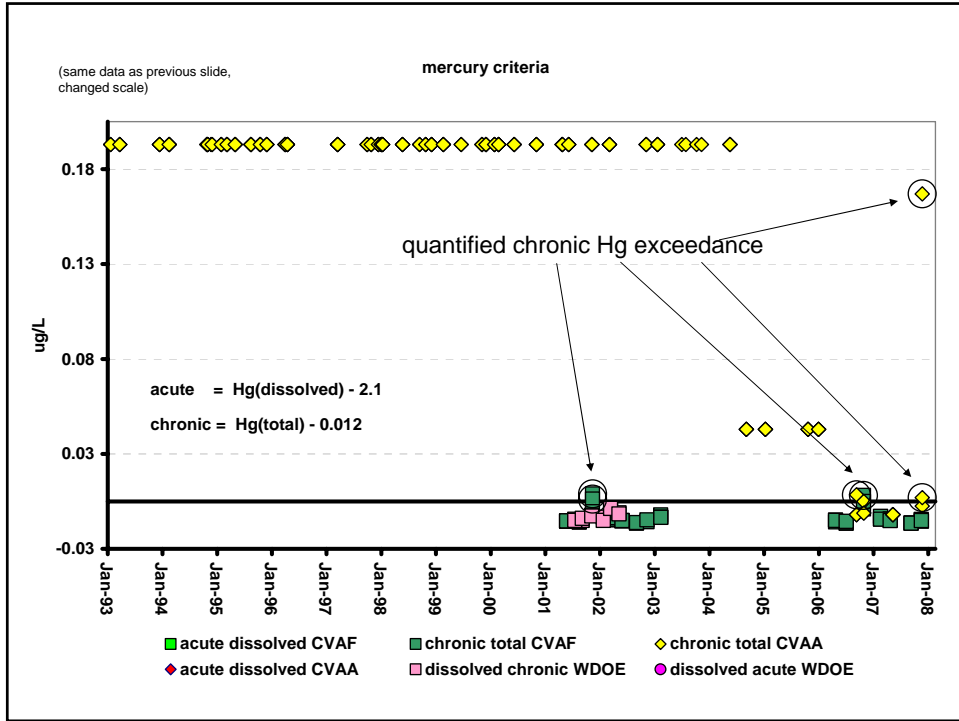
0.2
0.2

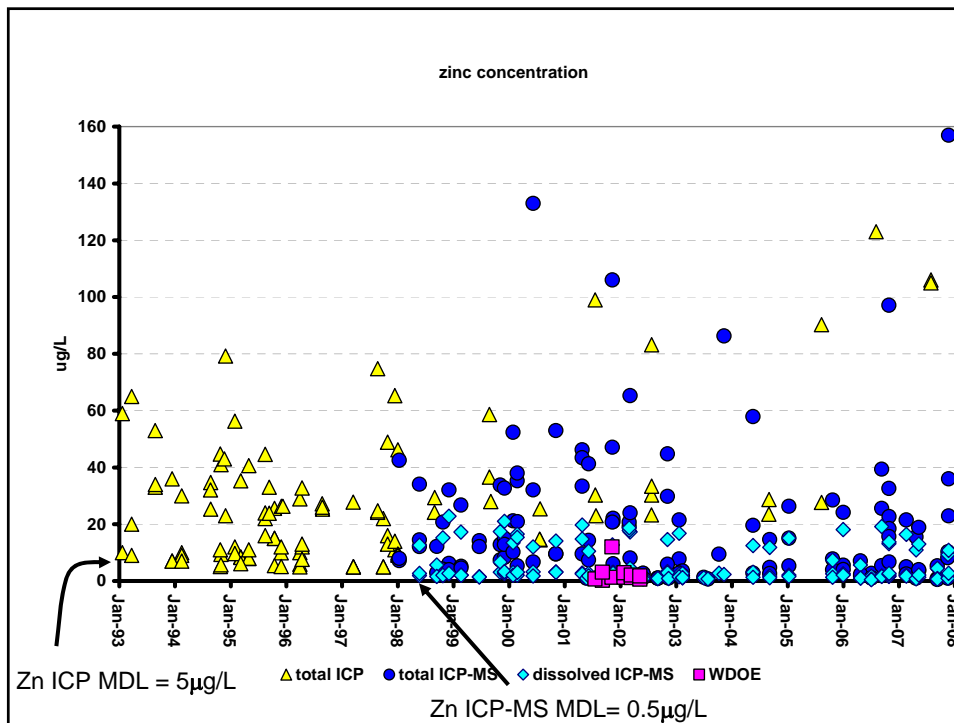
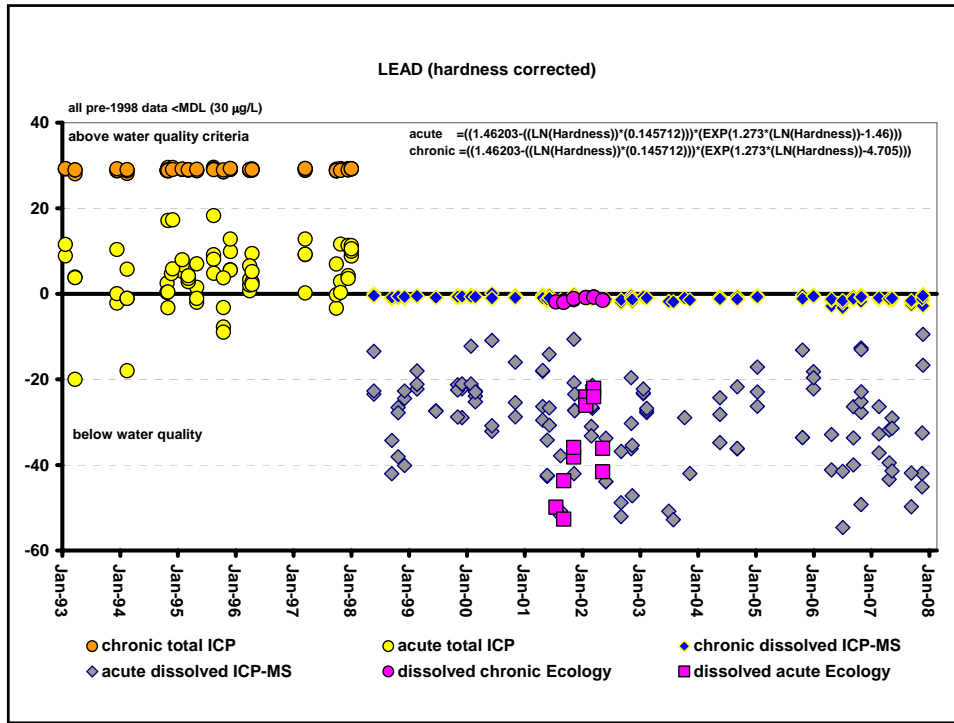
using this data as a quantification, instead of <MDL resulted in erroneous listings, and would be really high concentrations

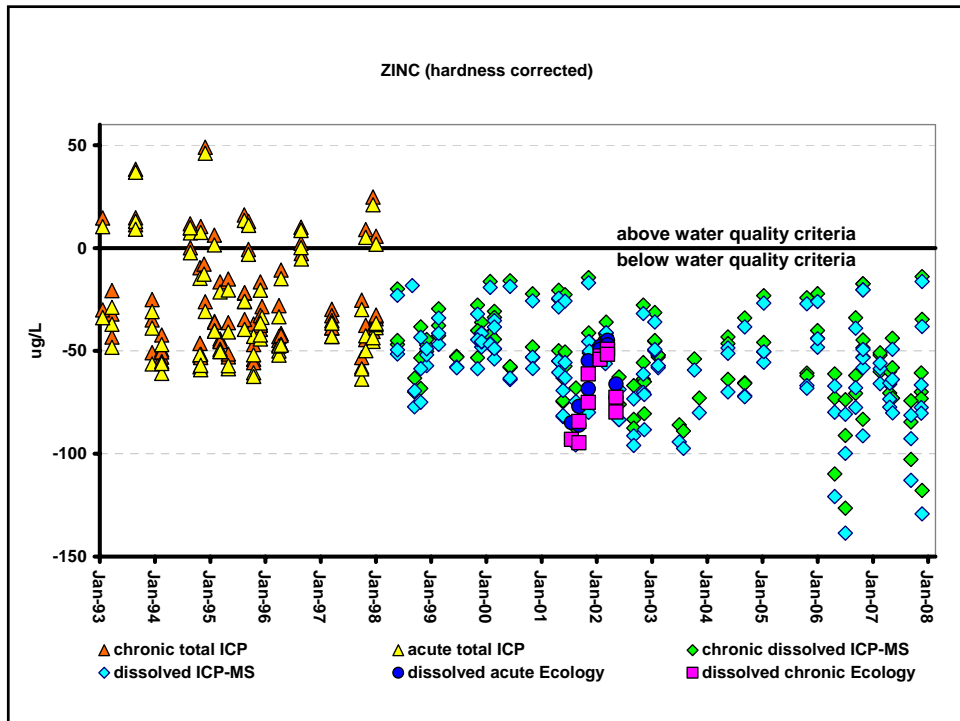
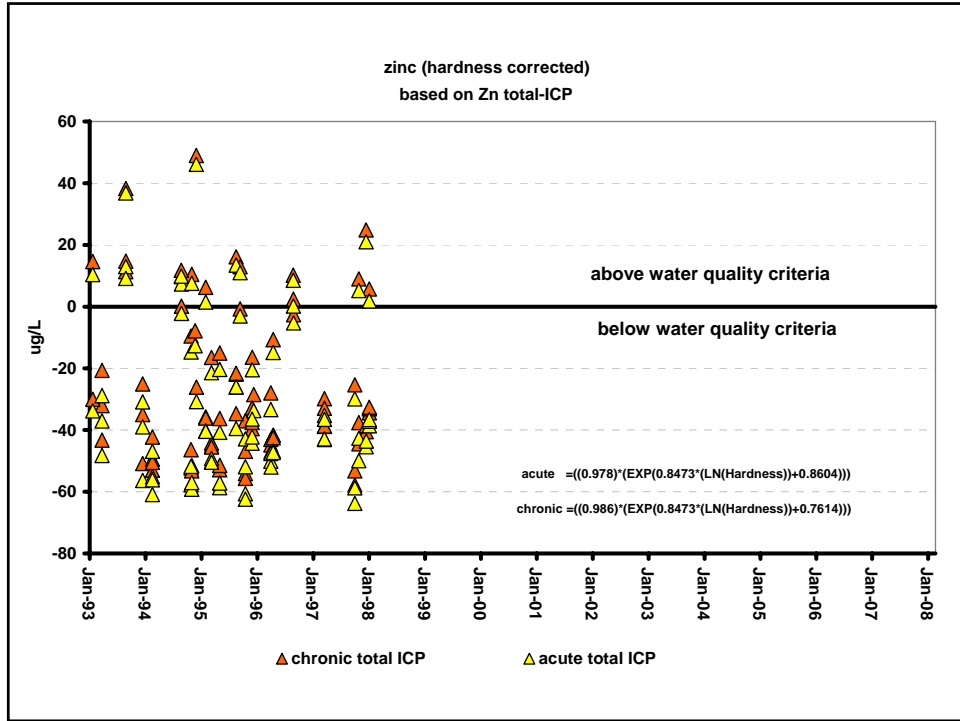
0.2
0.2
0.2
0.2
0.2
0.2
0.2











So, what did this cost?

(just for the King County mis-listed streams)

• Cu, Pb, Zn	\$60/ICP-MS X12	720
• mercury	\$75/CVAF X12	900
• hardness	\$40 X12	480
• field sampling	~48 hours x \$75/hr	3,600
• analysis and reporting	~2 months	12,000
		\$ 17,700

Having accurate data to report to the public, media and explaining to your boss....

painless!

- **why does this happen?**

the problem in this case was a failure to communicate, both with the database and between organizations

- **what is the cost of inappropriate listings**

best guess this time, ~\$20K, with a TMDL? \$\$\$\$

- **does anyone really care?**

*this is an issue of Information quality we are responsible **CONTENT**, as well as **DELIVERY***

- **how do we minimize the probability that it will happen again?**

Internal Controls - error detection

Customer Service – service, timing

Efficiency - effective use of resources

External Failure Cost - costs associated with defects that are found after product is shipped to the customer. These costs also would disappear if there were no defects.

(stolen from Worthington, 2008)

Why worry about data quality?

What, Me Worry?

'Those who cannot remember the past are condemned to repeat it.'



George Santayana

?‘s

'Those who remember the past are condemned to repeat it with all those who can not remember the past.'

Jonathan Frodge