TABLE 3: Descriptive and Distributional Statistics for Patient-Level and Agency-Level Adverse Events.

| Adverse Event Measure <sup>1</sup> |   | Observed<br>Pt. Level<br><u>Mean</u> <sup>2</sup> | Reliability<br>Underlying<br><u>Variable(s)</u> 3 | Agency<br>Level<br><u>Mean</u> <sup>2</sup> | Agency Lvl.<br>Standard<br><u>Deviation</u> <sup>2</sup> | Agency Lvl. Coefficient of<br>Variation <sup>2,4</sup> | No of <u>Agencies</u> <sup>2</sup> |       | y Level<br>tile Range<br>75th<br><u>Percentile<sup>2,5</sup></u> |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|------------------------------------|-------|--|
| 1.                                 | Emergent care for injury caused by fall or accident at home                   | 0.014   |   | 0.017                                       | 0.014  | 82.35%   | 5160                               | 0.008 | 0.022  |
| 2.                                 | Emergent care for wound infections, deteriorating wound status                | 0.017   |   | 0.018                                       | 0.015  | 83.33%   | 5160                               | 0.009 | 0.024  |
| 3.                                 | Emergent care for improper medication administration, medication side effects | 0.005   |   | 0.006                                       | 0.008  | 133.33%  | 5160                               | 0.000 | 0.008  |
| 4.                                 | Emergent care for hypo/hyperglycemia  | 0.006   |   | 0.007                                       | 0.010  | 142.86%  | 5160                               | 0.000 | 0.010  |
| 5.                                 | Development of urinary tract infection  | 0.012   | 1.00  | 0.012                                       | 0.011  | 91.67%   | 4697                               | 0.004 | 0.017  |
| 6.                                 | Increase in number of pressure ulcers   | 0.010   | 0.83 <sup>6</sup>                                 | 0.010                                       | 0.010  | 100.00%  | 4779                               | 0.000 | 0.014  |
| 7.                                 | Substantial decline in three or more activities of daily living               | 0.003   | 0.80 <sup>7</sup>                                 | 0.003                                       | 0.006  | 200.00%  | 4688                               | 0.000 | 0.004  |
| 8.                                 | Substantial decline in management of oral medications                         | 0.008   | 0.82  | 0.007                                       | 0.011  | 157.14%  | 3717                               | 0.000 | 0.012  |
| 9.                                 | Unexpected nursing home admission   | 0.006   |   | 0.008                                       | 0.012  | 150.00%  | 4787                               | 0.000 | 0.012  |
| 10.                                | Unexpected death  | 0.010   |   | 0.011                                       | 0.011  | 100.00%  | 5165                               | 0.004 | 0.015  |
| 11.                                | Discharged to the community needing wound care or medication assistance       | 0.004   | 0.78 <sup>6,7</sup>                               | 0.005                                       | 0.008  | 160.00%  | 4729                               | 0.000 | 0.007  |
| 12.                                | Discharged to the community needing toileting assistance                      | 0.002   | 0.80 <sup>6,7</sup>                               | 0.002                                       | 0.006  | 300.00%  | 4729                               | 0.000 | 0.002  |
| 13.                                | Discharged to the community with behavioral problems                          | 0.004   | 0.60 <sup>6,7</sup>                               | 0.006                                       | 0.011  | 183.33%  | 4729                               | 0.000 | 0.007  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Adverse events are extremely low frequency, untoward events that may reflect problems with the quality of home health care. All adverse event (outcome) measures are dichotomous.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Patient-level and agency-level descriptive statistics are based on data from 1/1/01-12/31/01. To contribute to an agency-level statistic, an agency must have at least 30 patients with valid data for a specific outcome.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This column contains the reliability coefficients (weighted kappa for ordinal/interval measures or simple kappa for dichotomous measures) for the OASIS variable(s) used to define each outcome measure; a "--" indicates reliability analysis was not done for the defining variable. The sample size for the reliability study was 66.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The coefficient of variation is a measure of dispersion computed by expressing in percentage terms the ratio of the standard deviation over the mean.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The interquartile range is defined as the range from the 25th percentile to the 75th percentile.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Multiple response item. Average kappa across all response categories.

Multiple items are used to calculate measure. Average kappa across all items.