## Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999

lowa

(In thousands)										
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	1999 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
				Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government <sup>6</sup>		1,411.7	99.7	46.0	24.6	53.7	88.1	40.0	22.9	48.1
Private Industry <sup>6</sup>		1,211.9	87.7	41.8	21.3	45.9	76.7	36.0	19.8	40.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>6</sup>		18.3	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.4
Agricultural services	07	8.8	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3
Construction		65.0	5.9	3.1	2.5	2.8	5.8	3.0	2.5	2.8
General building contractors Residential building construction Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 16 17 173 174 179	16.2 8.0 9.4 39.4 7.1 4.6 5.4	1.3 0.5 1.1 3.5 0.6 0.4 0.4	0.6 0.2 0.6 1.9 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.5 0.2 0.4 1.6 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.7 0.2 0.6 1.6 0.4 0.2 0.1	1.2 0.5 1.1 3.4 0.6 0.4 0.4	0.6 0.2 0.6 1.9 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.4 1.6 0.2 0.2	0.7 0.2 0.5 1.6 0.4 0.2 0.1
Manufacturing		260.8	39.1	19.2	7.1	20.0	30.2	14.5	6.2	15.7
Durable goods		153.8	20.8	8.6	3.9	12.1	18.1	7.4	3.5	10.7
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Construction and related machinery Construction machinery Metalworking machinery Refrigeration and service machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicle parts and accessories Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 25 327 33 34 353 3531 354 358 359 36 37 371 3714 39	13.6 6.6 7.8 5.1 8.5 20.7 7.0 43.6 12.1 10.1 3.8 4.8 5.4 18.2 17.4 13.7 7.0 4.9	5.1 1.6 1.2 0.5 0.8 0.9 2.4 3.5 3.0 1.3	0.5 0.3 0.3 0.6 1.7 0.8 2.1 0.7 0.2 0.3 0.3 1.2 1.6 1.3 0.7 0.1			2.2 0.9 0.7 0.6 1.4 3.3 1.4 4.5 1.4 1.1 0.4 0.7 0.8 1.6 2.9 2.5 1.1 0.2	0.5 1.6 0.8 1.9 0.6 0.5 0.1 0.3 0.7 1.3 1.1 0.5	0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.7 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.3 0.6 0.5 0.2	0.6 2.7 0.8 0.7 0.3 0.5 0.5 0.9 1.5
Nondurable goods		107.0	18.4	10.5	3.2	7.8	12.1	7.1	2.7	5.0
Food and kindred products Meat products Meat packing plants Sausages and other prepared meats Poultry slaughtering and processing Dairy products Grain mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products	20 2011 2013 2015 202 204 23 26	2.9 4.3 9.7 4.0	9.4 8.3 0.8 0.4 0.7 0.8 0.6	7.0 5.4 4.8 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.4 0.2 0.3	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.2 0.2 0.1	3.5 0.4 0.2	6.9 4.5 3.5 0.7 0.3 0.5 0.8 0.4 0.5	0.3 0.3 0.1	0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 0.2 0.1	2.8 1.8 1.3 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

## Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

lowa Injuries and Illnesses

Injuries

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	1999 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Paperboard containers and boxes Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c. <b>Transportation and public utilities</b> <sup>7</sup> Railroad transportation <sup>7</sup> Trucking and warehousing	265 27 271 275 28 30 308 3089 40 42	3.2 20.7 6.9 6.9 7.4 15.7 10.2 6.4 68.5	1.2 0.3 0.6 0.4 3.1 2.1 1.3 6.2 0.2	0.1 0.6 0.1 0.3 2.0 1.5 0.8 3.4 0.1	0.3 0.1 0.1 0.8 0.6 0.3 1.9 0.1	0.1 0.6 0.2 0.3 0.1 1.1 0.6 0.4 2.8 ( <sup>8</sup> )	0.3 0.5 0.3 2.9 2.0 1.2 5.9 0.2	0.5 0.1 0.3 0.2 1.8 1.3 0.8 3.3 0.1	0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.7 0.5 0.2 1.8 0.1	0.1 0.3 0.1 1.1 0.6 0.4 2.7 (*)
Trucking and courier services, except air Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	42 421 48 49	31.8 28.8 15.0 9.5	3.8 0.2 0.7	2.4 2.2 0.1 0.3	1.0 0.1 0.2	1.8 1.7 0.1 0.4	3.7 0.2 0.6	2.1 0.1 0.3	1.1 1.0 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.3
Wholesale and retail trade		357.2		7.9		11.1	18.5		4.6	
Wholesale trade		85.5		3.1	1.9	3.4	6.2	2.9	1.8	
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	40.3	3.4	1.4	0.9	2.0	3.3	1.3	0.8	2.0
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Farm-product raw materials Miscellaneous nondurable goods	51 515 519	45.2 8.9 18.0	0.6	1.6 0.3 0.3	0.2	1.4 0.3 0.6			0.9 0.2 0.2	0.3
Retail trade		271.7	12.5	4.8	3.0	7.7	12.3	4.6	2.9	7.6
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishing stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 521 53 54 55 551 554 56 57 58 59	14.1 8.5 34.6 30.4 44.4 38.0 13.5 17.7 10.1 11.4 90.0 29.0	2.6 2.4 1.9 2.1 1.0 0.8 0.1 0.3 3.8		0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.2 0.3 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 0.7	0.4 0.2 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.4 0.7 0.5 0.1 0.1 2.7 0.4	0.7 2.5 2.3 1.9 2.1 1.0 0.8 0.1 0.3 3.7	1.1 0.7 0.3 0.3 0.1 0.1 1.0		0.2 1.4 1.2 1.2 1.4 0.7 0.5 0.1 0.1 2.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate		84.7	1.0	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.6
Insurance carriers	63	26.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	(8)	0.2
Services		355.4	15.5	7.5	4.3	8.0	14.6	7.0	4.2	7.6
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking See footnotes at end of table.	70 72 73 75	13.9 13.1 77.8 12.2	0.3 1.6	0.4 0.1 0.7 0.4	0.1 0.4		0.3 1.4	0.1 0.6	0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.4 0.3	0.2 0.8

See footnotes at end of table.

(In thousands)

## Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

lowa

(In thousands)	1									
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	1999 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services State and local government State government Services Local government Services	79 800 805 806 82 83 86 87	114.9 36.2 39.0 18.7 34.7 10.7 18.3 199.8 47.6 28.5 152.2 102.2	1.4 7.0 3.2 2.7 0.3 2.2 0.2 0.3 12.0 3.6 2.6 8.4 4.0	1.1 0.7 3.1 1.3	0.4 2.0 1.3 0.6 0.1 0.5 (*) 0.1 3.3 1.0 0.6 2.3 0.9	0.6 3.4 1.2 1.4 0.2 0.1 0.2 7.8 2.5 1.9 5.3 2.7	6.5 3.1 2.3 0.3 2.2 0.2 0.3 11.4 3.3 2.3 8.1 3.9	0.6 2.9 1.3	2.0 1.3 0.6 0.1 0.5 ( <sup>*</sup> ) ( <sup>*</sup> ) 3.1 1.0 0.6 2.1 0.9	3.1 1.2 1.1 0.1 1.2 0.1 0.2 7.4 2.2 1.7 5.2 2.6
Educational services	82	87.8	3.0	0.9	0.7	2.1	3.0	0.8	0.6	2.1
Public administration										
Executive. legislative. and general Administration of human resources	91 94	40.8 4.5	4.0 0.1	1.6 ( <sup>8</sup> )	1.2 ( <sup>8</sup> )	2.4 ( <sup>8</sup> )	3.8 0.1	1.5 ( <sup>8</sup> )	1.1 ( <sup>8</sup> )	2.3 ( <sup>8</sup> )

<sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>3</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily

from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

<sup>4</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

<sup>5</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>6</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

7 Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the agencies. Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent

mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

Fewer than 50 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of