Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999

Georgia

(In thousands)		Geo	orgia							
Industry ¹			Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
	SIC code ²	1999 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Private Industry ⁶		3.220.2	148.9	64.4	35.2	84.6	139.9	61.2	33.9	78.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶		42.8	2.3	1.0	0.7	1.3	2.2	1.0	0.7	1.3
Aaricultural production-crops ⁶ Aaricultural services	01 07	9.9 26.2			0.1 0.4	0.1 1.0	0.2 1.5			0.1 0.9
Mining ⁷		8.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Construction		198.0	13.2	7.1	4.9	6.2	13.0	6.8	4.8	6.2
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highwav and street construction Heavy construction, except highwav Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 161 162 17 171 173 179	16.5 28.1 26.2 7.9 18.3 126.0 30.9 29.2	0.4 1.8 2.2 0.9 1.3 8.9 2.0 1.8	5.2 0.7 0.8	0.5 0.1 0.5 1.0 0.3 0.7 3.4 0.2 0.6 0.6	1.6 0.4 1.2 0.9 0.5 0.5 3.7 1.3 1.0 0.6	2.2 0.4 1.7 2.1 0.9 1.2 8.7 1.8 1.8 1.3	0.5 1.2 0.4 0.8 5.0 0.6 0.8	0.1 0.4 0.9 0.3 0.6 3.4 0.2 0.6	3.7 1.3 1.0
Manufacturing		593.8	47.0	21.7	8.4	25.3	41.4	19.5	7.7	21.8
Durable goods			23.9	9.4	4.3	14.4	20.5	8.5	3.9	12.1
Lumber and wood products Sawmills and planing mills Millwork, plywood and structural members Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Nonferrous rolling and drawing Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Aircraft and parts Aircraft Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 242 243 32 33 335 34 344 35 36 371 372 3721 3721 38 39	8.0 15.2 11.4 20.6 13.5 9.2 25.8 13.2 39.7 34.1 50.5 20.3 21.7 16.3 10.1	0.8 1.0 1.2 1.8 1.2 0.8 2.9 2.0 3.0 1.5 7.2 4.7 2.0 1.6 0.4	1.3 0.9 1.1 0.7 2.2 1.5 0.3 0.3 0.2	0.6	0.8		0.4 0.5 0.4 0.9 0.5 0.3 1.3 0.9 1.0 0.6 1.8 1.1 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.1	0.2 0.2 0.5 0.1 (⁸) 0.7 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.6 0.4 0.1 0.1	0.6
Nondurable goods			23.1	12.2	4.1	10.9	20.8	11.1	3.8	9.7
Food and kindred products Meat products Poultry slaughtering and processing Bakerv products Textile mill products Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton Knitting mills	20 201 2015 205 22 221 225	39.1 33.6 8.8 103.6 14.9	4.4 3.6 0.6 5.8 0.7	3.0 0.4	0.6	3.3 1.9 1.6 0.2 2.7 0.3 0.2	6.4 3.3 2.6 0.6 5.4 0.6 0.3	1.4 0.4 2.9 0.3	0.5 0.4 0.1 0.5 (⁸)	1.2 0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

Georgia

(In thousands) Georgia										
(Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	1999 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)			orkday ses	Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Carpets and rugs Yarn and thread mills Yarn spinning mills Apparel and other textile products Men's and bovs' furnishings Men's and bovs' trousers and slacks Women's and misses' outerwear Miscellaneous fabricated textile products Paper and allied products Paper mills Paperboard containers and boxes Miscellaneous converted paper products Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c.	227 228 2281 232 2325 233 239 26 265 265 265 267 271 275 30 308	43.1 19.3 14.0 27.7 9.2 3.2 3.0 8.2 32.7 6.3 8.4 11.6 44.7 13.8 17.0 27.8 20.0	1.1 2.3	1.3 0.6 0.4 0.9 0.3 0.1 ([*]) 0.3 1.1 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.9 0.3 0.4 1.2 0.8	0.1 0.4 0.1 (⁸) (⁸) 0.5 0.1 0.5 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.5	1.2 0.5 0.4 1.1 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.3 1.0 0.2 0.4 1.0 0.2 0.4 1.0 0.2 0.7 1.1	1.0 0.8 1.6 0.5 0.1 0.5 2.1 0.4 0.5 0.9 1.8 0.5 1.1 2.2	1.2 0.5 0.4 0.7 0.2 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) 0.2 1.1 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.9 0.3 0.4 1.2 0.8	0.1 0.1 0.3 0.1 (⁸) (⁸) 0.1 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4	0.5 0.4 0.9 0.2 0.1 0.3 1.0 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.9 0.2 0.7 1.0
Transportation and public utilities ⁷		249.3	12.5	7.3	5.0	5.2	12.1	7.1	4.8	5.0
Railroad transportation ⁷ Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation by air Air transportation, scheduled Transportation services Communications Telephone communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services	40 421 451 451 47 481 481 49 491	63.6 54.8 59.9 55.7 16.3 74.8 57.6 24.7 17.4	0.2 3.4 2.9 5.7 5.0 0.5 1.0 0.6 1.3 0.8	0.1 1.8 1.5 3.9 3.7 0.2 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.3	0.1 1.2 1.1 2.8 2.7 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1	(⁸) 1.6 1.4 1.7 1.3 0.3 0.5 0.2 0.9 0.5	2.9 5.6 4.9 0.5 0.9 0.5 1.2	0.1 1.8 1.5 3.9 3.6 0.2 0.5 0.3 0.5 0.3	2.7 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.2	1.4 1.7 1.3 0.3 0.4
Wholesale and retail trade		956.5	41.6	15.4	9.5	26.3	40.6	15.1	9.4	25.5
Wholesale trade		255.4	13.7	7.0	3.6	6.7	13.2	6.8	3.6	6.4
Wholesale tradedurable goods Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies Lumber and construction materials Professional and commercial equipment Electrical goods Machinery, equipment, and supplies	50 501 503 504 506 508	17.9 12.8 47.2 24.1		4.0 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 1.0	0.3 0.4 0.3 0.2	4.3 0.4 0.6 0.4 0.4 1.4	0.8 1.1 0.9 0.8	4.0 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 1.0	0.3 0.4 0.3 0.2	0.6 0.4 0.3
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products Miscellaneous nondurable goods	51 514 519		2.9	3.0 1.7 0.4	0.7	2.4 1.2 0.4	2.7	2.9 1.6 0.4	0.7	1.1
Retail trade		701.1	27.9	8.4	5.9	19.6	27.4	8.3	5.9	19.1
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores	52 521 53 531		1.4 5.0	0.5 0.4 2.3 2.0	0.2 1.4	1.2 1.1 2.7 2.3	1.4 5.0	0.5 0.4 2.3 2.0	0.2 1.4	1.0 2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

Georgia

(In thousands)										
Industry ¹			Ir	ijuries an	d Illnesse	s	Injuries			
		1999 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Lost wo		-			Lost workday		
	SIC			cases		Cases without lost work- days	Total cases	cases		Cases
	code ²		Total cases Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	Total ⁴			With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	
Food stores Grocerv stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessorv stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	54 541 55 551 554 57 571 58 59 594	99.0 74.0 31.9 19.5 36.8 33.4 20.3 250.8 75.3	4.5 4.0 3.7 2.0 0.6 1.0 1.1 0.8 9.1 1.8 0.8	1.9 1.6 0.9 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.5 1.1 0.7 0.2	1.4 1.2 0.7 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.4 1.1 0.4 0.2	2.6 2.4 2.7 1.6 0.4 0.6 0.6 0.4 7.9 1.1 0.6	4.2 3.7 2.0 0.6 1.0 1.1 0.8 9.1 1.7 0.8	1.9 1.6 0.9 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.5 1.1 0.6 0.2	1.2 0.7 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.4 1.1	2.1 2.7 1.6 0.4 0.6 0.3 7.9 1.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate		197.5	2.6	0.9	0.7	1.7	2.3	0.8	0.6	1.5
Depository institutions Commercial banks Nondepository institutions Insurance carriers Real estate	60 602 61 63 65		0.5 0.5 0.2 0.7 0.9	0.2 0.1 0.3 0.4	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3	0.4 0.4 0.1 0.4 0.5	0.5 0.2 0.5 0.9	0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3	
Services		963.8	29.5	11.0	6.0	18.5	28.1	10.7	5.9	17.4
Hotels and other lodaing places Hotels and motels Personal services Business services Services to buildings Auto repair, services, and parking Automotive repair shops Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Colleges and universities Social services Child day care services Engineering and management services	70 701 72 734 753 753 79 800 805 806 822 822 833 835 87	45.7 33.6 314.4 27.0 36.1 19.0 34.1 244.3 36.5 101.9 40.0 23.2	1.4 1.4 0.8 1.6 2.0 1.1 1.5 12.7 3.2 7.5 0.5 0.4 2.3 0.5 1.9	0.6 0.4 1.8 0.7 1.0 0.5 4.0 1.6 1.9 0.1 0.1 0.9 0.1 0.9	0.4 0.2 0.9 0.4 0.6 0.4 0.3 2.3 0.8 1.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.7 0.1 0.2	0.8 0.4 3.0 0.9 1.0 0.5 1.0 8.7 1.6 5.6 0.3 0.3 1.4 0.3 1.4 0.4	1.3 1.3 0.8 4.7 1.6 2.0 1.1 1.4 11.9 2.9 7.0 0.5 0.4 2.3 0.5 1.9	1.8 0.7 1.0 0.6 0.5 3.9 1.5 1.9 0.1 0.1 0.9 0.1	0.3 0.2 0.8 0.4 0.4 0.3 2.2 0.8 1.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.7 0.1	$\begin{array}{c} 0.7 \\ 0.4 \\ 2.9 \\ 0.9 \\ 1.0 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.9 \\ 8.0 \\ 1.4 \\ 5.2 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.3 \\ 1.4 \\ 0.4 \end{array}$

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

3 Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

⁴ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the agencies. Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent

mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁸ Fewer than 50 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of