Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999

Delaware

(In thousands)		Dela	ware								
Industry ¹			Injuries and Illnesse			es		Injuries			
	SIC code ²	1999 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
			Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	
Private Industry ⁶		350.9	16.7	8.2	5.5	8.5	15.4	7.6	5.3	7.8	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶			0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Agricultural production ⁶ Agricultural production-crops ⁶ Agricultural production - livestock ⁶ Landscape and horticultural services Fishing, hunting, and trapping	01-02 01 02 078 09	1.4 0.8 0.5 1.5	(⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0.1 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	
Mining ⁷			(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	
Metal minina ⁷ Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ⁷	10 14		(⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸)	
Construction		24.6	2.6	1.3	0.9	1.3	2.6	1.3	0.9	1.3	
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning	15 16 161 162 17 171	5.8 4.2 1.1 3.1 14.6 3.4	0.1 0.3	0.2 (⁸) 0.2 0.7	(⁸) 0.1 0.6	0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.9 0.2	0.4 0.1 0.3 1.5	0.4 0.2 (⁸) 0.2 0.7 0.2	(⁸) 0.1 0.6	0.3 0.2 0.1 0.9 0.2	
Manufacturing		59.7	4.1	2.2	0.8	1.8	3.2	1.7	0.7	1.4	
Durable goods			2.2	1.2	0.4	1.0	1.8	1.0	0.3	0.8	
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone. clav. and alass products Primarv metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinerv and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and car bodies Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 25 32 33 34 35 36 37 3711 38 39		0.3 0.1 0.2 0.1 (⁸) 1.2 1.2	0.1 (⁸) 0.1 (⁸) 0.6 0.6	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) 0.1 0.1	(⁸) 0.1 (⁸) 0.1 0.1 (⁸) 0.6 (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) 0.8	0.1 (⁸) 0.1 (⁸) 0.4	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) 0.1	(⁸) 0.1 (⁸) 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.4 0.4 (⁸)	
Nondurable goods			1.8	1.0	0.4	0.8	1.4	0.8	0.3	0.6	
Food and kindred products Meat products Poultrv slaughtering and processing Preserved fruits and vegetables Miscellaneous food and kindred products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Newspapers Commercial printing Chemicals and allied products Industrial inorganic chemicals	20 2015 2033 209 23 26 271 275 28 281	9.1 6.7 0.8 1.2 1.1 1.7 1.3 0.8 22.3 1.2	0.1 0.1 0.1 (⁸) 0.5	0.4 0.1 (⁸) (⁸) 0.1 (⁸) (⁸)	0.1 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0.2 0.1 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) 0.3 (⁸)	0.4 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 (⁸)	0.3 0.3 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) 0.1 (⁸) (⁸)	0.1 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0.2 0.1 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) 0.2 (⁸) (

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

Delaware

thousands)		Dela	ware							
			Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	1999 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Plastics materials and synthetics Organic fibers, noncellulosic Drugs Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c.	282 2824 283 30 308 3089	10.3 3.4 2.9 2.8 0.8	0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.1 (⁸) 0.1 (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) 0.1 0.1 (⁸)	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1	(⁸) (⁸) 0.1 0.1 (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) 0.1 0.1 (⁸)	0 (⁸) (⁸) 0 0 0
Transportation and public utilities ⁷		15.3	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.9	0.6	0.5	0
Railroad transportation ⁷ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation by air Transportation services Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 421 45 47 48 49	 1.9 4.7 4.2 1.6 0.7 3.1 2.7	(*) (*) 0.4 0.4 0.3 (*) 0.1 0.1	(⁸) (⁸) 0.2 0.2 (⁸) 0.1 0.1	(⁸) (⁸) 0.2 0.2 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) 0.2 0.2 0.1 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0.4	(⁸) (⁸) 0.2 0.2 (⁸) 0.1 0.1	(⁸) (⁸) 0.2 0.2 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0
Wholesale and retail trade		90.2	4.3	1.7	1.3	2.6	4.3	1.7	1.2	2
Wholesale trade		15.1	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.3	0
Wholesale tradedurable goods Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies Professional and commercial equipment Machinerv, equipment, and supplies	50 501 504 508	8.5 1.4 1.8 1.6	0.5 0.1 (⁸) 0.1	0.3 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0.2 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0.2 (⁸) (⁸) 0.1	0.5 0.1 (⁸) 0.1	0.3 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0.2 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0 (*) (*) 0
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	6.6	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	C
Retail trade		75.1	3.4	1.2	0.9	2.3	3.4	1.2	0.9	2
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 521 53 541 55 56 57 58 59	3.7 2.4 9.0 7.8 11.0 9.2 7.3 4.1 4.0 24.8 11.3 49.0	0.3 0.6 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.4 0.1 0.1 0.8 0.4 0.8	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 (⁸) 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.4	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1 (⁸) 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.3 0.3 0.6 0.6 0.3 (⁸) 0.1 0.6 0.3 0.4	0.5 0.8 0.7 0.4 0.1 0.1 0.8 0.4	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1 (⁸) 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.3	0 0 0 (⁸) (⁸) 0 0
Real estate	65	4.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0
Services		108.1	3.8	1.9	1.6	1.9	3.5	1.8	1.5	1
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services	70 72 73	2.6 3.9 32.4	0.1 0.1 0.9	(⁸) (⁸) 0.5	(⁸) (⁸) 0.5	(⁸) 0.1 0.4	0.1 0.1 0.9	(⁸) (⁸) 0.5	(⁸) (⁸) 0.5	(⁸) C C

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

Delaware

(In thousands)		Dela	wale							
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	1999 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Legal services Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	75 76 79 805 806 81 82 83 83 83 86	3.5 1.4 6.1 29.5 4.2 13.0 3.7 2.5 9.2 3.4 7.4	(8)	0.1 (*) 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)		0.6 0.2	0.4 0.5 (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) 0.2 0.7 0.3 (⁸) (⁸)		0.5 0.2

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

3 Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the agencies. Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent

mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁸ Fewer than 50 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of