Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999

Arizona

(In thousands)

(In thousands)	1		1							
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	1999 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government ⁶		2,103.9	111.8	49.9	30.3	61.8	107.5	48.3	29.3	59.2
Private Industry ⁶		1,844.5	97.6	44.5	26.7	53.1	93.9	43.0	25.8	50.9
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶		49.4	2.8	1.4	1.0	1.5	2.8	1.3	1.0	1.4
Agricultural production ⁶ Agricultural production-crops ⁶ Agricultural production - livestock ⁶ Agricultural services	01-02 01 02 07	15.0 11.7 3.3 34.2	0.8 0.3	0.1	0.4 0.2 0.1 0.6	0.7 0.5 0.2 0.8	1.0 0.7 0.3 1.7	0.3 0.1	0.1	0.5 0.2
Mining ⁷		11.3	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1
Metal minina ⁷	10	9.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
Construction		154.6	15.4	6.6	5.2	8.8	15.3	6.5	5.2	8.7
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction. except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing. heating. air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry. stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Roofing. siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 161 161 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	15.1 11.2 16.4 6.8 9.7 110.1 18.0 6.0 16.5 22.2 13.0 5.5	1.6 0.6 0.9 11.8 2.2 0.4 1.2 1.8 2.2 0.7 0.8	0.3 0.4 5.0 1.0 0.2 0.6 0.8 0.9 0.3	0.2 0.5 0.2 0.3 4.0 0.8 0.2 0.4 0.7 0.8 0.3	1.0 0.7 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.6 6.8 1.3 0.2 0.6 1.1 1.3 0.4	2.0 1.3 0.7 1.5 0.6 0.9 11.7 2.2 0.4 1.2 1.8 2.2 0.7 0.8 2.3	0.6 0.4 0.6 0.3 0.4 4.9 1.0 0.2 0.6 0.8 0.9 0.3	0.5 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.3 4.0 0.8 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8	0.7 0.3 0.9 0.3 0.6 6.8 1.3 0.2 0.6 1.1 1.3 0.4
Manufacturing		211.4	13.5	6.8	2.7	6.6	12.7	6.4	2.5	6.2
Durable goods			9.8	4.8	2.0	5.1	9.2	4.5	1.8	4.7
Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Stone, clav, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Ready-mixed concrete Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Sheet metal work Industrial machinery and equipment Metalworking machinery Computer and office equipment Refrigeration and service machinery Electronic and other electric equipment Electronic components and accessories	25 251 327 3273 33 34 344 3444 357 354 357 358 36	6.5 4.1 6.7 15.2 8.1 2.6 14.0 3.6 2.2 45.3	0.4 0.8 0.6 0.2 0.8 1.6 0.8 0.2 1.0 0.1 0.1	0.2 0.4 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.7 0.4 0.1 (*) (*) 0.2 0.5	0.1 0.1 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.2 0.2 (*) 0.1 (*) (*) (*) 0.3	0.3 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.1 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.6 0.6	0.6 0.2 0.7 1.5 0.8 0.1 1.0 0.1 (*) 0.4	0.2 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.5 0.7 0.4 0.1 0.4 (*) (*) 0.2 0.4	0.1 0.1 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.2 0.2 (*) 0.1 (*) (*) (*) 0.3	0.4 (*) 0.7 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

Arizona

(In thousands)

(In thousands)										
Industry ¹		1999 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	In	juries an	d Illnesse	s	Injuries			
	SIC code ²		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Transportation equipment Aircraft and parts Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Tovs and sporting goods	37 372 38 39 394	37.7 21.4 13.2 5.0 2.2	1.3 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.1	0.4	0.3 0.2 (*) 0.1 (*)	0.6 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.1	1.2 0.6 0.2 0.4 0.1	0.7 0.4 0.1 0.1 (*)	0.2 0.1 0.1 (*)	0.5 0.3 0.1 0.3 (⁸)
Nondurable goods			3.6	2.0	0.8	1.6	3.5	2.0	0.7	1.5
Bottled and canned soft drinks Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Commercial printing, lithographic Chemicals and allied products Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c.	2086 23 26 27 271 275 2752 28 284 30 308 3089	3.1 2.5 2.6 17.6 6.8 6.6 4.5 5.6 2.4 8.2 7.6 5.0	0.5 0.1 0.1 0.6 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.8 0.8	0.3 0.1 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 (*) 0.4 0.4	0.1 (*) 0.1 0.2 0.1 (*) (*) (*) (*)	0.1 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 (*) 0.4 0.2	0.4 0.1 0.1 0.6 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.8 0.8	0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 (*) 0.4 0.3	0.1 (*) 0.2 0.1 (*) (*) (*) (*) 0.3 0.3	-
Transportation and public utilities ⁷		102.2	6.4	3.7	2.6	2.7	6.0	3.5	2.5	2.5
Railroad transportation ⁷ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Transportation by air Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 45 48 49	6.4 23.0 29.1 22.8 13.8	0.1 0.4 2.1 2.3 0.9 0.4	0.1 0.3 1.2 1.4 0.5 0.2	0.1 0.2 0.9 1.1 0.2 0.1	(*) 0.1 0.9 0.9 0.5 0.2	0.1 0.4 2.0 2.2 0.6 0.4	0.1 0.3 1.2 1.3 0.3 0.2	0.1 0.2 0.8 1.0 0.2 0.1	0.9
Wholesale and retail trade		511.0	26.5	11.1	6.0	15.4	26.1	10.8	5.9	15.2
Wholesale trade		109.9	8.0	3.6	1.8	4.4	7.9	3.5	1.8	4.4
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	69.6	4.5	1.6	0.6	2.8	4.4	1.6	0.6	2.8
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	40.3	3.6	2.0	1.2	1.6	3.4	1.8	1.2	1.6
Retail trade		401.1	18.5	7.5	4.2	11.0	18.2	7.4	4.1	10.8
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocerv stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 521 53 531 54 541 55 551 56 57 58 59	40.9 61.0 56.2 49.1 21.3 13.7 21.1	3.1 3.0 3.4 3.2 3.4 1.3 0.2 1.1 4.9	0.2 1.8 1.7 1.5 1.4 0.9 0.3 0.1 0.5 1.6	0.1 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.7 0.1 0.1	0.6 0.4 1.3 1.9 1.8 2.5 1.0 0.1 0.5 3.3 0.7	1.0 0.6 3.1 3.0 3.3 3.1 3.4 1.3 0.2 1.0 4.9 1.3	0.3 0.2 1.8 1.7 1.4 1.3 0.9 0.3 0.1 0.5 1.6 0.6		0.4 1.3 1.9 1.8 2.5 1.0 0.1 0.5 3.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

Arizona

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	1999 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses			es	Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Finance, insurance, and real estate		139.7	2.3	1.0	0.7	1.3	2.0	0.9	0.6	1.2
Real estate	65	32.9	1.0	0.4	0.2	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.2	0.5
Services		658.0	30.2	13.6	8.4	16.6	28.8	13.3	8.1	15.5
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services State and local government	70 72 75 76 79 80 805 806 82 83	21.1 26.7 8.2 33.5 146.3 16.8 59.3 18.3	2.9 0.5 2.2 0.5 2.6 8.9 2.6 4.7 0.3 2.1	1.0 0.2 1.0 0.2 1.0 3.5 1.0 2.1 0.1 0.8	0.1 0.5 0.1 0.8 1.9 0.4 1.3 0.1	1.9 0.2 1.2 0.3 1.6 5.4 1.6 2.6 0.2 1.3	2.8 0.4 2.1 0.4 2.4 8.6 2.6 4.5 0.3 2.0	0.2 1.0 0.2 1.0 3.4 1.0 2.1 0.1	0.1 0.5 0.1 0.8 1.9 0.4 1.3 0.1	0.2 1.1 0.3 1.5 5.1 1.6
State government										
Local government		191.7	11.1	4.3	2.6	6.8	10.6	4.2	2.5	6.5

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted

work activity, or both.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the agencies. Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent

⁸ Fewer than 50 cases.

⁻⁻ Indicates data not available.