Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998

Vermont

(In	thousands)

(in thousands)										
			Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
1		1998 Annual		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	average employ- ment ³	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government ⁶		273.6	15.5	6.8	5.0	8.7	14.2	6.1	4.7	8.1
Private Industry ⁶		235.1	14.3	6.4	4.6	7.9	13.1	5.7	4.3	7.4
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶		3.4	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)
Mining ⁷		0.6	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ⁷	14	0.6	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)
Construction		14.0	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.7	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.7
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 16 17 171 173 179	3.9 1.7 8.3 1.9 1.5 1.9	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.2 (*) 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.1	(8)	0.2 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.1 (*)	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.1	(8)	0.2 (*) 0.2 (*) (*) 0.1	0.2 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.1 (*)
Manufacturing		47.2	4.4	2.0	1.3	2.4	3.7	1.7	1.1	2.1
Durable goods			3.0	1.4	0.9	1.6	2.5	1.1	0.7	1.4
Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Fabricated metal products Transportation equipment	25 32 34 37	2.7 2.4 2.9 2.4	0.7 0.3 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.5 0.3 0.1 0.2		(⁸) 0.1 0.1 (⁸)	0.3 0.2 (⁸) 0.1
Nondurable goods			1.4	0.6	0.4	0.8	1.2	0.5	0.4	0.7
Food and kindred products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	20 26 27 30	5.0	0.5 0.1 0.3 0.3	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.3 (*) 0.2 0.1	0.5 0.1 0.3 0.2		0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.3 (*) 0.2 0.1
Transportation and public utilities ⁷		12.0	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.5
Railroad transportation ⁷ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 48 49	1.4 3.7 2.6	0.5	(8)	(8)	(*) (*) 0.3 0.1 0.1	(*) (*) 0.5 0.1 0.1	(8)	(8) (8) 0.2 (8) (8)	(*) (*) 0.3 0.1 0.1
Wholesale and retail trade		65.4	3.7	1.5	1.1	2.2	3.4	1.3	1.0	2.2
Wholesale trade		12.5	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.7	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.7
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	5.7	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	(8)	0.2
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	6.7	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.6	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Vermont

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(In thousands)			Injuries and Illnesses Injuries						ries	
	SIC	1998 Annual	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	average employ- ment ³		Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Retail trade		53.0	2.3	0.8	0.6	1.5	2.2	0.7	0.6	1.5
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail Fuel dealers	52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	10.7 6.2 2.3 1.9 17.1 9.0	0.1 0.2 0.6 0.2 (*) (*) 0.9 0.2 0.1	0.3 (*) (*) (*) (*)	(*) 0.1 0.3 (*) (*) (*) 0.1 (*) (*)	0.1 0.3 0.2 (*) (*) 0.7 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.2 0.6 0.2 (*) (*) 0.8 0.2 0.1	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸) 0.1	(*) 0.1 0.3 (*) (*) (*) 0.1 (*) (*)	0.2 (*) (*)
Finance, insurance, and real estate		11.8	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Depository institutions Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers, and service Real estate	60 63 64 65	2.2	0.1 (*) (*) (*)	(8) (8) (8) (8)	(8) (8) (8) (8)	0.1 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0.1 (*) (*) (*)	(8) (8) (8) (8)	(8) (8) (8) (8)	0.1 (*) (*) (*)
Services		80.6	3.8	1.9	1.4	1.9	3.6	1.8	1.3	1.8
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Legal services Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	70 72 73 75 76 79 80 805 81 82 83 86	2.1 10.5 2.4 0.9 3.2 26.1 4.7 2.1 7.9 6.2	0.8 (*) 0.5 0.1 (*) 0.2 1.4 0.5 (*) 0.4 0.3 (*)	(*) 0.3 (*) (*) (*) 0.9 0.4 (*)	0.3 (*) 0.2 (*) (*) 0.6 0.3 (*) 0.1 (*) (*) (*)	(*) 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.6	0.8 (*) 0.4 0.1 (*) 0.2 1.3 0.5 (*) 0.4 0.3 (*)		(*) (*) (*) 0.6	(*) 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.5
State and local government		38.6	1.2	0.5	0.4	0.8	1.1	0.4	0.4	0.7
State government		13.4	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3
Construction		0.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)
Public administration		6.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	(8)	0.1
Executive, legislative, and general Justice, public order, and safety Administration of human resources	91 92 94	1.4	(⁸) 0.1 0.1	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(8) (8) (8)	(⁸) 0.1 (⁸)	(⁸) 0.1 0.1	(8) (8) (8)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) 0.1 (⁸)
Local government		25.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.4
Construction		0.5	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Vermont

(In thousands)

		1998 Annual	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
				Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	average employ- ment ³	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Services		18.8	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2
Public administration		5.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Executive, legislative, and general Justice, public order, and safety Administration of human resources	91 92 94	1.3		0.1 (*) (*)	0.1 (*) (*)	(8) (8) (8)	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 (⁸) (⁸)	0.1 (*) (*)	(8) (8) (8)

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor,

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

⁴ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

 $^{^{\}rm 7}\,$ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the participating State agencies.

Fewer than 50 cases.