## Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998

Rhode Island

In thousands)		Riloue	Island							
in the databy			Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	1998 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup>			orkday ses	Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Private Industry <sup>6</sup>		387.1	20.9	11.5	8.3	9.4	20.4	11.2	8.0	9.
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>6</sup>		3.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.
Mining <sup>7</sup>		0.2	(8)	(8)	(8)	( 8 )	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
Construction		15.7	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.4	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 16 17 171 173 179	4.1 1.4 10.2 2.0 1.9 2.2	0.2 0.1 0.8 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 0.1	0.1 ( <sup>*</sup> ) 0.3 0.1 ( <sup>*</sup> ) 0.1	0.2 0.1 0.8 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.5 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 0.1	0. ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0. ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.
Manufacturing		78.2	6.2	3.5	1.9	2.7	5.9	3.4	1.8	2.
Durable goods		50.7	3.9	2.1	1.2	1.8	3.8	2.0	1.1	1.
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Primary metal industries Nonferrous rolling and drawing Fabricated metal products Metal services, n.e.c. Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Electronic components and accessories Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Measuring and controlling devices Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware Jewelers', materials and lapidary work Costume jewelry and notions	24 25 335 347 35 364 364 367 37 38 382 39 3911 3911 3915 396	6.1 3.5 	0.3 0.2 0.1		(*) 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.1 (*) 0.1 (*) 0.2	(*) 0.1 (*) 0.3 (*) 0.3 0.2  0.1 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.1	0.3	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.3 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	(*) 0. (*) 0. (*) 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
Nondurable goods			2.2	1.4	0.7	0.8	2.2	1.4	0.7	0.
Food and kindred products Textile mill products Textile finishing, except wool Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	20 22 226 26 27 28 30	2.7 7.2 1.9 5.7 2.5 5.4	0.3 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.2 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	0.1	0.3 0.6 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3	0.4 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.1 ( <sup>*</sup> ) 0.1 ( <sup>*</sup> )	0. 0. 0.
Transportation and public utilities <sup>7</sup>		15.6	1.6	1.2	0.9	0.4	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.
Railroad transportation <sup>7</sup> Local and interurban passenger transit	40 41		( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> )	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> )

See footnotes at end of table.

## Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Rhode Island

(In thousands)		Rhode	Island							
Industry <sup>1</sup>		1998 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup>	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
	SIC code <sup>2</sup>			Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Trucking and warehousing Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	42 48 49	3.8 3.5 2.2	0.6 0.1 0.3	0.4 0.1 0.2	0.3 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	0.6 0.1 0.3	0.4 0.1 0.2	0.3 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1
Wholesale and retail trade		98.8	5.1	2.3	1.8	2.8	5.0	2.3	1.8	2.8
Wholesale trade		18.9	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.4
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	11.7	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.3
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	7.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
Retail trade		79.9	4.1	1.7	1.4	2.4	4.0	1.7	1.4	2.3
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	2.1 6.5 15.2 7.1 3.7 2.2 29.2 13.9	0.2 0.5 0.9 0.4 0.1 ( <sup>*</sup> ) 1.5 0.5	0.4 0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.4	0.1 0.2 0.3 0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.4 0.2	0.1 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.1 ( <sup>*</sup> ) 1.0 0.2	0.2 0.5 0.9 0.4 0.1 ( <sup>*</sup> ) 1.5 0.5	0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.4	0.3 0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.4	0.5 0.2 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 1.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate		27.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2
Depository institutions Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers, and service Real estate	60 63 64 65	8.3 6.6 2.5 4.3	0.1 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.3	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	( <sup>8</sup> )  ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	0.1  ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.2	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	( * )	( <sup>8</sup> )  ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1
Services		146.7	6.2	3.4	2.7	2.8	6.0	3.4	2.6	2.6
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Home health care services	70 72 73 75 80 805 806 808	3.8 4.8 51.9 11.5 21.2	1.0	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.6 0.1 1.8 0.9 0.6	0.1 ( <sup>*</sup> ) 0.5 0.1 0.1 1.2 0.5 0.5 0.1	0.1 0.1 1.2 0.5	0.3 0.1 1.0 0.2 2.8 1.4 0.9 0.2	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.6 0.1 1.7 0.9 0.6	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.5 0.1 0.1 1.2 0.5 0.4	0.1 0.1 1.1 0.5 0.3

See footnotes at end of table.

## Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

## Rhode Island

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>		Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
		1998 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup>	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Legal services Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	81 82 83 86 87		0.4		( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1	0.5 ( <sup>8</sup> )			0.1	

<sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

(In thousands)

<sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

3 Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily

from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

<sup>4</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>6</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>7</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the participating State agencies.

Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

<sup>8</sup> Fewer than 50 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor,