Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998
Missouri

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { code }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | 1998 <br> Annual average employment $^{3}$ | Injuries and Illnesses |  |  |  | Injuries |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total cases | Lost workday cases |  | Cases without lost workdays | Total cases | Lost workday cases |  | Cases without lost workdays |
|  |  |  |  | Total ${ }^{4}$ | With days away from work $^{5}$ |  |  | Total ${ }^{4}$ | With days away from work ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| Private Industry ${ }^{6}$ |  | 2,210.6 | 144.4 | 62.7 | 35.2 | 81.7 | 132.9 | 58.3 | 33.3 | 74.7 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ${ }^{6}$ |  | 23.6 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.7 |
| Aaricultural production ${ }^{6}$ | 01-02 | 8.8 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Mining ${ }^{\text {7 }}$ |  | 4.8 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Metal minina ${ }^{7}$ | 10 | -- | 0.1 | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ |
| Coal minina ${ }^{7}$ | 12 | 0.4 | $\left(^{8}\right)$ | $\left(^{8}\right)$ | $\left(^{8}\right)$ | $\left(^{8}\right)$ | $\left(^{8}\right)$ | $\left(^{8}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | $\left(^{8}\right)$ |
| Nonmetallic minerals. excent fuels ${ }^{7}$ | 14 | 3.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Construction |  | 126.2 | 10.5 | 5.1 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 10.4 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 5.3 |
| General buildina contractors | 15 | 31.6 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 1.3 |
| Residential buildina construction | 152 | 14.7 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| Nonresidential buildina construction | 154 | 15.3 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.7 |
| Heavy construction, except buildina | 16 | 14.8 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 |
| Heavv construction, except hiahwav | 162 | 10.2 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Special trade contractors | 17 | 79.8 | 6.7 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 6.7 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 3.4 |
| Masonrv. stonework. and plasterina | 174 | 10.2 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Roofina, sidina, and sheet metal work | 176 | 6.1 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Concrete work | 177 | 8.1 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| Miscellaneous special trade contractors | 179 | 12.7 | 1.0 | 0.5 | -- | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | -- | 0.5 |
| Manufacturing |  | 417.7 | 46.5 | 21.0 | 9.3 | 25.4 | 38.3 | 17.6 | 8.1 | 20.6 |
| Durable aoods |  | 240.4 | 30.8 | 13.3 | 6.5 | 17.5 | 24.7 | 10.9 | 5.6 | 13.8 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 25 | 14.0 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.9 |
| Household furniture | 251 | 7.3 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Stone. clav. and alass products | 32 | 11.4 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| Concrete. avdsum. and plaster products | 327 | 6.2 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Primarv metal industries | 33 | 13.1 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.9 |
| Fabricated metal products | 34 | 36.8 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 1.9 |
| Fabricated structural metal products | 344 | 11.8 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 1.1 |
| Miscellaneous fabricated metal products | 349 | 7.3 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Industrial machinerv and equipment | 35 | 39.8 | 4.6 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 4.3 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 2.7 |
| Metalworkina machinerv | 354 | 7.7 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Refriaeration and service machinerv | 358 | 10.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| Refrigeration and heatina equipment | 3585 | 7.7 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| Industrial machinerv, n.e.c. | 359 | 5.0 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| Electronic and other electric equipment | 36 | 32.6 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.8 |
| Electrical industrial apparatus | 362 | 7.6 | 0.3 | 0.2 | $\left(^{8}\right)$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | 0.1 |
| Motors and aenerators | 3621 | 7.0 | 0.3 | 0.2 | $\left(^{8}\right)$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | 0.1 |
| Household appliances | 363 | 3.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | 0.1 |
| Miscellaneous electrical equipment and sunnlies | 369 | 4.0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Transportation equipment | 37 | 63.1 | 12.2 | 4.6 | 2.2 | 7.6 | 8.1 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 4.9 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 371 | 33.2 | 10.0 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 3.6 |
| Motor vehicles and car bodies | 3711 | 18.1 | 7.7 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 2.4 |
| Motor vehicle parts and accessories | 3714 | 12.1 | 2.1 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 1.1 |
| Instruments and related products | 38 | 8.2 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 | -- | 0.1 | 0.2 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

| Missouri |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { code }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $1998$ <br> Annual average employment ${ }^{3}$ | Injuries and Illnesses |  |  |  | Injuries |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Lost w cas | rkday es | Cases |  | Lost wo cas | rkday es | Cases |
|  |  |  | Total cases | Total ${ }^{4}$ | With days away from work ${ }^{5}$ | without lost workdays | Total cases | Total ${ }^{4}$ | With <br> days <br> away <br> from <br> work $^{5}$ | without lost workdays |
| Miscellaneous manufacturina industries | 39 | 8.3 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| Nondurable aoods |  | -- | 15.7 | 7.7 | 2.8 | 7.9 | 13.5 | 6.7 | 2.6 | 6.8 |
| Food and kindred products | 20 | 50.8 | 6.8 | 3.5 | 1.0 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 2.8 | 0.9 | 2.6 |
| Meat products | 201 | 16.4 | 3.5 | 1.7 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 1.2 |
| Grain mill products | 204 | 7.5 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Bread. cake. and related products | 2051 | 3.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | 0.1 |
| Apparel and other textile products | 23 | 16.7 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| Men's and bovs' furnishinas | 232 | 7.0 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Men's and bovs' trousers and slacks | 2325 | 3.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $\left({ }^{8}\right)$ | 0.1 |
| Paper and allied products | 26 | 13.5 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.7 |
| Printing and publishing | 27 | 42.0 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| Newspapers | 271 | 9.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Commercial printina | 275 | 13.9 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 28 | 27.3 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| Druas | 283 | 7.5 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products | 30 | 20.2 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 1.1 |
| Transportation and public utilities ${ }^{7}$ |  | 161.2 | 14.7 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 14.1 | 8.3 | 6.4 | 5.9 |
| Railroad transportation ${ }^{7}$ | 40 | -- | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | ${ }^{8}$ ) |
| Truckina and warehousina | 42 | 52.3 | 7.0 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 6.9 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 2.5 |
| Truckina and courier services, except air | 421 | 49.2 | 6.7 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 6.6 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 2.4 |
| Transportation bv air | 45 | 25.2 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| Transportation services | 47 | 9.7 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Communications | 48 | 41.8 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| Telephone communications | 481 | 33.2 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.6 | -- | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Electric, qas, and sanitarv services | 49 | 19.9 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 1.2 |
| Electric services | 491 | 10.5 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| Wholesale and retail trade |  | 632.3 | 34.4 | 12.7 | 8.0 | 21.7 | 33.8 | 12.4 | 7.9 | 21.4 |
| Wholesale trade |  | 152.4 | 9.0 | 4.5 | 2.3 | 4.4 | 8.7 | 4.3 | 2.2 | 4.3 |
| Wholesale trade--durable goods | 50 | 87.1 | 6.1 | 2.7 | 0.9 | 3.4 | 5.9 | 2.5 | 0.8 | 3.4 |
| Wholesale trade--nondurable aoods | 51 | 65.3 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.0 |
| Retail trade |  | 479.9 | 25.5 | 8.2 | 5.7 | 17.3 | 25.2 | 8.1 | 5.6 | 17.1 |
| Buildina materials and aarden supplies | 52 | 21.1 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| Lumber and other buildina materials | 521 | 13.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| General merchandise stores | 53 | 67.0 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 2.3 |
| Food stores | 54 | 63.8 | 3.8 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 2.3 |
| Automotive dealers and service stations | 55 | 61.3 | 3.6 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 2.6 |
| New and used car dealers | 551 | 22.7 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.5 |
| Gasoline service stations | 554 | 23.5 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.7 |
| Apparel and accessorv stores | 56 | 20.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Furniture and homefurnishinas stores | 57 | 19.6 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | -- | -- | 0.5 | 0.3 | -- |
| Eatina and drinkina places | 58 | 174.8 | 8.8 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 6.9 | 8.8 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 6.8 |
| Miscellaneous retail | 59 | 52.1 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.8 |

[^0]Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

| Missouri |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { code }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | 1998 <br> Annual average employment $^{3}$ | Injuries and Illnesses |  |  |  | Injuries |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Lost w cas | rkday es | Cases |  | Lost wo cas | rkday es | Cases |
|  |  |  | Total cases | Total ${ }^{4}$ | With <br> days <br> away <br> from <br> work ${ }^{5}$ | without lost workdays | Total cases | Total ${ }^{4}$ | With days away from work ${ }^{5}$ | without lost workdays |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate |  | 155.3 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 1.4 |
| Real estate | 65 | 27.9 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| Services |  | 689.4 | 34.3 | 13.8 | 6.4 | 20.5 | 32.7 | 13.5 | 6.2 | 19.2 |
| Hotels and other lodaina places | 70 | 32.9 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.9 |
| Personal services | 72 | 26.9 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| Business services | 73 | 148.1 | 8.9 | 3.6 | 1.1 | 5.3 | 8.6 | 3.6 | 1.1 | 5.0 |
| Auto repair, services, and parkina | 75 | 25.9 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| Miscellaneous repair services | 76 | 7.0 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| Amusement and recreation services | 79 | 41.8 | 2.3 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 1.3 |
| Health services | 80 | 229.4 | 14.3 | 5.5 | 2.7 | 8.8 | 13.3 | 5.3 | 2.6 | 8.0 |
| Offices and clinics of medical doctors | 801 | 32.8 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| Nursing and personal care facilities | 805 | 48.4 | 5.2 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 5.2 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 2.5 |
| Educational services | 82 | 33.9 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| Social services | 83 | 50.9 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.9 |
| Enaineerina and manaqement services | 87 | 46.4 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

${ }^{1}$ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.
${ }^{2}$ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.
${ }^{3}$ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.
${ }^{4}$ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.
${ }^{5}$ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.
${ }^{6}$ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.
${ }^{1}$ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the participating State agencies.


[^0]:    See footnotes at end of table.

