Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998

(In thousands)

(In thousands)											
Industry ¹		1998 Annual average employ- ment ³	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries				
	SIC code ²		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
				Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	
All Industries including State and local government ⁶		2,457.1	152.6	68.1	38.0	84.5	140.0	62.3	35.7	77.7	
Private Industry ⁶		2,155.0	135.8	62.3	33.6	73.5	124.3	56.8	31.5	67.5	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶		23.9	1.4	0.7	0.5	0.7	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.7	
Agricultural production ⁶ Agricultural production-crops ⁶ Agricultural production - livestock ⁶ Agricultural services	01-02 01 02 07	5.6		0.4 0.1 0.3 0.3	0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2	0.4 0.1 0.3 0.3	0.7 0.2 0.5 0.6	0.4 0.1 0.3 0.3			
Mining ⁷			0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	
Metal minina ⁷ Iron ores ⁷	10 101	5.8 5.8	0.4 0.4	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1	0.2 0.2	0.4 0.4	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1	0.2 0.2	
Construction		101.6	10.9	4.5	3.5	6.4	10.7	4.4	3.4	6.3	
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 173	11.1 11.6 12.9 5.2 7.7 65.8 15.3 13.1	2.8 1.1 1.7 1.3 0.8 0.5 6.8 2.2 0.8 1.1	1.0 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.2 3.1 0.8 0.3	0.8 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.2 2.3 0.5 0.2	1.8 0.5 1.2 0.9 0.5 0.3 3.8 1.5 0.5	2.7 1.1 1.6 1.3 0.8 0.5 6.7 2.2 0.8 1.0	0.4 0.3 0.2 3.0 0.8 0.3	0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.2 2.3 0.5	0.5 1.2 0.8 0.5 0.3 3.7 1.4 0.5	
Manufacturing		440.7	45.6	21.4	9.4	24.2	38.1	17.6	8.4	20.5	
Durable goods		260.0	29.6	13.0	6.2	16.6	25.3	11.1	5.6	14.2	
Lumber and wood products Millwork, plywood and structural members Millwork Furniture and fixtures Stone. clay, and alass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Metal forgings and stampings Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c. Industrial machinery and equipment Farm and garden machinery Metalworking machinery General industrial machinery Computer and office equipment Refrigeration and service machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment	24 2431 2431 25 32 33 344 346 348 352 354 356 357 358 359 369	8.2 6.7 10.2 8.0 37.2 11.8 5.1 3.9 79.9 5.5 7.3 10.0 25.0 7.2 14.3	1.8 1.6 4.9 1.6 1.0 0.2 8.4 0.7 0.9 1.5 0.9 0.8 2.0 1.8	2.2 0.5 0.4 0.1 3.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.7	0.8 0.5 0.2 0.3 0.4 1.0 0.3 0.2 (*) 1.7 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.4 0.5	0.9 0.8 2.6 1.0 0.1 5.2 0.4 0.6 1.0 0.5 1.3	1.7 1.5 4.5 0.8 0.1 7.8 0.7 0.9 1.4 0.7 1.9	0.9 0.8 2.1 0.5 0.3 (*) 2.9 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.3 0.7 0.7	0.2 0.4 0.4 0.9 0.3 0.2 (*) 1.7 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.4	0.6 0.8 0.7 2.5 1.0 0.5 0.1 4.8 0.4 0.5 1.0 0.4	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

(In thousands)

(In thousands)			1.	rico						
		1998 Annual	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
	SIC			Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry ¹	code ²	average employ- ment ³	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Electrical industrial apparatus Electronic components and accessories Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Measuring and controlling devices Medical instruments and supplies Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	362 367 37 371 38 382 384 39	4.1 15.7 14.9 7.0 41.0 14.0 20.0 7.2	0.1 1.0 3.8 2.7 1.8 0.7 0.9	0.1 0.4 1.7 1.0 0.8 0.4 0.4	(*) 0.2 0.6 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.6 2.1 1.6 0.9 0.4 0.5	0.1 0.8 2.3 1.4 1.2 0.6 0.5	0.1 0.3 1.1 0.6 0.5 0.3 0.2	(*) 0.2 0.5 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1	0.8
Nondurable goods		180.7	16.0	8.4	3.2	7.6	12.8	6.5	2.8	6.3
Food and kindred products Meat products Poultry slaughtering and processing Dairy products Preserved fruits and vegetables Grain mill products Paper and allied products Paper mills Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Transportation and public utilities ⁷ Railroad transportation ⁷ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation by air Transportations services Communications Telephone communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	20 201 2015 2022 203 204 26 262 27 271 275 28 30 308 40 41 42 421 45 47 481 481 49		7.5 4.1 0.4 0.6 0.8 0.3 2.9 0.5 1.5 0.4 2.6 2.1 8.7 0.2 0.5 3.4 3.3 2.8 0.1 0.5 0.5	4.3 2.3 1.2 0.2 0.3 0.9 0.1 1.6 0.2 0.9 4.5 0.2 0.2 1.4 1.3 2.1 0.2 0.2 0.2	1.3 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.7 0.1 0.5 0.4 3.0 0.1 1.0 1.0 1.3 0.1 0.1 0.1	3.2 1.8 0.9 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.3 0.6 0.2 1.4 1.1 4.2 0.1 0.4 2.0 0.7 0.1 0.5 0.3	5.6 2.6 1.3 0.4 0.5 1.6 0.3 2.2 0.4 1.2 0.4 2.3 1.9 8.3 0.2 0.5 3.4 3.3 2.6 0.1 0.4 0.5	3.0 1.3 0.7 0.2 0.3 0.8 0.1 1.2 0.7 0.2 1.1 0.9 4.4 0.2 1.4 1.3 2.1 0.1 0.2 0.2	1.2 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.4 2.9 0.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.1 0.1	0.7 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.8 0.2 1.0 0.5 0.2 1.3 1.0 4.0 0.1 0.3 2.0
Electric services	491	8.0	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.4
Wholesale and retail trade		610.9		12.6						
Wholesale trade Wholesale tradedurable goods Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies Lumber and construction materials Professional and commercial equipment Machinery, equipment, and supplies	50 501 503 504 508	10.9 5.7 24.1	5.6 0.7 0.6 0.7	2.4 0.3 0.3 0.2	3.1 1.4 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.3	0.4	5.5 0.7 0.6 0.6	5.3 2.4 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.6	1.3 0.2 0.2 0.1	3.2 0.4 0.3 0.4
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products	51 514	62.6 20.7	5.1 1.9	3.0 1.2	1.7 0.5	2.2 0.7	5.0 1.9	2.9 1.2	1.7 0.5	2.1 0.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

(In thousands)

Industry ¹ SIC code ² Industry ¹ Retail trade 1998 Annual average employment ³	Total cases	Lost w cas	d Illnesse orkday ses With days away from work ⁵	Cases without lost work- days	Total cases	Lost we cas	orkday ses With days	Cases
Industry ¹ SIC code ² Annual average employment ³	cases 3 21.4	cas Total ⁴	With days away from	without lost work-		cas	With days	without
code ² employment ³	cases 3 21.4		days away from	lost work-		Total ⁴	days	
Retail trade		7.0					away from work ⁵	lost work- days
1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0		7.3	4.1	14.1	20.8	7.0	3.9	13.8
Building materials and garden supplies 52 20. Lumber and other building materials 521 12. General merchandise stores 53 64. Department stores 54 60. Food stores 54 60. Grocery stores 541 52. Automotive dealers and service stations 55 53. New and used car dealers 551 20. Apparel and accessory stores 56 19. Furniture and homefurnishings stores 57 21. Eating and drinking places 58 152. Miscellaneous retail 59 65.	1.0 3.0 4.2 5.4 6.4 7.5 7.5 8.6 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0	1.1 1.0 1.7 1.6 1.2 0.5 0.1 0.6	0.5 0.3 0.8 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.3 (*) 0.2 0.8 0.3	0.6 0.5 1.9 1.8 3.0 2.9 2.5 1.5 0.3 0.6 3.7 1.6	1.4 1.0 2.9 2.7 4.5 4.3 3.6 2.0 0.4 1.2 5.0 1.9	0.7 0.5 1.0 9 1.6 1.5 1.1 0.5 0.1 0.6 1.3		0.5 1.9 1.8 2.9 2.7 2.4 1.5 0.3 0.6 3.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate 154.	2.2	0.9	0.7	1.3	1.8	0.8	0.6	1.0
Real estate 65 25.	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3
Services 693.	34.4	17.5	9.2	16.9	32.3	16.5	8.6	15.8
Hotels and other lodging places	1.4 0.9 1.1 1.1 1.5 2.5 2.5 2.1 16.3 7.0 16.3 0.5 0.5 4.4	3.0 0.4 0.2 0.9 0.7 9.1 4.7 3.6 0.3	0.3 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.6 0.5 4.9 1.8 2.5 0.2 0.1 1.2	0.8 0.8 0.3 1.9 0.7 0.3 1.5 1.3 7.1 2.3 2.7 0.2 0.3 2.4 1.3	1.4 1.3 0.8 4.5 1.1 0.5 2.3 1.9 15.1 6.8 0.5 0.5 4.2 2.1	0.6 0.5 2.8 0.3 0.2 0.9 0.7 8.7 4.6 3.3 0.3 0.2 1.7 0.9	1.1 0.2 0.2 0.6 0.5 4.6 1.8 2.4 0.2 0.1	0.8 0.3 1.7 0.7 0.3 1.5 1.2 6.4 2.2 2.4 0.2 0.3 2.4
State and local government 302.	16.8	5.8	4.4	11.0	15.7	5.5	4.2	10.2
State government 65.	2.9	1.0	0.8	1.9	2.7	1.0	0.8	1.7
Construction 4.	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2
Services 37.	1.5	0.5	0.4	1.1	1.5	0.5	0.4	1.0
Health services 80 5. Educational services 82 30.		0.2 0.3	0.2 0.2	0.2 0.8	0.4 1.1	0.2 0.3	0.1 0.2	0.2 0.8
Public administration 23.	0.9	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.5
Local government 236.	13.9	4.7	3.5	9.2	13.0	4.5	3.4	8.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

(In thousands)

		1998 Annual	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
	SIC			Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry ¹	code ²	average employ- ment ³	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Services		154.9	8.7	2.5	1.9	6.2	8.2	2.4	1.8	5.8
Hospitals Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	806 82 821	16.2 127.5 123.2		1.5	1.2	4.9	6.0	1.4	1.1	0.7 4.6 4.5
Public administration		73.1	4.0	1.6	1.2	2.4	3.7	1.5	1.2	2.2

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor,

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the participating State agencies.

⁸ Fewer than 50 cases.