Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998

Texas

	SIC code ³		Injuries and Illnesses Injuries							
Industry ²		1998 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Private Industry ⁷		7.307.0	5.2	2.7	1.6	2.6	4.9	2.5	1.5	2.4
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁷		112.1	4.8	3.0	2.0	1.8	4.7	2.9	1.9	1.8
Agricultural production ⁷ Agricultural production - livestock ⁷ Agricultural services Crop services Landscape and horticultural services	01-02 02 07 072 078	48.6 21.2 62.2 8.4 31.8	7.2 8.4 3.8 5.9 4.0	4.7 4.6 2.2 3.6 2.6	2.6 3.7 1.8 2.9 2.0	2.5 3.8 1.5 2.2 1.4	7.0 8.4 3.6 5.9 3.9	4.6 4.6 2.1 3.6 2.5	2.5 3.7 1.7 2.9 1.8	2.5 3.8 1.5 2.2 1.4
Mining ⁸		167.0	2.9	1.6	1.2	1.3	2.8	1.6	1.2	1.3
Oil and gas extraction Crude petroleum and natural gas Oil and gas field services	13 131 138	71.8	2.9 0.8 4.4	1.6 0.2 2.6	1.2 0.2 2.0	1.3 0.6 1.8	2.8 0.7 4.4	1.6 0.2 2.6	1.2 0.2 2.0	1.3 0.5 1.8
Construction		496.6	4.3	2.3	1.4	2.0	4.0	2.2	1.4	1.8
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors	15 16 17	91.3 118.8 286.5	4.0 4.0 4.4	2.0 2.4 2.2	1.1 1.6 1.5	2.0 1.6 2.2	3.7 3.8 4.2	2.0 2.4 2.2	1.1 1.6 1.5	
Manufacturing		1,109.6	8.2	4.4	2.0	3.8	7.3	4.0	1.8	3.3
Durable goods		674.3	8.4	4.5	2.1	4.0	7.8	4.2	1.9	3.7
Lumber and wood products Millwork, plywood and structural members Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Stone. clav. and class products Concrete, dypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Metal services, n.e.c. Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Construction and related machinery Oil and gas field machinery General industrial machinery Computer and office equipment Electronic computers Refrigeration and service machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Electronic components and accessories Semiconductors and related devices Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles and car bodies Motor vehicle parts and accessories Aircraft and parts	24 243 25 251 327 33 344 347 349 35 353 353 356 3571 3571 3674 377 3711 3711	19.1 6.9 42.7 20.5 31.0 104.0 54.3 7.0 22.4 152.2 43.3 32.5 11.8 38.9 34.7 18.7 22.7 132.3 72.8 47.3 83.4 18.7 5.4 7.9	12.5 8.1 10.2 8.1 13.0 14.2 13.8 13.4 7.6 9.0 7.2 7.6 5.7 11.8 3.3 4 12.0 7.0 3.6 2.5 2.1 9.9 12.7 19.2 8.4 8.1	3.1 6.7 2.1 2.3 6.8 3.5 1.8 1.2 0.8	2.8 2.3 2.1 2.0 4.1 4.4 2.7 3.0 3.0 1.9 2.3 1.9 2.7 0.5 2.2 0.8 0.7 0.5 2.5 3.6 2.4 2.2	2.6 5.0 5.2 3.5 1.7 1.3 4.9 6.3	12.1 7.9 9.3 7.4 12.4 13.8 13.4 10.9 6.8 8.5 6.6 7.3 2.6 2.7 10.9 6.7 2.9 12.0 17.6 7.9 6.8	10.4 3.6	3.9 4.2 2.3 2.5 2.8 1.8 2.2 1.9 2.5 0.4 0.3 2.9 0.7 0.6 0.4 2.3 3.6 5.3 2.4	7.2 2.4 3.4 3.2 3.9 2.4 4.8 0.8 4.9 3.5 1.4 0.9 0.8 4.4 5.8 7.2 4.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Texas

	SIC	1998 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses Injuries							
Industry ²			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
	code ³			Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Aircraft Instruments and related products Measuring and controlling devices Medical instruments and supplies Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	3721 38 382 384 39	27.9 41.5 13.9 14.3 20.9	4.0 6.0 4.0	1.9 2.7	0.7 0.8 0.8	2.9 2.3 4.1 1.4 3.0	4.9 3.0 4.7 2.7 7.2		1.1 0.6 0.7 0.6 2.4	2.8
Nondurable goods			7.9	4.4	1.8	3.5	6.4	3.6	1.6	2.8
Food and kindred products Meat products Meat packing plants Sausages and other prepared meats Poultry slaughtering and processing Preserved fruits and vegetables Grain mill products Bakery products Men's and boys' furnishings Paper and allied products Paperboard containers and boxes Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Chemicals and allied products Industrial inorganic chemicals Plastics materials and synthetics Industrial organic chemicals Petroleum and coal products Petroleum refining	200 2011 20113 2015 203 204 205 232 265 277 271 275 28 281 282 286 29	99.4 34.3 13.9 8.3 12.2 9.2 6.9 9.5 23.2 29.7 11.0 76.9 21.8 33.4 84.4 6.9 12.2 36.3 25.9 22.2	25.4 31.5 12.6 26.4 8.4 6.7	8.1 12.8 17.0 7.7 11.0 5.2 2.8 7.1 5.5 4.1 5.0 2.4 2.2 2.9 2.0 0.9 1.1	2.7 3.3 1.4 2.5 1.5 2.4 2.7 2.0 1.6 1.7 1.1 1.5 0.4 0.3 0.7	6.6 12.6 14.6 5.0 15.3 3.2 3.9 4.4 7.8 2.3 2.5 1.9 2.0 2.0 1.8 1.4 1.3 1.1	11.2 16.4 18.9 10.2 17.5 8.0 6.4 10.9 8.3 6.0 6.7 3.9 4.4 3.5 4.5 2.3 1.9 2.1	6.5 7.4 4.9 2.8 6.6 3.6 4.4 2.2 2.0 2.5 1.7 2.7 0.9 0.7	2.3 2.0 2.2 2.8 1.1 2.4 1.5 2.3 1.5 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.5 0.9 1.5 0.4 0.3 0.7 0.6	9.0 3.7 10.1 3.1 3.6 4.3 4.7 2.2 2.4 1.7 1.2 1.9 1.8 1.8 1.4 1.2
Transportation and public utilities ⁸		527.0	7.0	4.4	3.3	2.6	6.6	4.2	3.0	2.4
Railroad transportation ⁸ Trucking and warehousing Transportation by air Freight transportation arrangement Electric. gas. and sanitary services Electric services Gas production and distribution Sanitary services	40 42 45 473 49 491 492	133.0 110.8 19.7 70.9 31.2 23.7 12.2		2.5 5.4 9.7 1.2 2.5 2.3 1.0 6.3	0.8	0.6 3.2 1.3 2.1 2.6 0.4 4.0	3.0 8.4 2.4 4.4 4.5 1.4 10.2	5.3 9.3 1.2 2.5 2.2 1.0	2.0 3.6 6.8 1.0 1.3 1.0 0.8 3.3	3.1 1.2 1.9 2.3 0.3
Wholesale and retail trade		2,113.2	5.8	2.8	1.7	3.1	5.7	2.7	1.6	3.0
Wholesale trade		519.5	5.4	3.4	1.8	2.0	5.2	3.3	1.7	2.0
Wholesale tradedurable goods Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies Furniture and homefurnishings Lumber and construction materials Professional and commercial equipment Metals and minerals, except petroleum Electrical goods Hardware, plumbing and heating equipment	50 501 502 503 504 505 506 507	330.8 33.2 13.9 19.5 75.4 13.7 47.2 23.8	7.8 7.6 7.0 1.2 7.8 2.8	4.0 5.3 3.7 0.7 4.9 1.7	3.9 1.5 0.7 2.5 0.9	3.4 0.5 2.9	4.3 7.6 7.6 6.8 1.1 7.6 2.7 4.2	3.9 5.3 3.6 0.7 4.8 1.6	1.5 0.6 2.3 0.9	3.3 0.4 2.8 1.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Texas

	SIC code ³	1998 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses Injuries							
Industry ²			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Machinery, equipment, and supplies Miscellaneous durable goods	508 509		4.8 5.3		1.6 1.3	1.6 2.1	4.7 5.2	3.1 3.2	1.5 1.2	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and petroleum products Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	51 514 516 517 518	15.5 16.7	7.1 10.2 6.0 4.7 10.3	4.7 7.5 3.7 2.9 6.2	2.3 2.8 1.7 2.4 3.2	2.5 2.8 2.4 1.8 4.1	6.9 10.2 5.9 4.6 10.2		2.1 2.7 1.6 2.3 3.2	1.8
Retail trade		1,593.7	6.0	2.5	1.6	3.5	5.9	2.5	1.6	3.5
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials Hardware stores Retail nurseries and garden stores General merchandise stores Department stores Variety stores Miscellaneous general merchandise stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations Auto and home supply stores Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Women's clothing stores Shoe stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, and computer stores Eating and drinking places Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail Drug stores and proprietary stores Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	52 521 525 526 53 531 533 541 553 554 562 566 571 572 573 581 591	6.1 208.3 185.9 5.0 17.4 248.7 231.4 164.7 35.1 34.1 82.1 16.2 14.9 71.5 34.5 3.1 33.9 583.7 583.7 583.7	9.6 11.7 4.6 8.4 8.8 5.0 6.7 4.6 2.2 0.5 0.8 3.6 4.4 (°) 3.1 5.9 5.9	(°) 2.0 2.8 (°) 1.4 1.7 1.7 1.4	2.0 2.7 (°) 2.8 2.8 5.5 1.7 1.8 1.5 2.3 1.5 (°) (°) 1.3 2.0 (°) 1.4 1.4 1.0 1.3 1.3	2.3 2.4 4.2 (°) 4.5 4.7 5.2 2.7 4.7 5.1 3.6 2.1 1.5 0.8 1.6 (°) 1.7 4.1 1.6 2.5 1.6 1.7	6.2 7.6 9.4 (°) 9.5 9.5 4.6 8.2 8.0 6.7 4.6 2.2 0.5 0.7 3.0 5.8 5.8 2.9 4.1	5.2 (°) 4.7 4.9 6.5 1.9 3.6 3.7 2.0 3.0 2.5 0.7 (°) 2.0 2.8 (°) 1.3	2.0 2.6 (°) 2.7 2.7 5.5 1.7 1.8 1.5 0.5 (°) 1.3 2.0 (°) 0.6 1.4 1.0 1.3 1.5	2.4 4.2 (°) 4.5 4.7 5.2 2.7 4.6 5.0 3.0 3.6 2.1 1.5 0.5 0.7 1.5 1.6 (°) 1.7 4.1 4.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate		480.9	1.7	0.7	0.6	1.0	1.6	0.7	0.5	0.9
Depository institutions Commercial banks Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers, and service Real estate	60 602 63 64 65	95.8 86.5 57.8	1.4 1.5	0.6	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.6 1.6	1.0 1.1 	1.4 1.2 1.0 3.1	0.3	0.2	0.9 0.8 0.6
Services		2.288.1	3.7	1.7	1.1	2.1	3.6	1.6	1.0	2.0
Hotels and other lodging places Hotels and motels Personal services Laundry, cleaning, and garment services Services to buildings	70 701 72 721 734	89.1 89.7 38.9		1.5		3.1 3.2 1.2 1.4 2.1	5.5 5.6 2.6 3.7 4.7		0.8 1.0	2.9 1.1 1.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Texas

Industry ²	SIC code ³	1998 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries				
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	
Auto repair. services. and parking Automotive repair shops Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Home health care services Legal services Legal services Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Colleges and universities Social services Individual and family services Child day care services Membership organizations Engineering and management services Engineering and architectural services Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping Research and testing services	75 753 76 78 79 80 805 806 808 81 811 822 831 832 835 86 87 871 872	44.4 33.3 32.4 87.5 683.7 101.0 230.9 128.5 67.2 61.4 12.5 31.0 129.2 29.5 51.4 44.2 231.8 86.5 45.9	1.7 5.0 2.5 5.0 5.5 9.8 7.7 3.0 6.6 2.0 1.6 2.8 4.2 2.9 2.7 2.9 1.4 1.2	1.7 1.9 2.4 5.3 3.2 1.6 0.4 0.4	1.9 1.7 0.9 1.4 2.5 1.8 0.3 0.3 0.5 (*) 0.9 1.2 0.9 0.7 0.8	2.4 0.8 3.0 3.1 4.5 4.5	3.1 1.7 4.7 2.2 4.7 5.3 9.7 7.4 2.7 0.4 1.8 2.7 2.5 1.2 1.0 0.4 2.5	5.2 3.2 1.4 0.3 0.3 0.8 0.3 1.2 1.9 1.2 1.1 0.8 0.5 0.3	1.7 1.4 0.9 1.3 2.5 1.8 1.0 0.3 0.4 (⁹) 0.8 1.2 0.9 0.7 0.7	0.7 2.3 0.8 2.8 2.9 4.4 4.2 1.3 0.1 0.1 1.1 1.3 2.2 1.6 1.6 1.8 0.7 0.6 0.2	

 $^{^1}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

work with or without restricted work activity.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

⁵ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from

⁷ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁹ Incidence rate less than 0.05.