Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998

## Tennessee

	SIC code <sup>3</sup>	1998 Annual average employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	In	ijuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
Industry <sup>2</sup>			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government <sup>7</sup>		2,521.6	7.4	3.4	2.1	4.0	6.8	3.2	2.0	3.7
Private Industry <sup>7</sup>		2,206.5	7.6	3.5	2.1	4.1	7.0	3.3	2.0	3.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>7</sup>		18.0	6.9	3.4	2.7	3.6	6.5	3.3	2.7	3.2
Agricultural production <sup>7</sup> Agricultural services	01-02 07	4.6 13.1	3.8 8.0	2.5 3.7	1.8 3.1	1.3 4.3	3.8 7.5	2.5 3.6	1.8 3.0	
Mining <sup>8</sup>		4.3	4.9	3.3	2.5	1.6	4.8	3.2	2.5	1.6
Construction		121.1	8.2	4.0	3.2	4.2	8.1	4.0	3.1	4.1
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 173 174 176	12.8 18.5 15.5 5.4 10.2 74.0 18.5 15.5 10.0 4.8	7.9 5.0 9.7 8.5 7.4 9.2 8.2 8.6 8.4 7.9 7.7 6.7	3.3 3.1 3.5 3.9 3.1 4.3 4.4 4.7 4.4 3.0 3.9	2.2 2.1 2.2 3.3 2.2 3.9 3.6 3.0 2.8 3.8 2.7 3.4	4.6 1.9 6.2 4.7 4.2 4.9 4.0 5.2 3.8 3.5 4.7 2.8	7.8 5.0 9.5 8.4 7.2 9.1 8.2 8.5 8.4 7.9 6.5	3.4 3.9 3.1 4.3 4.3 3.4 4.6 4.4 3.0	3.5 3.0 2.7 3.8 2.7	4.1 4.8 3.9 5.2 3.8 3.5 4.7
Manufacturing		514.3	10.8	5.1	2.3	5.7	9.2	4.4	2.0	4.7
Durable goods		292.7	12.9	5.8	2.7	7.1	11.1	5.0	2.4	6.1
Lumber and wood products Sawmills and planing mills Millwork, plywood and structural members Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Public building and related furniture Stone, clav, and glass products Primary metal industries Iron and steel foundries Nonferrous rolling and drawing Fabricated metal products Cutlery, handtools, and hardware Fabricated structural metal products Metal forgings and stampings Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Metalworking machinery Refrigeration and service machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Electrical industrial apparatus Household appliances	24 242 243 25 251 253 32 333 335 344 342 344 346 349 355 354 358 359 36 362 363	8.5 4.9 27.3 17.9 3.9 16.3 17.9 4.3 44.5 4.4 13.4 6.8 6.4 47.7 7.2 14.9 6.5 40.2 7.9	18.6 20.2 13.0 14.6 12.2 19.9 13.2 11.6 4.3	6.3 3.4 8.1 7.1 5.2 4.7 1.4 6.1 6.0 4.1	3.7 1.6 3.3 2.3 4.9 1.5 4.4 2.1 1.1  3.7 1.7	10.1 10.5 8.5 8.3 8.8 11.7 6.1 8.0 6.9 7.0 5.3 5.0	15.5 15.5 11.6 13.5 11.1 18.9 12.2 12.1 10.1 4.0 11.3 8.0 6.9	5.2 6.5 2.7 4.4 7.7 9.4 4.1 5.8 3.2 7.7 6.8 4.6 4.0 1.2 5.6 3.3 2.8	1.4 1.6 0.8 2.9 4.9 3.5 1.5 3.0 2.2 4.7 1.4 3.9 0.9 0.9	3.7 5.9 5.2 3.6 10.4 7.7 6.1 7.7 7.9 11.3 5.4 7.5 6.1 2.9 6.2 4.5 4.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Tennessee

			Ir	ijuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
Industry <sup>2</sup>	SIC	1998 Annual average employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
	code <sup>3</sup>		Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days
Household cooking equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles and car bodies Motor vehicle parts and accessories Aircraft and parts Instruments and related products Measuring and controlling devices Medical instruments and supplies Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Miscellaneous manufactures	3631 37 371 3711 3714 372 38 382 384 39	25.8 4.2 11.2 4.3 5.6 10.8	13.8 13.3 21.2 8.1 8.8 4.4 7.7 2.1	6.5 6.6 6.3 10.7 3.6 3.6 2.1 3.1 1.5 4.0 3.1	1.0 2.5 2.5 2.6 2.3 1.7 0.7 0.8 0.5 2.7 2.2	10.4 7.3 6.9 10.5 4.5 5.2 2.3 4.6 0.6 4.4 4.1	15.6 10.3 9.9 15.2 6.1 6.9 4.1 7.1 2.0 7.1 6.0	5.8 5.1 5.0 7.9 3.0 2.7 2.0 3.0 1.5 3.4 2.8	1.8 2.0 1.5 0.7 0.7 0.5 2.4	7.3 3.1 4.2 2.1 4.0 0.6 3.6
Nondurable goods		221.5	8.0	4.2	1.8	3.8	6.6	3.7	1.5	3.0
Food and kindred products Meat products Preserved fruits and vegetables Bakery products Beverages Textile mill products Knitting mills Yarn and thread mills Apparel and other textile products Men's and bovs' suits and coats Men's and bovs' furnishings Women's and misses' outerwear Miscellaneous fabricated textile products Paper and allied products Paper mills Paperboard containers and boxes Miscellaneous converted paper products Printing and publishing Newspapers Books Commercial printing Chemicals and allied products Industrial inorganic chemicals Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Hose and belting and gaskets and packing Fabricated rubber products, n.e.c. Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Leather and leather products	20 201 203 205 208 22 225 228 231 231 232 233 239 26 262 265 267 27 271 273 275 28 281 300 305 306 308 31	8.2 3.5 8.6 4.4 17.7 6.0 4.1 33.2 3.7 14.9 5.1 6.5 22.1 5.8 6.9 7.8 36.6 8.6 4.3 34.8 7.3 34.7 4.6 6.9 16.8	9.1 11.1 10.5 10.0 9.6 7.3 6.9 8.8 6.5 7.4 16.5 9.3 6.5 7.3 6.5 7.3 6.5 11.6 12.5 11.1	6.8 5.5 7.2 4.0	2.3 2.5 2.6	5.7 5.0 4.0 7.1	10.4 9.9 8.6 10.7	5.9 4.8 6.9 2.6	3.0 1.9 2.0 1.8 0.9 1.1 0.6 1.6 1.4 1.1 1.3 1.7 1.2 0.9 0.6 0.7 1.3 2.3 2.7 1.9 2.3	2.5 2.6 3.4 2.3 1.5 3.1 2.6 4.6 4.2 2.6 1.9 3.3 2.6 3.1 2.5 3.0 3.7 1.4 4.3 8 4.1 3.8 7.0
Transportation and public utilities8		156.9				3.6				3.3
Railroad transportation <sup>8</sup> Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation services Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 42 421 47 48 49	64.1 59.2 7.8 22.1	5.6 2.9	4.8 4.7 3.0	4.0 3.9 1.2 1.2	3.2 3.0 2.6 1.0	8.0 7.7 5.3 2.6		3.9 3.9 1.1 1.1	3.2 3.0 2.4 0.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Tennessee

	SIC code <sup>3</sup>	1998 Annual average employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses Injuries								
Industry <sup>2</sup>			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
				Total⁵	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	
Wholesale and retail trade		621.3	7.4	3.1	1.9	4.3	7.2	3.0	1.9	4.2	
Wholesale trade		148.8	7.3	3.9	2.2	3.5	7.0	3.7	2.1	3.3	
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	85.8	5.3	2.7	1.5	2.7	5.2	2.6	1.5	2.6	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	62.9	10.2	5.6	3.1	4.6	9.7	5.3	3.0	4.4	
Retail trade		472.6	7.4	2.8	1.8	4.7	7.3	2.7	1.8	4.6	
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	20.5 67.9 68.7 50.3 25.5 19.3 164.6 55.7	9.0 9.9 7.9 5.9 3.2 5.0 8.5 4.6	4.7 6.0 2.0 2.1 1.3 2.7 2.3 1.8	2.5 3.4 1.7 1.2 0.8 1.7 1.7	4.3 4.0 5.9 3.8 1.9 2.3 6.2 2.7	8.9 9.7 7.7 5.7 3.1 5.0 8.5 4.4	4.7 5.9 1.9 2.1 1.2 2.7 2.3 1.8	1.6 1.1 0.8 1.7 1.7	3.8 5.7 3.6 1.9 2.3	
Finance, insurance, and real estate		123.9	1.7	0.8	0.6	0.9	1.5	0.8	0.6	0.7	
Services		644.5	5.2	2.2	1.4	3.0	5.0	2.1	1.3	2.8	
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Offices and clinics of medical doctors Nursing and personal care facilities Legal services Educational services Social services Engineering and management services	70 72 73 75 76 79 80 801 805 81 82 83	25.9 165.7 19.7 8.5 23.0 199.7 39.0 32.1 12.3 27.6	6.3 1.7 16.2 0.7 2.5 4.6	3.9 1.2 2.6 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.8 0.3 8.3 0.4 0.8 2.3 0.7	1.5 0.7 1.5 1.9 0.9 1.2 1.9 0.1 4.5 0.3 0.7 1.1	2.2 2.6 2.6 3.5 4.4 3.7 3.5 1.4 7.8 0.3 1.7 2.4 2.9	6.0 3.7 5.2 5.2 6.4 5.5 6.1 1.6 0.6 2.3 4.6 3.4	3.8 1.1 2.6 1.7 2.0 2.1 2.8 0.3 8.2 0.3 0.7 2.2 0.6	1.7 0.9 1.2 1.8 0.1 4.4 0.2 0.6 1.1	2.5 2.6 3.5 4.4 3.3 1.3 7.8 0.3 1.5 2.4	
State and local government		315.1	6.0	2.7	2.3	3.3	5.7	2.6	2.2	3.1	
State government		79.9	4.6	2.1	2.0	2.5	4.5	2.1	1.9	2.4	
Services		45.2	2.5	1.3	1.1	1.3	2.4	1.3	1.1	1.1	
Public administration		32.0	6.1	2.7	2.5	3.4	5.9	2.7	2.5	3.3	
Executive, legislative, and general Finance, taxation, and monetary policy Administration of human resources	91 93 94			0.7	1.1 0.3 3.5		1.1	1.1 0.7 3.6			

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

## **Tennessee**

Industry <sup>2</sup>	SIC code <sup>3</sup>	1998 Annual average employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁵	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days
Local government		235.2	6.5	3.0	2.5	3.6	6.2	2.8	2.4	3.3
Services		143.5	5.2	2.1	1.9	3.1	5.1	2.0	1.8	3.0
Public administration		72.1	6.6	3.0	2.6	3.6	6.2	2.9	2.5	3.3
Executive, legislative, and general	91	65.1	6.6	3.0	2.6	3.6	6.2	2.9	2.5	3.3

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

work with or without restricted work activity.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 6}\,$  Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Incidence rate less than 0.05.