Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998

Kentucky

		1998 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	In	juries an	d Illnesse	s	Injuries			
Industry ²	SIC code ³		Total cases		orkday ses With	Cases without	Total cases	Lost w	orkday ses With	Cases without lost work- days
				Total⁵	days away from work ⁶	lost work- days		Total ⁵	days away from work ⁶	
All Industries including State and local government ⁷		1,651.6	8.2	4.0	2.5	4.2	7.4	3.7	2.3	3.8
Private Industry ⁷		1,416.8	8.4	4.1	2.4	4.3	7.6	3.8	2.3	3.8
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁷		15.1	8.9	4.9	3.9	4.0	8.5	4.7	3.7	3.8
Agricultural services Animal services, except veterinary Landscape and horticultural services	07 075 078		9.0 13.3 7.6	4.9 8.1 5.2	4.1 6.7 4.6	4.1 5.2 2.4	8.7 13.0 7.2	4.6 7.8 4.8	3.9 6.4 4.2	5.1
Mining ⁸		22.9	8.3	6.3	6.1	1.9	8.1	6.2	6.0	1.9
Coal mining ⁸ Bituminous coal and lignite mining ⁸ Nonmetallic minerals. except fuels ⁸	12 122 14	19.0 17.9 2.7	8.7 8.7 3.6	6.4 6.4 2.8	6.3 6.3 2.1	2.2 2.2 0.8	8.5 8.5 3.5	6.3 6.3 2.8	6.1 6.1 2.1	2.2 2.2 0.7
Construction		83.7	9.7	5.5	4.5	4.2	9.6	5.4	4.4	4.2
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction. except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 161 162 17 171 173 174 176	7.5 10.7 13.4 4.2 9.3 51.4 13.5 10.2 6.7 3.2	10.1 5.8 13.1 6.9 7.0 6.9 10.3 11.2 12.2 14.6 9.7 6.7	5.2 2.8 7.0 4.7 4.6 4.7 5.9 6.6 5.3 10.3 7.2 3.3	4.6 2.6 6.0 4.2 4.0 4.3 4.5 4.6 4.3 9.4 6.1	4.9 3.0 6.1 2.3 2.3 4.4 4.6 6.9 4.4 2.5 3.4	10.0 5.8 13.0 6.6 6.9 6.5 10.2 11.2 14.5 9.6 6.7	5.1 2.8 6.8 4.4 4.6 4.4 5.8 6.6 5.3 10.1 7.1 3.3	4.5 2.6 6.0 4.0 3.9 4.0 4.5 4.6 4.3 9.3 6.0 1.7	3.0 6.1 2.2 2.3 2.1 4.4 4.5 6.9 4.4
Manufacturing		320.2	14.2	7.1	3.6	7.0	11.6	6.0	3.2	5.6
Durable goods		187.8	15.8	7.8	3.7	8.0	12.8	6.6	3.3	6.2
Lumber and wood products Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, general Millwork, plywood and structural members Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Products of purchased glass Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Blast furnace and basic steel products Nonferrous rolling and drawing Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Fabricated metal products, n.e.c. Industrial machinery and equipment Construction and related machinery	24 242 2421 25 32 323 327 33 331 335 34 349 349 353	4.4 4.4 5.4 11.6 2.9 3.7 18.5 5.4 6.8 25.1 4.7 6.6 4.0 38.0	25.6 18.2 16.5 14.5 14.5 18.0 11.4 9.5 10.4 11.9 13.5 11.4 10.1 9.9	10.3 10.6 10.9 7.9 8.7 8.4 11.3 5.1 6.5 5.8 7.3 7.0 6.9 5.0	7.9 8.7 6.6 4.9 2.8 8.1 2.9 3.4 2.3 3.9 3.9	15.0 7.2 8.5 5.8 6.1 6.7 5.1 4.3 4.0 6.2 4.5 3.3 5.0	25.6 17.8 15.4 13.4 13.6 16.4 10.8 9.9 11.4 13.5 10.9 9.4 9.0	10.6 10.9 7.6 8.1 8.0 10.7 6.1 4.9 6.2 5.4 7.2 6.5 6.3 4.4	8.7 6.6 3.8 4.6 2.8 7.7 2.8 3.2 2.4 3.1 3.6 2.5	12.9 15.0 6.9 7.8 5.3 5.7 5.8 4.8 4.3 3.6 6.0 6.2 4.4 3.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Kentucky

			Injuries and Illnesses Injuries							
Industry ²	SIC code ³	1998 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Metalworking machinery General industrial machinery Refrigeration and service machinery Refrigeration and heating equipment Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Electrical industrial apparatus Motors and generators Household appliances Miscellaneous electrical equipment	354 356 358 3585 359 36 362 3621 363	4.6 7.9 4.3 3.2 4.8 25.2 3.8 2.6 9.9	7.3 9.1 18.8 17.3 9.1 10.9 9.2 10.2	3.0 4.8 10.1 9.4 2.6 5.1 3.6 4.4 7.6	1.8 2.8 2.9 2.6 2.1 1.5 2.0 2.2	4.3 4.4 8.7 7.9 6.5 5.8 5.6 8.1	7.1 8.9 16.0 13.8 8.5 7.2 8.0 8.9 9.8	2.8 4.7 8.4 7.4 2.4 3.3 2.8 3.5 4.6	1.6 2.8 2.5 2.1 1.9 1.3 1.4	4.2 7.5 6.4 6.2 4.0 5.3
and sunnlies Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles and car bodies Motor vehicle parts and accessories Instruments and related products	369 37 371 3711 3714 38	3.7 39.4 34.6 18.4 15.4 4.4	10.0 29.3 31.4 44.5 15.4 4.4	3.6 13.6 14.5 19.2 8.7 2.2	0.9 5.2 5.2 7.4 2.4 1.0	6.3 15.8 16.9 25.3 6.7 2.2	4.4 19.8 20.8 26.3 13.9 4.1	1.7 10.3 10.9 13.3 7.8 2.0	0.7 4.2 4.1 5.4 2.3 0.9	10.0 13.0 6.1
Nondurable goods		132.4	11.8	6.1	3.4	5.7	9.8	5.1	3.0	4.7
Food and kindred products Meat products Bakerv products Beverages Tobacco products Apparel and other textile products Men's and bovs' furnishings Men's and bovs' work clothing Miscellaneous fabricated textile products Paper and allied products Paperboard containers and boxes Miscellaneous converted paper products Printing and publishing Commercial printing Commercial printing, lithographic Chemicals and allied products Industrial inorganic chemicals Plastics materials and synthetics Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c.	20 201 205 208 21 23 232 2326 239 26 265 267 275 2752 28 281 282 300 308 3089	15.1	16.6 30.2 15.0 17.4 9.8 13.6 25.1 16.9 8.5 6.4 11.0 8.8 9.4 9.6 4.7 14.3 14.8 15.6	7.7 5.3 5.7 7.1 13.0 4.6 3.7 5.8 5.0 5.5 6.2 2.4 2.3 7.3 7.6	5.1 6.4 5.7 3.7 3.2 4.0 6.1 1.4 3.0 2.7 3.4 2.4 3.2 3.8 1.0 0.9 0.3 4.2 4.7 5.4	7.3		7.9 11.6 11.3 7.7 3.9 3.8 5.1 9.9 2.1 4.1 5.3 4.2 4.7 5.2 2.1 2.3 1.1 7.2 7.4 8.0	4.7 5.3 	2.1 9.6 4.2 4.6 5.2 10.1 4.6 3.7 5.2 3.4 3.5 2.8 2.1 2.2 1.5 6.9 7.2
Transportation and public utilities8		97.4	7.9		2.9	3.3	7.7	4.6	2.8	3.2
Railroad transportation ⁸ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation by air Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 421 45 48 49	3.8 28.4 25.4 29.6 13.6	2.9 5.0 7.9 7.3 13.6 2.8 7.9	3.5 3.1 2.7 10.2 1.6	2.4 3.2 2.1 1.8 6.0 0.9 2.2	 3.4	7.9 13.4	2.5 3.5 3.1 2.7 10.2 1.5 3.7	2.1 1.8 6.0	1.5 3.3 1.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Kentucky

	SIC code ³		In	juries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
Industry ²		1998 Annual		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
		average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Wholesale and retail trade		418.3	6.7	2.7	1.7	3.9	6.6	2.7	1.6	3.9
Wholesale trade		85.4	7.3		1.7	4.4	7.1	2.8		4.2
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50		6.5		1.6		6.4	2.4	1.6	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	39.1	8.3		1.9	4.8	7.9	3.4	1.8	4.5
Retail trade		332.9	6.5		1.7	3.8	6.4	2.6		
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 531 54 55 56 57 58 59	42.9 52.0 37.4 12.8 14.1 116.4	6.4 10.5 10.4 7.4 5.5 4.5 5.0 6.3 3.0	2.3	2.3 2.7 2.7 2.2 0.8 1.2 2.5 1.4 0.7	3.3 4.8 4.4 5.0 4.0 2.0 2.2 3.9 2.0	6.4 10.5 10.4 7.4 5.5 4.3 5.0 6.3 2.9	3.1 5.7 6.0 2.4 1.5 2.4 2.8 2.3 0.9	2.2 0.8 1.2 2.5 1.4	1.8 2.2 3.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate		68.8	2.0	0.5	0.4	1.6	1.9	0.4	0.4	1.5
Depository institutions Insurance carriers Real estate	60 63 65	8.5	1.4 2.7 5.2	0.2 0.4 1.8	0.2 0.4 1.4	1.1 2.4 3.5	1.1 2.7 5.2	0.2 0.3 1.8		
Services		388.6	5.2	2.4	1.5	2.8	5.1	2.4	1.5	2.7
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	70 72 75 76 79 80 805 806 82 83 86	16.7 13.5 5.0 15.9 149.7 28.4 64.5 9.9 25.3 8.9	7.5 6.3 5.0 7.6 7.2 7.4 16.3 6.9 3.8 5.2 2.8	2.5 3.3 2.1 3.6 8.4 3.8 1.4 2.1 0.8	1.8 2.0 1.8 2.7 1.4 2.2 4.9 2.1 1.1 1.4	2.0	7.4 6.0 4.9 7.5 6.9 7.2 16.2 6.7 3.8 5.1 2.8	3.6 3.2 2.5 3.3 2.0 3.6 8.4 3.7 1.4 2.0 0.8	1.9 1.8 2.7 1.3 2.1 4.9 2.1 1.1 1.4 0.3	2.4 4.2 4.9 3.7 7.8 3.0 2.5 3.1 2.0
State and local government		234.8	6.5	3.0	2.7	3.5	5.9	2.8	2.5	3.1
State government		75.5	4.4	2.3	2.0	2.1	4.1	2.2	1.9	1.9
Construction			5.0	2.9	2.9	2.1	4.4	2.6	2.6	1.9
Services		46.7	4.5	2.9	2.4	1.6	4.2	2.8	2.3	1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Kentucky

Industry ²	SIC code ³	1998 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Public administration		28.4	4.1	1.4	1.3	2.6	3.9	1.4	1.2	2.6
Justice, public order, and safety Finance, taxation, and monetary policy Administration of human resources	92 93 94	8.7 3.3 4.7	3.2 5.8 5.2	1.0 4.7 0.8	3.7	1.2	3.1 5.8 5.0		3.7	1.2
Local government		159.3	7.9	3.4	3.1	4.5	7.1	3.2	2.9	3.9
Services		109.3	6.1	1.6	1.4	4.5	6.1	1.6	1.4	4.5
Public administration										
Executive, legislative, and general	91	30.6	10.2	5.8	5.4	4.5	8.1	5.2	4.8	2.9

 $^{^{1}}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

work with or without restricted work activity.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

⁽working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

 $^{^{\}rm 2}\,$ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

⁵ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁹ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

⁻⁻ Indicates data not available.