Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998

Alabama

		1998 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Ir	ijuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
Industry ²	SIC code ³		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Private Industry ⁷		1.518.9	7.3	3.4	1.9	3.9	6.9	3.2	1.8	3.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁷		19.2	6.2	3.5	1.8	2.7	5.4	3.1	1.8	2.3
Mining ⁸		10.5	9.3	7.6	7.2	1.8	9.1	7.4	7.1	1.7
Oil and gas extraction	13	2.1	9.7	9.0	9.0	0.7	9.7	9.0	9.0	0.7
Construction		100.1	7.5	3.6	2.5	3.9	7.5	3.6	2.5	3.9
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	15 152 154 16 162 17 171 172 173 174	8.3 18.2 15.4 10.2 58.0 14.9 3.4 11.1 7.9	8.4 5.6 9.6 5.5 7.4 9.7 6.4 4.5 6.9	5.0 3.5 5.6 2.6 2.6 3.2 3.9 3.6 2.2 2.6 5.4	2.9 3.5 2.7 2.2 2.5 2.4 2.8 1.8 2.2 2.0	3.4 2.1 4.0 3.9 3.0 4.2 5.9 2.8 2.3 4.3 9.0	8.3 5.4 6.5 5.5 7.4 9.7 6.3 4.5 6.9	5.0 3.5 5.6 2.6 2.6 3.2 3.9 3.5 2.2 2.6 5.4	3.5 2.6 2.2 2.5 2.4 2.8 1.8 1.8 2.2	2.1 3.8 3.9 3.0 4.2 5.9 2.7 2.3 4.3
Manufacturing		378.9	10.8	5.3	2.1	5.5	9.5	4.7	1.9	4.8
Durable goods		199.0	12.5	6.0	2.6	6.5	11.5	5.6	2.4	5.9
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Wood household furniture Stone. clav. and glass products Concrete. avpsum. and plaster products Primary metal industries Blast furnace and basic steel products Iron and steel foundries Grav and ductile iron foundries Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Fabricated structural metal Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) Industrial machinery and equipment Construction and related machinery Refrigeration and service machinery Industrial machinery. n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Household appliances Electronic components and accessories Miscellaneous electrical equipment	24 25 2511 32 327 33 3311 3322 3321 344 3441 3443 35 353 358 359 363 363	6.1 3.6 9.6 4.4 26.8 8.7 9.3 6.9 22.7 11.9 3.4 2.6 32.0 4.3 3.2 6.1 21.0 3.5 3.7	13.2 10.8 12.7 13.3 12.2 16.8 14.8 11.5 6.4 11.2 4.2	5.6 10.5 5.4 4.4 2.8 5.7 1.2	4.1 2.1 1.8 2.0 1.6 2.5 2.6 3.1 2.2 1.3 2.5 3.0 4.5 5.0 3.2 2.6 1.0	7.0 6.8 9.2 6.6 6.3 9.4 7.1 3.7 5.5 3.0	15.3 11.9 13.4 13.8 7.5 10.6 12.7 11.2 15.1 16.7 12.6 10.5 12.7 13.3 14.1 11.3 5.2 7.8 4.0	5.6 5.6 5.1 3.3 4.2 6.4 5.7 8.0 7.4 4.6 3.6 6.1 5.4 10.3 4.9 4.3 2.1 5.2	2.0 1.7 1.6 2.5 2.4 2.9 2.0 1.1 2.4 2.7 4.5 3.0 2.4 5.0 2.9 2.5 1.0	6.2 7.8 8.7 4.2 6.3 6.3 7.1 9.3 8.0 6.9 6.8 9.2 6.5 6.0 9.2 7.0 3.2 4.2 2.9
and supplies Engine electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment	369 3694 37 371	3.9 27.8	13.4	6.0	0.9 1.2 2.5 3.4		4.4 6.1 10.6 12.4			4.0 5.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Alabama

		1998 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses Injuries							
Industry ²	SIC code ³		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Motor vehicle parts and accessories Aircraft and parts Aircraft Ship and boat building and repairing Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	3714 372 3721 373 39	5.9 3.8 2.9	12.1 8.2 8.7 29.4 10.9	5.3 4.5 4.7 10.0 6.2	1.3 2.0 3.9 2.2	6.8 3.6 4.0 19.4 4.7	10.0 7.3 8.5 22.3 10.1	4.5 4.1 4.7 9.2 5.6	1.2 2.0 3.6 1.9	13.1
Nondurable goods			8.9	4.6	1.6	4.3	7.2	3.7	1.4	3.5
Food and kindred products Meat products Bakery products Textile mill products Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton Knitting mills Hosiery, n.e.c. Yarn and thread mills Miscellaneous textile goods Apparel and other textile products Men's and boys' furnishings Men's and boys' shirts Men's and boys' strousers and slacks Women's and misses' outerwear Girls' and children's outerwear Miscellaneous fabricated textile products Housefurnishings, n.e.c. Paper and allied products Paper mills Paperboard mills Paperboard containers and boxes Miscellaneous converted paper products Printing and publishing Newspapers Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Tires and inner tubes Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c.	20 201 205 22 221 225 228 229 23 232 2321 2325 233 236 2392 26 262 263 265 267 271 301 301 308	13.9 7.1 2.7 3.5 2.6 9.2 6.9 9.1 4.1 3.1 2.6 15.4 4.6 17.5 8.2 6.5	12.8 12.2 9.6 7.8 4.0 8.0 12.0 7.3 8.0 11.0 13.5 12.6 3.8 9.7 6.1 6.3 5.2 6.4.0 5.4 5.3 8.5 14.4 16.7 14.5	7.4 7.6 6.9 4.2 2.1 4.0 4.4 4.8 4.4 4.9 7.0 6.3 1.2 2.7 2.9 2.7 1.3 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.7 3.4 2.6 7.2 9.2 3.9	2.0 1.1 1.4 2.5 0.9 2.1 1.1 1.6 2.5 0.2 1.0 0.4 1.0 0.8 0.8 1.4 1.7 3.7 4.4 2.9 2.9 2.1	5.4 4.5 2.7 3.6 4.0 7.6 2.5 3.4 2.5 6.2 3.4 3.2 2.7 3.4 2.6 7.3 7.1 8.0 6.6	8.9 7.5 8.7 6.6 3.5 6.2 8.8 6.6 7.7 5.7 7.6 10.4 9.1 4.9 4.8 5.3 5.4 5.1 12.6 14.5 11.9	5.3 4.3 5.3 5.2 1.9 2.6 4.3 2.7 3.3 5.2 2.0 2.6 2.6 2.4 6.4 8.0 3.8	1.6 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.9 1.9 0.9 1.4 1.4 2.0 (°) 0.3 0.9 1.1 1.2 0.8 0.6 1.4 1.7 3.2 4.1 2.7 2.8	2.6 2.3 3.2 1.6 3.7 7.0 1.9 3.4 3.0 3.8 4.3 5.2 1.6 6.0 2.5 2.2 3.1 3.7 2.7 3.4 2.5 0.3 6.0 7.9
Transportation and public utilities ⁸		88.6	7.1	3.5	2.5	3.5	7.0	3.5	2.5	3.5
Railroad transportation ⁸ Trucking and warehousing Communications Telephone communications Electric. gas, and sanitary services	40 42 48 481 49	34.3 21.6 15.0		1.0	1.6 3.8 1.0 0.9 1.1	5.3	2.5 10.7 3.0 2.2 4.3	1.9 5.4 1.3 1.0 2.6	1.6 3.8 0.9 0.9 1.1	5.3 1.7
Wholesale and retail trade		436.5	6.5	2.8	1.8	3.7	6.4	2.7	1.8	3.6
Wholesale trade		97.2	6.4	3.2	1.8	3.2	6.2	3.1	1.7	3.1
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	57.5	6.2	2.6	1.4	3.6	6.1	2.5	1.4	3.5
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	39.8	6.8	4.1	2.3	2.7	6.4	4.0	2.2	2.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1998 -- Continued

Alabama

Industry ²	SIC code ³	1998 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Groceries and related products	514	13.4	9.5	5.7	2.0	3.8	9.5	5.7	2.0	3.8
Retail trade		339.3	6.5	2.6	1.8	3.9	6.4	2.6	1.8	3.8
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	53.0 40.3 17.9 13.2 116.0	8.4 11.1 8.2 5.7 2.5 5.4 4.9 5.7	3.9 6.5 1.4 1.6 0.8 2.5 2.3	2.7 3.2 1.3 1.5 0.6 2.2 1.8 1.3		8.4 11.0 8.2 5.7 2.5 5.0 4.8 5.6	1.4 1.6 0.8	3.2 1.3 1.5 0.6 2.1 1.7	4.1 1.8 2.5 2.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate		81.8	2.9	1.2	1.0	1.7	2.6	1.0	0.8	1.6
Real estate	65	15.2	6.6	3.2	2.4	3.4	6.4	3.1	2.3	3.3
Services		403.2	5.2	1.9	1.3	3.2	5.0	1.9	1.3	3.1
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Legal services Educational services Social services Engineering and management services	70 72 73 75 80 805 81 82 83 87	17.3 98.2 15.5 133.4 27.1 12.6 12.4	7.5 2.8 3.7 5.4 7.8 14.7 0.9 3.4 5.0	2.9 1.3 1.5 2.4 2.8 7.4 0.2 0.8 2.0 1.1	2.3 0.9 1.2 1.8 1.6 4.0 (°) 0.7 1.4		7.5 2.6 3.7 5.4 7.6 14.6 0.9 3.4 4.9	2.9 1.3 1.5 2.4 2.7 7.3 0.2 0.8 1.9	0.8 1.2 1.8 1.6 3.9 (⁹)	2.2 3.0 4.9

 $^{^1}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

work with or without restricted work activity.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

⁵ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from

⁷ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁹ Incidence rate less than 0.05.