Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002

(In thousands)

(in thousands)						
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All Industries including State and local government ⁴		149.8	74.8	44.7	30.1	75.0
Private Industry⁴		132.1	66.4	38.4	28.0	65.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁴		1.9	0.7	0.5	0.2	1.2
Agricultural production⁴ Agricultural services	01-02 07	0.5 1.3		0.2 0.3	0.1 0.1	0.3 0.9
Construction		12.6	6.7	5.6	1.1	5.9
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 173 174 175 176	2.7 1.1 1.6 1.4 0.6 0.8 8.4 2.2 1.3 0.8 0.6 1.1	0.7 0.2 0.4 4.6 1.1 0.6 0.8 0.4	1.2 0.6 0.5 0.2 0.4 3.9 0.5 0.6 0.4 0.3	0.2 0.1 (*) 0.7 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1	1.2 0.4 0.8 0.7 0.4 0.4 3.9 1.1 0.7 0.5 0.3
Manufacturing		50.4	26.8	12.3	14.6	23.6
Durable goods		33.9	17.1	8.1	9.0	16.8
Lumber and wood products Sawmills and planing mills Millwork, plywood and structural members Millwork Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Iron and steel foundries Gray and ductile iron foundries Nonferrous foundries (castings) Fabricated metal products Cutlery, handtools, and hardware Fabricated structural metal products Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) Metal forgings and stampings Metal stampings, n.e.c. Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Engines and turbines Farm and garden machinery Farm machinery and equipment	24 242 243 2431 25 251 327 33 332 3321 336 34 342 344 3443 3469 349 35 351 352	4.1 0.8 2.4 1.6 2.6 0.8 1.7 0.9 3.9 2.3 1.8 1.2 6.0 0.4 1.4 0.6 1.1 0.7 7.9 1.0 0.8 0.5	1.2 0.8 1.5 0.4 0.9 0.5 2.0 0.7 0.8 3.1 0.3 0.6 0.3 0.5 3.4 0.4	1.0 0.2 0.5 0.3 0.8 0.2 0.6 0.3 1.0 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.2	0.5 0.7 0.2 0.3 0.1 1.0 0.5 0.3 0.4 1.8 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.3 0.2	1.2 0.8 1.1 0.3 0.8 0.4 1.9 1.3 1.1 0.4 2.9 0.2 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.3 0.7 4.4 0.6 0.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Lawn and garden equipment Construction and related machinery Construction machinery Metalworking machinery Special dies, tools, jigs and fixtures Special industry machinery Paper industries machinery General industrial machinery Computer and office equipment Refrigeration and service machinery Refrigeration and heating equipment Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Electric distribution equipment Electrical industrial apparatus Relays and industrial controls Household appliances Electronic components and accessories Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicle parts and accessories Instruments and related products Measuring and controlling devices Medical instruments and supplies Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Miscellaneous manufactures	3524 353 3531 3544 3544 355 3554 358 3585 3599 36 361 3625 363 367 371 3714 38 382 382 399	0.1 0.7 0.4 1.5 1.0 2.9 0.4 0.5 0.5 3.2 2.0 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.3	0.1 0.4 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.6 (*) 0.4 1.5 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.3 1.6 1.0 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.3 (*) 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 (*) 0.1 0.8 0.5 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.3 (*) 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.9 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.8 0.6 0.2 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.2 0.8 0.6 0.2 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.8 0.6 0.2 0.2 0.1	0.2 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.5 (*) 0.3 0.1 0.9 0.6 1.3 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.3 0.2 1.6 1.0 0.3 0.3 0.1 0.9 0.5
Food and kindred products Meat products Meat products Meat packing plants Sausages and other prepared meats Poultry slaughtering and processing Dairy products Cheese, natural and processed Preserved fruits and vegetables Canned fruits and vegetables Bakery products Beverages Malt beverages Apparel and other textile products	20 201 2011 2013 2015 2022 2032 2033 2055 2082 2082	0.3 0.4	0.5 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1	2.5 1.1 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.6 0.4 0.3 0.1	2.7 0.9 0.4 0.4 0.2 1.0 0.7 0.3 0.2
Paper and allied products Paper mills Paperboard containers and boxes Corrugated and solid fiber boxes Miscellaneous converted paper products Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Commercial printing, lithographic	26 262 265 2653 267 27 271 275 2752	0.8 0.4 0.3 1.3 2.8 0.2 2.2	1.4 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.7 1.5 0.1 1.2	0.6 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.3 0.7 0.1	0.8 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.9 (*)	1.1 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.6 1.2 0.1 1.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c.	28 30 308 3089	3.0 2.8	0.5 1.8 1.7 1.3	0.2 0.8 0.7 0.5	1.0 0.9	0.3 1.2 1.1 0.9
Transportation and public utilities ⁷		7.3	4.5	3.2	1.3	2.9
Railroad transportation ⁷ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation by air Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 421 45 48 49	0.1 0.9 3.3 3.1 1.3 0.5	0.1 0.5 2.2 2.0 0.9 0.3 0.5	0.1 0.4 1.7 1.6 0.5 0.2 0.3	0.1 0.5 0.4 0.4 0.1	(⁸) 0.4 1.2 1.1 0.4 0.2 0.5
Wholesale and retail trade		29.6	13.9	9.1	4.8	15.7
Wholesale trade		11.3	5.8	4.1	1.6	5.6
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	4.4	2.4	1.5	0.9	2.0
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	7.0	3.4	2.7	0.7	3.6
Retail trade		18.2	8.1	5.0	3.1	10.1
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 54 541 55 551 56 57 58 59	1.7 0.2 0.8 5.5	0.8 1.8 1.3 1.1 0.6 0.1 0.4 1.4	0.4 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.7 0.5 0.1 0.3 1.2	0.9 0.6 0.5 0.3 0.2 (⁸) 0.1	1.1 0.1 0.4 4.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate		2.1	0.8	0.7	0.2	1.2
Real estate	65	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3
Services		28.1	12.8	7.0	5.8	15.3
Hotels and other lodging places Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services	70 75 76 80 805 806 82	0.2 14.7 5.3 6.5 0.5	0.5 0.6 0.1 7.1 4.0 2.3 0.2	0.4 0.5 0.1 3.4 1.7 1.3 0.1	0.1 (*) 3.6 2.3 1.0 (*)	0.6 0.7 0.1 7.6 1.3 4.2
State and local government		17.7	8.4	6.3	2.1	9.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
State government		3.6	1.9	1.5	0.4	1.8
Services		2.6	1.4	1.1	0.3	1.2
Health services	80	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.2	0.3
Public administration		1.0	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.6
Justice, public order, and safety	92	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2
Local government		14.0	6.6	4.8	1.7	7.5
Transportation and public utilities		0.5	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.2
Services		6.2	2.3	1.6	0.7	3.9
Health services Educational services	80 82	0.5 4.9		0.2 1.2		
Public administration		6.9	3.7	2.9	0.9	3.2

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes

⁷ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁸ Fewer than 50 cases.