Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002

Vermont

(In thousands)

(In thousands)			Cases with days away from work joh				
Industry <sup>1</sup>		Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction				
	SIC code <sup>2</sup>		Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>3</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases	
All Industries including State and local government <sup>4</sup>		14.9	7.3	4.7	2.6	7.6	
Private Industry <sup>4</sup>		13.3	6.7	4.2	2.5	6.5	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁴		0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)	(8)	
Mining⁵		(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	
Nonmetallic minerals mining <sup>6</sup>	14	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	
Construction		0.9	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.3	
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 16 17 171 179	0.2 0.4 0.1	0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1	0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 (*)	0.1	0.1 0.1 0.1 (*)	
Manufacturing		4.6	2.6	1.2	1.3	2.0	
Durable goods		3.3	1.7	0.9	0.9	1.5	
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Instruments and related products	24 25 32 34 35 38	0.3 0.4 0.3	0.1 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 (*)	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.2  0.1  ( <sup>8</sup> )	0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2	
Nondurable goods		1.3	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.4	
Food and kindred products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	20 26 27 30	0.2	0.5 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	0.3 (*) (*)	0.1 (*) 0.1 0.1	
Transportation and public utilities <sup>7</sup>		0.7	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3	
Railroad transportation <sup>7</sup> Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 48 49	0.1 0.3 ( <sup>8</sup> )	(*) (*) 0.2 (*) (*)	(*) (*) 0.2 (*) (*)	( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> )	(8) 0.1 0.1 (8) (8)	
Wholesale and retail trade		2.5	1.1	0.8	0.4	1.4	
Wholesale trade		0.6	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	0.4	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.2	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

Vermont

(In thousands)

Retail trade	Other recordable cases  1.1  0.1  0.1  0.2  (**)  (**)  0.5  0.2  (**)  0.1
Building materials and garden supplies   52	0.1 0.1 0.2 (*) (*) 0.5 0.2
Food stores	0.1 0.2 (*) (*) 0.5 0.2 (*)
Depository institutions   10	0.1
Insurance agents, brokers, and service Real estate	
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Legal services Educational services Social services Soci	( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> )
Personal services       72       (*) <td>2.4</td>	2.4
State and local government	0.4 (*) 0.2 (*) (*) 0.1 1.2 0.3 0.7 (*) 0.1 0.2 (*) (*) (*)
Oldic and local government	1.1
State government         0.6         0.3         0.2         0.1	0.4
Construction 0.1 (8) (8)	(8)
Public administration   0.3   0.1   0.1   (*)	0.2
Justice, public order, and safety Administration of human resources  92 0.2 (8) (8) (8) (8) (8)	0.1
Local government 1.0 0.4 0.3 (*)	0.7
Transportation and public utilities (8) (8) (8)	(8)
Public administration 0.3 0.1 0.1 (8)	0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

Vermont

(In thousands)

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>3</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Executive, legislative, and general	91	0.1	(8)	(8)	( <sup>8</sup> )	0.1
Services		0.7	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.5
Justice, public order, and safety Environmental quality and housing	92 95		( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> )	( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> )	( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> )	0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> )

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

<sup>7</sup> Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

8 Fewer than 50 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

Oata for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes