Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002

Kentucky

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All Industries including						
State and local government ⁴		97.7	52.4	30.3	22.1	45.3
Private Industry ⁴		85.5	47.3	26.4	20.9	38.2
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁴		1.2	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.5
Agricultural production ⁴ Agricultural services Animal services, except veterinary Landscape and horticultural services	01-02 07 075 078	0.8 0.3	0.5 0.2	0.1 0.4 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.1 (⁸)	0.1 0.4 0.2 0.2
Mining⁵		1.6	1.2	1.1	0.1	0.4
Coal mining ⁶ Bituminous coal and lignite mining ⁶ Nonmetallic minerals mining ⁶	12 122 14	1.5	1.1	1.0 1.0 (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0.4 0.4 (⁸)
Construction		6.3	3.8	2.5	1.2	2.5
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 173 174 176 179	0.6 0.6 1.1 0.2 1.0 3.9 1.6 0.5 0.5 0.5	0.4 0.4 0.8 0.1 0.7 2.2 0.8 0.3 0.4 0.1	0.5 0.3 0.2 0.5 0.1 0.4 1.5 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.3	0.3 0.1 0.3 (⁸) 0.3 0.7 0.2 0.1 0.3 (⁸) 0.1	0.5 0.2 0.3 (⁸) 0.3 1.7 0.9 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.3
Manufacturing		27.5	15.9	6.4	9.5	11.6
Durable goods		19.2	10.8	4.5	6.3	8.3
Lumber and wood products Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, general Millwork, plywood and structural members Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Blast furnace and basic steel products Nonferrous rolling and drawing Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Fabricated metal products, n.e.c. Industrial machinery and equipment Construction and related machinery	24 2421 243 25 32 327 33 331 335 34 344 349 3499 353	0.6 0.4 0.6 0.4 1.1 0.6 1.7 0.4 2.3 0.6 0.7 0.2 2.5	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.6 0.3 0.8 0.1 0.2 1.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.1 1.2	0.3 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.5	0.4 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.4 0.1 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.6 0.1	0.6 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.9 0.2 0.2 1.0 0.3 0.4 0.2 1.0 0.3 0.4 1.3 0.4

See footnotes at end of table.

(In thousands)

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

Kentucky

In thousands)	Kent	ucky				
Industry ¹		Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
	SIC code ²		Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Metalworking machinery General industrial machinery Refrigeration and service machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Electrical industrial apparatus Household appliances Miscellaneous electrical equipment	354 356 358 359 36 362 363	0.5 0.3 0.5 1.3 0.3	0.2 0.2 0.3 0.7 0.2 0.1	0.1 (⁸) 0.2 0.3 0.1 (⁸)	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1	0.2 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.7 0.1 0.2
and supplies Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles and car bodies Motor vehicle parts and accessories Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	369 37 371 3711 3714 38 39	7.6 7.4 4.7 2.3 0.3	0.1 4.5 4.4 2.5 1.6 0.1 0.1	1.4 0.7	0.1 3.1 3.0 1.8 1.0 0.1 0.1	2.1
Nondurable goods		8.3	5.0	1.9	3.2	3.3
Food and kindred products Meat products Bakery products Beverages Distilled and blended liquors Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Men's and boys' furnishings Men's and boys' work clothing Miscellaneous fabricated textile products Paper and allied products Paper and allied products Paperboard containers and boxes Miscellaneous converted paper products Printing and publishing Commercial printing, lithographic Chemicals and allied products Industrial inorganic chemicals Plastics materials and synthetics Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c.	200 2011 2005 2088 2085 222 233 2326 2399 266 265 267 275 2752 2752 2752 2752 275	0.8 0.4 0.5 0.3 0.2 1.3 0.6 0.4 0.6 0.8 0.3 0.5 1.1 0.6 0.5 0.6 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.9	1.2 0.8 0.4	0.1 0.2 0.1 (⁸) 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 (⁸) 0.4 0.3 0.2	0.9 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.3 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 (⁸) (⁸) 0.8 0.5 0.3	0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3
Transportation and public utilities ⁷	10	7.8	5.3		2.8	
Railroad transportation ⁷ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation by air Transportation services Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 421 45 47 48 49	0.3 2.7 1.7 3.0 0.2 0.5		0.8 0.8 1.0 0.1 0.1	(⁸) (⁸) 1.2 0.4 1.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.9 0.1 0.3
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See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

Kentucky

(In thousands)	Kenti	ucky				
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Wholesale and retail trade		20.1	10.4	6.7	3.6	9.7
Wholesale trade		5.6	3.6	2.7	1.0	2.0
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	2.0	1.0	0.7	0.3	1.0
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	3.6	2.6	1.9	0.7	1.0
Retail trade		14.4	6.7	4.0	2.7	7.7
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 531 54 55 56 57 58 59	1.8 2.9 1.8 0.1 0.5 5.1	1.7 1.5 1.2 0.8 (⁸) 0.3 1.6	0.8 0.8 0.5 (⁸) 0.2 1.0	0.8 0.7 0.4 0.3 (⁸) 0.1 0.6	0.5 0.4 0.3 1.6 1.0 0.1 0.2 3.5 0.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate		1.1	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.6
Depository institutions Nondepository institutions Insurance carriers Real estate	60 61 63 65	(⁸) 0.1	(⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) 0.2	0.2 (⁸) (⁸) 0.2
Services		20.0	9.7	6.3	3.4	10.3
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services State and local government	70 72 73 75 76 79 80 805 806 82 83 83 86 83 83	1.2 0.7 0.3 0.6 12.6 4.4 6.0 0.2 2.4 0.1	0.3 0.8 0.4 0.2 0.3 6.0 2.4 2.8 0.1 1.0 (⁸) 0.2	0.2 0.6 0.2 0.1 0.2 3.8 1.5 1.6 0.1 0.7 (⁸) 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.1 2.3 0.9 1.2 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0.3 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.1 0.3 6.6 2.0 3.2 0.1 1.4 0.1 0.3 7.2
State government		3.8	1.7	1.3	0.4	2.1
Services		2.5	1.1	0.8	0.3	1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

Kentucky

(In thousands)	Kentt	JCKY				
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Public administration		1.3	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.7
Justice, public order, and safety Finance, taxation, and monetary policy	92 93	0.5 (⁸)	0.1 (⁸)	0.1 (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸)	0.3 (⁸)
Local government		8.4	3.4	2.6	0.8	5.1
Services		5.1	1.7	1.2	0.5	3.4
Public administration						
Executive, legislative, and general	91	2.4	1.2	1.1	0.1	1.1

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes

OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁷ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries. ⁸ Found that 50 cases

³ Fewer than 50 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.