Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002

Arizona

(In thousands)

(In thousands)						
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All Industries including State and local government ⁴		95.9	46.7	26.0	20.7	49.2
Private Industry ⁴		80.1	39.2	22.0	17.2	40.9
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁴		2.5	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.3
Agricultural production ⁴ Agricultural production-crops ⁴ Agricultural production - livestock ⁴ Agricultural services	01-02 01 02 07	1.0 0.6 0.4 1.5	0.5 0.3 0.3 0.6	0.3 0.2 0.2 0.4	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.5 0.3 0.1 0.9
Mining⁵		0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Metal mining ⁶ Nonmetallic minerals mining ⁶	10 14	0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1	(⁸) 0.1	(⁸) (⁸)	0.1 (⁸)
Construction		12.7	5.9	3.6	2.2	6.9
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 161 161 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	1.4 0.9 0.5 1.5 0.6 9.9 1.7 0.4 1.3 2.0 1.4 0.7 1.1	0.7 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.3 4.3 0.7 0.2 0.5 1.0 0.6 0.3 0.5	0.5 0.3 0.2 0.4 0.1 2.7 0.4 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.2	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 1.6 0.3 (*) 0.2 0.5 0.1 0.1	0.7 0.4 0.2 0.7 0.2 5.5 1.0 0.2 0.8 1.0 0.8 0.4
Manufacturing		8.3	4.7	1.9	2.8	3.7
Durable goods		6.0	3.3	1.4	1.9	2.7
Lumber and wood products Millwork, plywood and structural members Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Nonferrous rolling and drawing Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Sheet metal work Industrial machinery and equipment Refrigeration and service machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment	24 243 25 251 32 33 335 34 344 3444 35 358 3599 36	1.0 0.7 0.4 0.3 0.5 0.3 0.1 1.2 0.8 0.2 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.6	0.1 (⁸) (⁸)	0.3 (*) (*) 0.1 0.1 (*) 0.3 0.2 (*) 0.1 (*) (*)	0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.3 0.2 (*) 0.2 (*) 0.2	0.4 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.4 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

Arizona

(In thousands)

(In thousands)			Casas with	days away fro	m work job	
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Electronic components and accessories Semiconductors and related devices Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Toys and sporting goods	367 3674 37 38 39 394	0.5 0.3 1.0 0.3 0.4 0.2	0.2 0.1 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.2 (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	0.1	0.2 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.2
Nondurable goods		2.4	1.4	0.5	0.9	1.0
Food and kindred products Beverages Bottled and canned soft drinks Miscellaneous food and kindred products Apparel and other textile products	20 208 2086 209 23	1.0 0.6 0.6 0.2 (*)	0.1 (⁸)	0.1 (*) (*) (*) (*)	0.6 0.3 0.3 0.1 (⁸)	0.4 0.2 0.2 (*) (*)
Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Commercial printing, lithographic Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c.	26 27 271 275 2752 28 30 308 3089	0.1 0.6 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.2	0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1	(8) 0.2 0.1 0.1 (8) (8) (8) 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 (⁸) (⁸) 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1
Transportation and public utilities ⁷		5.9	3.4	2.3	1.1	2.5
Railroad transportation ⁷ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 421 48 49	0.1 0.4 2.1 1.7 0.8 0.7	0.1 0.2 1.2 0.9 0.4 0.5	0.1 0.2 0.9 0.8 0.1	(⁸) 0.2 0.1	(*) 0.1 0.9 0.8 0.4 0.3
Wholesale and retail trade		22.6	11.1	5.6	5.6	11.5
Wholesale trade		6.5	3.2	1.5	1.6	3.3
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	3.4	1.6	0.9	0.7	1.8
Retail trade		16.1	7.9	4.0	3.9	8.2
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places	522 521 533 531 541 551 551 56 57	1.1 0.7 3.1 2.8 2.1 2.1 2.3 1.2 0.3 1.0 4.4	0.5	0.3 0.2 0.8 0.7 0.3 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.2	0.1 1.1 1.0 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.1	0.7 0.4 1.2 1.1 1.1 1.2 0.6 0.1 0.5 2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

Arizona

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Miscellaneous retail	59	1.9	1.2	0.5	0.7	0.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate		2.5	1.3	0.7	0.6	1.3
Real estate	65	1.2	0.7	0.4		0.5
Services		25.2	11.5	7.1	4.4	13.7
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services	70 72 75 76 79 80 805 806 82 83	0.7 1.3 0.4 1.1 9.8 1.5 5.5	0.4 0.4 0.2 0.5 3.7 0.9 1.8	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.1 0.3 2.1 0.4 1.1 0.1	1.2 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.1 1.7 0.6 0.7 (*)	0.9 0.3 0.9 0.2 0.6 6.1 3.7 0.3 0.9
State and local government		15.8	7.5	4.0	3.5	8.3
State government		1.6	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.8
Local government		14.2	6.7	3.4	3.3	7.5
Construction		0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Transportation and public utilities		0.9	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.4
Public administration		6.3	3.3	1.4	1.9	3.1

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes

Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁸ Fewer than 50 cases.