Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002

(In thousands)

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>3</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Private Industry <sup>4</sup>		66.7	33.7	15.9	17.8	33.0
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>4</sup>		0.9	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.4
Mining <sup>5</sup>		0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4
Construction		5.5	2.5	1.6	0.8	3.0
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 172 173 174 176 179	0.3 0.8 0.9 0.6 0.3 3.6 1.5 (*) 0.5 0.5	0.3 0.2 0.1 1.7 0.7 (*) 0.3 0.2 0.2	0.3 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 1.2 0.4 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.3 0.1 0.1	0.2 (*) 0.2 0.1 0.5 0.3 (*) (*) 0.1	0.6 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.2 1.5 0.8 (*) 0.2 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.7
Manufacturing		25.0	13.6	4.9	8.7	11.4
Durable goods		15.7	8.0	3.4	4.6	7.5
Lumber and wood products Logging Sawmills and planing mills Millwork, plywood and structural members Miscellaneous wood products Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Wood household furniture Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Blast furnace and basic steel products Iron and steel foundries Gray and ductile iron foundries Nonferrous rolling and drawing Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Fabricated structural metal Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) Industrial machinery and equipment Construction and related machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Household appliances Electronic components and accessories	24 241 242 243 249 25 251 2511 32 327 33 331 332 3321 335 34 344 3441 3443 35 353 359 363	0.4 0.2 1.0 0.5 2.3 0.7 1.0 0.9 0.3 2.1 0.9 0.4 0.3 1.8 0.2 0.3 0.8	0.2 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.7 0.2 0.1 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.9 0.1 0.2	0.7 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.1 (*) (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.2 (*) 0.4 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.8 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.7 0.1 (*)	(*)  0.3  0.6  0.7  0.5  0.2  (*)  0.6  0.7  0.7  0.8  0.9  0.9  0.9  0.9  0.9  0.9  0.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

(In thousands)

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>3</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Engine electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicle parts and accessories Aircraft and parts Aircraft Ship and boat building and repairing Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Nondurable goods	3694 37 371 3714 372 3721 373 38 39	0.1 3.0 1.3 0.3 0.6 0.4 0.7 0.3 0.3	0.1 1.6 0.7 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.4 0.1 0.1	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.6 0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 0.1 0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> )	0.5 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> )	0.1 1.4 0.6 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.2
Food and kindred products Meat products Textile mill products Knitting mills Hosiery, n.e.c. Yarn and thread mills Miscellaneous textile goods Apparel and other textile products Men's and boys' furnishings Miscellaneous fabricated textile products Housefurnishings, n.e.c. Paper and allied products Paper mills Paperboard mills Paperboard containers and boxes Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Chemicals and allied products Plastics materials and synthetics Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Tires and inner tubes Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c.	20 201 22 225 2252 228 229 23 239 2392 26 262 263 265 27 271 275 28 282 282 30 301 308 3089	3.6 2.6 1.5 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.6 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2 (*) 2.0 1.1 0.6 0.3	1.7 0.8 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.1 0.3 (*) 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.5 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2	0.1 (*) 0.1 0.1 (*) 0.2 (*) 0.1 (*) 0.1 (*) 0.1 (*) 0.1 (*) 0.1 (*) 0.3 0.1 (*)	1.6 0.6 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 (*) (*) (*) (*) 0.1 (*) 0.8 0.4 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	1.4 0.9 0.7 0.3 0.2 0.2 (*) 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1
Transportation and public utilities <sup>7</sup>		3.9	2.3	1.7	0.6	1.6
Railroad transportation <sup>7</sup> Trucking and warehousing Communications Telephone communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services	40 42 48 481 49 491	0.1 2.0 0.3 0.2 0.7 0.3	0.1 1.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2	0.1 0.9 0.2 0.1 (*)	0.1 0.1	(*) 0.9 0.1 0.1 0.5 0.1
Wholesale and retail trade		16.2	8.0	3.3	4.6	8.3
Wholesale trade		4.6	2.8	1.2	1.6	1.9
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	2.3	1.4	0.6	0.8	0.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

(In thousands)

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>3</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products	51 514	2.4 1.4	1.4 0.8	0.7 0.4	0.7 0.4	1.0 0.6
Retail trade		11.6	5.2	2.1	3.0	6.4
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	1.8 1.2 0.2 0.6 2.6 0.6	1.0 0.4 0.1 0.3 0.3	0.4 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2	0.6 0.2 (*) 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.8 0.8 0.1 0.3 2.3 0.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate		1.3		0.2	0.1	1.0
Real estate	65		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4
Services		13.7	6.5	3.7	2.7	7.2
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Personnel supply services Auto repair, services, and parking Health services Nursing and personal care facilities	70 72 73 736 75 80	0.7 0.4 1.6 0.2 0.4 7.5 3.5	0.3 0.2 0.9 0.1 0.2 3.6 2.0	0.1 0.1 0.6 0.1 0.1 1.8 1.1	0.2 (*) 0.3 (*) (*) 1.8 0.9	0.4 0.2 0.7 0.1 0.3 3.9 1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

(In thousands)

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>3</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Hospitals Legal services Educational services Social services Engineering and management services	806 81 82 83 87	0.1 0.5 0.9	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 0.3	( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.2	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.4 0.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes

Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Fewer than 50 cases.