Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002

Industry ²	SIC code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All Industries including State and local government ⁵		5.1	4.0	3.9	0.1	1.1
Private Industry⁵		4.5	3.6	3.5	0.1	1.0
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁵		5.1	4.8	4.8	(°)	0.3
Agricultural production ⁵ Agricultural production-crops ⁵ Agricultural production - livestock ⁵	01-02 01 02	5.2 4.5 6.6	4.9 4.0 6.6	4.9 4.0 6.6	(°)	0.3 (°)
Mining ⁶		4.3	4.1	4.0	0.1	0.3
Construction		4.9	4.4	4.1	0.3	0.5
Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work	16 161 162 17 171 173	5.3 6.6 4.1 5.0 6.9 4.3	4.9 6.3 3.6 4.0 4.0 3.5	4.5 6.0 3.2 3.5 4.0 2.5	 0.4 (⁹)	 1.0 2.9 0.8
Manufacturing		5.3	4.0	3.8	0.1	1.4
Durable goods		6.1	4.8	4.6	0.2	1.3
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Ready-mixed concrete Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Metal doors, sash, and trim Electronic and other electric equipment Communications equipment Instruments and related products Surgical appliances and supplies	24 25 32 3273 344 3442 36 366 38 3842	3.9 8.3 11.0 11.8 13.7 11.4 10.5 10.0 3.8 4.8 3.8	9.3 2.5 2.4 2.5	3.2 7.6 9.4 10.3 11.2 10.0 10.1 9.3 2.5 2.4 2.2	(9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9)	0.7 1.6 1.5 2.5 1.4 1.3 2.4 1.2
Nondurable goods		4.9	3.5	3.4	0.1	1.4
Food and kindred products Meat products Dairy products Miscellaneous food and kindred products Tobacco products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Paperboard containers and boxes Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Drugs Pharmaceutical preparations	20 201 202 209 21 23 26 265 27 28 283 2834	6.2 5.0 6.7 3.8 7.9 7.6 9.9 8.2 3.0 2.6 2.5 2.5	5.1 4.7 6.2 3.0 7.7 5.8 8.5 7.0 1.7 1.2 1.0	5.1 4.6 6.2 3.0 7.7 5.8 8.5 7.0 1.7 1.1 0.9	(°) (°) (°) (°) (°) 0.1	1.1 0.5 0.7 0.2 1.8 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

Industry ²	SIC code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Leather and leather products	30 308 31		4.1 4.1 12.8	3.6 3.6 12.8	0.4	1.2 0.7 3.4
Transportation and public utilities ⁸		3.1	2.4	2.4	0.1	0.6
Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation services Communications	42 421 47 48	1.9 2.1 1.9 2.5	1.9 2.0 1.5 1.8	1.4 1.5 1.5 1.8	0.5 (⁹)	0.1 0.1 0.4 0.7
Wholesale and retail trade		4.8	4.1	4.0	0.1	0.7
Wholesale trade		2.0	1.5	1.5	(°)	0.5
Wholesale tradedurable goods Hardware, plumbing and heating equipment	50 507	1.5 1.0	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0	· · ·	(°)
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries Groceries and related products	51 512 514	2.4 2.1 2.6	1.9 1.3 2.2	1.9 1.3 2.2	(°)	0.4 0.8
Retail trade		5.6	4.8	4.7	0.1	0.8
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Department stores Variety stores Miscellaneous general merchandise stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations Auto and home supply stores Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail Drug stores and proprietary stores	52 533 531 539 54 541 55 553 554 56 57 571 58 59	11.2 6.5 2.5 8.4 9.3 3.4 4.6 0.8 4.6 3.2 3.3 5.8		4.9 5.7 7.0 5.4 2.5 7.7 8.4 2.5 4.5 0.7 2.7 3.2 3.3 5.4 2.2 3.0	0.9 1.5 (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°)	0.4 1.8 2.7 1.1 (°) 0.5 0.6 0.9 0.1 0.1 1.9 (°) (°) 0.3 0.6 0.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate		3.9	3.1	3.1		0.8
Depository institutions Nondepository institutions Insurance carriers	60 61 63	3.6	1.8 2.9 2.5	1.7 2.8 2.5	(°)	1.2 0.7 0.8
Services		4.0	2.8	2.7	0.1	1.3
Hotels and other lodging places Hotels and motels Personal services	70 701 72	5.1	4.4 4.5 1.7	4.4 4.5 1.7	(°)	0.6 0.6 0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

Industry ²	SIC code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Business services Miscellaneous business services Auto repair, services, and parking Automotive repair shops Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Hospitals Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Colleges and universities Social services Individual and family services Child day care services Membership organizations Engineering and management services State and local government State government Transportation and public utilities	73 738 75 753 76 79 80 806 82 821 822 83 832 835 86	2.6 2.8 4.9 3.4 6.1 8.4 3.8 2.1 4.8 2.7 3.2	3.1 1.4 2.0 2.6 4.5 2.9 3.0 3.6 2.4 1.8 2.0 4.0 2.5 2.5 1.6 0.6	3.1 1.4 2.0 2.6 4.4 2.9 3.6 2.3 1.4 2.0 3.6 2.5 1.6 0.5	(°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°)	0.2 (**) 0.6 0.1 0.3 0.5 3.1 4.8 1.4 0.3 1.2 0.8 0.4 0.1 1.4 1.6 0.8
Services		4.9	3.7	3.7	(°)	1.1
Elementary and secondary schools	821	2.9	2.4	2.4	(°)	0.5
Public administration		6.6	4.7	4.6	0.1	1.9
Justice, public order, and safety Administration of human resources Environmental quality and housing Administration of economic programs	92 94 95 96	-	4.4 7.8 4.4 2.9	4.3 7.8 4.4 2.9	0.1 (°) (°) (°)	1.0 5.4 1.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

Industry ²	SIC code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Local government		7.1	6.0	6.0	(°)	1.1
Public administration		7.1	6.0	6.0	(°)	1.1
Executive, legislative, and general	91	7.1	6.0	6.0	(°)	1.1

 $^{^{1}}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁹ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}\,$ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1,