Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002

New Jersey

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Industry ²	SIC code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with tran			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All Industries including State and local government ⁵		4.9	2.6	1.9	0.7	2.3
Private Industry⁵		4.3	2.3	1.6	0.7	2.0
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁵		5.3	2.8	2.4	0.4	2.6
Agricultural services Veterinary services Landscape and horticultural services	07 074 078	6.3 15.6 3.5	3.3 6.6 2.1	2.8 6.1 1.8	0.5 0.5 0.3	2.9 1.4
Mining ⁶		5.9	1.9	1.6	0.3	4.0
Construction		7.2	3.6	2.9	0.7	3.6
General building contractors Residential building construction Operative builders Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 153 154 16 161 162 17 171 173 174 175 176	5.0 4.6 2.8 6.6 9.5 6.3 11.3 7.5 9.2 8.4 6.4 7.1 4.6 7.0 7.0	2.1 1.9 2.4 2.5 4.7 3.7 5.2 3.9 3.8 4.1 4.3 2.2 4.9 4.5	1.9 1.8 2.3 2.1 3.6 3.0 3.9 3.1 2.6 3.8 2.2 4.5 3.3	0.4 1.1 0.7 1.3 0.8 0.6 1.1 0.3 0.5 (⁹)	3.0 2.8 4.1 4.9 2.6 6.1 3.6 5.3 4.6 2.3 2.7 2.4 2.1 2.5
Durable goods		6.1	3.1	1.6		3.0
Lumber and wood products Millwork, plywood and structural members Furniture and fixtures Partitions and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Glass and glassware, pressed or blown Products of purchased glass Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products Primary metal industries Blast furnace and basic steel products Nonferrous rolling and drawing Nonferrous foundries (castings) Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Sheet metal work Screw machine products, bolts, etc. Metal forgings and stampings	24 243 25 254 32 322 323 337 329 33 331 335 336 344 3444 345 346	8.8 12.5 8.5 6.0 9.5 13.3 6.3 11.9 3.8 9.4 14.6 5.1 10.9 7.4 8.0 12.3 3.2 6.6	6.7 2.4 4.3 3.0 4.7 6.8 3.4 4.8 3.5 4.6 7.5	2.4 3.4 3.9 3.4 2.2 2.8 1.4 2.7 3.0 2.5 5.8 1.0 3.0 2.1 3.9 1.5	3.7 5.3 3.0 0.5 2.7 4.0 1.0 1.6 (⁹) 2.2 1.0 2.4 1.8 1.4 2.1 3.6	2.7 3.8 1.7 2.0 4.7 6.5 3.8 4.7 7.8 1.6 6.1 3.9 3.4 4.8 1.6 4.0

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

New Jersey

		Total recordable cases	Cases with tran			
Industry ²	SIC code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Metal services, n.e.c. Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Metalworking machinery Special dies, tools, jigs and fixtures General industrial machinery Refrigeration and heating equipment Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic components and accessories Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles and car bodies Ship and boat building and repairing Instruments and related products Medical instruments and supplies Surgical appliances and supplies Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies Miscellaneous manufactures Signs and advertising specialities Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Meat products Dairy products Preserved fruits and vegetables Beverages Miscellaneous food and kindred products Apparel and other textile products Women's and misses' outerwear Miscellaneous fabricated textile products Paper and allied products Paperboard containers and boxes Corrugated and solid fiber boxes Miscellaneous converted paper products Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing, lithographic	347 349 35 354 3544 3566 3585 359 367 371 3711 3731 384 3842 39 395 3993 3993 201 202 203 208 209 201 202 203 208 209 23 233 246 265 265 267 277 271 275 2752	5.5 7.9 4.8 7.6 7.4 7.3 6.0 12.0 7.8 3.1	2.6 2.2 1.3 1.7 3.2 3.2 3.3 1.6 5.7 1.2 1.4 1.7 3.3 2.5 3.6 4.4 2.8 5.1 3.9 4.4 3.0 10.9 4.7 1.5 2.4 1.5 3.8 4.8 4.1 3.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4	(°) 1.9 1.5 0.8 0.9 2.1 2.8 2.5 1.0 2.4 1.8 1.1 4.7 0.4 2.2 1.5 2.4 3.1 1.6 2.9 2.1 3.4 1.2 3.8 3.7 1.0 0.9 1.4 2.5 3.4 2.9 2.1 2.2 2.4 2.1	restriction (*) 0.7 0.7 0.7 1.1 0.4 0.9 0.6 3.5 5.4 7.2 1.1 0.8 1.0 1.5 1.1 0.9 1.2 1.3 1.2 2.2 1.8 1.0 1.9 7.0 1.1 0.5 1.1 0.9 0.1 1.2 1.4 1.2 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.9 0.9 1.2	4.6 6.1 6.4 3.9 0.9 2.2 4.6 1.9 3.5 2.0 2.4 3.5 2.8 3.0 1.1 3.0 1.6 0.5 0.6 3.0 4.2 3.9 2.4 4.4
Blankbooks and bookbinding Chemicals and allied products Drugs Pharmaceutical preparations Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Toilet preparations Industrial organic chemicals Miscellaneous chemical products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	2752 278 283 2834 2844 2844 286 289 30 308 31	5.9 5.9 2.6 2.3 3.6 4.6 4.7 7.0 7.5 3.4	5.0 1.6 1.1 1.0 2.4 3.2 3.1 0.8 4.2 4.7	2.7 0.7 0.5 0.8 1.0 1.9 1.9 2.0	1.2 2.3 0.9 0.6 0.5 1.6 2.2 1.2 0.7 2.3 2.6 0.1	1.0 1.3 1.5 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.6 0.8 2.8

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

New Jersey

Industry ²		SIC Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Transportation and public utilities ⁸		5.4	3.4	2.4	1.0	2.0
Railroad transportation ⁸ Local and interurban passenger transit Local and suburban transportation Bus charter service School buses Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Water transportation Water transportation services Transportation by air Air transportation, scheduled Transportation services Freight transportation arrangement Communications Telephone communications Cable and other pay television services Electric, gas, and sanitary services Water supply Sanitary services	40 411 414 415 42 421 44 449 45 451 47 473 48 481 484 49 494	5.2 5.7 7.8 7.1 4.1 6.9 6.7 3.3 3.6 11.6 1.1 1.1 2.3 1.8 8.5 3.9 13.5 4.7	4.0 3.5 5.6 4.8 1.8 4.3 4.1 1.7 1.8 7.7 8.2 0.5 0.5 1.3 2.8 2.6 9.7 3.8	4.0 3.0 4.4 4.8 1.7 2.9 2.9 1.5 1.7 6.3 0.3 0.3 0.8 0.6 2.8 1.6 7.3 2.8	(⁹) 1.2 (⁹) 0.1 1.5 1.2 0.2 0.1 2.0 1.9 0.2 0.4 0.5 (⁹) 1.0 2.4 1.0	4.4 0.6 0.5 0.6 1.3 3.8
Wholesale and retail trade		4.2	2.3	1.6	0.7	2.0
Wholesale trade		3.7	2.2	1.5	0.7	1.5
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	3.1	1.5	1.1	0.3	1.6
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Paper and paper products Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries Apparel, piece goods, and notions Groceries and related products Chemicals and allied products Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	51 511 512 513 514 516 518	7.8 1.7	3.2 2.1 0.9 1.4 6.5 1.5 5.6	2.0 1.5 0.8 0.8 3.4 1.3 4.4	1.2 0.7 0.1 0.6 3.1 	1.2 1.2 0.6 1.5 1.3 3.6
Retail trade		4.5	2.3	1.7	0.6	2.3
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Auto and home supply stores Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores	52 521 53 531 54 541 55 551 553 56	5.4 6.0	3.7 4.5 4.6 4.8 3.2 3.6 1.8 2.0 3.5 1.7	1.7 2.9 1.1	0.8 0.9 0.9 1.1 0.3 0.3 0.7 0.5 0.6	3.5 2.4 2.3 3.1 3.7 2.6 3.4 2.5 1.7

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

New Jersey

1 1 2		SIC Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	58 59	3.5 3.1	1.2 2.0	1.0 1.2	0.1 0.8	2.3 1.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate		1.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.6
Real estate	65	3.0	1.6	1.3	0.3	1.5
Services		3.9	2.0	1.4	0.6	2.0
Hotels and other lodging places Hotels and motels Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Automotive repair shops Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Miscellaneous amusement, recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services Child day care services Residential care State and local government State government Construction	70 701 72 73 75 753 76 78 79 80 805 806 82 83 835 836	6.8 11.9 9.3 2.6 4.3 2.4	4.6 4.6 1.6 1.1 1.7 1.6 0.8 2.3 1.4 3.2 6.2 4.3 1.3 2.3 1.2 4.5	1.9 1.8 1.1 0.9 1.5 1.3 1.6 0.8 1.5 1.0 2.4 3.8 3.4 0.9 1.5 0.9 2.8	2.7 2.8 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.3 (°) (°) 0.8 0.3 0.8 2.4 0.9 0.4 0.8 0.3 1.7	0.6 1.0 1.3 0.9 1.5 2.4 2.7 3.6 5.7 4.9 1.4 2.1
Transportation and public utilities		9.6	8.0	7.3	0.7	1.6
Local and interurban passenger transit Transportation services	41 47	6.1 15.0	6.0 12.9	6.0 11.3	(⁹) 1.6	0.1 2.1
Services		9.1	5.6	4.5	1.1	3.5
Amusement and recreation services Health services Educational services Colleges and universities Social services Residential care	79 80 82 822 83 836	17.9	11.2	1.8 7.3 1.1 1.1 7.4 9.4		1.5 5.7 6.6
Public administration		3.9	2.0	1.8		1.9
Justice, public order, and safety Courts Public order and safety	92 921 922	5.4 3.4 6.5	3.1 1.7 3.8	2.7 1.2 3.5	0.4 0.5 0.4	1.7

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

New Jersey

		Total recordable cases	Cases with tran			
Industry ²	SIC code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Police protection Correctional institutions Finance, taxation, and monetary policy Administration of human resources Environmental quality and housing Administration of economic programs	9221 9223 93 94 95		2.5	1.7 5.2 2.5 0.5 1.5 0.4	(°)	1.7 4.0 4.7 0.4 1.0 0.6
Local government		9.3	4.6	3.9	0.7	4.7
Transportation and public utilities		15.3	9.0	6.7	2.4	6.3
Electric, gas, and sanitary services Sanitary services	49 495	15.3 15.0		6.7 6.3	2.4 2.6	6.3 6.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate		13.5	6.6	6.0	0.5	7.0
Services		7.9	3.2	2.7	0.5	4.7
Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Colleges and universities Vocational schools Social services	79 80 805 806 82 821 822 824 83	14.9 13.5 7.7 7.9 5.1	9.1 12.2 7.6 2.9 2.9 1.9 3.9	5.5 6.6 8.7 5.6 2.5 2.6 1.6 3.1	3.5 2.0 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.9	5.9 4.8 4.9 3.3 1.1
Public administration		11.0	6.4	5.6	0.9	4.6
Executive, legislative, and general Justice, public order, and safety Public order and safety	91 92 922	10.2 12.3 12.3	7.4	4.8 6.8 6.8	1.1 0.6 0.6	

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2002 -- Continued

New Jersey

Industry ²	SIC code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with tran			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Police protection Correctional institutions Fire protection Administration of human resources Environmental quality and housing	9221 9223 9224 94 95	12.5 6.1	8.4 7.6 3.4	7.3 7.3	0.3 0.9	3.5 4.9 2.7

 $^{^{1}}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

- ² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.
- ³ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.
- ⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 - ⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.
- ⁶ Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1,

2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

Incidence rate less than 0.05.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.