Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001

West Virginia

(In thousands)

(In thousands)	1								
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Injuries and Illnesses					Inju	ries	
		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
Private Industry ⁵		34.2	18.5	16.2	15.7	32.2	17.5	15.4	14.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁵		0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Mining ⁶		1.8	1.3	1.2	0.6	1.6	1.2	1.1	0.4
Coal mining ⁷ Bituminous coal and lignite mining ⁷ Oil and gas extraction	12 122 13	1.5 1.5 0.3	1.1 1.1 0.2	1.0 1.0 0.2	0.5 0.5 0.1	1.3 1.3 0.3	1.0	0.9	0.3
Construction		2.4	1.1	1.0	1.3	2.3	1.1	1.0	1.3
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17	0.5 0.3 0.2 0.6 0.3 0.3 1.3	0.3 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.5	0.3 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.5	0.1 0.3 0.1 0.2	0.5 0.2 0.6 0.3 0.3 1.3	0.1 0.3 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.3 0.1 0.2
Manufacturing		7.5	4.5	3.4	3.0	6.8	4.2	3.1	2.6
Durable goods		5.4	3.1	2.3	2.4	4.9	2.8	2.1	2.1
Lumber and wood products Logging Sawmills and planing mills Millwork, plywood and structural members Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products	24 241 242 243 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	1.1 0.1 0.5 0.2 0.6 1.2 0.7 0.9 0.2 0.4 0.1		0.6 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.5 0.1 0.1	(°) 0.1 0.3 0.5 0.4	1.1 0.1 0.5 0.6 1.1 0.6 0.9 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.3 0.7 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.3 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.5 0.1	(°) 0.1 0.3 0.4 0.4
Nondurable goods		2.1	1.5	1.1	0.6	1.9	1.4	1.0	0.5
Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products	26 27 28	0.2 0.3 0.4	0.2	0.1 0.2 0.1	(⁹) 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.3 0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1
Transportation and public utilities ⁸		2.0	1.4	1.2	0.7	2.0	1.3	1.2	0.7
Railroad transportation ⁸ Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 42 421 48 49	0.1 0.9 0.8 0.1 0.4	0.1	0.1		0.1 0.9 0.8 0.1 0.4	0.5 0.5 0.1	0.5 0.5 0.1	0.4 0.4
Wholesale and retail trade		9.3	5.0	4.5	4.3	9.1	4.8	4.4	4.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

West Virginia

(In thousands)

(III tilousarius)		Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
Industry ¹	SIC code ²		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
		Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
Wholesale trade		2.0	1.4	1.3	0.6	2.0	1.4	1.3	0.6
Wholesale tradedurable goods Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	50 501	1.3 0.4		0.8 0.2	0.5 0.1	1.3 0.4			
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.2
Retail trade		7.2	3.6	3.1	3.7	7.1	3.4	3.1	3.7
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Department stores Variety stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 531 541 541 55 56 57 58 59	0.5 1.3 1.1 0.1 1.4 1.1 0.2 0.1 2.2 0.3	0.8 0.1 0.7 0.7 0.5 0.1 (°)	0.1 0.7 0.7 0.5 0.1 (°)	0.2 0.4 0.3 0.1 0.7 0.6 0.1 0.1 1.4	0.5 1.3 1.1 0.1 1.4 1.1 0.2 0.1 2.2 0.3	0.3 0.9 0.8 0.1 0.7 0.5 0.1 (*) 0.7 0.2	0.7 0.6 0.1 0.7 0.7	0.1 0.7 0.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate		0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1
Depository institutions Nondepository institutions Real estate	60 61 65	0.1 0.1 0.1	(°)	0.1 (⁹) 0.1	0.1 (⁹)	0.1 (⁹) 0.1	(⁹) (⁹) 0.1	(⁹) (⁹) 0.1	0.1 (⁹) (⁹)
Services		10.6	5.0	4.7	5.6	9.8	4.6	4.4	5.2
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals	70 72 73 75 76 78 79 80 805 806	0.6 0.2 0.9 0.3 0.3 (⁹) 0.6 6.3 2.4 3.0	0.1 0.5 0.1 0.1 (°) 0.3 2.9 1.7	0.1 0.1 (°) 0.3 2.8 1.7	0.4 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.3 3.3 0.7 2.0	0.5 0.2 0.6 0.3 0.3 (⁹) 0.6 6.0 2.3 2.9	(°) 0.3 2.8	0.1 0.4 0.1 0.1 (°) 0.2 2.7 1.6	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

(In thousands)

West Virginia

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
Legal services Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	81 82 83 86 87	0.9 0.1	(°)	(⁹) (⁹) 0.4 (⁹) 0.1	0.1	(⁹) 0.1 0.9 0.1 0.2	(°)	(⁹) (⁹) 0.4 (⁹) 0.1	(⁹) (⁹) 0.5 0.1 0.1

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁷ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in this industry

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Fewer than 50 cases.