Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001

New Mexico

(In	thousands)
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(In thousands)									
	SIC code ²	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry ¹			Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government ⁵		30.2	15.1	10.6	15.1	29.7	14.9	10.4	14.8
Private Industry ⁵		23.1	12.0	8.6	11.1	22.7	11.8	8.4	10.9
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁵		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.3
Agricultural production ⁵ Agricultural production-crops ⁵ Agricultural production - livestock ⁵ Agricultural services	01-02 01 02 07	0.3 0.1 0.2 0.3	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.1 (°) 0.1 0.1	0.1 (°) 0.2	0.3 0.1 0.2 0.3	0.1 0.1	(°) 0.1	0.1 (⁹) 0.2
Mining ⁶		0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2
Metal mining ⁷ Coal mining ⁷ Oil and gas extraction Oil and gas field services Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ⁷ Chemical and fertilizer minerals ⁷	10 12 13 138 14 147	(°) 0.1 0.6 0.5 0.1 (°)	0.4		(⁹) (⁹) 0.1 0.1 (⁹) (⁹)	(⁹) 0.1 0.5 0.5 0.1 (⁹)	0.4 0.4	(9) (9) (9) (9)	(⁹) (⁹) 0.1 0.1 (⁹)
Construction		2.4	1.4	1.1	1.0	2.4	1.4	1.1	1.0
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 17 171 173 176 179	0.5 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.4 0.1	0.2 0.1 0.9 0.2	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.8 0.2 0.1 (°)	0.3 0.2 (°)	0.5 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.2 1.5 0.5 0.4 0.1	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.9 0.2 0.2	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.7 0.2 0.1 (°)	(°) 0.2 0.1 (°) 0.7 0.3 0.2 (°)
Manufacturing		2.5	1.3	0.9	1.2	2.5	1.3	0.9	1.2
Durable goods									
Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	32 327 33 34 35 37 38 39	0.2 0.1 0.4 0.1 0.4 0.1 0.1 (°)	0.1 0.2 (°) 0.2 0.1	0.1 (°) 0.1	0.1		0.1 0.1 0.2 (°) 0.2 (°)	(9)	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.3 (°) (°)
Nondurable goods		1.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.4
Food and kindred products Miscellaneous food and kindred products Printing and publishing	20 209 27	0.4 0.2 0.1		(9)	0.2 0.1 (⁹)	0.4 0.2 0.1	0.1	(9)	0.2 0.1 (⁹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

New Mexico

(In thousands)

(In thousands)		Injuries and Illnesses Injuries							
		<u> </u>				 			
	SIC	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry ¹	code ²		Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
Newspapers Commercial printing	271 275	0.1 (°)	(⁹)	(₉)	(°)	0.1 (°)	(°)	(°)	(⁹)
Transportation and public utilities8		1.8	1.0	0.8	0.7	1.8	1.0	0.8	0.7
Railroad transportation ⁸ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Transportation by air Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 45 49	(°) 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.3		0.2	(⁹) 0.1 0.1 0.2	(°) 0.2 0.3 0.3	0.2 0.3	0.2 0.3	0.1
Wholesale and retail trade		7.2	3.5	2.4	3.8	7.2	3.5	2.4	3.7
Wholesale trade		1.2	0.7	0.4	0.5	1.2	0.7	0.4	0.5
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3
Retail trade		6.0	2.8	2.0	3.2	6.0	2.8	2.0	3.2
Building materials and garden supplies Food stores Eating and drinking places	52 54 58	0.4 0.8 2.2	0.2 0.3 0.8	0.2	0.5	0.4 0.8 2.2	0.3	0.2	0.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate		0.4	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.3
Services		7.3	3.8	2.6	3.5	7.2	3.7	2.6	3.5
Auto repair, services, and parking Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Engineering and management services	75 79 80 805 806 82 87	0.2 0.4 3.2 0.9 1.7 0.2 1.1	0.1 0.1 1.6 0.6 0.7 0.1 0.6	1.2 0.5 0.5 (°)	1.0 0.1	0.2 0.4 3.2 0.9 1.6 0.2 1.0	0.1 1.5 0.6 0.7 0.1	0.1 1.1 0.4 0.5 (⁹)	1.0 0.1
State and local government		7.1	3.1	2.0	4.0	7.0	3.1	2.0	4.0
State government		1.8	0.8	0.4	1.0	1.7	0.8	0.4	0.9
Construction		(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(⁹)
Services									
Health services Social services Individual and family services	80 83 832	0.6 0.2 0.1	0.4 0.1 0.1	0.1	0.3 0.1 (⁹)	0.6 0.2 0.1			0.3 0.1 (⁹)
Public administration		0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

New Mexico

(In thousands)

	SIC	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry ¹	code ²	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
Local government		5.4	2.3	1.6	3.0	5.3	2.3	1.5	3.0
Transportation and public utilities		0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2
Services		3.1	1.2	0.8	1.8	3.1	1.2	0.8	1.8
Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	82 821	2.3 2.1	0.8 0.7						

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁷ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in this industry

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Fewer than 50 cases.