## Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001

Nebraska

In thousands)									
		Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
		Total cases Tota	Total <sup>3</sup>	With days away from work <sup>4</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>3</sup>	With days away from work <sup>4</sup>	without lost work- days
Private Industry⁵		44.5	19.3	11.0	25.2	39.7	17.0	10.3	22.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁵		1.2	0.4	0.4	0.8	1.2	0.4	0.4	0.8
Construction		4.0	1.7	1.3	2.4	4.0	1.7	1.3	2.3
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 173 174 179	0.3 0.4 0.2 0.2 3.0 0.9 0.5 0.3	0.3 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 1.2 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> ) 1.0 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.4 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 1.7 0.6 0.4 0.1 0.2	0.6 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.2 2.9 0.8 0.5 0.3 0.3	0.3 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 1.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> ) 1.0 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.4 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 1.7 0.6 0.4 0.1 0.2
Manufacturing		13.7	6.9	2.3	6.8	10.2	5.0	1.9	5.2
Durable goods		5.1	2.4	1.1	2.7	4.3	2.0	1.0	2.3
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Farm and garden machinery Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products	24 25 34 352 352 36 371 371 38	1.1 0.6 0.8 0.4 0.8 0.8 0.8	0.1 0.5 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.5 0.3 0.1 0.1	( <sup>9</sup> ) 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.4 0.2 0.3 0.5	0.2 0.2 1.0 0.5 0.7 0.4 0.6 0.6 0.3 0.2	0.2	( <sup>9</sup> ) ( <sup>9</sup> ) 0.2 ( <sup>9</sup> ) 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> )	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2
Nondurable goods		8.6	4.5	1.1	4.1	5.9	3.0	1.0	2.9
Food and kindred products Meat products Meat packing plants Grain mill products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	20 201 204 26 27 271 275 28 30	0.4 0.1 0.2 0.3	3.1 2.4 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.7 0.5 0.4 0.1 (°) 0.1 (°) (°) 0.1 0.2 2.1	2.3 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	4.5 3.5 2.6 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.5 4.5	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.3	0.6 0.3 0.1 (°) 0.1 (°) (°) 0.1 0.2 2.0	2.1 1.7 1.3 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.3 2.1
Railroad transportation <sup>8</sup>	40	0.2	2.5 0.2 ( <sup>9</sup> )	2.1 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> )	2.1 0.1 (°)	0.2	2.4 0.2 ( <sup>9</sup> )	2.0 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> )	2. 0. ( <sup>9</sup> )
Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air	41 42 421	0.1 3.3 3.2		(°) 1.6 1.6	1.5	0.1 3.2 3.2	1.7	(°) 1.5 1.5	1.5

See footnotes at end of table.

## Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

thousands)									
		Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
	code <sup>2</sup>	Total cases	Total <sup>3</sup>	With days away from work <sup>4</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>3</sup>	With days away from work <sup>4</sup>	without lost work- days
Communications Telephone communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	48 481 49	0.3 0.1 0.1	0.2 0.1 ( <sup>°</sup> )	0.1 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> )	0.1 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> )	0.3 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 ( <sup>°</sup> )	0.1 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> )	0 0 ( <sup>9</sup> )
Wholesale and retail trade		10.7	3.6	2.6	7.1	10.3	3.4	2.5	6
Wholesale trade		3.2	1.4	1.1	1.9	3.2	1.3	1.1	1
Wholesale tradedurable goods Machinery, equipment, and supplies	50 508	1.6 0.5	0.6 0.2	0.5 0.2				0.5 0.2	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products Farm-product raw materials	51 514 515	1.6 0.5 0.3	0.8 0.3 0.1	0.6 0.2 0.1		-		0.6 0.2 0.1	0
Retail trade		7.5	2.2	1.5	5.3	7.1	2.1	1.4	5
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 521 53 531 54 541 55 551 554 554 56 57 58 59	0.6 0.4 0.7 1.2 1.2 1.1 0.7 0.2 0.1 0.3 2.7 0.5	0.3 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> ) 0.2 0.5 0.2	0.1 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> ) ( <sup>9</sup> ) ( <sup>9</sup> ) 0.1 0.4 0.1	1.0 1.0	0.4 0.9 0.7 1.2 1.2 1.1 0.7 0.2 0.1 0.3 2.6	0.2 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> ) 0.2 0.5	0.1 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> ) ( <sup>9</sup> ) 0.1	
Finance, insurance, and real estate		1.1	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.8	0.2	0.1	0
Real estate	65	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	C
Services		9.2	4.0	2.1	5.2	8.7	3.8	2.0	L 2
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Services to buildings Computer and data processing services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Legal services Educational services Colleges and universities Social services	70 72 73 734 737 75 76 79 80 805 806 81 82 822 83	(°) 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.5 0.1 0.1 (°) 0.1 2.7 1.5 1.1 (°) (°) (°) (°) 0.2	0.1 (°) 0.3 0.1 0.1 (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) 0.1	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 2.7 1.2	0.2 1.0 0.3 0.1 0.4 0.1 0.2 4.9 2.6 1.9 (°)  0.1	0.1 0.5 0.1 0.1 ( <sup>9</sup> ) 0.1 2.6 1.5 1.0 ( <sup>9</sup> ) ( <sup>9</sup> ) ( <sup>9</sup> )	0.1 (°) (°) (°) (°) 1.1 0.5 0.5 (°) (°) (°)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

See footnotes at end of table.

## Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)									
	SIC	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry <sup>1</sup>	code <sup>2</sup>	Total cases	Total <sup>3</sup>	With days away from work <sup>4</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>3</sup>	With days away from work <sup>4</sup>	without lost work- days
Membership organizations Engineering and management services	86 87		(°) 0.1	( <sup>9</sup> ) 0.1	0.1 0.1	0.1 0.2		(°) 0.1	0.1 0.1

<sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>3</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

<sup>4</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>5</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

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<sup>6</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

<sup>7</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in this industry

are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

<sup>8</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

<sup>9</sup> Fewer than 50 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.