Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001

(In thousands)

Massachusetts

Private Industry	(in thousands)									
Private Industry Priv			Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
Industry	Industry ¹			-				,		Cases
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ³ Agriculture production ⁵ 01-62 02 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1				Total ³	days away from	lost work-		Total ³	days away from	lost work-
Mining	Private Industry ⁵		122.9	61.2	46.2	61.7	118.9	59.7	45.1	59.2
Nonmetallic minerals. except fuels'	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁵		1.6	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.4	0.7	0.6	0.8
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	Agricultural production ⁵	01-02	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Construction	Mining ⁶		(9)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(⁹)
Seneral building contractors	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ⁷	14	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)
Nonresidential building construction 154 0.9 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.9 0.4 0.4 0.5 Special trade contractors 17 8.0 4.2 3.9 3.8 7.9 4.2 3.9 3.7 Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning 171 2.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 2.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.2 1.0 1.2	Construction		11.2	6.0	5.4	5.2	11.1	6.0	5.4	5.1
Durable goods	Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering	154 16 17 171 173 174	0.9 1.4 8.0 2.2 1.4 0.8	0.4 0.9 4.2 1.2 0.6 0.4	0.4 0.9 3.9 1.2 0.5 0.4	0.5 0.5 3.8 1.0 0.8 0.4	0.9 1.4 7.9 2.2 1.4 0.8	0.4 0.9 4.2 1.2 0.6 0.4	0.4 0.9 3.9 1.2 0.5	0.5 0.5 3.7 1.0 0.8 0.4
Lumber and wood products	Manufacturing		22.2	12.4	8.2	9.8	21.2	11.8	7.8	9.4
Furniture and fixtures	Durable goods		12.2	6.8	4.5	5.4	11.5	6.4	4.3	5.1
Nondurable goods 10.0 5.6 3.7 4.5 9.7 5.4 3.6 4.3	Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Metalworking machinery Special industry machinery General industrial machinery Computer and office equipment Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Electric lighting and wiring equipment Electronic components and accessories Semiconductors and related devices Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Measuring and controlling devices Process control instruments Medical instruments and supplies Surgical and medical instruments Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Toys and sporting goods	25 32 33 34 344 349 35 354 355 356 367 367 367 3674 37 38 382 3823 3841 39	0.7 0.8 0.7 3.2 1.1 0.3 0.5 0.3 0.6 1.2 0.3 0.5 0.2 0.6 0.5 0.1 0.6 0.5 0.1	0.5 0.6 0.4 1.6 0.4 0.1 1.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.7 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.8 0.2 (°) 0.3 0.2	0.3 0.4 0.3 1.2 0.3 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.5 0.2 (°) 0.1 0.3 0.1	0.2 0.2 0.3 1.5 0.7 0.2 1.1 0.3 0.1 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 0.3 0.1 0.3 0.3 0.1	0.6 0.8 0.7 3.1 1.1 0.3 2.2 0.5 0.3 0.3 0.5 1.1 0.5 0.1 0.5 1.4 0.1 0.5 0.4 0.8 0.2	0.4 0.6 0.4 1.6 0.1 1.2 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.6 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.7 0.2 (⁹) 0.3 0.0 0.2	0.3 0.4 0.3 1.1 0.3 0.1 0.8 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.2 (⁹) 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.3 1.5 0.7 0.2 1.0 0.3 0.1 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 0.7 (*) 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.1
	Nondurable goods		10.0	5.6	3.7	4.5	9.7	5.4	3.6	4.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

Massachusetts

(In thousands)

(in thousands)	1								
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
Food and kindred products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Miscellaneous converted paper products Printing and publishing Newspapers Books Commercial printing Commercial printing, lithographic Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c. Leather and leather products	20 22 23 26 267 27 271 273 275 2752 28 30 308 3089 31	1.5 1.3 0.4 1.7 0.9 2.3 1.1 0.2 0.8 0.6 0.6 2.1 1.7 1.1	0.3 1.0 0.5 1.2 0.6 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.3 1.2 1.0 0.6 (°)	0.4 0.1 0.5 0.2 1.0 0.6 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.7 0.6 0.3 (⁹)	0.7 0.5 0.2 0.7 0.4 1.1 (°) 0.5 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.7 0.5	1.4 1.2 0.4 1.7 0.9 2.2 1.0 0.2 0.8 0.5 0.5 2.1 1.7 1.1	0.8 0.8 0.2 1.0 0.5 1.1 0.6 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.3 1.2 1.0 0.6 (°)	0.4 0.1 0.5 0.2 1.0 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.7 0.6 0.3	0.5 0.2 0.7 0.4 1.1 (°) 0.5 0.3 0.3 0.8 0.7 0.5 0.1
Transportation and public utilities ⁸ Railroad transportation ⁸ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Water transportation Transportation services Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services	40 41 42 421 44 47 48 49	10.5 0.2 1.7 3.0 2.8 0.2 0.1 0.8 1.9 0.9	0.1 1.0 1.6	0.1 0.8 1.3 1.2 (°) (°)	3.6 (°) 0.8 1.4 1.4 0.1 (°) 0.2 0.5 0.2	10.2 0.2 1.7 3.0 2.8 0.2 0.1 0.8 1.7 0.8	6.7 0.1 1.0 1.6 1.4 0.1 (°) 0.6 1.3 0.6	0.1 0.8 1.3 1.2 (°) 0.6 0.6	(°) 0.8 1.4 1.4 0.1 (°) 0.2 0.4
Wholesale and retail trade		32.2	15.4	11.4	16.8	31.6	15.1	11.1	16.5
Wholesale trade		8.5	5.3	3.4	3.3	8.4	5.3	3.4	3.1
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	4.7	2.7	1.8	2.0	4.7	2.7	1.8	1.9
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products	51 514	3.8 1.7	2.6 1.1		1.3 0.6	3.8 1.7			1.2 0.6
Retail trade		23.7	10.1	8.0	13.5	23.2	9.8	7.7	13.4
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 54 55 56 57 58	1.5 2.9 4.7 2.7 0.9 0.8 6.0 4.2	2.6 1.1 0.4 0.4 1.5	0.8 2.1 1.0 0.2 0.4 1.3		1.5 2.9 4.5 2.7 0.9 0.8 6.0 4.0	1.3 2.5 1.1 0.3 0.4 1.5	0.8 2.1 1.0 0.2 0.3 1.3	1.6 2.0 1.6 0.5 0.4 4.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate		2.8	1.1	1.0	1.7	2.7	1.1	1.0	1.6
Depository institutions Insurance carriers	60 63	0.4 0.6	0.2 0.2		0.2 0.4	0.4 0.6		0.1 0.2	0.2 0.4
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See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

(In thousands)

Massachusetts

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
		Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴ withou	lost work-
Insurance agents, brokers, and service Real estate	64 65		(⁹) 0.7	(⁹) 0.6	(°) 0.8	(⁹) 1.5	(⁹) 0.7	(°) 0.6	(°) 0.8
Services		42.3	18.7	14.4	23.6	40.7	18.4	14.1	22.3
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Home health care services Legal services Educational services	70 72 73 75 76 78 79 80 805 806 808 808 808 808	1.1 0.4 0.1 1.0 21.7 7.6 10.4	0.4 2.0 0.6 0.3 (°) 0.5 10.1 3.3 5.0 0.7	0.4 1.7 0.5 0.3 (°) 0.4 7.2	0.1 0.1 0.5 11.6	1.9 0.8 4.3 1.1 0.4 0.1 1.0 20.7 7.2 10.0 1.1 0.1 2.5	0.4 2.0 0.6 0.3 (°) 0.5 9.9 3.3 4.9 0.7	1.7 0.5 0.3 (°) 0.4 7.1 2.2 3.6 0.6	0.3 2.4 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.5 10.8 3.9 5.1 0.4
Social services Social services Engineering and management services	83 87	5.4 1.7				2.5 5.2 1.5	1.8	1.3	

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

 $^{^{3}\,}$ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁷ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in this industry

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Fewer than 50 cases.