Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001

Kansas

(In	thousands	;

(in thousands)									
		Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
	SIC code ²	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry ¹			Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
Private Industry ⁵		66.3	29.6	14.4	36.7	60.3	26.7	13.4	33.6
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁵		1.1	0.5	0.4	0.7	1.1	0.4	0.3	0.6
Agricultural production ⁵	01-02	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.3
Mining ⁶		0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2
Coal mining ⁷ Oil and gas extraction Oil and gas field services Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ⁷	12 13 138 14	(⁹) 0.5 0.4 0.1				(⁹) 0.4 0.4 0.1			_
Construction		5.9	2.8	2.1	3.1	5.8	2.7	1.9	3.1
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 173	1.2 0.2 1.0 0.8 0.3 0.5 3.9 1.2 0.6 0.4	0.2 0.3 1.8 0.5	0.3 0.1 0.2		1.2 0.2 1.0 0.8 0.3 0.5 3.8 1.2 0.6 0.3	0.6 0.1 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.3 1.7 0.4 0.2	(°) 0.4 0.3 0.1 0.2 1.2 0.3 0.2	2.1
Manufacturing		22.7	10.2	3.5	12.5	18.1	8.1	3.0	10.0
Durable goods		14.4	5.9	2.3	8.5	12.1	4.9	2.0	7.2
Lumber and wood products Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Farm and garden machinery Construction and related machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Miscellaneous electrical equipment	24 32 33 34 344 35 352 353 359	0.6 0.5 0.8 2.0 1.4 2.5 0.8 0.7 0.3 0.8	0.2 0.9 0.6 1.0 0.3 0.3	0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.5	0.6 0.5 0.7 1.9 1.3 2.4 0.8 0.6 0.3 0.6	0.2 0.8 0.6 0.9 0.3 0.3	0.1 0.4 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1	1.5
and supplies Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Aircraft and parts	369 37 371 372	0.4 6.1 0.8 4.9	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3 4.6 0.6 3.5	0.4	0.2	
Nondurable goods		8.3	4.3	1.2	4.0	6.0	3.2	1.0	2.8
Food and kindred products Meat products Meat packing plants Paper and allied products Printing and publishing	20 201 2011 26 27	5.3 4.0 3.6 0.4 1.0	2.0 1.8 0.2	0.1	2.0 1.8 0.2	3.4 2.3 2.0 0.4 0.8	1.2 1.0 0.2	0.3 0.3 0.1	1.1 0.9 0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

Kansas

(In thousands)

(In thousands)									
		Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
	SIC code ²	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry ¹			Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
Newspapers Commercial printing Commercial printing, lithographic Commercial printing, gravure Commercial printing, n.e.c. Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c.	271 275 2752 2754 2759 28 30 308	0.1 0.4 0.3 (°) 0.2 0.3 1.0	(⁹) (⁹) 0.1	0.1 0.1 (°) (°) 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.2 0.1 (°) 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.2	0.1 0.4 0.3 (°) 0.1 0.3 0.8 0.4	0.1 0.2 0.2 (°) (°) 0.1 0.5 0.2	0.1 (⁹) (⁹) 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.2 0.1 (°) 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.2
Transportation and public utilities ⁸									
Railroad transportation ⁸ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services	40 41 42 421 49 491	0.2 0.1 2.4 2.2 0.6 0.2	0.1 0.1 1.2 1.1 0.3 0.1	0.5 0.5	(°) 0.1 1.2 1.1 0.3 0.1	0.2 0.1 2.4 2.2 0.6 0.1	0.1 0.1 1.2 1.1 0.3 0.1	0.5	(9)
Wholesale and retail trade		15.2	6.1	3.3	9.1	14.7	5.8	3.1	8.9
Wholesale trade		4.6	2.3	1.4	2.2	4.4	2.2	1.3	2.2
Wholesale tradedurable goods Machinery, equipment, and supplies	50 508	2.1 0.8	0.8 0.3		1.3 0.5	2.1 0.8	0.8 0.3		1.3 0.5
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products	51 514	2.4 1.1	1.5 0.9		0.9 	2.3 1.1	1.4 0.9	0.9 0.5	0.9
Retail trade		10.6	3.8	1.9	6.8	10.3	3.6	1.8	6.7
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 531 54 55 551 56 57 58 59	0.8 1.7 1.4 2.0 1.4 0.7 0.6 0.4 3.5 0.3	1.1 0.4 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.6	0.4 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.5 0.8 0.6 0.9 1.0 0.6 0.3 0.3 2.9 0.1	0.8 1.7 1.4 1.9 1.4 0.7 0.5 0.4 3.3 0.3	0.3 0.9 0.7 1.0 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.5	0.3 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.3	0.8 0.6 0.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate		1.0	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.6
Real estate	65	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
Services		15.1	6.7	3.4	8.4	14.7	6.5	3.2	8.1
Personal services Business services Personnel supply services Miscellaneous business services Auto repair, services, and parking	72 73 736 738 75	0.3 1.2 0.2 0.4 0.5		0.4 (⁹) 0.1	0.1 0.6 0.1 0.3 0.3	0.3 1.2 0.2 0.4 0.5	0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.3	0.3 (°) 0.1	0.1 0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

Kansas

(In thousands)

	SIC code ²	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry ¹		Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
Miscellaneous repair services Miscellaneous repair shops Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Legal services Educational services Social services Engineering and management services	76 769 79 80 805 806 81 82 83	0.2 0.9 8.4 3.1 4.1 0.2 0.2	0.1 0.3 3.4 2.0 1.0 0.1 0.1	1.4 0.5 0.7 0.1 (⁹) 0.6	5.0 1.1 3.1 0.1 0.1 0.8	8.3 3.1 4.0 (°) 0.2	0.1 0.3 3.4 2.0 0.9 0.1 1.1	0.1 0.2 1.3 0.5 0.7 (⁹) 0.6	5.0 1.1 3.1 (°) 0.1 0.8

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in this industry

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Fewer than 50 cases.