Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001

Georgia

(In thousands)	
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(in thousands)									
		Ir	ijuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
Private Industry ⁵		140.2	62.4	34.0	77.8	132.4	59.8	32.9	72.5
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁵		1.8	0.7	0.6	1.0	1.7	0.7	0.5	1.0
Agricultural services	07	1.1	0.4	0.4	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.6
Mining ⁶		0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Construction									
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 171 173 179	1.3 0.4 0.9 2.5 0.6 1.9 1.5 1.5	0.8 0.2 0.6 1.0 0.3 0.7 0.2 0.5 0.6	0.7 0.1 0.6 0.6 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.4	0.5 0.2 0.3 1.5 0.4 1.2 1.0 0.6	1.3 0.3 0.9 2.5 0.6 1.9 1.5 1.5	0.8 0.2 0.6 1.0 0.3 0.7 0.2 0.5 0.6	0.1 0.6 0.6 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4	1.5 0.3 1.2 1.2 1.0
Manufacturing		34.3	15.0	5.5	19.3	30.5	13.4	5.1	17.1
Durable goods		18.8	7.5	2.8	11.3	16.5	6.6	2.7	9.9
Lumber and wood products Sawmills and planing mills Millwork, plywood and structural members Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Nonferrous rolling and drawing Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Aircraft and parts Aircraft Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 242 243 25 32 33 335 34 344 35 36 37 371 372 3721 38	2.7 1.5 1.1 0.4	1.1 0.4 0.2 0.3	0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.3 0.5 0.4 1.2 0.3 0.2 1.6 1.9 0.9 1.6 1.1 0.9	3.1 0.5 0.8 0.5 1.7 0.6 0.4 2.6 1.5 3.2 1.8 1.1 0.9 0.4	1.4 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.5 0.3 0.2 1.0 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.3 0.5 0.3 1.2 0.3 0.2 1.6 1.0 1.8 0.7 2.0 1.0 0.8 0.7
Nondurable goods		15.5	7.6	2.7	8.0	14.0	6.8	2.5	7.2
Food and kindred products Meat products Poultry slaughtering and processing Bakery products Textile mill products Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton Carpets and rugs Yarn and thread mills Yarn spinning mills	20 201 2015 205 22 221 227 228 2281	5.0 3.0 2.5 0.7 4.2 0.5 1.8 0.9 0.8	1.6 1.2 0.4 1.9 0.3 0.6 0.4	0.3 0.2 0.4 (°) 0.2 (°)	1.5 1.2 0.3 2.3 0.1		2.2 1.3 1.0 0.3 1.7 0.3 0.5 0.4	0.4 0.2 0.2 0.3 (⁹) 0.1 (⁹)	1.2 1.0 0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

Georgia

(In thousands)

(In thousands)	1								
		Ir	ijuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days
Apparel and other textile products Men's and boys' furnishings Men's and boys' trousers and slacks Miscellaneous fabricated textile products Paper and allied products Paper mills Paperboard containers and boxes Miscellaneous converted paper products Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c.	23 2322 2325 2399 26 262 265 267 271 275 28 30 308	1.1 0.4 0.3 0.5 1.2 0.3 0.5 0.9 0.3 1.0 2.1 1.4	0.2 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.5	0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.2 0.3 0.6 0.1 0.3 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.4 1.1	0.9 0.2 0.1 0.4 1.2 0.2 0.5 0.8 0.2 0.3 0.8 2.0 1.4	0.4 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.5 1.0	0.1 (°) 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.1 0.3 1.0
Transportation and public utilities ⁸		14.5	8.9	5.5	5.6	14.1	8.7	5.4	5.3
Railroad transportation ⁸ Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation by air Air transportation, scheduled Transportation services Communications Telephone communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services	40 421 451 451 47 48 481 49	0.2 5.6 5.1 4.8 4.4 0.3 1.2 0.8 1.4 0.9	0.1 3.4 3.0 3.7 3.6 0.1 0.6 0.3 0.5	1.9 2.1 2.0 (⁹) 0.4 0.3 0.2	1.1 0.8 0.2 0.6 0.4 0.9	0.2 5.6 5.1 4.6 4.2 0.3 1.1 0.7 1.4 0.9	0.1 3.4 3.0 3.5 3.4 0.1 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.4	1.9 2.1 2.0 (⁹) 0.4 0.2 0.2	1.1 0.8 0.2 0.6 0.4
Wholesale and retail trade		41.8	18.8	10.3	23.0	41.2	18.7	10.2	22.6
Wholesale trade		11.5	5.7	2.7	5.8	11.2	5.5	2.6	5.6
Wholesale tradedurable goods Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies Lumber and construction materials Professional and commercial equipment Electrical goods Machinery, equipment, and supplies	50 501 503 504 506 508	6.5 1.5 0.7 0.5 0.7 1.9	0.3	0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.7 0.4 0.3 0.3	-	-	0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.6 0.4 0.3 0.3
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products Miscellaneous nondurable goods	51 514 519	4.9 1.8 0.6	2.6 1.1 0.3	0.5		4.9 1.8 0.6	2.6 1.1 0.3	0.5	0.7
Retail trade		30.4	13.2	7.6	17.2	30.0	13.1	7.6	16.9
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations	52 521 53 531 54 541 55	2.3 1.9 7.5 7.1 3.7 3.6 3.4	3.9 1.4 1.3	0.3 1.4 1.3 0.9 0.9	1.1 3.3 3.2 2.4 2.3	2.3 1.8 7.5 7.1 3.7 3.6 3.4	0.9 0.8 4.2 3.9 1.4 1.3	0.3 1.4 1.3 0.9 0.9	1.1 3.3 3.2 2.4 2.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

Georgia

(In thousands)

(III tilousarius)		Injuries and Illnesses Injurie						ries		
Industry ¹	SIC code ²			orkday ses	Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
		Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ³	With days away from work ⁴	without lost work- days	
New and used car dealers Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	551 554 56 57 571 58 59	2.0 0.4 1.3 1.0 0.7 8.9 2.2 1.1	0.6 0.1 0.6 0.4 0.3 3.4 1.0 0.4	0.1 0.3 0.3 0.2 2.9	0.2 0.6 0.6 0.4 5.5	2.0 0.4 1.2 1.0 0.7 8.7 2.2	0.1 0.6 0.4 0.3 3.4	0.1 0.3 0.3 0.2 2.9 0.5	0.6 0.4 5.3	
Finance, insurance, and real estate		2.6	0.9	0.5	1.7	2.2	0.7	0.5	1.5	
Nondepository institutions Insurance carriers Real estate	61 63 65	0.4 0.6 0.6	(⁹) 0.2 0.3		0.3 0.4 0.3	0.3 0.5 0.6	0.1		0.3 0.3 0.3	
Services		34.8	13.9	8.4	20.9	32.3	13.4	8.0	18.9	
Hotels and other lodging places Hotels and motels Personal services Business services Services to buildings Auto repair, services, and parking Automotive repair shops Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Colleges and universities Social services Child day care services Engineering and management services	70 701 72 73 734 75 753 79 80 805 806 82 822 83 835 87	2.1 2.1 0.8 9.4 1.1 1.8 0.9 1.2 14.3 4.5 7.8 0.9 0.7 2.1 0.5 1.2	1.1 1.1 0.5 3.7 0.5 0.8 0.4 0.4 5.4 2.0 2.8 0.3 0.2 0.9 0.2	2.1 0.5 0.6 0.3 0.2 3.1 1.4 1.3 0.2 0.2 0.6 0.1	1.0 0.4 5.7 0.6 1.0 0.5 0.8 8.9 2.4 4.9 0.6 0.4 1.2		0.5 3.4 0.5 0.8 0.4 5.3 2.0 2.7 0.3 0.2 0.9	0.6 0.3 1.9 0.5 0.6 0.3 0.2 3.1 1.4 1.3 0.2 0.2 0.6 0.1	1.0 0.3 4.7 0.5 0.9 0.5 0.8 8.1 2.4 4.3 0.6 0.4 1.2	

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}\,$ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁷ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in this industry

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Fewer than 50 cases.