Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001

Oregon

		Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
Industry ²	SIC code ³	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government ⁶		6.2	3.1	1.9	3.1	5.8	3.0	1.8	2.8
Private Industry⁵		6.2	3.2	1.9	3.0	5.9	3.0	1.8	2.8
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶		8.3	4.1	2.5	4.2	7.9	4.0	2.4	3.9
Agricultural production ⁶ Agricultural production-crops ⁶ Fruits and tree nuts ⁶ Horticultural specialties ⁶ Agricultural services Veterinary services Landscape and horticultural services Forestry Forestry services	01-02 01 017 018 07 074 078 08	7.4 8.4 8.1 13.0	4.2 1.9 6.7 2.8 2.5 3.5 8.0	1.7 1.7 1.1 2.1 2.2 1.9 2.9 6.8 9.2	3.7 1.0 5.0 4.7 5.9 4.6 5.0	2.9 11.6 7.1 8.4 7.7 11.0	2.8 2.5 3.5 7.6	1.6 1.7 1.1 2.0 2.2 1.9 2.9 6.5 8.7	3.7 3.7 1.0 4.9 4.4 5.9 4.2 3.4 4.3
Construction		8.9	3.8	2.5	5.1	8.7	3.6	2.5	5.0
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 172 175 176 177	8.4 9.9 8.7 7.9 9.0 8.8 11.9 8.2 10.0 10.6 3.7	4.1 4.5 4.0 3.7 2.5 2.2 6.8 7.8 2.2	1.9 2.5 1.2 3.1 4.1 2.7 2.7 1.1 1.4 6.4 4.8 2.2 3.4	4.0 6.8 4.5 3.4 5.0 5.1 9.4 6.1 3.2 2.9 1.5	8.4 9.8 8.5 7.8 8.8 8.6 11.8 8.2 10.0 3.7	4.1 4.5 4.0 3.6 2.4 2.2 6.8	1.8 2.5 1.0 3.1 4.1 2.7 2.6 1.0 1.4 4.8 2.2 3.2	5.4 4.0 6.8 4.4 3.2 4.8 5.0 9.4 6.1 3.2 2.9 1.5 4.7
Manufacturing		8.1	4.2	2.1	3.8	7.4	3.9	2.0	3.5
Durable goods		8.2	4.3	2.1	3.9	7.4	3.9	1.9	3.6
Lumber and wood products Logging Sawmills and planing mills Millwork, plywood and structural members Millwork Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Iron and steel foundries Fabricated metal products Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Construction and related machinery Special industry machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c.	24 241 242 2431 25 32 327 33 332 34 349 35 353 353	11.0 12.3 11.2 9.8 11.7 9.3 7.6 14.4 10.4 7.5 6.5 8.6 10.5	5.4 6.9 5.3 4.6 5.9 5.9 4.5 8.0 7.2 6.3 2.4 2.8 3.6	2.7 3.5 3.3 3.0 2.9 1.5 1.7 2.8	5.6 5.4 5.9 5.3 5.8 3.1 6.4 6.2 3.9 1.1 5.9 6.9	10.6 11.5 10.6 9.0 11.7 8.9 6.9 13.5 12.3 9.8 7.4 6.1 8.0 10.4	5.4 6.6 5.0 4.3 5.9 5.8 4.3 7.4 6.4 6.3 2.2 2.2 3.5	2.9 4.8 2.8 2.1 2.4 2.2 2.5 3.1 2.7 2.9 2.9 1.4 1.3 2.8 2.3	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

Oregon

		Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	s	Injuries				
Industry ²	SIC code ³		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
		Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	
Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Electronic components and accessories Printed circuit boards Semiconductors and related devices Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	3599 36 367 3672 3674 37 371 39	2.3 4.3 1.8 11.8 11.9	1.4 0.9 2.2 0.7 6.5 6.5	2.5 0.7 0.6 1.8 0.4 2.6 2.8 3.1	4.8 1.4 1.4 2.1 1.1 5.3 5.4 2.9	2.0 1.6 3.7 1.1 10.2 9.8	1.7 5.6 5.2	0.4 1.4 2.3 2.4	1.1 1.0 2.0 0.7 4.6 4.7	
Nondurable goods		7.8	4.2	2.3	3.7	7.3	4.0	2.1	3.4	
Food and kindred products Preserved fruits and vegetables Frozen fruits and vegetables Bakery products Miscellaneous food and kindred products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Commercial printing, lithographic Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c.	20 203 2037 205 209 23 26 27 271 275 2752 28 30 308 3089	8.3 6.9 14.3 15.8 3.4 5.9 5.4 3.2 7.6 7.6 5.5 10.6	3.9 8.2 9.1 1.2 2.9 2.6 0.9 4.5 3.1 6.2 6.8	3.2 2.5 2.1 3.7 6.6 1.0 1.9 1.6 0.6 2.8 2.7 2.1	4.6 3.9 3.0 6.1 6.7 2.3 3.0 2.8 2.4 3.0 3.1 2.4 3.8 3.9	7.8 6.3 14.0 14.3 3.4 4.7 5.2 3.2 7.3 7.2 5.4 10.2	8.2 7.9 1.2 2.7 2.5 0.8 4.3 4.2 3.0 6.1	2.3 1.9 3.7 5.7 1.0 1.7 1.5 0.6 2.6	3.6 2.6 5.8 6.4 2.3 2.0 2.6 2.4 2.9 3.1 2.4	
Transportation and public utilities ⁹		7.5	5.1	3.6	2.4	7.3	5.0	3.5	2.3	
Railroad transportation ⁹ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation by air Air transportation, scheduled Transportation services Communications Telephone communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services	40 41 42 421 45 451 47 48 481 49	14.7 2.7	6.9 10.8 12.4 2.2 2.5 1.6 2.7	2.1 2.3	0.5 1.1 1.2 2.1	9.3 9.8 10.2 12.8 14.4 2.6 3.3 2.4 4.6	4.7 6.5 6.9 10.5 12.1 2.2 2.3 1.3 2.6	5.5 5.1 5.6 2.1 2.1 1.0 1.6	 0.4 1.0 1.1 2.0	
Wholesale and retail trade		5.5	2.8	1.9	2.7	5.3	2.7	1.8	2.6	
Wholesale trade		5.5	3.1	2.0	2.5	5.3	2.9	1.9	2.4	
Wholesale tradedurable goods Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies Lumber and construction materials Machinery, equipment, and supplies	50 501 503 508	8.3 6.1	3.2	1.8 2.5 2.1 1.8	3.0	8.0 6.0	3.2	2.3 2.1	2.9	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Paper and paper products	51 511	5.9 2.4			2.4 1.0				2.3 1.0	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

Oregon

Industry Cases C			Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries				
Industry	Industry ²			,				,		Cases	
Retail trade				Total⁴	days away from	lost work-		Total⁴	days away from	lost work-	
Building materials and garden supplies 52 5.7 2.7 2.1 2.9 5.7 2.7 2.1 2.9											
Lumber and other building materials 521 6.4 2.8 1.9 3.7 6.4 2.8 1.9 3.7 6.5 2.5 5.0 3.3 2.5 5.5 3.3 3.5 5.	Retail trade		5.5	2.7	1.8	2.8	5.4	2.7	1.8	2.7	
Services	Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places	521 53 54 541 55 551 554 56 57	6.4 8.0 5.0 5.6 5.4 5.3 2.5 3.5	2.8 5.4 2.5 2.6 2.2 1.9 2.6 1.2 2.1 2.5	1.9 3.3 1.6 1.8 1.5 2.2 0.4 1.6 1.6	3.7 2.6 2.4 2.4 3.5 2.7 1.3 1.4 3.3	6.4 7.9 4.7 4.8 5.5 5.2 2.5 3.5	2.8 5.4 2.5 2.6 2.2 1.8 2.6 1.2 2.1 2.4	1.9 3.3 1.6 1.6 1.7 1.4 2.2 0.4 1.6 1.5	3.7 2.5 2.2 2.2 3.3 3.4 2.6 1.3 1.4 3.3	
Hotels and other lodging places	Finance, insurance, and real estate		1.6	0.8	0.6	0.8	1.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	
Hotels and motels	Services		5.6	2.7	1.5	2.9	5.2	2.6	1.4	2.6	
State government 4.3 1.9 1.2 2.4 3.7 1.8 1.1 2.0 Construction 3.8 1.4 0.4 2.4 3.6 1.3 0.4 2.2 Heavy construction, except building 16 3.8 1.4 0.4 2.4 3.6 1.3 0.4 2.2 Services 4.5 2.1 1.5 2.4 3.9 1.9 1.3 2.0 Educational services 82 3.8 1.0 0.7 2.8 3.3 0.9 0.6 2.4 Social services 83 3.5 2.3 2.2 1.3 2.7 1.7 1.6 1.0 Public administration 4.2 1.9 1.2 2.4 3.6 1.8 1.1 1.8	Hotels and motels Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Health services Legal services Educational services Social services Membership organizations	701 72 75 76 78 79 80 81 82 83	5.9 3.9 6.9 8.3 2.3 4.1 7.1 0.6 2.2 8.9 2.0	3.2 2.3 3.0 3.8 0.3 1.5 3.2 0.4 0.9 4.2 1.0	2.4 1.6 1.8 3.4 0.2 1.7 0.3 0.5 2.0	2.7 1.7 3.8 2.0 2.6 3.9 0.2 1.3 4.8 1.0	5.7 3.8 6.5 7.3 2.3 4.0 6.5 0.4 2.2 8.5 1.9	3.1 2.2 2.9 2.8 0.3 1.4 3.1 0.3 0.9 4.2 1.0	2.3 1.6 1.7 2.4 0.2 1.2 1.6 0.2 0.5 2.0	2.6 1.6 3.5 2.0 2.6 3.4 0.2 1.3 4.3 0.9	
Construction 3.8 1.4 0.4 2.4 3.6 1.3 0.4 2.2 Heavy construction, except building 16 3.8 1.4 0.4 2.4 3.6 1.3 0.4 2.2 Services 4.5 2.1 1.5 2.4 3.9 1.9 1.3 2.0 Educational services 82 3.8 1.0 0.7 2.8 3.3 0.9 0.6 2.4 Social services 83 3.5 2.3 2.2 1.3 2.7 1.7 1.6 1.0 Public administration 4.2 1.9 1.2 2.4 3.6 1.8 1.1 1.8	State and local government		6.0	2.8	1.9	3.2	5.6	2.7	1.8	2.9	
Heavy construction, except building 16 3.8 1.4 0.4 2.4 3.6 1.3 0.4 2.2 Services 4.5 2.1 1.5 2.4 3.9 1.9 1.3 2.0 Educational services 82 3.8 1.0 0.7 2.8 3.3 0.9 0.6 2.4 Social services 83 3.5 2.3 2.2 1.3 2.7 1.7 1.6 1.0 Public administration 4.2 1.9 1.2 2.4 3.6 1.8 1.1 1.8	State government		4.3	1.9	1.2	2.4	3.7	1.8	1.1	2.0	
Services 4.5 2.1 1.5 2.4 3.9 1.9 1.3 2.0 Educational services 82 3.8 1.0 0.7 2.8 3.3 0.9 0.6 2.4 Social services 83 3.5 2.3 2.2 1.3 2.7 1.7 1.6 1.0 Public administration 4.2 1.9 1.2 2.4 3.6 1.8 1.1 1.8	Construction		3.8	1.4	0.4	2.4	3.6	1.3	0.4	2.2	
Educational services 82 3.8 1.0 0.7 2.8 3.3 0.9 0.6 2.4 Social services 83 3.5 2.3 2.2 1.3 2.7 1.7 1.6 1.0 Public administration 4.2 1.9 1.2 2.4 3.6 1.8 1.1 1.8	Heavy construction, except building	16	3.8	1.4	0.4	2.4	3.6	1.3	0.4	2.2	
Social services 83 3.5 2.3 2.2 1.3 2.7 1.7 1.6 1.0 Public administration 4.2 1.9 1.2 2.4 3.6 1.8 1.1 1.8	Services		4.5	2.1	1.5	2.4	3.9	1.9	1.3	2.0	
Environmental quality and housing 95 4.3 2.6 1.8 1.7 4.1 2.5 1.7 1.5	Public administration		4.2	1.9	1.2	2.4	3.6	1.8	1.1	1.8	
	Environmental quality and housing	95	4.3	2.6	1.8	1.7	4.1	2.5	1.7	1.5	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

Oregon

Industry ²		Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
	SIC code ³	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days lost away from work ⁵	work-
Local government		6.6	3.1	2.2	3.4	6.2	3.0	2.0	3.2
Transportation and public utilities		9.1	5.9	4.5	3.3	8.5	5.5	4.2	3.0
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	9.6	6.0	3.0	3.7	9.0	5.6	2.9	3.4
Services		5.7	2.5	1.7	3.2	5.4	2.4	1.6	3.0
Health services Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	80 82 821	5.6		1.7		5.2	2.3	1.5	2.9
Public administration		7.8	3.9	2.6	3.9	7.4	3.8	2.6	3.6
Executive, legislative, and general Administration of human resources	91 94	8.1 4.7	4.1 1.9	2.8 1.6		7.8 4.3			

 $^{^{1}}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

⁹ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Incidence rate less than 0.05.